## **DIGEST**

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HB 415 Original

2020 Regular Session

**Duplessis** 

**Abstract:** Provides relative to forensic medical examinations and the medical consent needed to perform an examination.

<u>Present law</u> provides that persons identified by <u>present law</u> may consent to any surgical or medical treatment, including an autopsy to be performed on a patient who is unable to consent to such treatment themselves.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> but adds that persons identified by <u>present law</u> who may consent to a patient receiving surgical or medical treatment shall be able to consent to the performance of a forensic medical examination.

<u>Present law</u> provides those persons designated by <u>present law</u> are unable to consent to a patient's surgical or medical treatment or procedure, to include an autopsy, then a physician shall have such discretion to perform the treatment or procedure according to <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds that the physician has the discretion to perform a forensic medical examination according to <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides that no healthcare facility, physician, or other provider shall be subjected to criminal prosecution or civil liability for the performance of a surgical or medical treatment which includes the performance of an autopsy.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds forensic medical examinations as a procedure that is not subjected to <u>present law</u>.

Proposed law defines "forensic medical examination".

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a medical examiner may perform a forensic medical examination upon having a reasonable belief the individual has been the victim of a sexually-oriented criminal offense. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides that a forensic medical examination shall cease upon the victim objecting to the examination.

(Amends R.S. 40:1159.4(A)(intro. para.), (C), (G), and (H); Adds R.S. 40:1159.4(I) and (J))