SLS 24RS-235 ORIGINAL

2024 Regular Session

SENATE BILL NO. 39

BY SENATOR MIZELL (On Recommendation of the Louisiana State Law Institute)

CHILDREN'S CODE. Provides for continuous revisions to the Children's Code. (8/1/24)

AN ACT

To amend and reenact Children's Code Arts. 412(I), 421, the introductory paragraph of 617(A) and (4), the introductory paragraph of 618(A), (2), and (3), 648, 672(A)(2), 683(E) and (F), 718(A), 720(A), (B)(1) and (6), (C), and (D), 776(A), 781(D) and (E), 895, 1004(B), (D), and (F), 1007(B), 1015.2(B), 1016(A) and (B), 1019(C), 1035(B), the introductory paragraph of 1036(C), the introductory paragraph of (D) and (E), 1036.2(E), 1037.1(A), 1107.8(A), 1124(C), 1125(B), 1132(D), the introductory paragraph of 1170(A), 1200(B)(7)(a)(iii), 1223(B)(7)(a)(iii), 1264, 1267(2), 1409(T), 1428, 1436, and the introductory paragraph of 1569(A), (4), and (7), and to enact Children's Code Art. 625.1, relative to the continuous revision of the Children's Code; to provide for cross-references; to provide for notice to the Louisiana Department of Health; to provide for notice to Mental Health Advocacy Services; to provide for the child's right to counsel; to provide for the disapproval of the placement of children; to provide for the purpose and motion of guardianship; and to provide for related matters.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:

1	Section 1. Children's Code Arts. 412(I), 421, the introductory paragraph of 617(A)
2	and (4), the introductory paragraph of 618(A), (2), and (3), 648, 672(A)(2), 683(E) and (F),
3	718(A), 720(A), (B)(1) and (6), (C), and (D), 776(A), 781(D) and (E), 895, 1004(B), (D),
4	and (F), 1007(B), 1015.2(B), 1016(A) and (B), 1019(C), 1035(B), the introductory paragraph
5	of 1036(C), the introductory paragraph of (D) and (E), 1036.2(E), 1037.1(A), 1107.8(A),
6	1124(C), 1125(B), 1132(D), the introductory paragraph of 1170(A), 1200(B)(7)(a)(iii),
7	1223(B)(7)(a)(iii), 1264, 1267(2), 1409(T), 1428, 1436, and the introductory paragraph of
8	1569(A), (4), and (7) are hereby amended and reenacted, and Children's Code Art. 625.1 is
9	hereby enacted, to read as follows:
10	Art. 412. Confidentiality of records; disclosure exceptions; sanctions
11	* * *
12	I. Any violation of the confidentiality provisions of this Article shall be
13	punishable as a constructive contempt of court pursuant to Article 1509(E) Articles
14	<u>1507 through 1509.1</u> .
15	* * *
16	Art. 421. Probation officers
17	A. The judge of the court shall have the authority to commission probation
18	officers, one of whom may be designated as chief probation officer or director of
19	probation.
20	B. Probation officers shall have the power and authority to make arrests; to
21	serve notices, orders, subpoenas, and writs; and to execute all orders and perform
22	any other duties incident to their office. Nothing herein contained in this Paragraph
23	shall be construed to relieve the sheriff from the duties as set forth in R.S. 13:5539.
24	C. Employment of such personnel probation officers by any court for its
25	exclusive service shall in no wise way be affected by or limit the court in availing
26	itself of the services of $\underline{\text{such}}$ $\underline{\text{the}}$ officers or other employees as may be provided by
27	the state.
28	* * *

Art. 617. Temporary restraining order

I	A. Upon good cause shown in an ex parte proceeding, the court may enter a
2	temporary restraining order, without bond, as it the court deems necessary to protect
3	from abuse or neglect the petitioner, any children, or any person alleged to be an
4	incompetent. Immediate and present danger of abuse shall constitute good cause for
5	purposes of this Article. The order may include but is not limited to the following:
6	* * *
7	(4) Prohibiting either party from transferring, encumbering, or otherwise
8	disposing of property mutually owned or leased by the parties, except when in the
9	ordinary course of business; or for the necessary support of the party or the minor
10	children.
11	* * *
12	Art. 618. Protective orders; content; modification; service
13	A. The court may grant any protective order or approve any consent
14	agreement to bring about a cessation of abuse or neglect of a party, any minor
15	children, or any person alleged to be incompetent, which and the relief may include
16	but is not limited to:
17	* * *
18	(2) When there is a duty to support a party, any minor children, or any person
19	alleged to be incompetent living in the residence or household, ordering payment of
20	temporary support or provision of suitable housing for them.
21	(3) Awarding temporary custody of or establishing temporary visitation rights
22	and conditions with regard to any minor children or person alleged to be
23	incompetent.
24	* * *
25	Art. 625.1. Advice of rights for children
26	A. At the first hearing at which the child appears, the judge shall advise
27	any child ten years of age or older, in a developmentally appropriate manner
28	and in terms understandable to the child, that the child is a party to the
29	proceedings and has all of the following rights:

