HLS 25RS-258 REENGROSSED

2025 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 592

1

BY REPRESENTATIVE BEAULLIEU

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

AN ACT

ELECTION CODE: Makes revisions to the Louisiana Election Code

2 To amend and reenact R.S. 18:2(4), 18(D), 25(B), 104(C)(1)(introductory paragraph), 3 108(A) and (C), 110(B)(introductory paragraph), 111, 154(C)(2)(e), 192(A)(1) and 4 (2), 401.2(A) and (B)(introductory paragraph), (1), (2), and (3), 402(A)(1), (D), 5 (E)(1)(introductory paragraph), and (G)(1), 410.1 through 410.3, 410.4(B), 410.5(A), 6 410.6(B)(1) and (2), 410.7, 410.8, 410.9(A), 425.1, 426(A) and (B), 7 434(A)(introductory paragraph) and (1), 435(A)(4)(b) and (c) and (B)(1), 501(A)(1), 8 (B)(1), and (C), 531(B), 533(A)(2) and (B)(1), 534(A) and (B)(1) and (2)(a), 551(B), 9 (C)(1)(c)(i) and (2), and (D), 553(E)(2), 571(A)(8), 573(E)(1) and (4), 1259(B)(6) 10 and (C), 1279, 1280.21(B), 1285(B)(1)(a), 1286.1, 1299.1, 1300(C)(1), 11 1300.2(C)(2)(b), 1300.7(A), 1300.11, 1306(E)(1)(f), 1307(E), 1309(D)(1)(c) and (d) 12 and (2), (E)(1), (H), and (N)(2), (5), and (7), 1309.1(A), 1313(F), (H)(3), and (K)(1), 13 1313.1(F), (I)(2), and (L)(1), 1315(D)(1), 1333(D)(2) and (E), 1362.1(L), 1363(A)(3) 14 and (4), 1405(C), 1462(F), 1501.3(C)(introductory paragraph), Section 2 of Act No. 15 1 of the 2024 First Extraordinary Session of the Legislature, and Section 5 of Act 16 No. 640 of the 2024 Regular Session of the Legislature, to enact R.S. 18:2(20) and 17 (21), 401.1(H), Part IV of Chapter 6 of Title 18 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 18 1950, to be comprised of R.S. 18:1280.31, 1286(C), 1307(L), 1310(E) and (F), 19 1333(D)(3), 1409(K), and 1461.7(E), and to repeal R.S. 18:1280.21(C) and (D), 20 1280.21.1, 1371(A)(2)(c), and Section 2 of Act No. 640 of the 2024 Regular Session

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

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of the Legislature, relative to the revision of the system of laws providing for elections; to make revisions to the Louisiana Election Code; to provide for agreements for sharing voter registration information; to provide for the annual report of the State Board of Election Supervisors; to provide for affidavits and attestations; to provide for the reinstatement of voter registration; to provide for name changes; to provide for address data in connection with the annual canvass of registered voters; to provide for the effectiveness of a change in voter registration; to provide for duties of the clerk of court; to provide for perjury for false statements made in an attestation and criminal penalties therefore; to provide for polling places during a state of emergency; to provide for consolidation of polling places; to provide for election dates and the calculation of days related thereto; to provide for commissioner qualifications and selection; to provide for alternate political party super watchers; to provide for ballot arrangement; to provide for voting in the presidential preference primary election; to provide for testing of voting machines; to provide for replacement absentee by mail ballots; to provide for tabulation and counting of absentee by mail and early voting ballots; to provide for the validity of ballots deemed challenged; to provide for address confirmation for nursing home early voting program participants; to provide for the allocation of voting machines; to provide for the requirements of the secretary of state related to an objection to candidacy; to provide for actions contesting an election on a proposed constitutional amendment; to provide for the preparation of a question or proposition to be submitted to voters; to provide for the filling of vacancies in closed party primary offices; to provide for emergency elections; to provide for closed party primary ballot selection by an unaffiliated voter; to provide for procedural requirements as they relate to closed party primary elections; to provide for the effectiveness of Act No. 1 of the 2024 First Extraordinary Session of the Legislature and Act No. 640 of the 2024 Regular Session of the Legislature and specific provisions thereof; to provide for definitions; to correct terminology; and to provide for related matters.

