The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Alden A. Clement Jr.

## DIGEST

SB 209 Original

## 2019 Regular Session

Gary Smith

<u>Present law</u> provides that the crime of looting is the intentional entry by a person without authorization into any dwelling or other structure belonging to another and used in whole or in part as a home or place of abode by a person, or any structure belonging to another and used in whole or in part as a place of business, or any vehicle, watercraft, building, plant, establishment, or other structure, movable or immovable, in which normal security of property is not present by virtue of a hurricane, flood, fire, act of God, or force majeure of any kind, or by virtue of a riot, mob, or other human agency, and the person obtaining or exerting control over or damaging or removing property of the owner.

<u>Proposed law</u> changes the element of the crime of looting relative to obtaining or exerting control over or damaging or removing property <u>from</u> property of the owner of the dwelling entered to property of another without authorization.

Proposed law otherwise retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides that whoever commits the crime of looting is to be fined up to \$10,000, or imprisoned at hard labor for up to 15 years, or both.

<u>Proposed law</u> increases the maximum fine for looting to \$25,000 and increases the maximum term of imprisonment to 20 years.

## Proposed law otherwise retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> provides that whoever commits the crime of looting during the existence of a state of emergency, declared pursuant to law by the governor or the chief executive officer of any parish, may be fined between \$5,000 and \$10,000, and is to be imprisoned at hard labor for between three and 15 years without benefit of probation, parole, or suspension of sentence.

<u>Proposed law</u> increases the minimum potential fine for looting during a state of emergency to \$10,000 and increases the maximum potential fine to \$25,000. <u>Proposed law</u> further increases the maximum term of imprisonment to 20 years. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides that the term of imprisonment provided for by <u>proposed law</u> may be imposed with benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of sentence.

## Proposed law otherwise retains present law.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 14:62.5)