## 2021 Regular Session

#### HOUSE BILL NO. 609

### BY REPRESENTATIVE JORDAN

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

CIVIL/IMMUNITY: Provides with respect to liability for peace officers engaged in certain actions

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 14:134(A) and to enact R.S. 9:2800.77, relative to liability of
3	peace officers; to provide relative to immunity from civil liability for peace officers;
4	to provide for exceptions to immunity; to provide for malfeasance; and to provide
5	for related matters.
6	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
7	Section 1. R.S. 9:2800.77 is hereby enacted to read as follows:
8	§2800.77. Limitation of qualified immunity for unreasonable force
9	A. Notwithstanding R.S. 9:2793.1, 2798.1, and 2800.10, no element of
10	qualified immunity shall be available to peace officers as a defense to liability for
11	claims brought under the laws of Louisiana for wrongful death, physical injury, or
12	personal injury inflicted by peace officers through any use of physical force in a
13	manner determined by the court to be unreasonable.
14	B. For the purposes of this Section, "peace officers" shall include
15	commissioned police officers, sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, marshals, deputy marshals,
16	correctional officers, constables, wildlife enforcement agents, state park wardens,
17	probation and parole officers, military police officers, security personnel employed
18	by the Supreme Court of Louisiana or a court of appeal of Louisiana, and an officer,
19	employee, contract worker, or volunteer with any prison, jail, work release facility,
20	or correctional institution. "Peace officers" shall also include any employee of the

## Page 1 of 3

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

1	state, a municipality, or other public agency whose permanent duties include the
2	making of arrests, performing of searches and seizures, executing criminal warrants,
3	preventing or detecting crime, or enforcing the penal, traffic, or highway laws of this
4	state.
5	Section 2. R.S. 14:134(A) is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
6	§134. Malfeasance in office
7	A. Malfeasance in office is committed when any public officer or public
8	employee shall does any of the following:
9	(1) Intentionally refuse or fail to perform any duty lawfully required of him,
10	as such officer or employee; or.
11	(2) Intentionally perform any such duty in an unlawful manner; or.
12	(3) Knowingly permit any other public officer or public employee, under his
13	authority, to intentionally refuse or fail to perform any duty lawfully required of him,
14	or to perform any such duty in an unlawful manner.
15	(4) If the individual is a full-time, part-time, or reserve peace officer, who
16	knowingly or with reckless disregard either refuses or fails to perform any duty
17	lawfully required of him as a peace officer or perform such duty in an unlawful
18	manner.
19	* * *

# DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 609 Engrossed	2021 Regular Session	Jordan
------------------	----------------------	--------

Abstract: Prohibits qualified immunity for officers as a defense in certain cases.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 9:2793.1) provides for civil liability immunity for officers for destruction of property caused while the officer was acting within the course and scope of employment and if necessary to abate a public emergency.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 9:2798.1) provides for civil liability immunity for policymaking or discretionary acts or omissions by public entities. <u>Present law</u> exempts acts or omissions not reasonably related to the legitimate governmental objective or to criminal or intentional misconduct.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 9:2800.10) provides for civil liability immunity for damages sustained by a perpetrator of a felony offense during the commission of the offense or while fleeing the scene. <u>Present law</u> exempts intentional acts involving the use of excessive force.

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 9:2800.77) supersedes <u>present law</u> and provides that qualified immunity does not apply as a defense for claims of wrongful death, physical injury, or personal injury caused by peace officers through the unreasonable use of physical force.

Proposed law (R.S. 9:2800.77) provides a definition for "peace officers".

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 14:134(A)) provides that malfeasance in office is committed when a public officer or employer does any of the following:

- (1) Intentionally refuses or fails to perform a required duty.
- (2) Intentionally performs the required duty in an unlawful manner.
- (3) Knowingly permits another public officer or employee under his authority to intentionally refuse or fail to perform any required duty or perform such duty in an unlawful manner.

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 14:134(A)) retains <u>present law</u> and provides for malfeasance for a peace officer who knowingly or with reckless disregard either refuses or fails to perform any duty required of him or performs such duty in an unlawful manner.

(Adds R.S. 9:2800.77; Amends R.S. 14:134(A))

#### Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on Civil Law and</u> <u>Procedure to the original bill:</u>

- 1. Make technical changes.
- 2. Remove references to U.S. and La. constitutions.
- 3. Remove provisions related to burden of proof and applicable state laws.