## BY REPRESENTATIVE BACALA

## AN ACT

To amend and reenact R.S. 34:851.20(A)(1) and 851.32(A), R.S. 56:8(16)(a)(ii) and (b)(i), $10(\mathrm{~B})(1)(\mathrm{a})(\mathrm{i}),(\mathrm{e}),(\mathrm{f})$, and (g), (5), (7)(a), (9), and (10), and (D), 10.1(B) and (C), 103(A) and (C)(1), 109(D), 116(C)(1) and (D), 116.1(C)(3), 171(A), 172(B), 251(A)(1) and (3) through (6), 253(C)(1), 258, 262(A), (B), and (D), 263(A), 302, 302.1(A) through (C), 302.9(A)(1), (C), and (F), 302.9.1(A), (B), and (E), 302.10(B) and (C), 303(B), (D)(1), and (F), 303.1.1(B), (C), and (E), 303.6(B), 304(B) and (C), 304.1(B), 305(B) and (C)(1), 305.1(B) and (C), 306(A)(1) and (B)(6), 306.1(B)(7)(b) and (c), 306.2(A)(1), and (B), 306.3, 306.4(C)(1), 306.5(A)(introductory paragraph), 307.1(A), 322.1(A), 322.2(A), 325.1(A)(1), (3)(a), and (C)(2)(d), 325.3(A)(1) and (C), 326(E)(2) and (H), 330(B), 412(A)(2) and (5), 433.1(A)(1), 442(B), 449(B), $492,500(\mathrm{~A}), 501(\mathrm{~B})(2), 632.4(\mathrm{~A}), 632.5(\mathrm{~A})$ and (E), 632.9(B)(1), 641, 649.1, 649.2, 649.3, 649.4, 649.7, 653(A), and 1833, to enact R.S. 56:8(16)(a)(v), 10(B)(4) and (7)(c), 10.3, 102, 112(C), 302.1(D), 303(G), 306(B)(7), 411(B)(4) through (6), 645, 678, 679, and Chapter 14 of Title 56 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 56:3000 through 3007, and to repeal R.S. 34:851.20(N), R.S. 56:10(B)(1)(d), (6), and (13), 103(E) and (F), 103.1, 104, 105, 155, 156, 157, 164, $165,166,256,257,302.1,302.2,302.3,302.4,302.5,302.6,302.9 .1(\mathrm{D}), 303.6(\mathrm{~A})$, 306(A)(2), 306.1, 306.2(A)(2), 333(H), 433.1(C) and (D), 434.1, 446, 451,472, 506, $506.1,579.1,579.2,641.1,642,643,646,647.1,649.5,649.6,650,650.1$, and 1832, relative to licenses to hunt and fish; to restructure the recreational hunting and

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fishing licensing system for the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries; to provide relative to the cost of hunting and fishing licenses; to dedicate revenues from the sale of hunting and fishing licenses; to provide for definitions; to create the Shrimp Development and Management Account, Crab Development, Management and Derelict Crab Trap Removal Account, Oyster Resource Management Account, Louisiana Duck License, Stamp, and Print Fund, Louisiana Wild Turkey Fund, Lifetime License Endowment Trust Fund and the Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Foundation Escrow Account; to provide for hunting reciprocity; to provide for digital credentials; and to provide for related matters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
Section 1. R.S. $34: 851.20(\mathrm{~A})(1)$ and $851.32(\mathrm{~A})$ are hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
$\S 851.20$. Identification number
A.(1) The owner of each motorboat, houseboat, or sailboat requiring numbering by this state shall file an application for a number with the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries on forms approved by the department. The application shall be signed by the owner of the motorboat, houseboat, or sailboat and shall be accompanied by the appropriate fee as follows:
(a) For aboat that is fourteen feet or less Class A vessels measuring less than sixteen feet in length, the fee shall be twenty thirty-six dollars and shall be valid for three years.
(b) For a boat that is more than fourteen feet and less than eighteen feet in tength, Class 1 vessels measuring sixteen feet or more and less that twenty-six feet in length the fee shall be fifty-five fifty dollars and shall be valid for three years.
(c) For a boat that is eighteen feet in length or greater, Class 2 vessels measuring twenty-six feet or more and less than forty feet in length the fee shall be thirty dollars plus an additional two dollars for each foot or portion of a foot in tength greater than eighteen feet seventy-eight dollars and shall be valid for a period of three years

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(d) Beginning Jantary 1, 2019, through Deeember 31, 2023, inelusive of both dates, in addition to the fee otherwise required by this Paragraph, a fee of nine dollars shall aceompany any applieation or renewal for numbering a motorboat or sailboat. For Class 3 vessels measuring forty feet in length or greater the fee shall be ninety-nine dollars and shall be valid for a period of three years.
$\S 851.32$. Disposition of funds
A.(1) Funds accruing to the state of Louisiana from registration fees paid by owners of motorboats and sailboats shall be paid into the state treasury and shall be credited to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund. Out of the funds remaining in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, after a sufficient amount is allocated from that fund to pay all obligations secured by the full faith and credit of the state which become due and payable within any fiscal year, the treasurer shall, prior to placing such remaining funds in the State General Fund, pay into the Conservation Fund of the Loutisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Commission Aquatic Plant Control Fund an amount equal to the total amount, less the amounts provided in Paragraph( 2 ) of this Subsection, of the sums recovered as fees for motorboat and sailboat registrations in R.S. $34: 851.20$ and 851.23 for the purpose of administering and enforeing the provisions of this Part or for sueh other purposes as may be determined by said eommission.
(2) The treastrer shall pay an amount equal to nine dollars of every fee eollected for registering a motorboat and saiboat pursuant to R.S. $34.851 .20(\mathrm{~A})(1)(\mathrm{d})$ into the Aquatic Plant Control Fund ereated by R.S. 56.10.1.

Section 2. R.S. 56:10(B)(1)(a)(i), (e), and (D), 10.1(B) and (C), 171(A), 172(B), $251(\mathrm{~A})(1)$ and (3) through (6), 253(C)(1), 258, 262(A), (B), and (D), 263(A), 302.9(A)(1), (C), and (F), 302.9.1(A), (B), and (E), 303(B), (D)(1), and (F), 303.1.1(B), (C), and (E), $303.6(\mathrm{~B}), 304(\mathrm{~B})$ and $(\mathrm{C}), 304.1(\mathrm{~B}), 305(\mathrm{~B})$ and $(\mathrm{C})(1), 305.1(\mathrm{~B})$ and $(\mathrm{C}), 306(\mathrm{~A})(1)$ and $(\mathrm{B})(6), 306.2(\mathrm{~A})(1)$ and $(\mathrm{B}), 306.3,306.4(\mathrm{C})(1), 306.5(\mathrm{~A})$ (introductory paragraph), $307.1(\mathrm{~A}), 322.1(\mathrm{~A}), 322.2(\mathrm{~A}), 325.3(\mathrm{C}), 326(\mathrm{E})(2)$ and $(\mathrm{H}), 412(\mathrm{~A})(2)$ and $(5), 433.1(\mathrm{~A})(1)$,

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442(B), 449(B), 492, 501(B)(2), 632.4(A), 632.5(A) and (E), 632.9(B)(1), and 653(A) are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 56:10(B)(4), 102, 112(C), 303(G), 306(B)(7), and 411(B)(4) through (6) are hereby enacted to read as follows:
§10. Annual report to governor; estimate of proposed expenditures; particular funds; limitations on purposes for use of monies in particular funds; warrants; vouchers; surplus funds
B.(1)
(a)(i) Pay annually into a special fund created in the state treasury and designated as the Seafood Promotion and Marketing Fund an amount equal to the total of thirty dollars per resident commercial fisherman's license fee. five ctollars per lieense fee and gear fee per anntm paid into the treasury by the commission derived from the increase in each of the commereial fisheries license fees imposed by Acts 1984, No. 230 or derived from the fee or fees imposed on any commereial fisheries tieense established on or after Jantury 1, 1984. This ineludes five dollars per eommercial fisherman's lieense fee, gear fee, wholesaletretail deater's license fee, vessellieense fee, and transport lieense fee purstant to Part VHof Chapter 1 of Title 56 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.
(b)(i) Pay annually into a special fund created in the state treasury and designated as the "Shrimp Marketing and Promotion Fund" an amount equal to the fees collected pursuant to R.S. $56: 305(\mathrm{G})$ and paid into the treasury by the commission. All expenditures and allocation of monies from this fund shall be administered by the Louisiana Shrimp Task Force to be used for the development of markets for shrimp and creation of marketing strategies for the development and market expansion for shrimp harvested from Louisiana waters. The task force may contract with the Louisiana Seafood Promotion and Marketing Board to promote the Louisiana shrimp industry.
(ii) Pay annually into a special account created in the Conservation Fund and designated as the "Shrimp Development and Management Account" an amount equal to the fees collected pursuant to R.S. $56: 305(B)(1)$ and $(C)(1)$ and paid into the treasury by the commission. All expenditures and allocation of monies from this fund shall be administered by the department. The Shrimp Development and Management Account is intended to defray the cost of the shrimp program within the department and support the functions of the Shrimp Task Force, specifically to assist in funding salaries and financial support including associated indirect costs for employees in the shrimp program, the management of the shrimp population, law enforcement activities associated with shrimp industry, research on all aspects involved with the shrimp resource and industry and authorized activities of the Shrimp Task Force.
(e) Pay annually into a special fund created in the state treasury and designated as the "Crab Promotion and Marketing Fund Development, Management, and Derelict Crab Trap Removal Account" an amount equal to the fees specified for deposit in R.S. 56:305(B)(2) and (C)(1), 306(B)(6), and 306.1(B)(7). All expenditures and allocations of monies from this fund account shall be administered by the department in consultation with the Crab Task Force. The Crab Development, Management, and Derelict Crab Trap Removal Account is intended to defray the cost of the crab program within the department and support the functions of the Crab Task Force, specifically to assist in funding salaries and financial support including associated indirect costs for employees in the crab program, the management of the crab population, law enforcement activities associated with crab industry, research on all aspects involved with the crab resource and industry, administration and implementation of the Derelict Crab Trap Removal Program, marketing programs recommended by the Crab Task Force, and authorized activities of the Crab Task Force. The task force may contract with the Louisiana Seafood Promotion and Marketing Board to promote the Louisiana crab industry.

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(4)(a) There is hereby created within the Conservation Fund a special account designated as the "Oyster Resource Management Account" which shall consist of those revenues collected from the sale of commercial oyster gear licenses pursuant to R.S. $56: 305(\mathrm{~B})(3)$ and $(\mathrm{C})(1)$, the sale of oyster cargo vessel permits pursuant to R.S. 56:422, all revenues received from the payment of lease rentals pursuant to R.S. 56:428, and the fees collected from the sale of public oyster seed ground vessel permits and associated gear fees pursuant to R.S. 56:433.1.
(b) The secretary is authorized to assess, invoice, demand, accept, and receive funds or materials as compensation for damages or impacts associated with activities occurring on or over the public oyster seed grounds, seed reservations, and tonging areas.
(c) The revenues shall be subject to the same requirements as provided for other revenues placed in the Conservation Fund in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection.
(d) All expenditures and allocation of monies from this fund shall be administered by the department. The Oyster Resource Management Account is intended to defray the cost of the oyster program within the department, specifically to assist in funding salaries and financial support including associated indirect costs for employees in the oyster program, the management of the oyster population, law enforcement activities associated with oyster industry, research on all aspects involved with the oyster resource and industry, enhancement of the state's public oyster seed grounds, research into propagation and habitat, oyster hatchery operations, and the administrative functions of the oyster lease and survey section of the department.
D. All unexpended and unencumbered monies in the Lotrisiana Seafood Promotion and Marketing Fund, the Oyster Development Fund, the Shrimp Marketing and Promotion Fund, the Crab Promotion and Marketing Fund, the Louisiana Duck Lieense, Stamp, and Print Fund, the Louisiana Wild Turkey Fund, and the Conservation Fund funds or accounts established in this Section at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the respective funds. The monies in the funds shall