1	(1) To be represented by an independent and qualified attorney who
2	shall have duties of loyalty, confidentiality, advocacy, and competent
3	representation.
4	(2) To have notice of and attend all hearings.
5	(3) To have regular and meaningful communication with the child's
6	attorney in a way that is understandable to the child.
7	(4) To have the child's attorney present the child's case, including
8	presenting the child's wishes.
9	(5) To testify as to the child's wishes.
10	(6) To be free from discrimination based on race, religion, disability,
11	national origin, and sex.
12	(7) To be provided qualified interpretation, translation, and language
13	assistance services.
14	(8) To be provided reasonable accommodations for any disability.
15	(9) If the child has been placed in foster care, to be provided an
16	individualized case plan, which shall provide all of the following:
17	(a) A focus on the child's health, welfare, and safety and achieving a
18	permanent placement that the child helps to develop and that is continuously
19	updated.
20	(b) A placement with siblings when consistent with the child's health,
21	welfare, and safety.
22	(c) A visitation plan that protects significant relationships with relatives
23	through continuing contact when consistent with the child's health, welfare, and
24	safety.
25	(d) If the child is fourteen years of age or older, the inclusion of a
26	transitional plan that is designed for the child, and with the child, to assist in
27	achieving a successful transition and that is continuously updated. The plan
28	shall include education, health, permanent connections, living arrangements,
29	independent living skills, and employment.

1	(10) To have the child's attorney file a written response objecting to the
2	case plan and to have the judge approve or disapprove all or part of the case
3	plan.
4	(11) If the child is fourteen years of age or older and in foster care, to the
5	rights as provided in R.S. 46:286.16, Foster Youth Bill of Rights (FYBOR).
6	B. Written notice of the rights set forth in Paragraph A of this Article
7	shall be given to the child; the parents, foster parents, or pre-adoptive parents
8	of the child; and any relative providing care to the child.
9	Comments – 2024
10	(a) This Article is new and applies only in child in need of care proceedings.
11 12 13 14	(b) This Article is intended to ensure that the child is informed directly, and all other parties indirectly, of the substantive and procedural rights of the child in a child in need of care proceeding and to limit undue interference by parents, foster
15 16	parents, or others who may not otherwise know that children have rights. This Article informs all parties that the child is not just the subject of the proceeding but
17	is a party and a full participant.
18	* * *
19	Art. 648. Advice of rights at appearance to answer petition
20	At the appearance to answer, the court shall advise the parent and the child
21	of his their rights and responsibilities pursuant to Article Articles 625 and 625.1,
22	unless <b>they were</b> so advised at a previous hearing.
23	* * *
24	Art. 672. Care and treatment by department; placement; disapproval
25	A.
26	* * *
27	(2) Upon motion of the court, for good cause shown, a contradictory hearing
28	shall be held and thereafter, the presiding judge shall have the authority to
29	disapprove a placement chosen by the department if it is not in the best interest of
30	the child and shall issue a written order that the department choose a more suitable
31	placement with reasons supporting the court's decision. The court may disapprove
32	the placement of a child on its own motion or on the motion of a party for good

cause shown after a contradictory hearing. The party's motion shall be in

writing and contain particularized allegations that the placement is not in the best interest of the child. The court may deny the party's motion or set a contradictory hearing with notice to all parties. The hearing may be consolidated with any previously scheduled hearing. If the court disapproves the placement, the court shall render specific written reasons for finding that the placement is not in the best interest of the child and shall order the department to choose a more suitable placement.

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Art. 683. Disposition; generally

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E. A child shall not be committed to a public or private mental institution or institution for persons with mental illness unless the court finds, based on psychological or psychiatric evaluation, that the child has a mental disorder, other than an intellectual disability, which that has a substantial adverse effect on his the child's ability to function and requires care and treatment in an institution. When the child is in the custody of the state of Louisiana, this finding shall not be made without the a contradictory hearing, notice to the Louisiana Department of Health, bureau of legal services, and representation of the child by an attorney appointed from the Mental Health Advocacy Service, unless such attorneys are unavailable as determined by the director or the child retains private counsel, who shall represent only the interest of the child. The Mental Health Advocacy Service's attorney so appointed shall continue to represent the child in any proceeding relating to admission, change of status, or discharge from the mental hospital or psychiatric unit. Upon modification of the disposition to a placement other than a mental hospital or psychiatric unit, the Mental Health Advocacy Service's attorney shall be relieved of representation of the child.

