# SLS 23RS-81

### ENGROSSED

2023 Regular Session

SENATE BILL NO. 5

BY SENATOR ALLAIN

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

TAX/AD VALOREM. Provides for alternatives in lieu of payment under protest for challenges to ad valorem tax assessments. (8/1/23)

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 47:1857(B)(1) and (2), 1998(A)(2) and (B)(3), 2134(B)(1) and
3	(4), (C)(4), (D)(3), and (E) and to enact R.S. 47:1989(G), and 2134(F), relative to ad
4	valorem taxes; to provide for the security required for challenging the correctness or
5	legality of ad valorem tax assessments; to provide for the timing of payments under
6	protest or posting other security; to provide that a payment under protest is not
7	required to appeal the correctness of an assessment to the Louisiana Tax
8	Commission; to provide for the posting of a bond or other security in lieu of a
9	payment under protest for challenges to the legality of an assessment; to provide for
10	interest and penalties; and to provide for related matters.
11	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
12	Section 1. R.S. 47:1857(B)(1) and (2), 1998(A)(2) and (B)(3), 2134(B)(1) and (4),
13	(C)(4), $(D)(3)$ , and $(E)$ are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 47:1989(G) and 2134(F)
14	are hereby enacted to read as follows:
15	§1857. Corrections and changes
16	* * *
17	B.(1) Any company may institute suit in the Board of Tax Appeals or any

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1 court having jurisdiction of the cause of action for the purpose of contesting the 2 correctness or legality of any determination related to corrections and changes of its assessed valuation for taxation by the Louisiana Tax Commission under this 3 Section, which suit must be instituted within thirty days after receipt of the notice 4 5 ordering the change. However, to state a cause of action, the petition instituting the 6 suit shall name the Louisiana Tax Commission as defendant and shall set forth not 7 only the correction or change of its assessed valuation for taxation made by the 8 Louisiana Tax Commission, but also the assessed valuation for taxation that the 9 company deems to be correct and legal and the reasons therefor.

10 (2) Any company that has filed suit under these provisions and whose taxes 11 have become due shall pay such taxes under protest as provided in R.S. 47:2134(B) to the officer or officers designated by law for the collection of such taxes and shall 12 13 cause notice or notices to issue in such suit to the officer or officers as provided in R.S. 47:2134(B). Upon receipt of such notice or notices, the amount paid under 14 protest shall be segregated and invested by such officer or officers either in an 15 16 interest-bearing account or in a certificate of deposit pending a final, nonappealable 17 judgment in the suit.

- §1989. Review of appeals by tax commission

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21 G. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a taxpayer 22 challenging the correctness of an assessment pursuant to Article VII, Section 18(E) of the Constitution of Louisiana or other applicable law is not required 23 24 to make a payment under protest or post security while the correctness challenge is pending before the commission or during the pendency of an appeal 25 of the commission's determination brought by any party other than the 26 27 taxpayer. When a taxpayer appeals the commission's determination, the amount 28 of the payment under protest or alternate security shall be based upon the 29 commission's determination.

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1	* * *
2	§1998. Judicial review; generally
3	A.(1) * * * *
4	(2) Any taxpayer who has filed suit under this provision and whose taxes
5	have become due shall pay such taxes under protest or timely file a rule to set bond
6	or other security pursuant to R.S. 47:2134 and shall cause to issue notice to the
7	officer designated by law for the collection of such tax under the provisions of R.S.
8	47:2134(B), and shall cause service of process to be made on the Louisiana Tax
9	Commission as the officer designated by law to assess the property as provided for
10	in R.S. 47:2134(B). However, the portion of taxes that is not in dispute shall be paid
11	without being made subject to the protest.
12	B.(1) * * * *
13	(3) Any taxpayer in the state who has filed suit under these provisions and
14	whose taxes have become due shall pay said taxes under protest or timely file a rule
15	to set bond or other security pursuant to R.S. 47:2134 and shall cause to issue a
16	notice to the officer designated by law for the collection of such tax under the
17	provisions of R.S. 47:2134(B), and shall cause service of process to be made on the
18	Louisiana Tax Commission as provided for in R.S. 47:2134(B). However, the portion
19	of taxes that is not in dispute shall be paid without being made subject to the protest.
20	* * *
21	§2134. Suits to recover taxes paid under protest
22	* * *
23	B.(1)(a) A taxpayer challenging the correctness of an assessment under R.S.
24	47:1856, 1857, or 1998 shall timely pay the disputed amount of tax due under protest
25	to the officer or officers designated by law for the collection of this tax or timely file
26	a rule to set bond or other security pursuant to Subsection F of this Section. The
27	portion of the taxes that is paid by the taxpayer to the collecting officer or officers
28	that is neither in dispute nor the subject of a suit contesting the correctness of the
29	assessment shall not be made subject to the protest. The taxpayer shall submit

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separate payments for the disputed amount of tax due and the amount that is not in dispute and not subject to the protest.