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be invested by the treasurer in the same manner as monies in the state general fund. All interest earned on monies invested by the treasurer shall be deposited in the respective funds. The state treasurer shall prepare and submit to the department on a quarterly basis a printed report showing the amount of money contained in the funds from all sources.
§10.1. Aquatic Plant Control Fund; creation; uses
B. After compliance with the requirements of Article VII, Section 9(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, and after a sufficient amount is allocated from that fund to pay all of the obligations secured by the full faith and credit of the state which become due and payable within any fiscal year, the treasurer shall pay into the Aquatic Plant Control Fund an amount equal to the monies received by the state treasury pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 47:462(B)(2)(C) R.S. 34:851.20(A)(1) and 851.23 and R.S. 47:462(B)(2)(c) and R.S. 30:961(K). If revenue credited to the Aquatic Plant Control Fund exceeds five million dollars annually, the state treasurer is authorized and directed to transfer any funds in excess of five million dollars to the Conservation Fund. The monies in this fund shall be used solely as provided in Subsection C of this Section and only in the amount appropriated by the legislature. All unexpended and unencumbered monies remaining in this fund at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the fund. The monies in the fund shall be invested by the state treasurer in the same manner as monies in the state general fund and all returns of such investment shall be deposited to the fund.
C. Subject to an annual appropriation by the legislature, the monies in the Aquatic Plant Control Fund shall be used solely by the office of fisheries, Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, to fund the aquatic plant control program and to fund cooperative research and public education efforts by the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries and the Louisiana State University Agrieultural Center relative to aquatic weedeontrol anderadieation and aquatic invasive species control

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anderadieation. An amount not toexeeed fifteen pereent of the anntualappropriation shall be used to fund researeh and publie edueation efforts relative to aquatic weed eontroland eradieation by the Louisiana State University Agrieultural Center. The funds appropriated pursuant to the provisions of this Section shall be in addition to any other amounts appropriated by the legislature.
102. Hunting guide license; fees; penalties
A. No person shall act as nor represent himself to be a hunting guide unless that person possesses a valid hunting guide license, proof of liability insurance, and a valid state recreational hunting license that grants hunting privileges appropriate for his client's guided hunting activity. In addition, any person acting as a hunting guide who is in charge of the operation of a vessel shall have a valid captain's license issued by the United States Coast Guard.
B.(1) The annual fee for a resident hunting guide license is one hundred fifty dollars.
(2) The annual fee for a nonresident hunting guide license is six hundred dollars.
C. A hunting guide license is valid for one year, beginning on July first of each calendar year and expiring on June thirtieth of the following calendar year.
D. A hunting guide license may be purchased at any time of the year for the current license year and from June first for the immediately following license year.
E. A hunting guide license shall be issued by the department during normal working hours and may be purchased in person at the Baton Rouge office, or at any other location designated by the department.
F. The fees derived pursuant to this Section shall be placed in the Conservation Fund.
G. A violation of any provision of this Section shall constitute a class four violation under the provisions of R.S. 56:34.
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§112. Disposal of birds or quadrupeds becoming a nuisance
C. The commission is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act to establish a Nuisance Wildlife

Control Operator Program. The program shall establish guidelines to permit individuals who offer commercial services for the control of nuisance wildlife. The fee for a nuisance wildlife control operator permit shall be fifty dollars.

§171. Wildlife; business of raising and selling; breeder's license
A. Whoever desires to engage in raising, selling, or raising and selling domestic white-tailed deer or other domesticated deer native to North America; squirrels, rabbits, or other wild game quadrupeds; pheasants, quail, doves, or other domesticated wild game birds; domesticated wild waterfowl, resident or migratory; or their parts, on breeding farms or propagating preserves of which he is the owner or lessee, shall apply to the secretary for a license to do so. Provided that commission requirements have been satisfied, including payment of a fee of twenty= five fifty dollars, a license shall be issued permitting the applicant to breed and propagate such animals and sell them alive, or in the case of domesticated wild game birds, to sell their parts and to kill and transport them and sell their carcasses for food, as hereinafter provided in this Subpart.
§172. Killing of birds or animals; sale; trapping regulations; exporting live specimens
B. Wild nongame quadrupeds raised on such licensed breeding farms or preserves may be taken for their pelts only in the open seasons, as prescribed by law. Special parish closed seasons do not apply to such licensed breeders or propagators. The tax, as fixed by law, shall be paid before the raw pelts are shipped out of the
state and a written affidavit as to the number and kinds shippedout of the state shalt be furnished the secretary monthly during the open season on sueh quadrupeds.
§251. Licenses; possession limit for nonresident alligator hunter; deposit as guarantee of payment of severance tax; penalties
A. The following license fees shall be levied on each fur trapper, alligator hunter, fur buyer, and fur dealer:
(1) Every resident fur trapper, fifteen eighteen years of age or older, before commencing the business of trapping furbearing animals, shall secure annually from the department a trapper's license, which shall be furnished upon the payment of twenty-five forty dollars. Every resident fur trapper under the age of fifteen eighteen years, before commencing the business of trapping furbearing animals, shall secure annually from the department a recreational youth hunting license. trapper's lieense, which shall be fumished upon the payment of five dollars. Every nonresident fur trapper, before commencing the business of trapping furbearing animals, shall secure annually from the department a nonresident trapper's license, which shall be furnished upon the payment of one hundred sixty dollars. Every resident and nonresident fur trapper must at all times have this license in possession while trapping or selling pelts or animals. The secretary of the department is hereby authorized to enter into reciprocal agreements with any state with respect to nonresident license fees for the trapping of furbearing animals.
(3) Every resident fur buyer shall, before commencing business, procure annually from the department a resident fur buyer's license, which shall be furnished upon the payment of fifty-five dollars and the filing of an application approved by the department.
(4) Every nonresident fur buyer shall before commencing business procure annually from the department a nonresident fur buyer's license, which shall be furnished upon the payment of one humedred two hundred fifteen dollars, and the filing of an application approved by the department. Every resident and nonresident
fur buyer must at all times have this license in possession while operating his business.
(5) Every resident fur dealer shall, before commencing business, procure annually from the department a resident fur dealer's license, which shall be furnished upon the payment of one hundred fifty four hundred dollars and a deposit of five hundred dollars, to guarantee payment of the severance tax on raw furs and skins, and the filing of an application approved by the department.
(6) Every nonresident fur dealer shall before commencing business procure annually from the department a nonresident fur dealer's license, which shall be furnished upon the payment of three eight hundred dollars, and a deposit of one thousand dollars to guarantee payment of the severance tax onr raw furs and skins, and the filing of an application approved by the department. Every resident and nonresident dealer must at all times have this license in possession or prominently displayed while operating his business.
§253. Shipping raw furs, alligators, alligator skins, and alligator parts out of state;
tags
C.(1) Every resident fur dealer, trapper, alligator hunter, alligator farmer, nonresident fur dealer, or nonresident alligator hunter before shipping raw furs, alligators, or alligator skins out of the state shall secure from the department, or duly authorized representative thereof, a tag to be attached to the shipment. The tag shall be of a distinctive color, bear a serial number and entry headings for information as to the character of the shipment and the name and address of the specific licensed fur dealer making the shipment, and the specific name and address of the receiver or purchaser of the shipment, including the location to which the skins are actually being shipped. The tag shall be filled out at the time of shipment, and be provided with a detachable stub bearing the same serial number and entry headings as appear on the body of the tag. The stub shall be filled out with duplicate information
appearing on the body of the tag and returned to the department at the time of shipment, with the proper amount of severance tax due.
§258. Dealer records; payment of tax; confiscation of furs and skins
A. Every dealer shall maintain complete detailed records of the kind and number of furs purchased inside and outside of the state and of all such furs shipped out of the state or tanned within the state. Dealer records shall be completed and made available to the department for audit purposes within sixty days after the close of the trapping season. Bealers shall remit to the department or pay to the authorized representative thereof within ten days following an anntual audit of the dealer's recorts the full amount of the tax clue.
B. Every dealer shall maintain complete detailed records of the number of whole alligators and alligator skins purchased inside and outside the state and all alligator skins shipped out of state or alligator skins tanned within the state. Dealer records shall be completed and furnished to the department at the time of shipment or prior to tanning and dealer must coneurrently remit the full amount of tax due.
C. Failure to pay the tax, as provided, subjects alt pelts of Loutisiana furbearing animats and alligator skins held by deaters to confiseation by order, general or special, of the department. Failure to maintain complete records and to pay the tax subjeets any dealer to the full penalties provided and the immediate revocation of his license by the department. No license shall be isstred to a dealer who has not paid the tax for the preceding year.
$\boxplus \underline{C}$. Any violation Violation of this Section constitutes a class three violation.
§262. Nongame quadrupeds; breeding, propagation, and exhibition
A. Whoever desires to engage in the business of raising and/or exhibiting imported or native nongame quadrupeds shall apply to the department for a license to do so. If it appears that the application is made in good faith, upon a payment of ten twenty dollars, a nongame quadruped exhibitor license may be issued permitting

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the applicant to breed and/or exhibit such animals provided he meets rules and regulations of the department.
B. Whoever desires to engage in the business of raising, exhibiting, and selling imported or native nongame quadrupeds or collecting and selling wild alligator eggs shall apply to the department for a license to do so. If it appears that the application is made in good faith, upon payment of dife fifty dollars, a nongame quadruped breeder license may be issued permitting the applicant to breed, propagate, exhibit, and sell such animals alive or sell their parts; and to kill and transport them and sell their pelts, skins, or carcasses as hereinafter provided in this Section.
D. Nongame quadrupeds raised on such licensed breeding farms may be sold alive or taken for their pelts, skins, or for food according to rules and regulations of the commission. All skins shall be tagged according to rules and regulations of the commission. The severance tax as fixed by law shall be paid before the raw pelts or alligator skins are shipped out of state, or tanned within the state, and a written affictavit as to the number and kinds shipped or tanned shatl be furnished to the tepartment as speeified.
§263. Alligator parts, buying and selling; license; reports; tagging
A.(1) Each alligator parts dealer shall secure an alligator parts dealer license from the department before commencing business. The license shall be secured annually and shall be furnished upon the payment of fifty one hundred five dollars.
(2) Each retailer purchasing for retail sale finished alligator parts made from parts other than hides shall secure a license from the department before commencing business. The license shall be secured annually and shall be furnished upon the payment of five ten dollars.
§302.9. Charter boat fishing guide license; nonresident fee
A.(1) No person shall act as nor represent himself to be a saltwater charter boat fishing guide unless that person possesses a valid state charter boat fishing guide license, a valid captain's license issued by the United States Coast Guard, proof of liability insurance, and a valid state recreational fishing license, or in lieut of a state reereational fisthing lieense, the person was bom prior to June 1, 1940, or has a valid senior hunting and fishing lieense issued pursuant to R.S. 56.302.1(G) that grants fishing privileges appropriate for his charter activity. In addition, any person acting as a saltwater charter boat fishing guide who is in charge of the operation of a vessel shall have his required licenses and proof of liability insurance on his person while on the water. It shall not be a violation of this Section for a person to represent himself as a charter boat fishing guide if that person held a valid license during the previous thirty days but has not renewed the license.
C.(1) The annual fee for a resident saltwater charter boat fishing guide license is hundred fifty three hundred dollars for operating a vessel that carries not more than six passengers and five seven hundred dollars for operating a vessel that carries more than six passengers.
(2) The annual fee for a resident freshwater charter boat fishing guide license is one-hundred fifty dollars.
(2)(a) (3)(a) The annual fee for a nonresident saltwater charter boat fishing guide license is one thousand five hundred dollars for operating a vessel that carries not more than six passengers and two thousand dollars for operating a vessel that carries more than six passengers.
(b) The annual fee for a nonresident freshwater charter boat fishing guide $\underline{\text { license is five hundred dollars. }}$
(b)(c) There shall be an additional five hundred dollar fee for each nonresident charter boat fishing guide license issued under the provisions of Subparagraph (a) Subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this Paragraph which shall be deposited into the Conservation Fund, as provided in R.S. 56:10(B)(1)(f). Such

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funds shall be used by the department for promotion of the charter boat industry, protection of the fishery, and to provide for administrative costs of the fund. Such fees are to be expended for such purposes through the Louisiana Charter Boat Association.
F. A charter boat fishing guide license shall be issued by the department during normal working hours and may be purchased in person at department district office, at the Baton Rouge and New Orleans offiees office, or at any other location designated by the department.
§302.9.1. Charter boat license; skiff fee; charter fishing trip license
A. For a charter fishing operation which does not have a charter boat fishing guide present, a charter boat license shall be required. Such license shall be for a charter fishing operation which consists of a large motorized vessel carrying small skiffs attached to it with sueh skiffs to be used by no more than two people for fishing purposes. The main motorized vessel shall be required to carry a charter boat license and proof of liability insurance, and the captain shall have a valid captain's license issued by the United States Coast Guard with the license on his person. For those vessels which carry up to six skiffs the license fee shall be one thousand five hundred dollars per year. For those vessels which carry more than six skiffs, the license fee shall be two three thousand dollars per year. No main motorized vessel licensed under the provisions of this Section shall enter any wildlife management area managed by the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries. The liability insurance required by this Subsection shall meet the requirement of R.S. 56:302.9(A)(2).
B. In addition, each skiff shall be required to have a charter skiff license which identifies the charter vessel to which it is attached. A licensed skiff shall only be used be used only for fishing purposes while the charter vessel with which it is identified is located in Louisiana's territorial waters. Each charter skiff license shall be issued for an annual cost of fifty seventy-five dollars per skiff.