1	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
2	Section 1. R.S. 18:2(4), 18(D), 25(B), 104(C)(1)(introductory paragraph), 108(A)
3	and (C), 111, 154(C)(2)(e), 192(A)(1) and (2), 401.2(A) and (B)(1), (2), and (3),
4	402(E)(1)(introductory paragraph), and (G)(1), 425.1, 426(A) and (B), 434(A)(introductory
5	paragraph) and (1), 435(A)(4)(b) and (c), 531(B), 533(A)(2) and (B)(1), 534(A) and (B)(1)
6	and (2)(a), 553(E)(2), 571(A)(8), 573(E)(1) and (4), 1259(B)(6) and (C), 1280.21(B),
7	1285(B)(1)(a), 1286.1, 1299.1, 1300(C)(1), 1300.2(C)(2)(b), 1300.7(A), 1300.11,
8	1306(E)(1)(f), 1309(D)(1)(c) and (d) and (2), (E)(1), (H), and (N)(2), 1309.1(A), 1313(F),
9	(H)(3), and (K)(1), 1313.1(F), (I)(2), and (L)(1), 1315(D)(1), 1333(D)(2) and (E),
10	1362.1(L), 1363(A)(3) and (4), 1405(C), 1462(F), and 1501.3(C)(introductory paragraph)
11	are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 18:2(20) and (21), Part IV of Chapter 6 of Title
12	18 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 18:1280.31, 1286(C),
13	1310(E), 1333(D)(3), 1409(K), and 1461.7(E) are hereby enacted to read as follows:
14	§2. Definitions
15	As used in this Code, the following words and terms shall have the meanings
16	hereinafter ascribed to each, unless the context clearly indicates another meaning:
17	* * *
18	(4) "Immediate family" means the individual's children, the spouses of his
19	children, his brothers and their spouses, his sisters and their spouses, his parents, his
20	spouse, and the parents of his spouse, his grandparents, and his grandchildren.
21	* * *
22	(20) "Affidavit" means an oath or affirmation signed by the affiant before
23	a notary public, or before a commissioner-in-charge, commissioner, registrar of
24	voters, deputy registrar of voters, early voting commissioner, or secretary of state
25	election staff, as specifically required in this Title.
26	(21) "Attestation" means an oath or affirmation signed by the person making
27	the oath or affirmation.
28	* * *

1	§18. Secretary of state; powers and duties
2	* * *
3	D. The secretary of state may enter into cooperative agreements with other
4	states or the Electronic Registration Information Center written agreements with
5	state and federal governmental agencies and private vendors that provide voter
6	registration eligibility or address data to share voter registration information or data
7	for purposes of determining whether a voter is registered in more than one state and
8	for the voter list maintenance of the state voter registration computer system. The
9	secretary of state shall include in any such cooperative agreement a provision for the
10	privacy of the information or data that complies fully with applicable state and
11	federal law.
12	* * *
13	§25. Annual reports
14	* * *
15	B. The board shall annually report to the House and Governmental Affairs
16	Committee of the House of Representatives and the Senate and Governmental
17	Affairs Committee of the Senate its findings, observations, and recommendations
18	concerning all aspects of elections in this state. The report shall be submitted no
19	later than January thirty-first each year forty-five days prior to the start of each
20	regular session of the legislature, and shall include but shall not be limited to the
21	following subjects: election laws in general, registration procedures, election
22	procedures, election officials, voting machines, tabulation and transmission of
23	election returns, procedures used for casting and counting absentee by mail and early
24	voting ballots, and any other aspect of elections the board deems appropriate.
25	* * *
26	§104. Application for registration; form
27	* * *
28	C.(1) The form shall inform the applicant of the penalty for violation of
29	applicable laws relating to registration of voters and shall contain an affidavit