(b) Paying under protest or filing a rule to set bond or other security shall be considered timely if the payment is made or the rule is filed within the deadline to appeal to the Board of Tax Appeals or district court pursuant to <u>R.S. 47:1856, 1857, or 1998.</u>

\* \* \*

(4) If the taxpayer prevails, the collecting officer or officers shall refund the 8 9 amount to the taxpayer with interest at the actual rate earned on the money paid 10 under protest in the escrow account during the period from the date such funds were 11 received by the collecting officer or officers to the date of the refund. If the taxpayer does not prevail, the taxpayer shall be liable for the additional taxes together with 12 13 interest at the rate set forth above during the period from the date the notice of 14 intention to file suit for recovery of taxes was given to the officer until the date the taxes are paid. taxes were due under R.S. 47:2127 until the date the taxes are 15 16 paid, or in the case of taxes paid under protest, until the date of the payment 17 under protest.

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C.(1) \* \*

19 (4) If the taxpayer prevails, the collecting officer or officers shall refund such 20 amount to the taxpayer with interest at the actual rate earned on the money paid 21 under protest in the escrow account during the period from the date such funds were 22 received by the collecting officer or officers to the date of the refund. If the taxpayer does not prevail, the taxpayer shall be liable for the additional taxes together with 23 24 interest at the rate set forth above during the period from the date the notice of 25 intention to file suit for recovery of taxes was given to the officer until the date the taxes are paid. taxes were due under R.S. 47:2127 until the date the taxes are 26 27 paid, or in the case of taxes paid under protest, until the date of the payment 28 under protest.

D. \* \*

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1 (3) The right to sue for recovery of a tax paid under protest or other security 2 as provided in this Section shall afford a legal remedy and right of action at law in the **Board of Tax Appeals or** state or federal courts where any tax or the collection 3 thereof is claimed to be an unlawful burden upon interstate commerce, or in violation 5 of any act of the Congress of the United States, the Constitution of the United States, or the Constitution of Louisiana. 6

8 E.(1) Upon request of a taxpayer and upon proper showing by the taxpayer 9 that the principle of law involved in an additional assessment is already pending 10 before the Board of Tax Appeals or the courts for judicial determination, the 11 taxpayer, upon agreement to abide by the pending decision of the Board of Tax 12 Appeals or the courts, may pay the additional assessment under protest pursuant to 13 Subsection B or C of this Section or file a rule to set bond or other security pursuant to Subsection F of this Section but need not file an additional suit. In 14 such cases, the tax paid under protest or other security shall be segregated and held 15 16 by the collecting officer or officers until the question of law involved has been determined by the courts, the Board of Tax Appeals, or finally decided by the courts 17 on appeal, and shall then be disposed of as provided in the final decision of the 18 19 Board of Tax Appeals or courts, as applicable.

20 (2) If the taxpayer prevails, the officer or officers shall refund such amount 21 to the taxpayer with interest at the actual rate earned on the money paid under protest 22 in the escrow account during the period from the date such funds were received by the officer or officers to the date of the refund. If the taxpayer does not prevail, the 23 24 taxpayer shall be liable for the additional taxes together with interest at the rate set forth above during the period from the date the notice of intention to file suit for 25 26 recovery of taxes was given to the officer until the date the taxes are paid. taxes 27 were due under R.S. 47:2127 until the date the taxes are paid, or in the case of 28 taxes paid under protest, until the date of the payment under protest.

**F.(1)** Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, any taxpayer

1	challenging the correctness or legality of any assessment whose remedy requires
2	making a payment under protest pursuant to Subsection B or C of this Section
3	may in the alternative comply with the provisions of this Subsection rather than
4	making a payment under protest.
5	(2)(a)(i) On or before the date on which the taxes are due, the taxpayer
6	challenging the legality of any assessment may file with the court or the Board
7	of Tax Appeals a rule to set bond or other security, which shall be set for
8	<u>hearing within thirty days of the filing of the rule to set bond or other security.</u>
9	and shall attach to the petition evidence of the taxpayer's ability to post bond
10	or other security.
11	(ii) Within the deadline to appeal to the Board of Tax Appeals or district
12	court pursuant to R.S. 47:1856, 1857, or 1998, the taxpayer challenging the
13	correctness of any assessment may file with the court or the Board of Tax
14	Appeals a rule to set bond or other security, which shall be set for hearing
15	within thirty days of the filing of the rule to set bond or other security, and shall
16	attach to the petition evidence of the taxpayer's ability to post bond or other
17	security.
18	(b) The term "other security" as used in this Subsection shall include but
19	not be limited to a pledge, collateral assignment, lien, mortgage, factoring of
20	accounts receivable, or other encumbrance of assets.
21	(3) The court or the Board of Tax Appeals may order either the posting
22	of commercial bond or other security in an amount determined by the court or
23	the board to be reasonable security for the amount of unpaid taxes and interest
24	demanded in the assessment or may order the taxpayer to make a payment
25	under protest in an amount determined in its discretion to be reasonable
26	security considering the amount of unpaid taxes and interest. The court or
27	board may order that a portion of the unpaid taxes and interest be paid under
28	protest and the balance secured by the posting of a bond or other security as
29	provided in this Subsection.