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E. Any person fishing in or with a licensed charter skiff shall have in his possession a copy of the charter boat license, a copy of the charter skiff license, and his charter fishing trip license, or an equivalent license that grants both basic and saltwater fishing privileges.
§303. Commercial fisherman's license; charter boat fishing guide's license certification; fees; place of purchase; information
B. The cost of the commercial fisherman's license is fifty-five ninety-six dollars for residents and four hundred sixty six hundred twenty dollars for nonresidents.
D. A commercial fisherman's license shall be issued only by the following:
(1) The department during normal working hours. The license may be purchased in person at the Baton Rouge office or at any other location designated by the department. and New Orleans offices, at any district office located south of fnterstate Highway 10, and at the fisheries office located in Bourg and the office toeated in New Heria, or
F. A resident of this state who is seventy years of age or older may obtain a senior commercial fishing license for an annual fee of twenty fifty dollars. The senior commercial fishing license shall be valid from January first of each calendar year until December thirty-first of the same calendar year. The license may be purchased at any time for the current license year and may be purchased after November fifteenth for the following license year. The license shall be in lieu of a commercial fisherman's license required by this Section and shall also serve in lieu of any commereial gear lieenses that may be required by any aetivities engaged in by the lieense holder.
G.(1) Any fisherman properly licensed or permitted to legally fish in the federal exclusive economic zone (EEZ) may purchase a Gulf Seafood Traversing and

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Offloading License from the department to transport and sell his own catch from the federal EEZ across state waters to any licensed wholesale/retail seafood dealer located within the state of Louisiana.
(2) A license issued pursuant to Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall be issued in lieu of a commercial fisherman's license, vessel license, and any applicable commercial gear license for fishing gear aboard the vessel.
(3) The fee for the Gulf Seafood Traversing and Offloading License shall be seventy-five dollars for residents and eight hundred dollars for nonresidents.
(4) While traversing state waters going to and from the federal EEZ, all fishing gear shall be stowed and shall not be used while in state waters.
(5) The licensee shall provide the wholesale/retail seafood dealer with all information, as determined by the commission to be necessary to properly manage the fishery resources of the state, that is required to complete the commercial receipt form, which shall include but not be limited to the fisherman's first and last name, license number, signature, gear used, vessel used, primary location of where fish were caught, duration of trip, and permit numbers for species requiring a permit to harvest. The licensee shall sign each commercial receipt form attesting that the information provided is correct.
§303.1.1. Fresh products license
B. The cost of a fresh products license shall be twenty sixty-one dollars for residents and one hundredtwenty three hundred dollars for nonresidents. The fresh products license shall be valid for one year, beginning on January first of each calendar year and expiring on December thirty-first of the same calendar year.
C. The fresh products license shall be issued only by the department during normal working hours and may be purchased in person at the Baton Rouge office and New Orleans offiees or at any other location designated by the department.

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E. A commercial fisherman may purchase a secondary fresh products license for a spouse any designated individual if he provides the spouse's individual's name and social security number to the department. This secondary license will allow the commercial fisherman to continue to fish while the spouse designated individual sells the catch. The secretary of the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries shall promulgate rules and regulations implementing the provisions of this Subsection. The department is authorized to collect a fee for issuance of the license not to exceed five dollars which, after compliance with Article VII, Section 9(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana relative to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund, shall be credited to the Conservation Fund.
§303.6. Oyster harvester license
B. The revenues generated from this license shall be deposited into the Oyster Resource Management Account used by the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries solely for the Oyster Strike Foree and the Louisiana Department of Health for oyster water monitoring.
§304. Vessel license; fees; place of purchase
B. The cost of the vessel license for a resident is fifty dollars for the first vessel, thirty-five dollars for the second vessel, and twenty dollars for the third and any subsequent vessel. The cost of the vessel license for a nonresident is four hundred dollars. is fifteendollars for residents and sixty dollars for nomresidents.
C. Vessel licenses shall be issued only by the department during normal working hours and may be purchased in person at any department distriet offiee, at the department's Baton Rouge and New Orleans offices, office or at any other location designated by the department.
§304.1. Vessel license: license year; purchase period
B. A vessel license may be purchased at any time of the year for the current license year and from October first November fifteenth for the immediately following license year.
§305. Commercial gear license; issuance to certain nonresidents prohibited; moratorium on certain new gear licenses; renewals
B. Residents shall pay a commercial gear fee as follows:
(1) Shrimp Gear:
(a) Butterfly nets: twenty-five dollars for each butterfly net.
(b) Skimmer nets: twenty-five dollars for each skimmer net.
(c) Trawls: twenty-five dollars for each trawl, except no fee is required for use of a test trawl, as defined by R.S. 56:495.1(A), when used with another trawl for which the gear fee has been paid.
(d) Freshwater shrimp net: twenty-five dollars to use a freshwater shrimp net in accordance with R.S. 56:501.
(e) All revenue collected from the sale of shrimp gear fees established in this Paragraph, or from nonresident shrimp gear fees collected pursuant to Paragraph (C)(1) of this Section shall be credited to the Shrimp Development and Management Account as provided in R.S. 56:10(B)(1)(b)(ii).
(2) Oyster Gear:
(a) Oyster tongs: fifty dollars for each oyster tong.
(b) Oyster scrapers: fifty dollars for each scraper.
(c) All revenue collected from the sale of oyster gear fees established in this Paragraph, or from non-resident oyster gear fees collected pursuant to Paragraph (C)(1) of this Section shall be credited to the Oyster Resource Management Account as provided in R.S. 56:10(B)(4).

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(3) Crab Gear:
(a) Crab traps: fifty dollars for the privilege of using crab traps to fish commercially.
(b) All revenue collected from the sale of crab gear fees established in this Paragraph, or from non-resident crab gear fees collected pursuant to Paragraph $(C)(1)$ of this Section shall be credited to the Crab Development, Management, and Derelict Crab Trap Removal Account as provided in R.S. 56:10(B)(1)(e).
(4) Saltwater Finfish Gear:
(a) Mullet strike net: three hundred dollars per mullet strike net that may be used only during the special mullet season defined in R.S. 56:333.
(b) Pompano strike net: three hundred dollars per pompano strike net that may be used only during the special pompano season defined in R.S. 56:325.4 and 406.
(c) All commercial gear licenses as provided for in Subparagraphs (a) and (b) of this Paragraph issued to all qualified nonresidents shall be one thousand two hundred dollars.
(d) Rod and reel: three hundred fifty dollars to fish in the saltwater areas of the state as defined in R.S. 56:322(A) and (B). The department may issue a saltwater commercial rod and reel gear license to each applicant only if the following conditions have been met:
(i) The applicant must provide positive proof that they held a valid commercial gear license for gill nets during any two years of the years 1995, 1994, and 1993.
(ii) The applicant must provide positive proof, in the form of unamended original state and federal income tax returns, including Schedule C of the federal 1040 form, submitted in accordance with procedures established by the commission, that the applicant has derived more than fifty percent of his earned income from the capture and sale of seafood species in at least two of the three years, 1995,1994, or 1993.

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(e) Purse seines/menhaden seines: two thousand dollars for each purse seine in use.
(f) Other saltwater gear: fifty dollars to use any legal number of commercial cast nets with a radius in excess of eight feet six inches, hoop nets, or other legal gear for use in the saltwater areas of the state as defined in R.S. 56:322(A) and (B). Effective May 1, 1995, the department shall not issue any new commercial gear licenses for gill nets, trammel nets, strike nets, or seines for use in the saltwater areas of the state. The department may issue renewal licenses to any person, company, or corporation that held a valid commercial gear license for such gear for at least two years during either the 1992, 1993, or 1994 calendar years. The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply to licenses issued for the commercial taking of menhaden.
(5) Crawfish Gear:

Crawfish traps: twenty-five dollars for the privilege of using crawfish traps to fish commercially.
(6) Freshwater Gear:
(a) Fifty dollars to use one shad gill net pursuant to R.S. 56:322.2. No person shall receive more than one such license per year.
(b) Fifty dollars to use one shad seine in freshwater areas of the state pursuant to R.S. 56:322.1. No person shall receive more than one such license per year.
(c) Fifty dollars to use any legal number of hoop nets, seines, slat traps, trammel nets, cast nets with a radius in excess of eight feet six inches, wire nets, pipes, buckets, drums, tires, and cans that are placed into the water for the purpose of capturing and taking fish for commercial purposes in the freshwater areas of the state as defined in R.S. 56:322(A) and (B).
(1) Butterfly nets: twenty-five dollars for each butterfly net.
(2) Crab traps: fifty dollars for the privilege of using erab traps to fish eommereially. An amount equal to ten dollars from each commereial erab trap gear fieense shall be eredited to the Derelict Crab Trap Removal Program Aceount as provided in R.S. $56: 10(\mathrm{~B})(13)$, and an amount equal to ten dollars from each

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eommereial erab trap lieense shallbe eredited to the Crab Promotion and Marketing Account as provided in R.S. $56: 10(\mathrm{~B})(1)(\mathrm{e})$. Any resident who holds a senior eommereial fishing lieense shall be exempt from the provisions of this Paragraph.
(3) Oyster serapers: twenty-five dollars for each seraper.
(4) Gill nets:
(a) Twenty-five dollars to use any legal number of gill nets in the freshiwater areas of the state as defined in R.S. $56: 322$ (A) and (B).
(c) Two hundred fifty dollars per mullet strike net that may only be used during the special mullet season defined in R.S. $56: 333$ or the special spotted sea trout season defined in R.S. 56:325.3(C).
(d) Two hundred fifty dollars per pompano strike net that may only be used during the special pompano season defined in R.S. 56.325 .4 and 406.
(e) All commereial gear lieenses as provided for in Subparagraphs (b), (e), and (d) of this Paragraph issued to all qualified nonresidents shall be one thousand dollars.
(f) Twenty-five dollars to use one shad gill net pursuant to R.S. 56:322.2. No person shall receive more than one such license per year.
(5) Hoop nets: twenty-five dollars to use any legal number of hoop nets.
(6) Purse seines/menhaden seines. five hundred five dollars for each purse seine in use.
(7) Seines. twenty-five dollars to use any legal number of seines.
(8) Oyster tongs: thirty dollars for each oyster tong.
(9) Stat traps. twenty-five dollars to use any legal number of shat traps.
(10) Trammel nets: twenty-five dollars to use any legal number of trammet nets in the freshwater areas of the state as defined in R.S. 56.322 (A) and (B).
(11) Trawls: twenty-five dollars for each trawl, exeept no fee is required for tue of a test trawl, as defined by R.S. $56: 495.1(\mathrm{~A})$, when used with another trawl for which the gear fee has been paid.
(12) Crawfish traps: twenty-five dollars to use any legal number of erawfish traps.

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(13) Castnets with a radius in exeess of eight feet six inehes.
(14) Rod and reet: two htundred fifty dollars to fish in the saltwater areas of the state as defined inR.S. 56:322(A) and (B). The department may issue a saltwater eommereial rod and reel gear lieense to each applieant only if the following eonditions have been met:
(a) The applieant must provide positive proof that they held a validt eommereial gear lieense for gill nets during any two years of the years 1995, 1994, and 1993.
(b) The applieant must provide positive proof, in the form of unamended original state and federal ineome tax returns, ineluding Sehedule $C$ of the federal 1040 form, submitted in aceordanee with procedures established by the commission, that the applieant has derivech more than fifty pereent of his eamed ine ome from the eapture and sale of seafood species in at least two of the three years, 1995, 1994, or 1993.
(c) Repealed by Acts 1997, No. 727, §2.
(d) Each commereial rod and reel fisherman shall report his total monthly eommercialtake to the department in aceordance with the provisions of R.S. 56.345 .
(15) Wire nets. twenty-five dollars to use any legal number of wire nets.
(16) Twenty-five dollars to use one shad seine in freshwater areas of the state pursuant to R.S. 56:322.1. No person shall receive more than one such lieense per year.
(17) Twenty-five dollars to use a freshwater shrimp net in aceordance with R.S. 56.501.
(18) Any other type of legal gear not listed in this Subsection: twenty-five dollars. This type of gear ineludes pipes, buekets, drums, tires, and eans that are placed into the water for the purpose of eapturing and taking fish for commereiat purposes.
C.(1)(a) The commercial gear fee for nonresidents is four times the gear fee for residents; however, the nonresident fee for oyster dredges and tongs in particular shall be eight times the fee for residents.