1	attestation to be subscribed, through a handwritten signature, attesting to each of the
2	following:
3	* * *
4	§108. Prior registration; surrender of certificate or notice of registration before new
5	registration; change of place of registration
6	A. If the registrant's application indicates that the applicant previously
7	registered as a voter in any other parish, and if the previous voter registration
8	certificate or notice of registration is available, then before making a new registration
9	the registrar shall require the applicant to surrender his previous certificate or notice
10	for cancellation. The registrar shall promptly notify the registrar of the parish in
11	which the applicant has registered previously, through the statewide voter
12	registration system, of the present registration. The other registrar shall verify the
13	cancellation of the voter's registration in the other parish; however, the cancellation
14	shall not be made as long as the registrant has the right to vote in the parish of his
15	former residence as provided in R.S. 18:110(C).
16	* * *
17	C. For any voter whose registration has been canceled because the voter has
18	registered in another parish or in another state, if such voter makes application to
19	register in the parish in which he was previously registered to vote within three years
20	after the cancellation of his registration in that parish, and the registrar determines
21	that he is qualified to register to vote in that parish, the voter's information in the
22	statewide voter registration system from his previous registration shall be reinstated,
23	except that any necessary changes shall be made to such information, including but
24	not limited to the voter's new address, and he shall receive an updated certificate or
25	notice of registration.
26	* * *
27	§111. Change of name or signature; married persons
28	A. In order to remain a legal registrant, a person who changes his name by
29	virtue of a judgment of court shall produce in the presence of or, if required, file with

2 certified copy of the judgment, his Louisiana driver's license number, Louisiana 3 special identification card number, or social security number, or his affidavit 4 attestation setting forth the pertinent facts containing the change of name. 5 B. A married woman, at her option, person may be registered in her maiden 6 name, her present husband's name, using the surname of either or both spouses as a 7 surname, or in a hyphenated combination thereof. If divorced, widowed, or 8 remarried, she the applicant may be registered in her maiden name using his 9 surname, in the surname of her the deceased or former or present husband spouse, 10 or in a hyphenated combination thereof. A change of name allowed by this 11 Subsection shall be made by producing in the presence of the A person who changes 12 his name by virtue of marriage shall submit a voter registration application to the 13 registrar or other person authorized to accept voter registration applications her 14 affidavit stating that contains the applicant's social security number, valid Louisiana 15 driver's license number or Louisiana special identification card number, or attestation 16 setting forth the name under which she the applicant desires to be registered as 17 allowed by this Section. 18 C. If a registered voter, subsequent to his registration, is no longer capable 19 of signing his name without using a mark, he shall file an affidavit, meeting the 20 requirements of R.S. 18:200, attestation with the registrar of voters attesting to that 21 fact and stating the reason for such a change in signature. 22 23 §154. Records open to inspection; copying; exceptions 24 25 C. 26 27 (2) 28

the registrar or any person authorized to accept voter registration applications a

(e) The provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall not apply to voter registration information or data transmitted to a state or the Electronic Registration Information Center federal governmental agency or private vendor to provide voter registration eligibility or address data pursuant to a written agreement for purposes of determining whether a voter is registered to vote in more than one state and for the voter list maintenance of the state voter registration computer system.

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## §192. Annual canvass; costs

A.(1) No later than June thirtieth, the registrar of voters of each parish in conjunction with the Department of State shall annually canvass the names of the registrants in all precincts in the parish. Failure of the registrar to conduct an annual canvass as provided in this Subsection shall constitute willful misconduct relating to his official duty for the purposes of R.S. 18:53. The Department of State shall use the United States Postal Service or its licensee address data obtained pursuant to a written agreement from another state or federal governmental agency or private vendor that provides voter registration eligibility or address data to verify the names and addresses of the registrants in all precincts in the state. A verification by the United States Postal Service or its licensee of address data shall constitute a valid canvass of the registered voter.

(2) In conducting the verification, if the United States Postal Service or its licensee provides the obtained address data indicates a corrected address, the Department of State shall furnish the corrected address to the appropriate registrar of voters. Upon receiving a corrected address inside the parish, either the Department of State or the registrar of voters shall update the voter's address on the statewide registration system and mail a new voter information card to the voter using the corrected address provided and an address confirmation notice as provided in R.S. 18:193. If the new voter information card using the corrected address is returned to the registrar and the voter has failed to return the address confirmation

notice, the registrar shall consider the address not corrected. The registrar shall change his records to reflect the prior address on file for that voter. If the corrected address is outside of the parish, the registrar of voters shall not make the change on his records and shall send an address confirmation notice as provided in R.S. 18:193.

