

## LEGISLATIVE FISCAL OFFICE

Fiscal Note
Fiscal Note On: HB 367 HLS 19RS 805 Bill Text Version: ORIGINAL

## Opp. Chamb. Action:

Proposed Amd.:
Sub. Bill For.:

| Date: May 8, 2019 | 9:54 AM |
| :---: | :---: |
| Dept. Agy.: Revenue |  |
| Subject: Minimum Pricing of Cigarettes | Author: MORRIS, JAY |


| TOBACCO/TOBACCO PRODUCTS | OR SEE FISC NOTE GF RV |
| :--- | :--- |

Proposed law increases the markup percentage to be used in the minimum price calculation from $3 \%$ to $4.5 \%$ for wholesalers of cigarettes, and from $6 \%$ to $7.5 \%$ for retailers of cigarettes.

Effective August 1, 2019.

| EXPENDITURES | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 | 5 -YEAR TOTAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State Gen. Fd. | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Agy. Self-Gen. | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ded./Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Federal Funds | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Funds | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Annual Total | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| REVENUES | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 | 5 -YEAR TOTAL |
| State Gen. Fd. | SEE BELOW | SEE BELOW | SEE BELOW | SEE BELOW | SEE BELOW |  |
| Agy. Self-Gen. | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Ded./Other | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Federal Funds | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Funds | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Annual Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## EXPENDITURE EXPLANATION

There is no anticipated direct material effect on governmental expenditures as a result of this measure.

## REVENUE EXPLANATION

Proposed law increases the minimum price charged at retail and wholesale for cigarettes. Proposed law does not impact the excise tax on tobacco products, as state taxes on tobacco are administered on a per-cigarette basis via tobacco stamps.

To the extent that increased prices result in a consumer response of reduced sales, tax revenues will decrease by an unknown amount. Studies estimating of the sensitivity of purchases of cigarettes and tobacco products to small price or tax changes typically show a very low consumption response, so any potential impact of proposed law on excise tax revenue is anticipated to be small.

| Senate | Dual Referral Rules |
| :---: | :---: |
| 13.5.1 $>=\$ 100,000$ Annual Fiscal Cost $\{\mathrm{S} \& \mathrm{H}\}$ |  |
| 13.5 | 500,000 Annual Tax Change $\{\mathrm{S} \& \mathrm{H}$ \} |

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## Gregory V. Albrecht Chief Economist


[^0]:    House
    
    6.8(F)(1) $>=\$ 100,000$ SGF Fiscal Cost $\{\mathrm{H} \& \mathrm{~S}\}$$6.8(\mathrm{G})>=\$ 500,000$ Tax or Fee Increase or a Net Fee Decrease \{S\}