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(b) An amount equal to forty dollars for each nonresident eommereial erab trap gear lieense shall be eredited to the Dereliet Crab Trap Removal Program Account as provided in R.S. $56: 10$ (B)(13), and an amount equal to forty dollars from eaeh commereial erab trap gear lieense shall be eredited to the Crab Promotion and Marketing Aecount as provided in R.S. 56.10 (B)(1)(e).
§305.1. License year; place of purchase; purchase period
B. A commercial gear license may be purchased at any time of the year for the current license year and from October first November fifteenth for the immediately following license year.
C. Commercial gear licenses shall be issued only by the department during normal working hours and may be purchased in person at any department district office, at the department's Baton Rouge office and New Orleans offiees, or at any other location designated by the department.
§306. Wholesale/retail seafood dealer's license; place of business; employees; exemptions; wholesale out-of-state crab shipping license
A.(1) Any person buying, acquiring, or handling, from any person, by any means whatsoever, any species of fish, whether fresh, frozen, processed, or unprocessed, in Louisiana from within or outside the state, for sale or resale, including bait species, whether on a commission basis or otherwise, is a wholesale/retail seafood dealer and must purchase a wholesale/retail seafood dealer's license. A lieensed wholesaletretail seafood deater may act as a retail seafood deater as speciffied in R.S. 56:306.1.
B.

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(6) Restaurants and retail grocers who only purchase fish, whether fresh, frozen, processed, or unprocessed, from a licensed wholesale/retail seafood dealer and only sell such fish fully prepared for immediate consumption by the consumer need not be licensed in compliance with the provisions of this Section. Any restaurant or retail grocer who sells fish as described in this Section shall be licensed in accordance with the applicable law. All restaurants and retail grocers shall maintain records as required in this Subpart.
(7)(a) In addition to the license requirements contained in this Section, any wholesale/retail seafood dealer who exports or attempts to export outside of the state of Louisiana any crabs, soft shell crabs, boiled crabs, containerized crabmeat, or containerized pasteurized crabmeat shall be required to purchase a wholesale out-ofstate crab shipping license in addition to his wholesale/retail dealer's license. The wholesale out-of-state crab shipping license shall be issued in the same manner as a wholesale/retail seafood dealer's license and shall be issued only to a person who is a licensed wholesale/retail seafood dealer.
(b) The fee for a wholesale out-of-state crab shipping license shall be one two hundred forty dollars per year. The license shall be valid for one year, beginning on January first of each calendar year and expiring on December thirty-first of the same calendar year. The license may be purchased at any time of the year for the current license year and from November fifteenth for the immediately following license year.
(c) Of the reventues All revenues collected from the issuance of wholesale out-of-state crab shipping licenses, ten pereent shall be deposited to the Crab Development, Management and Derelict Crab Trap Removal Account as provided in R.S. 56:10(B)(1)(e) Gonservation Fund, and ninety pereent shall be deposited to the Crab Promotion and Marketing Account of the Seafood Promotion and Marketing Fund, R.S. 56:10(B)(1)(e).
§306.2. License fee; place of purchase
A.(1) The cost of the wholesale/retail seafood dealer's license is five hundred fifty dollars for residents and one thousandone hundred five two thousand

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two hundred dollars for nonresidents. Restaurants and retail grocers may sell native reptiles and amphibians for human consumption under the provisions of this Section.
B. A wholesale/retail seafood dealer's license and retail seafood dealer's tieense shall be issued only by the department during normal working hours at the Baton Rouge office and New Orteans offiees, or at any other location designated by the department.
§306.3. Wholesale/retail seafood dealer's license and retail seafood dealer's lieense;
license year; purchase period
A. A wholesale/retail seafood dealer's license and a retail seafood dealer's freense are is valid for one year, beginning on January first of each calendar year and expiring on December thirty-first of the same calendar year.
B. A wholesale/retail seafood dealer's license and retail deafer's fieense may be purchased at any time of the year for the current license year and from October first November fifteenth for the immediately following license year.
C. The department may also authorize the purchase of a wholesale/retail seafood dealer's license and a retail seafood dealer's lieense for a four-year period at four times the cost of the annual license fee.
§306.4. Restrictions on buying and selling and transportation by wholesale/retail
seafood dealers, retail seaferder's lieense; restaurants and retail grocers
C.(1) Retailseafooddealers, restatrants, Restaurants and retail grocers shall buy directly only from wholesale/retail seafood dealers licensed in Louisiana. When a retailseafooddealer, restaurant; or retail grocer purchases fish from an out-of-state seller and brings the fish into the state, he shall buy directly from those persons from whom he can legally purchase fish in the state of purchase. When a restaurant or retail grocer buys fish from an out-of-state seller and brings the fish into the state, the restaurant or retail grocer shall be licensed in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 56:306 or 306.1 and shall possess a valid transport license when bringing such fish into the state.

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§306.5. Records
A. Wholesale/retail seafood dealers, retail seafood dealers, restaurants, and retail grocers shall keep, in the English language:
§307.1. Transport license fee; underlying license
A. The cost of a transport license is thirty eighty-three dollars per vehicle and can enly be purehased be purchased only by a person holding a valid Louisiana commercial fisherman's license or valid Louisiana wholesale/retail dealer's license.
§322.1. Shad seine; commercial harvest of shad and skipjack herring
A. A commercial fisherman licensed in accordance with R.S. 56:303 and $305(\mathrm{~B})(16)(6)(\mathrm{b})$ may take shad, skipjack, and any other freshwater commercial fish of legal size with a shad seine in accordance with this Section.
§322.2. Shad gill nets; commercial harvest of shad and skipjack herring
A. A commercial fisherman licensed in accordance with R.S. 56:303 and 305(B)(4)(f)(6)(a) may take shad and skipjack with a shad gill net in Lake Palourde, Lake Verret, Lac Des Allemands, all of the waterways in Iberville Parish, and those portions of the parishes of Iberia, St. Martin, and St. Mary located between the guide levees of the Atchafalaya Basin but is specifically not authorized to do so in the streams, bayous, canals, and other water bodies connected with the specified lakes.
§325.3. Spotted sea trout commercial taking; annual quota; red drum commercial taking, possession, or landing prohibited
C. The commercial taking or sale by a commercial fisherman of spotted sea trout is prohibited except by special permit issued by the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries at a cost of one hundred fifty dollars for residents of this state and four six hundred dollars for those who are nonresidents. No person shall purchase spotted sea trout from any commercial fisherman who does not possess a spotted sea trout

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permit. No person shall qualify for a charter boat fishing guide license and a spotted sea trout permit during the same licensure period.
§326. Size and possession limits; commercial fish
E.
(2) Persons commereially fishing for shark must obtain a permit from the seeretary of the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries. The commercial taking or sale by a commercial fisherman of shark is prohibited except by special permit issued by the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries at a cost of twenty-five dollars. Such permit shall be in the immediate possession of the person commercially fishing for shark. Any shark fisherman who violates a commercial shark fishery regulation shall be subject to the following sanctions:
H. The possession limit for the commercial taking of southern flounder shall be ten fish for each licensed fisherman for each consecutive day on the water. However, the provisions of this Subsection shall not apply to southern flounder eaught as by-eateh authorized by R.S. 56.492.
§411. Legislative findings and purpose
B. For the purposes of this Subpart the following definitions shall apply:
(4) "Mariculture" means the rearing, nurturing, or growing of saltwater fish in cages, pens, or any other containment device in or on state territorial waters including those waters over private-owned water bottoms.
(5) "Culture" means any activity associated with the rearing, nurturing, or growing of a domesticated aquatic organism.
(6) "Species specific permits" are special domesticated aquatic organism permits that are required for any species which have restricted methods of aquaculture.
§412. Issuance and renewal of domesticated aquatic organism license
A.
(2) A domesticated aquatic organism license shall be valid for one year, beginning January first of each calendar year and expiring December thirty-first of the same calendar year. The license may be purchased at any time of the year for the current license year and after November fourteenth for the immediately following license year. The cost of a domesticated aquatic organism license is fifteent twenty five dollars for residents and four five hundred dollars for nonresidents. A renewal notice shall be mailed to each licensee by the department prior to the license expiration dates explaining the renewal procedures. In addition to the general domestic aquatic organism license, the department may issue the following permits for particular aquaculture activity:
(a) Any required species specific culture permit shall cost one hundred dollars and all other species specific permits shall cost fifty dollars.
(b) Mariculture permits shall cost five hundred dollars annually. Mariculture permits shall be issued for the life of the project and shall be revoked upon failure to maintain the conditions of the permit, or upon lapse of the annual fee.
(5) No person engaged in the business of aquaculture nor any other person may use public bodies of water to propagate, raise, feed, or grow any species of fish with the exception of shellfish native or endemic to Louisiana or the Northern Gulf of Mexico. The use of cages, pens, and fenced-off portions of such water bodies for propagating, raising, or growing any species of fish is prohibited without a valid Mariculture or Alternative Oyster Culture permit issued by the department.


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§433.1. Oyster seed ground vessel permit, Oyster Seedrad Vessel Pernit

## Appeals Board

A.(1) Any oysters taken for commercial purposes from the public natural reefs or the oyster seed grounds or reservations, except those in Calcasieu Lake or Sabine Lake, shall be placed only on a vessel which has an oyster seed ground vessel permit issued exclusively by the department pursuant to rules and regulations promulgated by the commission. The commission may establish a limit on the number of permits that may be issued each year after consultation with the Louisiana Oyster Task Force. Such permit shall be issued in the name of the vessel owner and shall identify the vessel permitted by including the state registration number or the United States Coast Guard documented number. The permit shall identify the vessel that may possess and transport oysters taken from the public natural reefs and oyster seed grounds. The permit does not grant any rights to the oyster resource or any rights to harvest oysters from the waters of the state and shall not be sold, exchanged, or otherwise transferred. The permit is valid for one year, beginning on January first of each calendar year and expiring on December thirty-first of the same calendar year, and permit holders who hold a valid permit during the prior year may renew the permit at any time of the year for the current license year and from November fifteenth for the immediately following license year. The cost of the permit fora vessel from which oysters will be harvested using a single seraper, tongs, or by hand shall be two hundred fifty dollars per year for a resident and one thousand two hundred dollars per year for a nonresident. The cost of the permit for a vessel from which oysters will be harvested using a double seraper or any other legal method of harvest shall be five hundred dollars for a resident and two thousand dollars for a nonresident. In addition to the vessel permit fee, in order to harvest oysters from the public grounds, a person shall be in possession of a Public Oyster Seed Ground gear license. The Public Oyster Seed Ground gear license allows harvest of oysters from the public seed grounds using a single scraper, tongs, or by hand. The fee for the gear license is two hundred dollars per year for a resident and eight hundred dollars per year for a nonresident. A second scraper may be used but requires an additional

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gear license. No vessel shall use or possess more than two scrapers while harvesting on the public seed grounds. After having been credited to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund as required by Article VII, Section 9(B) of the Constitution of Louisiana, all revenues received from purchase of the permit shall be deposited in
the Publie Oyster Seed Ground Development Aecount, R.S. 56.434.1 Oyster Resource Management Account, R.S. 56:10(B)(4).
§442. Collection and disposition of funds; dedication of funds
B. Except for funds collected from the privilege to take shells or shell deposits from the water bottoms, the funds provided for and arising from the eollection of severanee taxes, bedding ground rentals, and other sources of income, shall be collected by the department and record made thereof. These funds shall be deposited in the state treasury to the credit of the department.
§449. Tags; distribution; use; containers; penalties
B. The department shall establish uniform fees for such tags. The fees shall be sufficient in amount to cover the cost of the tags as well as the administrative costs of distribution. In addition to the established uniform fee, there shall be an additional fee of five cents per tag which shall be deposited into the Oyster Development Account within the Seafood Promotion and Marketing Fund.
§492. Incidental by-catch
Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the eontraty, or any rule or regulation adopted by the department or the commission, any Any commercial shrimping vessel may retain and any commercial fisherman may sell all southern flounder caught as by-catch on any shrimping trip unless the southern flounder stock is determined by the department to be overfished or undergoing overfishing. After such a determination, the commission may adopt rules or regulations in accordance

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with the Administrative Procedures Act to restrict the retention of southern flounder caught as by-catch on any shrimping trip until such time as the department determines the stock has recovered from an overfished or overfishing status.
§501. Commercial taking of freshwater shrimp
B.
(2) A person shrimping pursuant to this Subsection shall use a wire net with a one-quarter inch bar and a maximum length of six feet. The net shall be marked with a one gallon jug painted international orange and displaying the words "Freshwater Shrimp" in black letters. In addition to a commercial fishing license, a fisherman fishing pursuant to this Subsection shall possess a freshwater shrimp net license issued pursuant to R.S. 56:305(B)(17)(1)(d).
§632.4. Reptile and amphibian collector's license; scientific collector's permit
A. All persons engaged in the sale of native reptiles and amphibians collected in Louisiana must possess one of the following licenses:
(1) A resident must possess a resident collector's license at a cost of five fifty-five dollars.
(2) A nonresident must possess a nonresident collector's license at a cost of two hundred four hundred twenty dollars.
(3) Residents under sixten eighteen years of age shall be required to possess a collector's license at a cost of ten dollars.
§632.5. Reptile and amphibian wholesale/retail dealer's license; nonresident threeday license
A. Any person buying, acquiring, or handling, from any person, by any means whatsoever, or for propagation for sale, any live species of native reptile or amphibian, except farm raised aquatic chelonians, or any live species of poisonous

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snake or constrictor, as delineated in R.S. 56:632.5.1, in Louisiana, from within or outside the state, for sale, or resale, whether on a commission basis or otherwise, is a wholesale/retail reptile amphibian dealer and shall possess a reptile and amphibian wholesale/retail dealer's license at a cost of one hundred five two hundred twenty dollars for a resident and four hundred five eight hundred eighty dollars for a nonresident.
E. In lieu of the regular nonresident wholesale/retail dealer's license, nonresidents may purchase a three-day reptile and amphibian wholesale/retail dealer's license for a fee of senty-five one hundred fifty dollars. The three-day license shall be valid only for three consecutive days.
§632.9. Transporter; license required; license fee; prohibitions; number of licenses; transferability; records; common carriers
B.(1) The cost of a reptile and amphibian transport license is thirty sixty-five dollars per vehicle for a resident and one hundred two hundred fifty dollars per vehicle for a nonresident and can be purchased only by a person holding a valid Louisiana reptile and amphibian collector's license or valid Louisiana reptile and amphibian wholesale/retail dealer's license.
§653. Information to accompany applications; annual fee
A. The application for such a license shall be accompanied by a fee of two humdred four hundred twenty dollars to be the annual charge for the issuance of such license, and shall be further accompanied by information as to:
(1) The location and description of the premises, including a legal description of the land, and
(2) Copies of parish or ward maps with the area or areas clearly outlined and a description of the facilities thereon, together with the interest of the applicant therein.