1	(4) The posting of a bond or other security or the payment under protest
2	shall be made no later than thirty days after the mailing of the notice of the
3	decision of the court or the Board of Tax Appeals authorizing the posting of
4	bond or other security or requiring that a payment under protest be made.
5	(5) If the taxpayer timely files the suit or any petition or rule referred to
6	in this Subsection, no collection action shall be taken in connection with the
7	assessment of taxes and interest that are the subject of the taxpayer's cause of
8	action, unless the taxpayer fails to post bond or other security or make the
9	payment under protest required by the court or board. The collector shall be
10	permitted to file a reconventional demand against the taxpayer in the cause of
11	action. A collector may procure an appraisal or conduct discovery concerning
12	the value and validity of other security, as that term is described in
13	Subparagraph (F)(2)(b) of this Subsection, offered prior to the date for filing
14	the collector's response or opposition to a rule set for hearing under this
15	Subsection.
16	(6) To the extent not inconsistent with this Subsection, the nature and
17	amount of the bond or security and the procedures for posting bond or
18	providing other security shall be consistent with the provisions for providing
19	security in connection with a suspensive appeal under the Code of Civil
20	Procedure.
21	(7) This Subsection shall not apply to amounts of tax that are not in
22	dispute and are not the subject of a correctness or legality challenge.

The original instrument was prepared by Leonore Heavey. The following digest, which does not constitute a part of the legislative instrument, was prepared by Danielle Clapinski.

	DIGEST	
SB 5 Engrossed	2023 Regular Session	Allain

<u>Present law</u> requires the payment under protest of the disputed amount of tax when a taxpayer challenges the correctness of an ad valorem tax assessment or the legality of an ad valorem tax assessment.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a taxpayer challenging the correctness of an assessment who has timely filed an appeal with the La. Tax Commission shall not be required to make a payment

Page 7 of 9 Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions. under protest or post security while the correctness challenge is pending before the commission or during an appeal of the commission's determination brought by any party other than the taxpayer.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that when a taxpayer appeals the determination of the La. Tax Commission then the payment under protest or filing a rule to set bond or other security is timely if the payment is made or the rule is filed within the applicable appeal deadline.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for an alternative method of providing security in lieu of a payment under protest in the case of a taxpayer filing a legality challenge with a court or the Board of Tax Appeals.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes the taxpayer, on or before the date on which the taxes are due, to file a rule to set bond or other security with the court or the board which shall be set for hearing within 30 days.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes the court or the board to order that a portion of the disputed amount be paid under protest and the balance secured by the posting of a bond or other security.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes the collector to file a reconventional demand against the taxpayer in the cause of action in which a bond or alternative security is provided and further provides that the collector may procure an appraisal or conduct discovery concerning the value and validity of security offered.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires that the posting of a bond or other security for ad valorem tax challenges shall be consistent with the provisions for providing security in connection with a suspensive appeal under the Code of Civil Procedure.

<u>Proposed law</u> does not apply to amounts of tax that are not in dispute and are not the subject of a correctness or legality challenge.

<u>Present law</u> provides that interest is calculated at a rate from the date the notice of intention to file suit for recovery of taxes was give to the officer until the date the taxes are paid.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that interest is calculated at a rate from the date the taxes were due under R.S. 47:2127 until the date the taxes are paid.

Effective August 1, 2023.

(Amends R.S. 47:1857(B)(1) and (2), 1998(A)(2) and (B)(3), 2134(B)(1) and (4), (C)(4), (D)(3), and (E); adds R.S. 47:1989(G) and 2134(F))

### Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

# <u>Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Revenue and Fiscal</u> <u>Affairs to the original bill</u>

- 1. Adds provision that allows taxpayers to timely file a rule to set bond or other security pursuant to <u>present law</u> in addition to paying the tax due under protest.
- 2. Clarifies that interest runs from the date the taxes are due to the date the taxes are paid.
- 3. Provides timelines by which a rule to set bond shall be filed.
- 4. Limits when a collector is authorized to conduct discovery concerning the value of validity to situations when "other security" as defined in law is

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provided in lieu of a payment under protest or providing a bond.

5. Makes technical changes.