F. A child shall not be committed to a public or private institution for persons with intellectual disabilities unless the court finds, based on psychological or psychiatric evaluation **pursuant to R.S. 28:451.1 et seq.**, that the child has an

1	interfectual disability and such that the condition has a substantial adverse effect of
2	his the child's ability to function and requires care and treatment in an institution.
3	* * *
4	Art. 718. Purpose of guardianship
5	A. The purpose of guardianship is to provide a permanent placement for
6	children when neither reunification with a parent nor adoption has been found to be
7	the court has found that adoption is not in their the children's best interest and
8	the children cannot be safely reunified with their parents within a reasonable
9	time; to encourage stability and permanence in the lives of children who have been
10	adjudicated to be in need of care and have been removed from the custody of their
11	parent; and to increase the opportunities for the prompt permanent placement of
12	children, especially with relatives, without ongoing supervision by the department.
13	* * *
14	Art. 720. Motion for guardianship
15	A. After a child has been adjudicated to be in need of care, a motion for
16	guardianship may be filed by the department, parent, counsel for the child, or, when
17	the guardian is deceased, an individual previously named as a successor guardian by
18	the guardian in a guardianship subsidy agreement with the department; or the
19	department may submit a case plan along with the case review report to the court and
20	all counsel of record recommending guardianship in accordance with Children's
21	Code Articles 674, 688, and 689.
22	B. The motion, case review report, or case plan shall include all of the
23	following:
24	(1) The name and gender of the child, and the date and place of his the
25	child's birth.
26	* * *
27	(6) A plain and concise statement of the facts on which the motion, case
28	review report, or case plan for guardianship is sought; and why neither adoption nor
29	reunification with a parent is in the best interest of the child; and why the child

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cannot be safely reunified with the parent within a reasonable time. If a parent files the motion, any statement that the child cannot be safely reunified with the parent within a reasonable time shall not be deemed an admission for any purpose other than satisfying the motion.

C. If any of the information required by Paragraph B of this Article is unknown, the motion, case review report, or case plan shall state that fact. In addition, if the location of either parent is unknown, the motion, case review report, or case plan shall disclose efforts to locate him the parent.

D. Unless not yet completed, the home study, as required by Children's Code Article 721, shall be attached to the motion, case review report, or case plan. If not attached, the home study shall be submitted to the court as soon as it is completed.

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## Art. 776. Permanency planning reports

A. If at any point in family in need of services proceedings, a child enters the custody of the state, the provisions of Chapters 13, 15, and 16 of Title VI of this Code and Article 1004.1 1004.2 shall be applicable.

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Art. 781. Disposition; generally

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D. A child shall not be committed to a public or private mental institution or institution for persons with mental illness unless the court finds, based on psychological or psychiatric evaluation, that the child has a mental disorder, other than an intellectual disability, which that has a substantial adverse effect on his the child's ability to function and requires care and treatment in an institution. When the child is in the custody of the state of Louisiana, this finding shall not be made without the a contradictory hearing, notice to the Louisiana Department of Health, bureau of legal services, and representation of the child by an attorney appointed from the Mental Health Advocacy Service, unless such attorneys are unavailable as determined by the director or the child retains private counsel, who

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1	shall represent only the interest of the child. The Mental Health Advocacy Service's
2	attorney so appointed shall continue to represent the child in any proceeding relating
3	to admission, change of status, or discharge from the mental hospital or psychiatric
4	unit. Upon modification of the disposition to a placement other than a mental
5	hospital or psychiatric unit, the Mental Health Advocacy Service's attorney shall be
6	relieved of representation of the child.
7	E. A child shall not be committed to a public or private institution for persons
8	with intellectual disabilities unless the court finds, based on psychological or
9	psychiatric evaluation pursuant to R.S. 28:451.1 et seq., that the child has an
10	intellectual disability and such that the condition has a substantial adverse effect on
11	his the child's ability to function and requires care and treatment in an institution.
12	* * *
13	Art. 895. Commitment to mental institution
14	A. In cases in which a child has been adjudicated a delinquent, the court may
15	commit him the child to a public or private mental institution or institution for
16	persons with mental illness if the court finds, based on psychological or psychiatric
17	evaluation, that the child has a mental disorder, other than an intellectual disability,
18	which that has a substantial adverse effect on his the child's ability to function and
19	requires care and treatment in an institution.
20	B. This finding shall not be made without a contradictory hearing and
21	notice to the Louisiana Department of Health, bureau of legal services and
22	unless the child is accorded his right to special counsel in accordance with Article
23	809 <del>(C)</del> .
24	* * *
25	Art. 1004. Petition for termination of parental rights; authorization to file
26	* * *
27	B. Counsel appointed for the child pursuant to Article 607 may petition for

the termination of parental rights of the parent of the child if the petition alleges a

ground authorized by Article 1015(5), (6), or (7) 1015(4), (5), or (6) and, although