Section 3. R.S. 56:8(16)(a)(ii) and (b)(i), 10(B)(1)(f) and (g), (5), (7)(a), (9), and (10), 103(A), and (C)(1), 109(D), 116(C)(1) and (D), 116.1(C)(3), 302, 302.1(section heading) and (A) through (C), 302.10(B)(1) through (3) and (C), 325.1(A)(1), (3)(a), and (C)(2)(d), 325.3(A)(1), 330(B), 500(A), 641, 649.1, 649.2, 649.3, 649.4, 649.7, and 1833 are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 56:8(16)(a)(v), 10(B)(7)(c), 10.3, 302.1(D), 645, 678, 679, and Chapter 14 of Title 56 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 56:3000 through 3007, are hereby enacted to read as follows:

## §8. Definitions

For purposes of this Chapter, the following words and phrases have the meaning ascribed to them in this Section, unless the context clearly shows a different meaning:
(16)(a) Except as specified in Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph, "bona fide resident" means any person who is a United States citizen or resident alien and has resided in this state continuously during the twelve months immediately prior to the date on which he applies for any license and who has manifested his intent to remain in this state by establishing Louisiana as his legal domicile, as demonstrated by compliance with all of the following, as applicable:
(ii) If licensed to drive a motor vehicle, he is in possession of a Louisiana driver's license, or, if over the of fifteen years and not licensed to drive, he is in possession of a special identification card issued by the Department of Public Safety and Corrections under the provisions of R.S. 40:1321, or an alternative form of proof of residency that the department deems acceptable.
(v) If a minor who cannot otherwise demonstrate legal domicile by other methods established in this Paragraph, is in possession of an alternative form of proof of residency that the department deems acceptable.
(b) For purchase of a license for hunting or recreational fishing activities where such license does not authorize any commercial activity, "bona fide resident" means the following:
(i) Any person who is a United States citizen or resident alien and has resided in this state continuously during the six months immediately prior to the date on which he applies for any such license and who has manifested his intent to remain in this state by establishing Louisiana as his legal domicile, as demonstrated by compliance with Items (a)(i) through (iv)(v) of this Paragraph.
§10. Annual report to governor; estimate of proposed expenditures; particular funds; limitations on purposes for use of monies in particular funds; warrants; vouchers; surplus funds
(B)(1)
(f) Pay annually into the Conservation Fund, an amount equal to the additional charter fishing fees collected pursuant to R.S. 56:302.1(C)(2)(e) and $302.9(\mathrm{C})(2)(\mathrm{b})$ and paid into the treasury by the commission. There is hereby created in the Conservation Fund, the Charter Boat Fishing Fund. Sueh funds Monies deposited into the fund shall be used by the department for the promotion of the charter boat industry, protection of the fishery, and to provide for administrative costs of the fund. Such funds are to be expended for such purposes through the Louisiana Charter Boat Association.
(g) Between June 1, 2014, and May 31, 2018, pay There is hereby created in the Conservation Fund annually into the Conservation Fund, into a special account
designated as the "Saltwater Fish Research and Conservation Fund", ant amount equal to the fees collected purstant to R.S. 56:302.1(C)(1)(C).
(5)(a) The monies in the Loutisiana Duek Lieense, Stamp, and Print Fund shall be usec solely for the programs and purposes associated with the Lourisiana Đuck Lieense, Stamp, and Print Program as provided by R.S. $56.151 \mathrm{et} \mathrm{seq}$. amounts appropriatedeach year to the department by the legistature. There is hereby created in the Conservation Fund a special account known as the Louisiana Duck License, Stamp, and Print Fund. The treasurer shall pay annually into the Louisiana Duck License, Stamp, and Print Fund all amounts received pursuant to the Louisiana Duck License, Stamp, and Print Program provided for in R.S. 56:151 et seq. and such other funds as are specifically appropriated by the legislature.
(b) Half of the monies deposited in the Louisiana Duck License, Stamp, and Print Fund shall be used solely for the following in-state waterfowl management programs and purposes:
(i) To acquire lands in Louisiana which have the primary and direct purpose of conserving, restoring, and enhancing migratory waterfowl habitat.
(ii) To carry out migratory waterfowl habitat restoration and enhancement projects on lands under the jurisdiction of the Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries.
(iii) To fulfill the purposes of Items (i) and (ii) of this Subparagraph, when feasible and when in coastal areas, in a manner which will contribute to the protection of the coastal areas of the state from deterioration and which will enhance the productivity of the coastal marshes.
(iv) To acquire lands for wildlife and game management.
(v) To make grants, not to exceed ten percent of the program revenues, to the North American Waterfowl Habitat Conservation Plan for the purpose of acquiring, developing, or maintaining migratory waterfowl areas within Louisiana.

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(vi) To cover the administrative costs associated with the implementation of the Louisiana Duck License, Stamp, and Print Program, not to exceed five percent of the program revenues.
(c) Half of the monies deposited in the Louisiana Duck License, Stamp, and Print Fund may be dedicated by the commission to the development and preservation of breeding grounds for migratory waterfowl, the funds to be expended for such purposes through Ducks Unlimited, Inc. or under the direction of the Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Commission at its discretion.
(7)(a) There is hereby created in the Conservation Fund a special fund called the Louisiana Wild Turkey Fund. The monies in the Louisiana Wild Turkey Fund shall be used solely for the programs and purposes associated with the Louisiana Wild Turkey Program arover.S. 56.161 in the amounts appropriated each year to the department by the legislature.
(c) Subject to appropriation, the monies in the Louisiana Wild Turkey Fund shall be used:
(i) To acquire lands in Louisiana which have the primary and direct purpose of conserving, restoring, and enhancing wild turkey habitat.
(ii) To carry out wild turkey habitat restoration and enhancement projects on lands under the jurisdiction of the Louisiana Department of Wildlife and Fisheries.
(iii) To acquire lands that are suitable for wild turkeys and wild turkey management.
(9) There is hereby created within the Conservation Fund a special account known as the "black bear account" whieh shall consist of those reventues colleeted from the sate of the black bear unlimited lieense plates provided for in R.S. 47:463.45. The revenues shall be subject to the same requirements as provided for other revenues placed in the Conservation Fund in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection.

The funds in this account shall be used solely for the purpose of conserving, restoring, and enhancing black bear habitat in Louisiana.
(10) There is hereby created within the Conservation Fund a special account known as the "quail account" which shall eonsist of those reventres collected from the sate of the Lourisiana Quail Forever lieense plates provided for inR.S. 47.463.46. The revenues shall be subject to the same requirements as provided for other revenues placed in the Conservation Fund in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection. The funds in this account shall be used solely for the purpose of conserving, restoring, and enhancing quail habitat in Louisiana.
§10.3. Lifetime License Endowment Trust Account
A.(1) There is hereby created within the Conservation Fund a special account designated as the "Lifetime License Endowment Trust Account". Subject to the exception contained in Article VII, Section 9(A) of the Constitution of Louisiana, all funds collected by the commission under the provisions of this Part shall be credited to the Bond Security and Redemption Fund. Out of the funds remaining in the Bond Security and Redemption Fund after a sufficient amount is allocated from that fund to pay all obligations secured by the full faith and credit of the state which become due and payable within any fiscal year, the treasurer shall deposit, as provided in Subsection B of this Section, an amount equal to the revenues collected under the provisions of this Part. The funds credited to the Lifetime License Endowment Trust Account shall be expended as provided in this Section.
(2) At any such time as the balance in the account reaches twenty million dollars and a determination is made by the department that the account contains sufficient monies to be able to certify all lifetime license holders then those funds in excess of twenty million dollars shall be credited to the Conservation Fund.
B. Of the revenues received from the issuance of each lifetime license, one hundred dollars shall be credited to the Lifetime License Endowment Trust Account, and the remaining funds shall be credited to the Conservation Fund to be used for the
purpose of administering and enforcing the provisions of this Chapter or for such other purposes as may be determined by the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries.
§103. License required, lieense books, retturns; transfer of lieense prohibited
A. No resident of this state person shall at any time hunt, take, possess, or cause to be transported by any other person any wild bird or any wild quadruped unless he is at the time of such act the lawful holder of an effective valid license for that purpose issued to him by authority of the Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Commission.
C.(1) In order to hunt, take, possess, or transport deer, or turkey, or bobeat, in Louisiana, in addition to a basic hunting license, a person shall be required to purchase and have on his person abige either a deer license or a turkey license ${ }_{2}$ whichever is the appropriate license. In order to hunt, take, possess, or transport waterfowl in Louisiana, in addition to a basic hunting license, a resident shall be required to purchase and have on his person a durk waterfowl license. The fee for an annual resident duck license shall be five dollars and fifty cents. In order to hunt, take, possess, or tramsport turkey in Louisiana, in addition to a big game htnting fieense, a resident shall be required to purehase and have on his person a wild turkey tieense. The fee for an annual resident wild turkey lieense shall be five dollars and fifty cents.
§109. Wildlife management areas; wildlife refuges; public hunting grounds and recreation areas; notice; signs; hunters with disabilities
D.(1) En and after July 1, 1993, a Wild Louisiana Stamp, htunting lieense, or fishing lieense A valid WMA access permit shall be required for use of department administered lands including wildlife refuges and wildlife management and habitat conservation areas. Persons under sixteen eighteen years of age and sixty years of age or older are exempt from this requirement. Persons attending official functions

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of private, non-profit and charitable organizations recognized as tax exempt under the provisions of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code shall be exempt from this requirement. In addition, traversing through lands administered by the department shall not require a license or permit.
(2) Persons using department administered lands for commercial purposes for which the department is paid a royalty or special fee, agents of the state on official business, and persons or groups using department administered lands for purposes other than fishing or hunting who receive, for good cause, a letter of permit from the secretary specifically waiving the permit requirement Witd Lotisiana Stamp, shall be exempt.


#### Abstract

(3) For an initial violation of failing to possess a Wild Lourisiana Stamp, fishing license, or hunting lieense while on department administered lands, as require by this Subsection, the violator shall immediately obtain a required stamp or lieense or be required to leave the department administered lands. In such instance of an initial violation, the violator shall be given direetions to the nearest place where such stamp or lieense may be purehased. After the initial violation, any subsequent offenses shall be elass one violations as designated in R.S. 56.31. This Paragraph shall not apply to violations of hunting or fishing without a lieense.


(4) The department shall prominently post and maintain at each entrance to those lands subject to this Subsection a sign stating that all visitors, except those exempt by law, must possess a Wild Louisiana Stamp, a hunting lieense, a fishing fieense, or a WMA hunting permit WMA access permit, a Sportsman's Paradise license, a lifetime hunting or fishing license, or a license that confers equivalent privileges while on those lands.


