ACT No. 386

SENATE BILL NO. 10

1

BY SENATORS FIELDS, BARROW, BERNARD, BOUDREAUX, BOUIE, CATHEY, CONNICK, HARRIS, HEWITT, JACKSON, LUNEAU, MCMATH, MILLIGAN, FRED MILLS, ROBERT MILLS, MIZELL, PEACOCK, PETERSON, PRICE, SMITH, TALBOT AND TARVER AND REPRESENTATIVES ADAMS, BRYANT, GARY CARTER, ROBBY CARTER, WILFORD CARTER, COX, DUPLESSIS, FREEMAN, FREIBERG, GLOVER, GREEN, HILFERTY, JAMES, JEFFERSON, JENKINS, JORDAN, LANDRY, LARVADAIN, LYONS, MARINO, DUSTIN MILLER, MOORE, NEWELL, PHELPS, PIERRE, PRESSLY, SELDERS, STAGNI, THOMPSON AND WILLARD

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

AN ACT

2	To amend and reenact R.S. 17:151.3, 221(A)(1), and 222, and to enact R.S. 17:221(E),
3	relative to compulsory school attendance; to provide for mandatory attendance in
4	kindergarten; to provide for exceptions; to provide for effectiveness; and to provide
5	for related matters.
6	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
7	Section 1. R.S. 17:151.3, 221(A)(1), and 222 are hereby amended and reenacted and
8	R.S. 17:221(E) is hereby enacted to read as follows:
9	§151.3. Kindergarten; establishment; entrance age; first grade enrollment,
10	prerequisites
11	A. Beginning with the 1990-1991 school year and thereafter, each Each city,
12	and parish, and other local public school system board shall provide for and offer,
13	in every school having a first grade or in a parish kindergarten center, full-day
14	kindergarten instruction to each child who is eligible as provided in Subsection B of
15	this Section.
16	B.(1) The youngest age at which a child may enter kindergarten provided for
17	in Subsection A of this Section shall be one year younger than the age required for
18	that child to enter first grade as provided by R.S. 17:222(A) or, through the 1995-
19	1996 school year, one year younger than the age required by the city or parish school
20	board pursuant to R.S. 17:222(C)(1) who turns five years of age on or before
21	September thirtieth of the calendar year in which the school year begins.

SB NO. 10 ENROLLED

(2)B. However, each city, and parish, and other local public school board, by rule, may provide, for a child younger than the age prescribed by Paragraph (1) of this Subsection A of this Section to enter kindergarten; provided that such the child has been evaluated and identified as gifted in accordance with the regulations of the state Department of Education for such evaluation. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 17:222(A) or (C), any A child admitted to kindergarten pursuant to this Paragraph Subsection shall be eligible to enter first grade upon successful completion of kindergarten; provided all other applicable entrance requirements have been fulfilled.

C.(1)(a) Beginning with the 1991-1992 For the 2021-2022 school year and thereafter, every , a child, as a prerequisite to enrollment in any the first grade of a public school, shall have attended at least a full-day public or private nonpublic kindergarten for a full school year, or shall have satisfactorily passed an academic readiness screening administered by the city, or parish, or other local public school system board prior to the time of enrollment for in the first grade. Each city, or parish, or other local public school system board shall establish the academic readiness level for its entry into the first grade based on criteria established by the system.

(b) Beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, a child, as a prerequisite to enrollment in the first grade of a public school, shall have attended a full-day public or nonpublic kindergarten for a full school year, and shall have satisfactorily passed an academic readiness screening administered by the city, parish, or other local public school board prior to the time of enrollment in the first grade. Each city, parish, or other local public school board shall establish the academic readiness level for entry into the first grade.

(2) Beginning with the 1991-1992 school year and thereafter, any <u>A</u> child transferring into the first grade of a public school from out of state and not meeting who does not meet the requirements herein as provided in Paragraph (1) of this <u>Subsection</u> for kindergarten attendance, shall be required to satisfactorily pass an academic readiness screening administered by the city, or other local

SB NO. 10	ENROLLED
-----------	-----------------

	SB NO. 10 ENROLLED
1	<u>public</u> school system <u>board</u> prior to the time of enrollment for the first grade.
2	(3) Beginning with the 1991-1992 school year and thereafter, any $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ child not
3	able to meet the kindergarten attendance requirements of this Section as provided
4	in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection due to illness or extraordinary, extenuating
5	circumstances as determined by the city, or parish, or other local public school
6	board, shall be required to satisfactorily pass an academic readiness screening
7	administered by the city, or parish, or other local public school system board prior
8	to the time of enrollment for the first grade.
9	D.(1) Every parent, tutor, or other person having control or charge For the
10	2021-2022 school year, the parent or legal guardian of a child who is eligible, as
11	provided in Subsection $\frac{\mathbf{B}}{\mathbf{A}}$ of this Section, to attend full-day kindergarten for the
12	1990-1991 school year or thereafter, as a prerequisite to enrollment in any first grade
13	of a public school, shall send such the child, beginning with the 1990-1991 school
14	year, to attend public or private nonpublic full-day kindergarten when such
15	instruction is offered in the public schools, or insure that such the child is
16	administered an academic readiness screening as provided in Subsection C of this
17	Section prior to the time established in R.S. 17:222 for the child to enter first grade.
18	(2)(a) Beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, the parent or legal
19	guardian of a child who is eligible, as provided in Subsection A of this Section,
20	to attend full-day kindergarten shall send the child to a public or nonpublic
21	kindergarten in accordance with R.S. 17:221.
22	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section or any other provision
23	of law to the contrary, a parent or legal guardian shall have the option to defer
24	enrolling his child in kindergarten for one year if either of the following applies:
25	(i) The child is four years of age on the first day of the school year.
26	(ii) The child is enrolled in a prekindergarten program.
27	(c) A parent or legal guardian who opts to defer enrolling his child in
28	kindergarten pursuant to Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph shall not be
29	considered to be in noncompliance with the compulsory school attendance law.

