Louisiana Legislative	LEGISLATIVE FISCAL OFFICE Fiscal Note						
Office		Fiscal Note On:	HB	14	HLS	25RS	373
Fiscal Office Fiscal Notes		Bill Text Version:	ORIGI	NAL			
A State of the second sec		Opp. Chamb. Action:					
	Proposed Amd.:						
		Sub. Bill For.:					
Date: April 3, 2025	10:23 AM	Α	uthor: (сох			
Dept./Agy.: Corrections and S	Sheriffs						
Subject: Homicide Involvir	ons with Infirmities Ar	Analyst: Daniel Druilhet					
CRIME/HOMICIDE Provides relative to homicide w	then the victim is	OR SEE FISC NOTE GF EX				Page	1 of 1

<u>Current law</u> provides that first degree murder occurs when an offender has a specific intent to kill or inflict great bodily harm and is engaged in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of specific crimes; provides that second degree murder occurs when an offender kills a human being and is engaged in the perpetration or attempted perpetration of certain crimes, even without the intent to kill or inflict great bodily harm. <u>Proposed law</u> adds cruelty to persons with infirmities to the list of crimes which, when committed during a homicide, results in first or second degree murder.

EXPENDITURES	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29	2029-30	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	SEE BELOW					
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Annual Total						
REVENUES	2025-26	2026-27	2027-28	2028-29	2029-30	5 -YEAR TOTAL
State Gen. Fd.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Agy. Self-Gen.	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ded./Other	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Federal Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Local Funds	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Annual Total	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

EXPENDITURE EXPLANATION

<u>Proposed law</u> may result in an indeterminable increase in SGF expenditures in the Department of Public Safety and Corrections – Corrections Services (DPS&C – CS) if a person is convicted of first degree murder or second degree murder while engaged in the commission of cruelty to persons with infirmities. <u>Proposed law</u> has the effect of expanding the circumstances under which violations of <u>current law</u> can occur. The exact fiscal impact of the passage of this legislation to state and local governing authorities is indeterminable, since it is not known how many people will be convicted, nor the length of the sentences assessed as a result of its potential enactment.

For those convicted, sentenced, and then subsequently housed in a state facility, DPS&C-CS will sustain expenditures of \$107.60 per offender per day. For those convicted, sentenced, and then subsequently housed in a local facility, DPS&C-CS will sustain expenditures of \$26.39 per offender per day. DPS&C-CS advises that impacts on offender populations are anticipated to impact the number of offenders held in local facilities, and in managing its offender population, it seeks to fill all beds in state facilities first, then assigns overflow offenders to local facilities.

Note: The sentences imposed for first degree murder can include capital punishment or life imprisonment at hard labor without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of sentence, while the sentence for second degree murder is life imprisonment at hard labor without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of sentence.

For informational purposes, DPS&C reports an average of 20 admissions in the past three years with an average sentence length of 3.8 years for those convicted of cruelty to persons with infirmities.

REVENUE EXPLANATION

There is no anticipated direct material effect on governmental revenues as a result of this measure.

