SENATE BILL NO. 176

BY SENATOR FIELDS

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2	To amend and reenact R.S. 17:1982(1) and (3) and 1983, relative to the Blind Persons'
3	Literacy Rights and Education Act; to provide for definitions; to provide relative to
4	individualized assessment, planning, and supports; and to provide for related matters.
5	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
6	Section 1. R.S. 17:1982(1) and (3) and 1983 are hereby amended and reenacted to
7	read as follows:
8	§1982. Definitions
9	As used in this Part, the following words, terms, and phrases shall have the
10	meanings ascribed to them in this Section as follows:
11	(1) "Blind student" means an individual who is eligible for special education
12	services and who identified by a functional vision assessment as having vision
13	loss which interferes with the ability to perform academically and which
14	requires the use of specialized textbooks, techniques, materials, or equipment
15	to access the same academic content as the student's sighted peers or who has
16	one of the following:
17	(a) Has a $\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ visual acuity of $\underline{20/200}$ $\underline{20/70}$ or less, near acuity in the better
18	eye with correcting lenses, or both, or has a limited field of vision such that the
19	widest diameter subtends an angular distance of no greater than twenty degrees.
20	(b) Has a medically indicated expectation of visual deterioration A
21	progressive loss of vision which may in the future affect the student's ability to
22	<u>learn</u> .
23	(c) Other blindness resulting from a medically documented condition
24	that could include bilateral dysfunction of the optic radiations, the visual cortex,
25	or both. This may coexist with ocular and ocular motor disorders and may be

AN ACT

SB NO. 176	ENROLLEI

1	the result of permatal brain dystunction or trauma.
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3	(3) "Functional vision assessment" is an organized plan for observing how
4	a student uses vision to perform routine tasks within the educational environment
5	and assesses whether a visual impairment is interfering with the learning process
6	student's ability to access educational content.
7	* * *
8	§1983. Individualized planning and assessment assessments, planning, and
9	<u>supports</u>
10	A. Each blind student has the right to individualized assessments,
11	planning, and supports to assist the student in accessing his educational
12	environment to his fullest ability. Such assessments, plans, and supports shall
13	be provided through highly trained and qualified professionals and teachers
14	who have the appropriate education, certifications, and competencies for
15	working with the blind.
16	B. The assessment required for each Each blind student shall include a be
17	assessed using each of the following:
18	(1)(a) A braille skills inventory, including a statement of strengths and
19	deficits along with commensurate with grade level literacy and math standards
20	pursuant to R.S. 17:24.4(A)(4). The inventory shall:
21	(i) Include a functional vision assessment for students a student with vision
22	in order to determine if braille instruction is needed for the student to achieve
23	satisfactory educational progress.
24	(ii) Provide a statement of the student's strengths and deficits.
25	(iii) Assess the student's future need for braille based on the student's eye
26	conditions, grade level competencies, and placement expectations.
27	(b) Braille instruction and use are not required by this Part if, in the course
28	of developing the student's individualized education program, the team concurs that
29	the student's visual impairment does not affect independent or future independent
30	reading and writing performance commensurate with ability.

SB NO. 176 ENROLLED

1	(c) Nothing in this Part shall require the exclusive use of braille if other
2	special education services are appropriate to the student's educational needs.
3	(d) The provisions provision of other appropriate services shall not preclude
4	braille use or instruction.
5	(2) A research-based learning media assessment to determine the most
6	appropriate reading medium for the student's current and future needs.
7	(3) If deemed necessary through the assessments provided in Paragraphs
8	(1) and (2) of this Subsection, a low vision assessment centered on how the
9	student uses his vision on a daily basis to determine if the student will benefit
10	from optical devices such as monocular telescopes or magnifiers. As
11	appropriate, visual acuity, visual fields, and color vision shall be assessed.
12	C. Based on the assessment findings, an individualized education plan
13	shall be developed and shall include specialized supports for education and daily
14	living activities appropriate to the needs of the student.
15	D. Appropriate specialized supports may include:
16	(1) Assistive technology skills that enable the student to use computers
17	and other electronic equipment to function independently and effectively at
18	school, home, work, and community.
19	(2) Career education skills that enable the student to explore career
20	options and learn about the world of work.
21	(3) Compensatory skills that enable the student to access educational
22	curriculum such as concept development, organizational skills, and
23	communication skills including speaking and listening, using sign language and
24	tactile symbols, reading and writing braille and print, and accessing recorded
25	materials.
26	(4) Independent living skills that enable the student to provide self-care,
27	including independent personal hygiene, food preparation, household cleaning,
28	clothes cleaning, and money management.
29	(5) Orientation and mobility skills that enable the student to know where
30	he is in space and move safely, independently, and efficiently at school, home,

SB NO. 176

work, and community.

(6) Recreation and leisure skills that enable the student to explore and

(7) Self-determination skills that enable the student to become an effective self-advocate based on his own needs and goals.

(8) Sensory efficiency skills that enable the student to use all of his senses, including functional vision, hearing, touch, taste, and smell.

(9) Social interaction skills that enable the student to participate actively and appropriately in social situations.

Section 2. This Act shall become effective upon signature by the governor or, if not signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for bills to become law without signature by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved by the legislature, this Act shall become effective on the day following such approval.

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE
SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

APPROVED: _____

enjoy leisure activities.

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