Louisiana Legislative	LEGISL	ATIVE FISCAL OFFICE Fiscal Note						
Legislative Fiscal Office Notes		Fiscal Note On: <b>HB</b> 102 HLS 22RS 333						
Fiscal Notes	Bill Text Version: ENGROSSED							
and the second		Opp. Chamb. Action:						
		Proposed Amd.:						
		Sub. Bill For.:						
Date: April 22, 2022	7:31 AM	Author: MUSCARELLO						
Dept./Agy.: Corrections - Com	mittee on Parole							
Subject: Parole hearings		Analyst: Rebecca Robinson						

PAROLE

EG INCREASE GF EX See Note

Page 1 of 1

Provides relative to parole hearings

<u>Current law</u> provides that the Committee on Parole may order a reconsideration of a case for parole or a rehearing at any time. The Administrative Code further outlines timelines in which offenders may apply for rehearing; offenders convicted of 1st or 2nd degree murder or manslaughter may reapply for rehearing after 2 years.

<u>Proposed legislation</u> provides that the Committee on Parole shall consider a parole rehearing of any prisoner who is serving a sentence for a crime of violence, a sex offense, or manslaughter no earlier than 4 years after the initial date of denial of parole.

<b>EXPENDITURES</b> State Gen. Fd.	<u>2022-23</u> INCREASE	<u>2023-24</u> INCREASE	<b>2024-25</b> INCREASE	<u>2025-26</u> INCREASE	<u>2026-27</u> INCREASE	<u>5 -YEAR TOTAL</u>
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Annual Total						
REVENUES	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25	2025-26	2026-27	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Annual Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

## **EXPENDITURE EXPLANATION**

There will be an increase in SGF expenditures for the Department of Public Safety & Corrections - Corrections Services (DPS&C) as a result of the proposed measure.

Currently under the Administrative Code, offenders serving a sentence for a crime of violence, a sex offense, 1st or 2nd degree murder, or manslaughter may request an initial parole rehearing or any subsequent request for rehearing every year or every 2 years depending on the offense.

The <u>proposed law</u> provides that offenders convicted of a crime of violence, a sex offense, both a crime of violence and a sex offense, or manslaughter may request a rehearing no earlier than 4 years after the initial date of denial of parole. There will be a <u>increase in expenditures for DPS&C</u> to the extent an offender remains in custody longer under the proposed law than they would have under the current law. The exact fiscal impact is indeterminable as the granting of parole is at the discretion of the Committee on Parole. However, any offender remaining in the custody of DPS&C increases SGF expenditures \$26.39 per day per offender (and \$9,632 annually per offender) in adult local housing and \$83.23 (and \$30,379 annually per offender) per day per offender in a state facility.

For informational purposes only, DPS&C reports there are 13,505 offenders in custody for a crime of violence, 1,635 for a sex offense, 3,332 for both a crime of violence and a sex offense, and 2,324 for manslaughter.

## **REVENUE EXPLANATION**

There is no anticipated direct material effect on governmental revenues as a result of this measure.