#### Abstract

(5)(a) In addition to other fees and lieenses required by law, any person between the ages of eighteen and sixty, both inclusive, who hunts on any land administered by the department, ineluding wildlife refuges and wildlife management and habitat conservation areas, shall purehase and have in his possession a WMA hunting permit. Traversing through department-administered lands shall not require a permit. The fee for a WMA hunting permit shall be fifteen dollars each year. The


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permit shall be available for purehase beginning June first of each year and will be valid from the date of purehase through the following June thirtieth. The permittee shall have the permit in his possession whenever engaged in hunting on lands administeredby the department. Funds colleeted from the WMA hunting permit shall be used for the maintenance and upkeep of witdlife managenent areas. The seeretary may exempt for goodeause persons or groups of people from the requirements of this Paragraph. Stueh exemption shall be in the form of a letter of permit from the seeretary. The commission is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations whieh establish the eriteria for such exemptions and whieh otherwise implement this exemption.
(b) A resident between the ages of eighteen and sixty, both inclusive, who meets the requirements of R.S. $56.104(\mathrm{~A})(8)$ or(B)(2) shall be exempt frompayment of the permit fee required by this Paragraph.
§116. Wild birds and wild quadrupeds; special hunting seasons
C.(1) The commission may establish a special deer season for primitive firearms. The taking of deer in such season shall be limited to persons who are licensed in accordance with the provisions of R.S. $56: 103(\mathrm{C})(2) . \underline{\text { R.S. 56:3002. The }}$ commission shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations governing such season, including the type and size of weapons used, licenses required, sex of deer to be hunted, and the areas included in the season. In addition to any other weapon restriction the commission may adopt, such rules and regulations shall provide that breech loading rifles with a caliber of .35 or larger may be used during primitive firearms season. The taking of deer during this season shall be limited to still hunting and may be allowed in all or some areas of the state where deer hunting is now or shall in the future be allowed.
D.(1) The commission shall establish a special open deer hunting season for youth under eighteen years of age. The taking of deer in such a season shall be

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limited to a weekend prior to the opening weekend of the regular gun season in all of the applicable zones. Both Properly licensed resident and nonresident youths may participate in this special season. Any youth participating in the special youth hunting season shall be accompanied by one adult eighteen years of age or older, but only the youth may participate in the actual hunting. If the accompanying adult is in possession of a valid hunting lieense, or a hunter safety certificate, or proof of successful completion of a hunter safety course approved by the department, a youth under sixteen eighteen years of age shall not be required to have any of these items. However, if the accompanying adult is not in possession of any of these items, the youth shall be required to have in his possession either a hunter safety certificate or proof of successful completion of a hunter safety course approved by the department. A youth who is under the age of eighteen shall have in his possession a youth hunting license sixteen or seventeen shall have in his possession a basie hunting fieense and a big game lieense as required by law. The accompanying adult shall maintain visual and voice contact with the youth at all times.
(2) The commission shall establish for 2014 a special open deer hunting season on private property for Lourisiand residents who are honorably diseharged veterans of the United States Armed Forees. The commission may thereafter establish a special open deer hunting season for Louisiana residents who are honorably discharged veterans of the United States Armed Forces. The taking of deer in such a season shall be limited to a weekend prior to the opening weekend of the regular gun season in all of the applicable zones and shall run concurrently with the open deer hunting season for youth provided for in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection. In order to qualify for the veterans special season, a veteran shall hold and be in possession of either a basic hunting license and a big game deer license ${ }_{2}$ a Sportsman's Paradise license, or an equivalent license that grants both basic hunting and deer privileges and shall be able to provide proof satisfactory to the department of such honorable discharge. The special open deer hunting season authorized pursuant to this Paragraph shall be applicable to hunting on private

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property only and shall not be applicable to any state-owned or federally-owned federally owned or managed property.
§116.1. Wild birds and wild quadrupeds; times and methods of taking; penalties
C.
(3) There shall be no recreational bag limit on raccoon or opossum hunting during the open trapping season; however, the commission shall establish a recreational bag limit for such hunting during that period of the year when the trapping season is closed. No one shall pelt or sell the skins or carcasses of raccoons and opossums taken during the open trapping season unless he is the holder of a valid commercial trapper's license, which shall be required in addition to his basie htunting. However, carcasses of raccoons and opossums taken by the holder of a commercial trapper's license on the last day of trapping season may be pelted or sold on the day immediately following the close of the season.
§302. Recreational fishing ficense; recreational gear
A. A recreational fisherman must purchase and possess the appropriate required license as defined in R.S. 56:3001 basie reereational fishing lieense in order to use the following gear or to possess fisht on the fishing grounds fish which have been caught for recreational purposes:
(1) Hook and line (using a rod or fishing pole, hook and line, without a reel and without using artificial bait).
(2) Bow and arrow.
(3) A barbless spear, or a multi-pronged barbed gig.
(4) Castnets with a radius not to exceed eight feet six inches.
(5) Frog gigs or catchers.
(6) Scuba gear.
(7) Crawfish nets.
(8) Dip nets.

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(9) Landing nets.
(10) Minnow traps.
(11) Crab nets.
(12) Crab lines.
(13) Crab Traps: for use of no more than ten crab traps.
(14) Hoop nets: for use of no more than five hoop nets.
(15) Oyster tongs: for use of no more than one tong.
(16) Slat trap: for use of no more than five slat traps.
(17) Trawls: for use of no more than one trawl less than twenty-five feet in length.
(18) Wire nets: for use of no more than five wire nets.
(19) Crawfish traps: for use of no more than thirty-five traps.
B. In addition to abasie reereational fishing lieense, a reereational fisherman over the age of sixteen years using any gear listed in R.S. 56:302.3 must purehase a reereational gear lieense as provided therein. Anyone under the age of sixteen years shall not be required to purehase or possess a gear lieense. However, any person tusing erawfishnets, dip nets, landing nets, minnow traps, crab nets, or crab lines for the purpose of taking fish for recreational purpose shall not be required to purehase or possess a basic reereational fishing lieense or be required to purehase a gear ticense.
C. A fisherman taking fish for sale, using any legal gear listed in R.S. 56:305, or legally taking fish in excess of any limitation as to size, length, or quantity for recreational fishermen must purchase a commercial fisherman's license, commercial gear license, and vessel license if applicable. This includes recreational fishermen taking fish using any gear listed in R.S. 56:305 for whieh a reereational gear lieense eannot be obtained pursuant to R.S. 56:302.3 and fishermen taking fish for sale using any legal gear.
C. No recreational fisherman shall use gill nets, trammel nets, strike nets, or seines, except bait seines in compliance with R.S. 56:323.

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§302.1. Anntual lieense, temporarylieense, fees, saltwater fee; exemptions Saltwater
fishing; charter fishing
A. The eost of the annual basie reereational fishing lieense is nine dollars and fifty eents for residents and sixty dollars for nonresidents, exeept that residents using a rod or fishing pole, hook and line, without a reel and without using artificiat bait shall pay wo dollars and fifty eents per year, however, any person required by this Part to possess a basie two dollats and fifty eents lieense shall be subject to a maximum fine of five dollars for not possessing the lieense as herein required, and there shall be no court costs associated with the fine.
B.(1) In lieu of the basie reereational fishing lieense, nonresidents may purehase a temporary basic recreational freshwater fishing license for a fee of five tollars per day.
(2) The reventues generated from the lieense fee imposed under this Subsection shall be deposited in the Wildlife and Fisheries Conservation Fund and shall be dedieated exelusively to the operation of the enforeement division.
C.(1)(a) In addition to the anntual basic recreational fishing lieense, any Any person fishing in the saltwater areas of the state defined in R.S. 56:322 must purchase and possess both a basic fishing license and a saltwater license or an equivalent license that grants both basic fishing and saltwater fishing privileges. The fee for the anntual saltwater lieense is thirteen_dollars and for residents and thirty dollars for nonresidents.
B. As a condition of the application for and the granting of the saltwater license, all saltwater finfish caught or transported by the license holder while the license is in effect are presumed to have been taken in the waters of Louisiana.
(b) In lieu of purehase of an anntual basie reereational fishing lieense and an anntual saltwater lieense, a nonresident may purehase a temporary saltwater lieense valid for the number of days speeified by the purehaser at a fee of seventeen dollars and fifty cents per day. Sueh lieense shall enable the nonresident to fish in the saltwater areas of the state for the period of time indieated on the lieense.
(e) Between June 1, 2014, and May 31, 2018, in addition to the fee required by Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph for purehase of a saltwater fishing lieense, there shall be an additional fee of seven dollars and fifty cents to be paid for each lieense purehased by a resident that shall be eredited to the Saltwater Fish Researeh andConservation Fund, R.S. $56.10(\mathrm{~B})(1)(\mathrm{g})$.
(b) C. A person fishing with a licensed charter guide on board the vessel may purchase a eharter passenger fishing trip lieense at a fee of five dollars. Stueh lieense shall be valid for three conseeutive days Charter Three-Day Fishing license in lieu of a basic annual recreational fishing license.
(e) In addition to the fee contained in Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph, a person fishing with a lieensect eharter guide on board the vessel shall pay a five tollar fee which shall be deposited into the Conservation Fund as provided in R.S. $56: 10(B)(1)(f)$, and whieh shall be used by the department for promotion of the eharter boat industry, protection of the fishery, and to provide for administrative eosts of the fund. Such fees are to be expended for such purposes through the Lourisiana Charter Boat Association.
(d)(i) A resident who is totally and permanently disabled and reeeiving a tisability benefit from the federal social seetrity system or a disability retirement income from a retirement system whose members are exempt from federal social seeurity, either pursuant to the Raitroad Retirement Insurance Act, 45 U.S.C. §231, or beeause they are employees of a state or a politieal subdivision of the state that has not voluntarily agreed to participate in federal social seetrity under 42 U.S.C. §418, may purehase a basie reereational fishing lieense for a fee of two dollars and fifty cents and a saltwater lieense for a fee of two dollars and fifty eents.
(ii) A letter from the fecteral social seetrity administration or retirement system granting disability benefits shall be required at time of purehase, along with proper identifieation. Such letter shall be evidence of qualifieation for the redured fee provided for in this Subparagraph.

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(3) The saltwater lieense is not required for residents possessing a two dollars and fifty eents basic recreational fishing lieense and using only a rod or fishing pole, hook and line, without a reel and without using artificial bait.
(4) The saltwater lieense must be purehased and the fee paid irrespective of any agreement or provision of law not speeifieally waiving the lieense or fee. The required saltwater angling lieense shall not preelude a person from fishing for freshwater speeies of fish south of the designated saltwater line deseribed in R.S. 56:322(A) or in saltwater lakes and bodies of water designated in R.S. 56:322(B). A person may take or possess in sueh designated saltwater areas, without a saltwater angling lieense, any freshwater species of fish in any number not otherwise prohibited by law, provided the personpossesses a valid fishing license as otherwise required by law. For the purpose of enforeennent, the department shalldeternine by rule whieh speeies of fish shall be elassiffied as a freshwater species and whieh shall be elassiffed as a saltwater species. Any person, without a valid saltwater angling tieense, that takes a saltwater speeies of fish as classified by the department from a designated saltwater area shall return sueh fish immediately to the waters from whieh taken without avoidable injury. An enforeement agent or officer of the department may inspeet a fisherman's eateh to insure eomplianee with this Paragraph.
D. A person may take or possess a freshwater species of fish while in the saltwater areas designated by R.S. $56: 322$ (B) without the necessity of a saltwater license. The commission shall promulgate by rule the species of fish classified as freshwater species. While in saltwater areas, a person possessing fish other than those designated as freshwater species shall be required to possess either a saltwater fishing license or an equivalent license that grants both basic and saltwater fishing privileges. Any species of fish that is required to be returned to the water shall be returned immediately to the water without avoidable injury from which it was taken. An enforcement agent or officer of the department may inspect a fisherman's catch to ensure compliance with this Paragraph.