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## §401.2. Relocation of Change to polling places; state of emergency

A. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 18:425.1, 534, 535, 536, and 537, 1286, and 1286.1, if any polling place is determined by the clerk of court in conjunction with the secretary of state to be destroyed, inaccessible, or unsafe due to an emergency or common disaster occurring before or during a regularly scheduled or special election, the secretary of state may issue a certification of a state of emergency allowing the relocation, or other change, of any such polling place, including consolidation of polling places or providing for multiple polling places in a precinct, when such action would allow voting to continue without the necessity of the issuance of an executive order by the governor for a suspension or delay pursuant to R.S. 18:401.1(B). Upon issuance of such a certification, the clerk of court and the presiding officer of the parish governing authority shall relocate implement the necessary change for any such polling place. The If relocated, the polling place shall be relocated to the nearest feasible and accessible location as determined by the secretary of state, upon the recommendation of the clerk of court in conjunction with the presiding officer of the parish governing authority.

- B. When a polling place is relocated changed pursuant to Subsection A of this Section, the clerk of court in conjunction with the secretary of state shall give adequate notice of the change of the location to each voter registered to vote at that polling place and to each candidate to be voted on at that polling place, if practicable, in the following manner:
- (1) Each candidate shall be given immediate notice by telephone or by electronic means, and by certified mail where reasonable time exists, of the new location of any polling places that have been relocated.

2	new location of the polling place, if applicable and practicable.
3	(3) An employee of the parish governing authority shall be stationed at any
4	former polling place, if applicable and practicable, for the purpose of directing
5	potential voters to the new location of the polling place. Such employee shall be
6	required to take the constitutional oath or affirmation. The clerk of court shall
7	administer the oath.
8	* * *
9	§402. Dates of primary and general elections
10	* * *
11	E. Special elections to fill newly created office or vacancy in office. An
12	election to fill a newly created office or vacancy in an existing office, except the
13	office of representative in congress, shall be held on the dates fixed by the
14	appropriate authority in the proclamation ordering a special election as follows:
15	(1) A special primary election shall be held on the first of the following days
16	that is after the date on which the proclamation calling the special primary election
17	was issued, provided that the proclamation was issued at least four weeks prior to the
18	opening of the qualifying period for the special primary election. If this deadline
19	falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the deadline shall be the following
20	day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday:
21	* * *
22	G. Prohibited days. (1) No election of any kind shall be held in this state on
23	any of the days of Rosh Hashana, Yom Kippur, Sukkot, Shemini Atzeret, Simchat
24	Torah, the first two days and the last two days of Passover, Shavuot, Tish'a B'Av, the
25	two days preceding Labor Day, or the three days preceding Easter, or the three days
26	following Thanksgiving Day. If the date of any election falls on any of the
27	above-named days, the election shall be held on the same weekday day of the
28	preceding week.
29	* * *

(2) A sign shall be posted at any former polling place directing voters to the

§425.1. Consolidation of polling places; reduction of voting machines and election officials

A. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 18:424 and 425 or any other provision of law to the contrary, in an election, including the election of any public official, where more than one polling place is within the same location a single location serves as the polling place of more than one precinct, the parish board of election supervisors may consolidate the polling places in that location so that a single polling place may serve every precinct assigned to that location for that election and may reduce the number of voting machines to be used in the election below the number fixed by R.S. 18:1363 and, in such case, shall notify, in accordance with the time line provided in R.S. 18:1363(H), the parish custodian of voting machines and the secretary of state of the number of machines to be prepared and delivered for the polling places so consolidated to the location of the consolidated polling place.

B. When the parish board of election supervisors consolidates polling places as authorized by Subsection A of this Section, it shall appoint a commissioner-in-charge to serve at each such all precincts assigned to the consolidated polling place and may reduce to not less than two the number of commissioners and alternate commissioners to be appointed to serve at each such polling place the location of the consolidated polling place.

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§426. Alternate commissioners; qualifications, powers, and duties; oath and compensation

A. Qualifications. (1) A qualified voter who is not entitled to assistance in voting and is not a candidate in the election may be selected as an alternate commissioner in any precinct of the ward where he is registered to vote, except pursuant to R.S. 18:434(D) in which case he may be selected as a commissioner in any precinct of the parish where he is registered to vote or as otherwise provided in R.S. 18:425(A)(4).