1	eighteen months have elapsed since the date of the child's adjudication as a child in
2	need of care, no petition has been filed by the district attorney or the department.
3	* * *
4	D. The department may petition for the termination of parental rights of the
5	parent of the child when any of the following apply:
6	(1) The child has been subjected to abuse or neglect after the child is returned
7	to the parent's care and custody while under department supervision, and termination
8	is authorized by Article <del>1015(4)(j)</del> <u>1015(3)(j)</u> .
9	(2) The parent's parental rights to one or more of the child's siblings have
10	been terminated due to neglect or abuse and prior attempts to rehabilitate the parent
11	have been unsuccessful, and termination is authorized by Article 1015(4)(k)
12	<u>1015(3)(k)</u> .
13	(3) The child has been abandoned and termination is authorized by Article
14	<del>1015(5)</del> <u>1015(4)</u> .
15	(4) The child has been placed in the custody of the state, and termination is
16	authorized by Article 1015(6) 1015(5).
17	(5) The child is in foster care because the parent is incarcerated, and
18	termination is authorized by Article 1015(7) 1015(6).
19	(6) The child is in foster care and, despite diligent efforts by the department
20	to identify the child's father, his the father's identity is unknown, and termination
21	is authorized by Article 1015(10) 1015(8).
22	* * *
23	F. By special appointment for a particular case, the court or the district
24	attorney may designate private counsel authorized to petition for the termination of
25	parental rights of the parent of the child on the ground of abandonment authorized
26	by Article <del>1015(5)</del> <b>1015(4)</b> .
27	* * *
28	Art. 1007. Court records of proceedings
29	* * *

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B. The address and parish of the petitioner and each person on whose behalf the petition for termination of parental rights is filed under the provisions of Article 1015(3) or (9) 1015.1 may remain confidential with the court.

\* \* \*

Art. 1015.2. Termination of parental rights; certain grounds; costs and fees

\* \* \*

B. All court costs, attorney fees, costs of enforcement and modification proceedings, costs of appeals, evaluation fees, and expert witness fees incurred in filing, maintaining, or defending any proceeding under in accordance with Article 1015.1 shall be paid by the perpetrator of the sex offense, including all costs of medical and psychological care for the sexually abused adult, parent or for the child conceived as a result of the sex offense.

\* \* \*

## Art. 1016. Right to counsel

A.(1) The child and the <u>each</u> identified parent shall <del>each</del> have the right to be represented by separate counsel in a termination proceeding brought in accordance with this Title. <u>The child shall be a party to the proceedings.</u> Neither the child nor anyone purporting to act on behalf of the child may <u>shall</u> be permitted to waive the child's right to counsel.

(2) For actions brought under Article 1015.1, the court shall have discretion to decide under the circumstances for each case whether to appoint counsel for the child. In no event shall the petitioner of such an action pursuant to Article 1015.1 or the minor child be required to interact with the respondent as a condition to pursue termination under in accordance with this Article. Any counsel acting on behalf of the child shall not require a petitioner to make the child available for any visitation or conversation with the respondent or the respondent's family and shall not require any nonoffending petitioner to take classes or provide updates on the child. A petitioner shall have the right to seek an expedited suspensive appeal emergency supervisory writ for any violation of this Article.

1	B. The court shall appoint the entity designated for the jurisdiction by the
2	Louisiana Supreme Court to provide qualified, independent counsel for the child in
3	such a the proceeding. Counsel for the child shall have the authority to represent
4	the child throughout the termination proceeding and any appellate review.
5	* * *
6	Art. 1019. Contents of the petition
7	* * *
8	C. The petition shall allege facts which that constitute the grounds necessary
9	for the termination of parental rights as set forth in Article 1015 or 1015.1.
10	* * *
11	Art. 1035. Burden of proof
12	* * *
13	B. The parent asserting a mental or physical disability as an affirmative
14	defense to abandonment under pursuant to Article 1015(5) 1015(4) bears the burden
15	of proof by a preponderance of the evidence.
16	Art. 1036. Proof of parental misconduct
17	* * *
18	C. Under Article 1015(6) In accordance with Article 1015(5), lack of
19	parental compliance with a case plan may be evidenced by one or more of the
20	following:
21	* * *
22	D. Under Article 1015(6) In accordance with Article 1015(5), lack of any
23	reasonable expectation of significant improvement in the parent's conduct in the near
24	future may be evidenced by one or more of the following:
25	* * *
26	E. Under Article 1015(7) In accordance with Article 1015(6), a sentence of
27	at least five years of imprisonment raises a presumption of the parent's inability to
28	care for the child for an extended period of time, although the incarceration of a
29	parent shall not in and of itself be sufficient to deprive a parent of his parental rights.

SLS 24RS-235

ORIGINAL
SB NO. 39

1 2 Art. 1036.2. Incarcerated parent; duties; assessment 3 4 E. The notification form given to the incarcerated parent shall be substantially as follows: 5 NOTICE OF DUTY TO PROVIDE A REASONABLE PLAN FOR THE 6 APPROPRIATE CARE OF YOUR CHILD AND TERMINATION OF 7 8 PARENTAL RIGHTS LAW 9 NOTICE TO PARENT: YOUR CHILD(REN), HAS/HAVE BEEN PLACED IN THE CUSTODY OF THE LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT 10 11 OF CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES BY ORDER OF THE Parish juvenile court on 12 13 PLEASE BE ADVISED OF THE FOLLOWING: 14 Louisiana law provides that you may name a person who is willing and able 15 16 to serve as the custodian of your child(ren) and to offer a wholesome and stable environment for your child(ren). Failure to furnish a reasonable plan for the 17 appropriate care of your child(ren) may result in the termination of your parental 18 19 rights. Please refer to Louisiana Children's Code, Title X, Articles 1001 to 1043, 20 especially Articles 1015(7) 1015(6) and 1036(E), for the details of Louisiana law 21 regarding the termination of parental rights. A copy of the law is attached to this 22 notice. 23 24 You are hereby notified that Louisiana law requires that you provide a reasonable plan for the appropriate care of your child(ren), other than continued 25 foster care, within sixty (60) days of your receipt of this notice, which date is 26 \_\_\_\_\_. Your plan shall include the names, addresses, 27 cellular numbers, telephone numbers, and other contact information of every suitable 28 29 alternative caregiver. You may provide additional information by filling out this

ORIGINAL SB NO. 39 SLS 24RS-235

1	form and mailing it in the stamped, self-addressed envelope given to you by the
2	department before If you fail or refuse to do so, you may
3	lose all rights to your child(ren). Your plan will be examined to determine if it is
4	reasonable and appropriate. Please provide your plan in detail no later than
5	to the following person:
6	NAME:
7	ADDRESS:
8	CITY/STATE/ZIP:
9	TELEPHONE:
10	NOTE: IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OR NEED ANY ASSISTANCE,
11	CONTACT THE ABOVE PERSON OR YOUR ATTORNEY IMMEDIATELY.
12	Copy of the law, La. Ch.C. Arts. 1001 - 1043, Attached. PLEASE READ.
13	I,, hereby certify that a copy of
14	this notice with La. Ch.C. Arts. 1001-1043 attached, was delivered to
15	onby
16	personal delivery at the following location
17	DATE:
18	
19	Signature of caseworker
20	I,, have received a copy of this
21	notice, together with the attached laws (La. Ch.C. Arts. 1001-1043), and
22	acknowledge that I understand fully that my rights may be terminated and my
23	child(ren) adopted by others if I do not provide a reasonable plan of appropriate care
24	while I am incarcerated, other than continued foster care, within sixty (60) days of
25	my receipt of this notice on
26	
27	Signature of parent
28	Witness: Date:
29	* * *

1	Art. 103/.1. Continuing contact with biological relatives
2	A. Subsequent to a termination of parental rights judgment when custody is
3	granted to the department, the court may order continuing contact between the child
4	and the parent, sibling, or other biological relative. The court may grant such an
5	order only after it makes finding findings of fact that continuing contact is in the best
6	interest of the child. The court may receive expert testimony on the issue of
7	continuing contact.
8	* * *
9	Art. 1107.8. Notice of filing of act of intent to surrender for adoption; form;
10	objection and form
11	A. The notice of filing of a mother's intent to surrender for adoption shall
12	contain the following information in substantially the following form:
13	"NOTICE OF FILING OF ACT OF INTENT TO SURRENDER
14	FOR ADOPTION
15	Be advised that on the day of, 20,
16	(MOTHER'S NAME) voluntarily filed an act of intent to surrender
17	for adoption of her minor child, namely, born on the day of
18	, 20, in the Parish/County of, State of
19	·
20	OR
21	[Be advised that on the day of, 20,
22	(MOTHER'S NAME) voluntarily filed an act of intent to
23	surrender for adoption of her expected child to be born on or about
24	, 20]
25	The act of intent to surrender for adoption names you as the father of this
26	child. The act of intent to surrender for adoption does not bind the mother to follow
27	through with plans to surrender her child for adoption. She may change her mind. Its
28	only purpose is to determine whether you will oppose plans for surrendering this
29	child for adoption.

SLS 24RS-235 ORIGINAL SPANO 20

You may attempt to oppose the proposed adoption of this child only by filing a written objection with this court within fifteen days after you receive this notice. In your objection, you must provide the court with an address where you can be contacted about further proceedings, if any, regarding the child's adoption.

A form for your use is attached.

Note that this objection must be signed under oath before a notary public after you have proved your identity. If the objection does not have the notary's signature, it is not effective.

If you do file such a written objection:

- (1) You will have the right to receive notice of any surrender for adoption that the mother may hereafter sign giving up her parental rights to the child.
- (2) You will also have the right to be given notice of any hearing scheduled by the court to decide whether your parental rights should be terminated. At that hearing, you must show that you are claiming or have acknowledged paternity of the child and must prove that you have assumed parental responsibility for the child, that you are a fit parent, and that you are willing and able to take custody of the child. At that hearing, the court will decide whether your efforts have been sufficient to preserve your parental rights regarding this child and to prevent the child's adoption.

These notices will be served upon you at the address you provide in your written objection.

If you do not file a written, notarized objection within fifteen days from the time you receive this notice, then you waive notice and service of future surrender or adoption proceedings, you have no cause of action to challenge the child's adoption, and all rights you may have as the child's alleged father may be terminated by order of this court and the child may be adopted if the mother does decide to sign a surrender of the child for adoption.

These are serious consequences. You are urged to contact a lawyer to advise you further."

\* \* \*

1	Art. 1124. Requirement of family information
2	* * *
3	C. The form for the affidavit shall be substantially as follows:
4	STATE OF
5	PARISH/COUNTY OF
6	AFFIDAVIT
7	BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, personally came and appeared
8 9	SURRENDERING PARENT
10	who declares that he/she has executed a true and correct Statement of Family History
11	to provide the adoptive parents of the minor child with nonidentifying medical
12	genetic information in accordance with the provisions of Louisiana Children's Code
13	Articles 1124 through 1127.
14	Affiant understands and agrees that the nonidentifying Statement of Family
15	History will be attached to the Act of Surrender and included in the sealed adoption
16	record. Affiant further understands that the Statement of Family History will be
17	given to the prospective adoptive parent(s) at the time of placement and made
18	available, upon request, to the adopted person at the age of eighteen years or older.
19	Affiant has been informed that this affidavit shall be included in the sealed
20	adoption record only and will not be given to the adoptive parents or the minor child.
21	
22	SIGNATURE OF SURRENDERING PARENT
23	
24	NAME OF SURRENDERING PARENT
25	SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME THIS DAY OF
26	, 20
27	
28	NOTARY PUBLIC
29	* * *

1	Art. 1125. Statement of family history; contents; form
2	* * *
3	B. The Statement of Family History form shall be substantially as follows:
4	* * *
5	Has the minor child had the following immunizations?
6	* * *
7	Has the minor child had the following illnesses?
8	* * *
9	Does the minor child have or has he the child had any other serious illnesses
10	or medical conditions?
11	* * *
12	Art. 1132. Notice of filing of surrender; form
13	* * *
14	D. The notice of the surrender shall be issued by the clerk and shall contain
15	the following information in substantially the following form:
16	"NOTICE OF FILING OF SURRENDER
17	Be advised that on the day of, 20, an authentic Act of Surrender
18	executed by was filed wherein she surrendered for adoption her minor child,
19	namely, born on the day of,, in the Parish of, State of
20	·
21	The Act of Surrender alleges that you are the father of this child. You may
22	attempt to oppose the adoption of this child only by filing a written objection with
23	this court within fifteen days after you receive this notice.
24	If you file a written objection timely, the court will then hold a hearing within
25	twenty days of the filing of the opposition, to determine whether you have
26	established or forfeited your parental rights.
27	To establish your parental rights to oppose the adoption, you must
28	acknowledge that you are the father of the child or be found to be the father by court
29	order as a result of blood tests. Thereafter, you must also demonstrate to the court

1	that you are a fit parent who is willing and able to assume the legal and physical care
2	of your child. You must also demonstrate that you have made a substantial
3	commitment to your parental responsibilities by providing or attempting to provide
4	substantial and consistent support for the mother during pregnancy or after the child's
5	birth and by frequently and consistently visiting or attempting to visit the child after
6	birth.
7	If you fail to file a written motion of opposition, or if, after a hearing on a
8	motion timely filed, the court finds that you have failed to establish your parental
9	right to oppose the adoption, the court will order the termination of any and all
10	parental rights you may have and the child may be subject to adoption."
11	* * *
12	Art. 1170. Types of adoption
13	A. This Title sets forth the exclusive procedures for adoption of minor
14	children in Louisiana. There are three types of adoption of minor children in
15	Louisiana:
16	* * *
17	Art. 1200. Fee disclosure; permissible reimbursement of expenses; court review;
18	report
19	* * *
20	B. Only the following services provided by the Department of Children and
21	Family Services, or payments made through a licensed adoption agency, or an
22	adoption attorney, are permissible and not a violation of R.S. 14:286:
23	* * *
24	(7)
25	* * *
26	(a) Living expenses in accordance with this Subparagraph may be paid for
27	a reasonable time before the birth of her child and for no more than forty-five days
28	after the birth and may include the following:

1	(iii) Food for the mother and any minor children residing in her home.
2	* * *
3	Art. 1223. Fee disclosure; permissible reimbursement of expenses; court review;
4	report
5	* * *
6	B. Only the following services provided by the Department of Children and
7	Family Services, or payment payments made through a licensed adoption agency,
8	or an adoption attorney, are permissible and not a violation of R.S. 14:286:
9	* * *
10	(7)
11	* * *
12	(a) Living expenses in accordance with this Subparagraph may be paid for
13	a reasonable time before the birth of her child and for no more than forty-five days
14	after the birth and may include the following:
15	* * *
16	(iii) Food for the mother and any minor children residing in her home.
17	* * *
18	Art. 1264. Post-adoption visitation rights of grandparents
19	Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the natural parents of
20	a deceased parent whose child is thereafter adopted and the parents of a party who
21	has forfeited the right to object to the adoption of his the child pursuant to Article
22	1245 may have limited visitation rights to the minor adopted child so adopted.
23	* * *
24	Art. 1267. Burden of proof
25	The grandparents requesting limited visitation rights shall prove both of the
26	following:
27	* * *
28	(2) That such limited visitation rights would be in the best interests interest
29	of the <del>minor</del> child.

SLS 24RS-235 **ORIGINAL** SB NO. 39

2	Art. 1409. Rights guaranteed
3	* * *
4	T. The institution shall prohibit the mistreatment, neglect, or abuse of any
5	minor child in any way.
6	* * *
7	Art. 1428. Notice of admission
8	A. The director of the treatment facility shall notify the minor patient's
9	minor's nearest relative, if known, or designated responsible party, if any, in writing
10	of the minor's admission by emergency certificate as soon as reasonably possible.
11	B. Within seventy-two hours after an admission of any minor to a
12	treatment facility by emergency certificate, copies of the physician's and
13	coroner's emergency certificates shall be delivered by the facility by personal
14	delivery, email, or facsimile to the MHAS office located nearest to the treatment
15	facility.
16	* * *
17	Art. 1436. Hearing; notice
18	A. Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall assign a time, not later than
19	eighteen calendar days thereafter, shall assign and a place for a hearing upon the
20	petition; and shall cause reasonable notice thereof to be given delivered at least ten
21	days prior to the hearing to the minor, his the minor's attorney, and the petitioner,
22	and the Louisiana Department of Health, bureau of legal services.
23	B. The notice shall inform the minor respondent that he has a of the right to
24	be present at the hearing;; that he has a the right to counsel, that he, and, if indigent
25	or otherwise qualified, has the right to have counsel appointed to represent him by
26	from the MHAS; and that he has the right to call and cross examine cross-examine
27	witnesses testifying at any hearing on such application the petition.
28	* * *
29	Art. 1569. Temporary restraining order

1	A. Upon good cause shown in an ex parte proceeding, the court may enter a
2	temporary restraining order, without bond, as it the court deems necessary to protect
3	from abuse the petitioner, any children, or any person alleged to be an incompetent.
4	Immediate and present danger of abuse shall constitute good cause for purposes of
5	this Article. The order may include but is not limited to the following:
6	* * *
7	(4) Prohibiting either party from the transferring, encumbering, or otherwise
8	disposing of property mutually owned or leased by the parties, except when in the
9	ordinary course of business, or for the necessary support of the party or the minor
10	children.
11	* * *
12	(7) Granting to the petitioner the exclusive care, possession, or control of any
13	pets belonging to or under the care of the petitioner or minor children residing in the
14	residence or household of either party, and directing the defendant to refrain from
15	harassing, interfering with, abusing or injuring any pet, without legal justification,
16	known to be owned, possessed, leased, kept, or held by either party or a minor child
17	residing in the residence or household of either party.
18	* * *

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Hanna Gettys.

**DIGEST** 

SB 39 Original

2024 Regular Session

Mizell

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 412) provides for the confidentiality of records.

<u>Proposed law retains present law</u> and corrects a cross-reference.

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 421) provides for probation officers.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and makes technical corrections.

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 617) provides for the issuance of temporary restraining order.

Proposed law retains present law and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "children".

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 618) provides for the issuance of protective orders.

<u>Proposed law retains present law and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "children".</u>

Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions.

<u>Proposed law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 625.1) requires the court to advise children ten years of age or older of their rights, including the right to an attorney, to receive notice of all hearings, to have the opportunity to testify, and to reasonable accommodations for any disability.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 648) requires the court to advise parents of their rights and responsibilities.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and additionally requires the court to advise children of their rights and responsibilities.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 672) authorizes the court on its own motion, for good cause shown and if in the best interest of the child, to disapprove the placement of children as chosen by the Department of Children and Family Services.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains the concepts in <u>present law</u> and extends the right to a party to file a motion alleging that the placement is not in the best interest of the child.

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 683) provides for disposition in Child in Need of Care proceedings.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and provides that the court shall not commit a child in state custody to a mental institution without a contradictory hearing and notice to the Louisiana Department of Health.

<u>Proposed law</u> further requires the performance of a psychological or psychiatric evaluation in accordance with <u>present law</u> before committing a child to an institution for intellectual disabilities.

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 718) sets forth the purpose of guardianship.

<u>Proposed law</u> clarifies that the purpose of guardianship is to provide placement for a child when the court finds both that the adoption is not in the best interest of the child and that the child cannot be safely reunified with the parent within a reasonable time.

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 720) provides for the contents of a motion for guardianship.

<u>Proposed law</u> clarifies that the motion shall include a statement as to why adoption is not in the best interest of the child and why the child cannot be safely reunified with the parent within a reasonable time.

<u>Proposed law</u> further provides that a parent's statement as to why the child cannot be safely reunified with the parent within a reasonable time shall not be deemed an admission.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 776) provides for applicable laws when a child is in the custody of the state.

Proposed law retains present law and corrects a cross-reference.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 781) provides for disposition in Families in Need of Services proceedings.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and provides that the court shall not commit a child in state custody to a mental institution without a contradictory hearing and notice to the La. Department of Health.

<u>Proposed law</u> further requires the performance of a psychological or psychiatric evaluation in accordance with <u>present law</u> before committing a child to an institution for intellectual disabilities.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 895) provides for commitment to a mental institution in a delinquency proceeding.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and provides that the court shall not commit a child without a contradictory hearing and notice to the La. Department of Health unless the child has counsel.

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 1004) provides for a petition to terminate parental rights.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and corrects cross-references regarding the grounds for termination.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 1007) provides for the confidentiality of records of court proceedings.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and corrects cross-references regarding petitions for the termination of parental rights.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 1015.2) provides for the award of costs in a termination of parental rights proceeding.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and corrects a language error.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 1016) provides for the child's right to counsel in termination proceedings. <u>Present law</u> further provides that for termination proceedings brought as a result of a sex offense, the court has discretion in appointing counsel for the child.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the child has the right to counsel in all termination proceedings.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 1019) provides for the contents of a petition to terminate parental rights.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and corrects cross-references regarding the grounds for termination.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Arts. 1035 and 1036) provides for the burden of proof in a termination proceeding.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and corrects cross-references regarding the grounds for termination.

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 1036.2) provides for notice of proceedings to incarcerated parents.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and corrects a cross-reference to the grounds for termination.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 1037.1) provides for continuing contact with relatives after a termination of parental rights.

Proposed law retains present law and makes technical corrections.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 1107.8) provides for notice of filing an act of intent to surrender a child for adoption.

Proposed law retains present law and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "child".

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 1124) provides for family information when a child is surrendered for adoption.

Proposed law retains present law and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "child".

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 1125) provides for the statement of family history form when a child is surrendered for adoption.

Proposed law retains present law and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "child".

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 1132) provides for notice of the filing of surrender.

Proposed law retains present law and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "child".

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 1170) provides for the types of adoption.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "children".

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Arts. 1200 and 1223) requires the disclosure of fees and expenses in adoptions.

Proposed law retains present law and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "children".

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 1264) provides for post-adoption visitation rights of grandparents.

Proposed law retains present law and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "child".

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 1267) provides for the burden of proof for grandparents seeking limited visitation.

Proposed law retains present law and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "child".

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 1409) provides for rights granted to minor patients.

Proposed law retains present law and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "child".

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 1428) provides for notice of admission when a child enters a treatment facility by emergency certificate.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and further requires notice of the child's admittance to be provided within 72 hours to Mental Health Advocacy Services.

<u>Present law</u> (Ch.C. Art. 1436) provides for a hearing upon a petition for judicial commitment.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and further requires notice of the hearing to be delivered at least ten days prior to the hearing and additionally to the La. Department of Health.

Present law (Ch.C. Art. 1569) provides for the issuance of temporary restraining orders.

Proposed law retains present law and deletes the redundant term "minor" before "children".

Effective August 1, 2024.

(Amends Ch.C. Arts. 412(I), 421, 617(A)(intro para) and (4), 618(A)(intro para), (2), and (3), 648, 672(A)(2), 683(E) and (F), 718(A), 720(A), (B)(1) and (6), (C), and (D), 776(A), 781(D) and (E), 895, 1004(B), (D), and (F), 1007(B), 1015.2(B), 1016(A) and (B), 1019(C), 1035(B), 1036(C)(intro para), (D)(intro para), and (E), 1036.2(E), 1037.1(A), 1107.8(A), 1124(C), 1125(B), 1132(D), 1170(A)(intro para), 1200(B)(7)(a)(iii), 1223(B)(7)(a)(iii), 1264, 1267(2), 1409(T), 1428, 1436, and 1569(A)(intro para), (4), and (7); adds Ch.C. Art. 625.1)