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§302.10. Sale of recreational catch
B. A violation of this Section shall constitute a class four violation. In addition to the penalties provided in R.S. 56:34, any person convicted of a violation of this Section shall be further penalized as follows:
(1) For the first violation, a person shall forfeit his fishing fieense privileges; and he shall not be issued a reereational lieense of any type and shall be barred from participating in any type of recreational fishing for a period of one year from the date of conviction.
(2) For the second violation, a person shall forfeit his fishing privileges fieense, and he shall not be issued a reereational lieense of any type and shall be barred from participating in any type of recreational fishing for a period of two years from the date of conviction.
(3) For the third violation, a person shall forfeit his fishing privileges tieense, and he shall never be isstred a reereational lieense of any type and shall be forever barred from participating in any type of recreational fishing.
C. Any person who, after being barred, participates in a recreational fishing activity or obtains any reereational fishing lieense during a time of revocation shall be penalized under the provisions of R.S. 56:37(A)(2), upon conviction.
§325.1. Size and possession limits, recreational saltwater finfish; penalties
A.(1) The Wildlife and Fisheries Commission may set by rule, in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, daily take, and possession, and size limits for saltwater finfish caught recreationally in Louisiana territorial waters, based on biological and technical data. Aquaculturally raised fish, as defined provided in R.S. 56:356, R.S. 56:411 et seq. shall be exempt from the provisions of this Section.
(3)(a) A recreational saltwater fisherman in possession of a valid basic and saltwater license or an equivalent license that grants both basic fishing and saltwater fishing privileges may possess twice the daily bag limit of red drum and spotted sea

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trout; however, no person shall be in possession of over the daily bag limit while fishing or while on the water, unless such recreational saltwater fisherman is aboard a trawler engaged in commercial fishing for a consecutive period of longer than twenty-five hours.
C.
(2) In addition to the penalties provided in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, the following penalties shall apply:
(d) Any violation of Subsection A or B of this Section shall, in addition to any applicable fines, also be punishable by revocation of any and all fishing privileges from licenses held by the violator for the period for which they were issued and one year thereafter. The violator shall also be prohibited from obtaining any new fishing lieense for a period of not less than one year nor more than three years thereafter.
§325.3. Spotted sea trout commercial taking; annual quota; red drum commercial taking, possession, or landing prohibited
A.(1) The commission shall establish a maximum annual quota for the commercial harvest of spotted sea trout taken within Louisiana waters or landed in Louisiana which shall not exceed one million pounds nor shall it be less than five hundred thousand pounds. The commercial taking or harvesting of spotted sea trout shall be prohibited within Louisiana waters west of Mermentau River. The Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Commission shall establish an open season for the commercial harvest of spotted sea trout which shall run from the second day of January each year until the maximum annual quota is reached. The commercial harvest or taking of spotted sea trout is prohibited during the period from sunset on Friday through sunrise on Monday, and there shall be no possession of spotted sea trout in excess of the recreational limit during the period between 10:00 p.m. and

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5:00 a.m. However, when not on a commercial fishing trip, a person holding a permit for the commercial taking or possessing of spotted sea trout may take or possess an amount not to exceed the legal recreational limit of spotted sea trout between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 5:00 a.m. during the open season and at any time during the closed season if that person also possesses a basic recreational fishing license and a saltwater fishing license or an equivalent license that grants both basic fishing and $\underline{\text { saltwater fishing privileges. Only a rod and reel shall be used for the commercial }}$ harvest of spotted sea trout. The provisions of this Section are subject to quotas and size limits as established by law and rules and regulations of the commission. Fish taken under recreational licenses shall not be sold, bartered, traded, or exchanged.
§330. Crawfish harvesters; crawfish traps
B. Crawfish may be taken eommereially by properly licensed individuals with approved crawfish traps. The openings of the flues or throats on crawfish traps shall not exceed two inches.
§500. Recreational possession limit; gear
A.(1) A recreational fisherman may, in open waters in open season, with a valid recreational gear lieense for a trawl issued as provided for in R.S. 56:302.3(B)(5)(a), basic fishing license and a saltwater fishing license or an equivalent license that grants both basic fishing and saltwater fishing privileges use a trawl not to exceed sixteen twenty-five feet and may take no more than an aggregate of one two hundred fifty pounds of shrimp per day to each boat, regardless of the number of persons thereon, provided the shrimp taken are used for bait or for the fisherman's own consumption and are not sold, traded, or otherwise permitted to enter into commerce.
(2) A recreational fisherman may, inopen waters inopen season, with a valid reereationalgear license for a traw issuech as provided for in R.S. 56.302.3(B)(5)(b), use a trawh not to exceed twenty-five feet and may take no more than an aggregate

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of two hundred fifty pounds of shrimp per day to eaehboat, regardless of the number of persons thereon, provided the shrimp taken are used for bait or for the fisherman's own constmption and are not sold, traded, or otherwise permitted to enter into eommeree.
§641. Hunting, fishing lieenses, Wild Louisiana Stamp, multi-year issuance, fees
A. The Department of Wildlife and Fisheries, through its seeretary, may, in addition to the issuanee of anntual individual hunting and fishing lieenses and in order to facilitate the distribution of sport hunting and fishing lieenses as provided in this Chapter, provide for the isstance of hunting or fishing lieenses, or the Witd Louisiana Stamp, on a three year basis, exclusive of any other special lieenses otherwise atthorized by law. The lieense may be issued on an individual lieense basis or any lieense combination presently allowed by law. The fee for sueh multi-year hunting or fishing lieenses, or the Wild Loutisiana Stamp, issued shall be the same as the sum of the individual hunting or fishing license, or the Wild Louisiana Stamp, or the sum of any combination hunting or fishing license as now or hereafter provided by law. The department shall provide for computerized mait renewal of all lieenses or stamps issued under the provisions of this Seetion. The seeretary shall promulgate rules and regulations to effeetuate the provisions of this Section.
B. The multiple year lieense fee collected under the provisions of this Seetion shall, after reeeipt and deposit in the Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Conservation Fund, as required by law, be appropriated on a pro-rata basis to the department.

Exclusive licensing authority; rules and regulations
A. The legislature finds that it is in the best interests of protecting, conserving, and replenishing the wildlife and fisheries resources of the state that the department, through its secretary, shall have authority to provide for the issuance of hunting and fishing licenses through an electronic issuance system.
B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the secretary shall promulgate rules and regulations to implement an automated license issuance system which includes but is not limited to the following nonexclusive authorization:
(1) To enter into contracts for the provisions of licensing services.
(2) To provide for regulations, qualification criteria, and compensation of licensing agents.
(3) To provide for the funding for an automated license issuance system and related services including license agent commissions.
(4) To provide for criteria to accept or reject applicants or suspend a licensee.
(5) To provide for effective license numbers.
(6) To provide that a license may become effective immediately upon issuance of an effective license number.
(7) To provide for special lottery-type issues.
(8) To enter into agreements for any manner of license issuance, distribution, and compensation therefor, including contingency fee contracts.
§645. Fishing and hunting license checkoff; donation for veterans with disabilities
A. Each individual who purchases a fishing or hunting license may make a donation to help provide disabled veterans with hunting and fishing licenses. The donation shall be made at the time of the purchase and shall be made upon the license form prescribed by the secretary.
B. There is hereby created within the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries a special escrow account known as the "Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Foundation Escrow Account". The escrow account is created to receive deposits of donations $\underline{\text { made for the benefit of disabled veterans when an individual purchases a fishing and }}$ hunting license. The monies in the account shall be used solely to purchase hunting and fishing licenses for disabled veterans. No more than ten percent of the monies in the account shall be used for administrative costs. All unexpended and unencumbered monies in this account at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in the

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account. The monies in the account shall be invested by the state treasurer in the same manner as monies in the state general fund.
§649.1. Lifetime hunting license
A. Any Prior to June 1, 2022, any bona fide resident of this state may obtain a lifetime hunting license. The lifetime hunting license shall be in lieu of the following recreational hunting licenses: basic hunting, big game, primitive firearms, bow hunting, the Louisiana duck license, the WMA hunting permit, and the wild turkey license. After June 1, 2022, the license shall no longer be sold, but shall continue to provide to any holder privileges in lieu of basic hunting, deer, waterfowl, and turkey hunting licenses and shall permit WMA access.
B. The fee for the lifetime hunting lieense shall be three hundredtollars. The fee for persons thinteen years of age or under shall be two handred dollars. §649.2. Lifetime sports fishing license

Any Prior to June 1, 2022, any bona fide resident of this state may obtain a lifetime sports fishing license. The lifetime sports fishing license shall be in lieu of the following recreational and sports fishing licenses: basic recreational fishing and saltwater recreational fishing. The fee for the lifetime sports fishing lieense shall be three hundred dollars. The fee forpersons thirteen years of age or under shallbe two hundred dollars. After June 1, 2022, the license shall no longer be sold, but shall continue to provide to any holder privileges in lieu of a basic fishing, saltwater, crab, and recreational fishing gear licenses and shall permit WMA access for purposes other than hunting.
§649.3. Combination lifetime hunting and sports fishing license
A. Any Prior to June 1, 2022, any bona fide resident of this state may obtain a combination lifetime hunting and sports fishing license, which shall entitle the licensee to all of the privileges of both the lifetime hunting and lifetime sports fishing licenses provided for in R.S. 56:649.1 and 649.2. The fee for the eombination lifetime lieense shall be five hundred dollars. The fee for persons thirteen years of age or under shall be three hundred dollars. The fee for a resident

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who is sixty years of age or older shall be fifty dollars. After June 1, 2022, the license shall be in lieu of basic hunting, deer, waterfowl, and turkey hunting licenses, basic, saltwater, crab, and recreational fishing gear licenses, and shall permit WMA access.
B. A For any license purchased prior to June 1, 2022, a combination lifetime hunting and sports fishing license holder shall be entitled to the individual gear license privileges under the recreational gear license as provided in R.S. 56:302.3. However, an additional fee shall be levied for lifetime privileges for each reereational fishing gear lieense in an amount that is equal to ten times the cost of an anntal lieense issued under the provisions of R.S. 56:302.3.
§649.4. Nonresident combination lifetime hunting and fishing license
A. Any Prior to June 1, 2022, any nonresident may obtain a combination lifetime hunting and fishing license which shall entitle the licensee to all of the privileges of both the lifetime hunting and lifetime sports fishing licenses provided for in R.S. 56:649.1 and 649.2. The fee for the nonresident combination lifetime fieense shall be three thousand dollars.
B.(1) Anty nonresident veteran of the ammed forees of the United States or a reserve component, ineluding the National Guard, who has a permanent serviec-eonneeted disability elassifieation of fifty pereent or more, may obtain a eombination lifetime hunting and fishing lieense which shall entitle the lieensee to all of the privileges of both the lifetime hunting and lifetime sports fishing lieenses provided for in R.S. 56:649.1 and 649.2. The fee for sueh nonresident combination tifetime lieense shall be three hundred dollars.
(2) Suchnomresident veteranmust possess a valid Louisianabintheertificate, or provide satisfactory proof of having been a Lourisiana resident for at least ten years.
§649.7. Infant combination lifetime hunting and fishing license
The Until June 1, 2022, the department shall make available for persons from birth to five years old who were born in Louisiana a combination lifetime hunting

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and fishing license. Any such license purchased prior to June 1, 2022, whieht shall entitle the licensee to all of the privileges of both lifetime hunting and lifetime sports fishing licenses provided in R.S. 56:649.1 and 649.2. The fee for the infant lifetime tieense shall be two hundred dollars. After June 1, 2022, the license shall be in lieu of basic hunting, deer, waterfowl, and turkey hunting licenses, basic, saltwater, crab, and recreational fishing gear licenses, and shall permit WMA access.
§678. Hunting reciprocity; Mississippi
The holder of a hunting license issued by the state of Mississippi shall have the same rights and privileges to hunt wild game birds and quadrupeds upon islands in and the waters of the Mississippi River and the Pearl River and other land resulting from accretion along the Mississippi River and the Pearl River where those river forms the boundary between the states of Louisiana and Mississippi as are provided by law for the holder of a Louisiana hunting license. This Section shall take effect and become operative if and when the state of Mississippi grants reciprocal privileges to the holders of hunting and fishing or angling licenses issued by the state of Louisiana. §679. Turkey hunting reciprocity

The department may negotiate a reciprocal agreement with any state that shares a common boundary with Louisiana if the neighboring state has a similar wild turkey stamp or license requirement and fee. The agreement may permit a resident of the state with which the agreement is made to hunt wild turkey in this state without a Louisiana wild turkey license if the person possesses a wild turkey stamp or license issued by the other state.
§1833. Wild Louisiana Guide License
A. The Louisiana Wildlife and Fisheries Commission is authorized to adopt rules and regulations to create and govern a licensing program for persons who conduct outings on department-owned lands for purposes other than hunting or

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fishing for whieh a Wild Lotisiana Stamp may be required pursuant to R.S. 56:109(D).
B. The commission may establish a Wild Louisiana Guide License and impose a fee for such license that may not exceed one five hundred dollars annually.
C. The commission may require a licensed Wild Louisiana guide to pay to the department a client fee not to exceed five dollars per trip for each person accompanying the guide on such lands. The guide shall not be required to pay the client fee for those persons who possess a valid Louisiana WMA Access Permit hunting or fishing lieense or Wild Lourisiana Stamp. The commission may require the guide to submit, along with the payment of the client fees, the names and addresses of persons for which the client fee has been paid.
D. Persons accompanying a licensed Wild Louisiana guide for whom the guide is required to pay a client fee pursuant to Subsection $C$ of this Section shall not be required to possess a WMA Access Permit Witd Lotisiana Stamp or possess a hunting or fishing license.