(3) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit a child from

30

SB NO. 10	ENROLLED

1	being enrolled in and attending kindergarten in a home study program.
2	* * *
3	§221. School attendance; compulsory ages; duty of parents; excessive absences;
4	condition for driving privileges
5	A.(1)(a) Every parent, tutor, or other person For the 2021-2022 school year,
6	the parent or legal guardian of a child who is age seven through eighteen and
7	residing within the state of Louisiana having control or charge of any child from that
8	child's seventh birthday until his eighteenth birthday shall send such the child to a
9	public or private nonpublic day school, unless the child graduates from high school
10	prior to his eighteenth birthday. Any $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ child below the age of seven who legally
11	enrolls in school shall also be subject to the provisions of this Subpart.
12	(b) Beginning with the 2022-2023 school year, the parent or legal
13	guardian of a child who resides in Louisiana and who is age five by September
14	thirtieth of the calendar year in which the school year begins through eighteen
15	shall send the child to a public or nonpublic school, as defined by R.S. 17:236,
16	unless the child's parent or legal guardian opted to defer enrollment of his child
17	in kindergarten pursuant to R.S. 17:151.3(D) or the child graduates from high
18	school prior to his eighteenth birthday. A child below the age of five who legally
19	enrolls in school shall also be subject to the provisions of this Subpart.
20	(c) Every parent, tutor, or other person responsible for sending a child to a
21	public or private day school under provisions of this Subpart The parent or legal
22	guardian of the child shall also assure the attendance of such the child in regularly
23	assigned classes during regular school hours established by the school board and
24	shall assure that such the child is not habitually tardy from school pursuant to the
25	provisions of R.S. 17:233.
26	* * *
27	E.(1) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prohibit a child from
28	enrolling in an approved home study program or a nonpublic school not seeking
29	state approval. The parent or legal guardian responsible for the school
30	attendance of such a child, who is between the ages of five and eighteen, shall

SB NO. 10 ENROLLED

EIROLLED	SD 110. 10	
rt the attendance of the child to the state Department of Education within	1 <u>repo</u>	
y days of the start of the school term as provided in R.S. 17:232(C).	2 <u>thirt</u>	
(2) A parent or legal guardian responsible for the school attendance of	3	
ld who is between the ages of five and eighteen and who is enrolled in an	4 <u>a ch</u> i	
oved home study program pursuant to R.S. 17:236.1 shall be considered in	5 <u>appr</u>	

* * *

Section.

§222. Age of school School entrance; proof of age, race, and parentage required; exceptions

compliance with the school attendance provisions of Paragraph (A)(1) of this

A. The age at which a child may enter the first grade of any public school at the beginning of the public school session shall be six years on or before September thirtieth of the calendar year in which the school year begins.

B.(1) All children upon entering a parish or city school system public or private nonpublic school in the state of Louisiana for the first time shall be required to present a copy of their official birth record to the school principal. A short-form birth certification card shall be acceptable as a copy of an official birth record. Only records from the local or state registrar of vital statistics will be accepted for children born in Louisiana. Birth verification forms issued by the local registrar of the parish of birth shall be valid and acceptable for entry into the parish or city schools or private schools.

(2)**B.(1)** Children born in Louisiana will be given a fifteen day fifteen-day grace period to secure a copy of their birth record. Children born out of this state will be given thirty days grace in which to produce a copy of their birth record.

(3)(2) In cases where birth certificates and/or or birth verification forms cannot be obtained, the school principal may accept whatever positive proof of age, race, and parentage is available. It shall be left to the discretion of the parish or city superintendent of schools, subject to the authority of the school board, as to whether or not a child shall continue in school upon failure to comply herewith with this Section.

SB NO. 10 ENROLLED

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

APPROVED:

C.(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections A and B of this Section, the parish school boards in Jefferson and Orleans parishes may adopt, by rule, and enforce ages for entrance into first grade in the schools in their systems which vary from the provisions of this Section. All children admitted into school as a result of a rule adopted pursuant to this Subsection shall be counted in reports submitted for funding under the Minimum Foundation Program and money allocated pursuant to such program shall be based on the report which includes such children. (2) The provisions of this Subsection shall become void on June 30, 2022. Section 2. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become effective on the day following such approval. PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA