The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Jonathon Wagner.

DIGEST 2024 Regular Session

Miller

<u>Present law</u> provides that a person on parole for an offense, other than a crime of violence or a designated sex offense, will earn compliance credit for good behavior while on parole at a rate of 30 days for each full calendar month on parole.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a person on parole for an offense of operating a vehicle while intoxicated, vehicular homicide, vehicular negligent injuring, or first degree vehicular negligent injuring will not earn compliance credit. <u>Proposed law</u> otherwise retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the court may terminate probation as "satisfactorily completed" at any time if a final determination is made that the defendant is in compliance with all other terms and conditions of his probation.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that a court will not terminate probation early if <u>proposed law</u> making certain offenses ineligible for earned compliance credits prohibits doing so.

<u>Present law</u> provides that in a felony case, the court may terminate probation early, or as unsatisfactory, and discharge the defendant at any time after the expiration of one year of probation in certain circumstances.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that the court, for a conviction of operating a vehicle while intoxicated, vehicular homicide, vehicular negligent injuring, or first degree vehicular negligent injuring, will not terminate probation early, or as unsatisfactory, and discharge the defendant.

Effective August 1, 2024.

SB 413 Engrossed

(Amends R.S. 15:574.6.1(A)(1), C.Cr.P. Art. 893(H)(4) and 897(A))