PAROLE: Provides relative to the supervision of parolees

Synopsis of Senate Amendments

1. Provides that the level of supervision and fees associated with the supervision of a parolee may be reduced after the parolee has served a minimum of three years rather than five years without a violation of the terms and conditions of parole for a crime that is not a crime of violence.

2. Provides that upon approval of the committee on parole, a parolee may be placed on inactive status and shall not be subject to certain terms and conditions of parole under present law.

3. Requires the committee on parole to maintain the authority to revoke parole.

4. Maintains the committee on parole's authority to reduce terms and conditions of parole prior to a parolee satisfying the requirements of proposed law.

Digest of Bill as Finally Passed by Senate

Present law provides that when the committee on parole orders an offender released on parole, the term shall be for the remainder of the offender's sentence, with credits for compliance with the terms and conditions of parole supervision pursuant to present law (R.S. 15:574.6.1). Further provides that when the parolee has completed his full parole term, he shall be discharged from parole by the Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections without order by the committee, provided that:

(1) No warrant has been issued by the committee for the arrest of the parolee.

(2) No detainer has been issued by the parole officer for the detention of the parolee pending revocation proceedings.

(3) No indictment or bill of information is pending for any felony the parolee is suspected to have committed while on parole.

Proposed law amends present law to require the committee's determination of time and conditions of release on parole of any offender who has been convicted of a felony and sentenced to imprisonment, and confined in any penal or correctional institution in this state to be in accordance with present law (R.S. 15:574.7).

Present law (R.S. 15:574.4) requires each parolee to remain in the legal custody of the Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections, corrections services, and requires the parolee to be subject to the order and supervision of the committee. Further provides that at the direction of the committee, the chief probation and parole officer shall be responsible for the investigation and supervision of all parolees. Authorizes the committee to modify or suspend such supervision upon a determination that a parolee who had conducted himself in accordance with the conditions of his parole no longer needs the guidance and supervision originally imposed.

Proposed law provides that upon recommendation of the supervising parole officer and approval of the committee on parole, the level of supervision and fees associated with the supervision of a parolee may be reduced after the parolee has served a minimum of three years without a violation of the terms and conditions of parole for a crime that is not a crime.
of violence as defined by present law (R.S. 14:2(B)) and a minimum of seven years without
a violation of the terms and conditions of parole for a crime that is a crime of violence as
defined by present law.

Proposed law provides that a parolee who satisfies the conditions of proposed law may be
placed on inactive status upon approval of the committee on parole. Further prohibits a
parolee on inactive status from being subject to the terms and conditions of parole under
present law.

Proposed law maintains the committee on parole's authority to revoke parole as provided for
in proposed law and present law. Proposed law also maintains the committee's authority to
reduce the terms and conditions of parole prior to a parolee satisfying the requirements of
proposed law.

(Amends R.S. 15:574.2(D)(1); Adds R.S. 15:574.7(E))