## CHAPTER 14. HUNTING AND FISHING LICENSING AND FEES <br> PART 1. RECREATIONAL LICENSES

§3000. Recreational license requirements; definitions
A.(1) Any person eighteen years or older engaged in an activity that involves hunting, fishing, or accessing property owned by the department for which a license is required shall have in their immediate possession a valid, original license, or an effective license number, together with a form of personal identification, and shall show such license and identification upon request to a duly authorized agent of the department.
(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, any person younger than eighteen years of age engaged in an activity that necessitates the use of deer tags or turkey tags, or involves participation in a youth lottery hunt shall have in their immediate possession a valid, original youth license and shall show such license upon request to a duly authorized agent of the department.

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B. Licenses issued pursuant to this Part shall be valid for a period of one year from the date of issuance. In the case where an additional license or permit is required for a specific activity or for the taking or possession of certain species of wildlife or fisheries resources, the basic or prerequisite license must be valid in order for the additional license to be valid. No license shall be assigned or transferred to, or used by, any person other than the individual to whom the license was issued.
C. Any license found in the possession of a person other than the person to whom the license was issued shall be confiscated by an officer authorized to enforce the provisions of this Part and shall be delivered to the department for cancellation. Any license confiscated under the provisions of this Section shall be considered void. Any violation of this Subsection shall constitute a class three violation punishable as provided in R.S. 56:33.
D. Each license shall be effective only during the open season for the particular species of wildlife or fisheries resource authorized to be taken under the provisions of the license.
E.(1) No resident license may be issued until valid proof of Louisiana residency has been provided by the applicant. Residents shall meet the residency requirements specified in R.S. 56:8 for bona fide residents.
(2) The issuance of a license is conditional upon validation of all information on the application. If the department finds any material misstatement of fact regarding the residency of the applicant, the license shall be void and shall be immediately surrendered to an agent of the department.
F. In addition to a person who qualifies as a resident of Louisiana, the following people qualify for resident licenses:
(1) Any person who possesses a military identification card that signifies that he is currently on active military duty with any one of the armed forces of the United States, including the National Guard, or the spouse or dependent of such person, may be issued a license for hunting or recreational fishing in Louisiana after payment of the same fee as that required of Louisiana residents for that same license. Any license purchased under the provisions of this Subsection shall be valid only

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during that time when the person is on active duty in the armed forces of the United States. In addition, the provisions of this Subsection shall not apply to the purchase of lifetime licenses. The military identification card or dependent card and the appropriate license must be on the licensee's person at all times when he is engaged in hunting or fishing activities.
(2) A nonresident full-time student who is enrolled in a Louisiana public or private high school or an accredited college or university that has a physical campus in the state of Louisiana may purchase a resident license. The applicant shall show a valid identification card issued by the high school, college, or university indicating current full-time status and, when engaged in the activity authorized by the license, must have both the license and the school identification card on his person.
(3) Any person who was born in Louisiana and who possesses a valid Louisiana birth certificate may purchase a nonresident temporary hunting and fishing $\underline{\text { license that is valid for ten consecutive days for the cost of an annual resident license }}$ conveying an equivalent privilege.
G. A person may qualify for a Senior/Retired Military Hunting and Fishing license as follows:
(1) A resident who reaches age sixty prior to June 1, 2000, may obtain an annual Senior license for no cost.
(2) A resident who reaches age sixty between June 1, 2000, and May 31, 2022, may obtain an annual Senior Hunting and Fishing license for the cost of five dollars.
(3) A resident who reaches age sixty-five on or after June 1, 2027, may obtain an annual Senior Hunting and Fishing license for the cost of twenty dollars.
(4) Upon application to the department and showing identification and proof of military service satisfactory to the department, any person who is a retired member of the United States Armed Forces, including the Louisiana Army National Guard or the Louisiana Air National Guard, and was either born in Louisiana or is a bona fide resident of Louisiana, may obtain an annual license at one-half the cost of an annual resident license.

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H. Upon identification and proof of disability satisfactory to the department, the following people may be issued a Disabled/Special Needs Hunting and Fishing license:
(1) A person who is a veteran of the United States Armed Forces, including the Louisiana Army National Guard or the Louisiana Air National Guard, having a permanent service connected disability classification of fifty percent or more.
(2) A resident who is blind, paraplegic, or is a single or multiple amputee, or is required to use one or more artificial limbs or permanent braces for mobility as a result of a permanent and total disability.
(3) A resident who is totally and permanently disabled and receiving a disability benefit from the federal social security system or a disability retirement income from a retirement system whose members are exempt from federal social security, either pursuant to the Railroad Retirement Insurance Act, 45 U.S.C. 231 , or because they are employees of a state or a political subdivision of the state that has not voluntarily agreed to participate in federal social security under 42 U.S.C. 418.
(4) Any resident of Louisiana who is the surviving spouse of a member of the United States Armed Forces, including the Louisiana Army National Guard or the Louisiana Air National Guard, who was killed in action while in a combat zone, upon showing identification and documentation satisfactory to the department.
I. Any nonpublic authorized issuing agent that issues any license under the provisions of this Subpart may retain an amount not to exceed fifty cents of the fee collected from the sale of each resident and active duty military license issued and an amount not to exceed one dollar from the sale of each nonresident license issued. The amount to be retained shall be promulgated by the commission.
J.(1) The secretary may exempt for good cause persons or groups of people from the license fee requirements of this Part. Such exemption shall be in the form of a letter of permit from the secretary. The commission is authorized to promulgate rules and regulations that establish the criteria for such exemptions and that otherwise implement the provisions of this Subsection.

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(2) The secretary may, in his discretion and upon such terms and conditions as he may prescribe, issue to accredited representatives of any public park, museum, educational or scientific institution, or of the federal government or any state government, recognized scientist, representative of the entertainment industry or to any other responsible person a permit to take, possess, and transport at any time within and from this state wild birds or the plumage, skins, nests, eggs, or young thereof and wild quadrupeds, the skins or young thereof; if the secretary is satisfied that they are to be taken or possessed for scientific, educational, experimental, entertainment industry, or breeding purposes only and are not to be sold or otherwise disposed of by the permittee for profit, and if the permittee obligates himself to deliver to the secretary within sixty days after taking, and in any event before the removal thereof from the state, a detailed descriptive inventory of the wild birds, wild quadrupeds, and other things taken under the permit. §3001. Recreational fishing licenses; fees
A. Fishing licenses:
(1) Resident licenses including bona-fide residents, active and native-born retired members of the United States Armed Forces, including the Louisiana Army National Guard or the Louisiana Air National Guard, and nonresident students:
(a) Hook and line license
\$5.00/year
(allows using a pole, hook and line, without a reel and without using artificial
bait, dip nets, landing nets, minnow traps, crab nets, or crab lines)
(b) Basic fishing license $\quad \$ 17.00 /$ year
(includes all legal recreational freshwater gear)
(c) Saltwater fishing license
\$15.00/year
(includes all legal recreational saltwater gear)
(d) Charter three-day saltwater fishing license
$\$ 20.00$
(e) Charter three-day freshwater fishing license
$\$ 10.00$
(2) Nonresident licenses
(a) Basic fishing license
\$68.00/year
(includes all legal recreational freshwater gear)

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|  | (b) Saltwater fishing license | \$60.00/year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (includes all legal recreational saltwater gear) |  |  |
|  | (c) Five-day Basic fishing | \$30.00 |
| (includes all legal freshwater recreational gear) |  |  |
|  | (d) Five-day Saltwater Fishing | \$30.00 |
| (includes all legal saltwater recreational gear) |  |  |
|  | (e) Charter boat three-day saltwater fishing license | \$20.00 |
|  | (f) Charter boat three-day freshwater fishing license | \$10.00 |
| §3002. Recreational hunting licenses; fees |  |  |
| (1) Resident licenses including Louisiana residents, active and reserve |  |  |
| $\underline{\text { members of the United States armed forces including National Guard, non-residen }}$ |  |  |
| students: |  |  |
|  | (a) Basic hunting license | \$20.00/year |
|  | (b) Deer hunting license | \$15.00/year |
| (includes deer tags, archery and primitive privileges) |  |  |
|  | (c) Waterfowl license | \$12.00/year |
|  | (d) Turkey license (includes tags) | \$12.00/year |
|  | (e) Youth hunting license | \$5.00/year |
| (required for hunting deer, turkey, trapping, and youth lottery hunts) |  |  |
| (2) Nonresident licenses |  |  |
|  | (a) Basic hunting license | \$200.00/year |
|  | (b) Deer hunting license | \$100.00/year |
| (includes deer tags, archery and primitive privileges) |  |  |
|  | (c) Waterfowl Hunting license | \$50.00/year |
|  | (d) Turkey Hunting license (includes tags) | \$50.00/year |
|  | (e) Five-day Basic Hunting license | \$65.00 |
|  | (f) Five-Day Deer Hunting license | \$35.00 |
|  | (g) Five-Day Waterfowl Hunting license | \$35.00 |
|  | (h) Five-Day Turkey Hunting license | \$35.00 |

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§3003. Resident and nonresident WMA permits; fees
A. Basic WMA access permit $\quad \$ 20.00 /$ year
B. Five-Day WMA access permit $\underline{\$ 5.00}$
C. WMA camping permit
\$7.00/day
§3004. Combination licenses (includes all hunting, fishing and WMA privileges); $\underline{\text { fees }}$
A. Resident licenses including Louisiana residents, active and reserve $\underline{\text { members of the United States armed forces including National Guard, non-resident }}$ students:
(1) Sportsman's Paradise $\quad$ 100.00/year
(2) Seniors and Retired Military \$20.00/year
(3) Disabled and special needs $\$ 4.00 /$ year
B. Nonresident:
(1) Sportsman's Paradise $\quad$ \$400.00/year
(2) Five-Day Blast and Cast $\quad \underline{\$ 120.00}$
§3005. Lifetime licenses
A. Louisiana resident $\quad \underline{\$ 00.00}$
B. Nonresident $\quad \underline{\$ 4,000.00}$
C. Youth resident (any resident under the age of eighteen) $\$ 500.00$
D. Senior (any resident sixty five years or older) $\quad \underline{\$ 100.00}$
§3006. Violations
Except as otherwise provided in this Title, hunting, fishing, or accessing WMAs without the license required by this Subpart shall constitute a Class II violation punishable under the provisions of R.S. 56:32.

## PART II. REVENUE DEDICATIONS

§3007. Dedication of license revenue
A.(1) Except as otherwise provided, funds received from the sale of licenses issued under the provisions of this Part shall be deposited into the Conservation Fund.

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(2) All funds received from the sale of lifetime licenses shall be deposited as provided in R.S. 56:10.3.
(3) An amount equal to seven dollars and fifty cents for each Charter Boat fishing license sold shall be deposited pursuant to R.S. 56:10(B)(1)(f).
(4) An amount equal to seven dollars and fifty cents for each saltwater fishing license sold shall be deposited each year to the Saltwater Fish Research and Conservation Fund.
(5) An amount equal to ten dollars from the sale of each waterfowl hunting license shall be deposited to the Louisiana Duck License, Stamp, and Print Fund.
(6) An amount equal to the fees collected for each WMA access permit and daily camping permit shall be deposited into the Wildlife Habitat and Natural Heritage Trust as provided for in R.S. 56:1923 and shall be expended solely for land acquisition and for management and operations of wildlife refuges, management areas, and public hunting grounds.
(7) An amount equal to seven dollars and fifty cents from the sale of each turkey hunting license shall be deposited to the Wild Turkey Fund.

Section 4. R.S. $34: 851.20(\mathrm{~N})$ is hereby repealed in its entirety.
Section 5. R.S. 56:10(B)(13), 256, 257, 302.9.1(D), 306(A)(2), 306.1, 306.2(A)(2), 333(H), 433.1(C) and (D), 434.1, 446, 451,472, 506, 506.1, 579.1, and 579.2 are hereby repealed in their entirety.

Section 6. R.S. 56:10(B)(1)(d), (6), 103(E) and (F), 103.1, 104, 105, 155, 156, 157, $164,165,166,302.1,302.2,302.3,302.4,302.5,302.6,303.6(\mathrm{~A})(2), 641.1,642,643,646$, $647.1,649.5,649.6,650,650.1$, and 1832 are hereby repealed in their entirety.

Section 7. All licenses and registration required by the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries shall be made available as digitized credentials as authorized by Subpart E of Part I of Chapter 1 of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, commonly referred to as "LA Wallet", by January 1, 2023.

Section 8. The changes to commercial license fees contained in Section 2 of this Act shall be phased in by the department, where fifty percent of each fee increase or decrease

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shall be implemented starting on November 15, 2021, and the remaining fifty percent of each fee increase or decrease shall be implemented starting on November 15, 2023.

Section 9. This Section and Sections 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, and 8 of this Act shall become effective on November 15, 2021.

Section 10. This Section and Sections 3 and 6 of this Act shall become effective on June 1, 2022.

## APPROVED:

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