1	(2)(a) No person shall be selected as a commissioner in a precinct in which
2	a member of his immediate family is a candidate for election to public office.
3	(b) No person who has been convicted of an election offense enumerated in
4	Chapter 10 of this Title shall be selected as an alternate commissioner.
5	(c) No person who is required to register as a sex offender or child predator
6	pursuant to R.S. 15:542 may be selected as an alternate commissioner.
7	(3) A person shall not be selected as an alternate commissioner unless he has
8	attended a course of instruction for commissioners, has received a certificate of
9	instruction during the term of office of the clerk who conducted the course, and has
10	provided his correct party affiliation to the clerk.
11	(4) A person who is at least seventeen years of age, under the age of
12	eighteen, and is not a qualified voter but is otherwise qualified to serve as an
13	alternate commissioner pursuant to this Subsection may be selected to serve as an
14	alternate commissioner in any precinct of the ward where he may register to vote
15	pursuant to R.S. 18:101(A), provided that the person is enrolled in the twelfth grade
16	of any Louisiana public high school or state-approved nonpublic high school or is
17	participating at the twelfth grade level in a home study program approved by the
18	State Board of Elementary and Secondary Education. An alternate commissioner
19	shall meet the same qualifications of a commissioner as provided in R.S. 18:425(B).
20	B. Powers and duties. An alternate commissioner who replaces an absent
21	or unqualified commissioner shall have the same powers and duties and shall possess
22	the same qualifications as a commissioner. An alternate commissioner who does not
23	replace a commissioner shall have the same powers and duties as a watcher.
24	* * *
25	§434. Commissioners and alternate commissioners; selection; commission;
26	disqualification; replacement
27	A. Time and place of Meeting to conduct selection. (1) The parish board
28	of election supervisors shall meet at 10:00 a.m. on the twenty-ninth day before a
29	primary election on the second day after the close of the registration records

$\underline{provided\ in\ R.S.\ 18:135(A)}\ to\ select\ the\ commissioners\ and\ alternate\ commissioners$
for each precinct. However, if the deadline for the close of the registration records
provided in R.S. 18:135(A)(1) is moved due to a legal holiday, the meeting to select
commissioners and alternate commissioners for each precinct shall be moved to the
day after the close of the registration records. If the second day after the close of the
registration records falls on a legal holiday, the board shall select commissioners and
alternate commissioners on the first day after such holiday that is not a Saturday,
Sunday, or other legal holiday. The meeting shall be open to the public. The board
shall have previously posted a notice on the front courthouse door designating the
location within the courthouse where the meeting is to be held.
* * *
§435. Watchers; appointment and commission
A.
* * *
(4)
* * *
(b)(i) In a parish with fewer than fifty thousand registered voters, the parish
executive committee of the recognized political party may designate one political
party super watcher and one alternate political party super watcher.
(ii) In a parish with fifty thousand or more but fewer than one hundred
thousand registered voters, the parish executive committee of the recognized political
party may designate two political party super watchers and two alternate political
party super watchers.
(iii) In a parish with one hundred thousand or more but fewer than one
hundred fifty thousand registered voters, the parish executive committee of the
recognized political party may designate three political party super watchers and
three alternate political party super watchers.
(iv) In a parish with one hundred fifty thousand or more but fewer than two
hundred thousand registered voters, the parish executive committee of the recognized

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1 political party may designate four political party super watchers and four alternate 2 political party super watchers. 3 (v) In a parish with two hundred thousand or more registered voters, the 4 parish executive committee of the recognized political party may designate five 5 political party super watchers and five alternate political party super watchers. 6 (c) Each political party super watcher shall have the qualifications, powers, and duties of watchers provided for by R.S. 18:427 and shall be admitted as a 7 8 watcher in every precinct in the designated parish where a candidate affiliated with 9 his political party is on the ballot, except that not more than one political party super 10 watcher may serve at a single precinct at the same time. Both a political party super 11 watcher and an alternate political party super watcher may serve on election day,

> and alternate political party super watchers may serve at one time than the number of political party super watchers allowed in Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph.

> except that the political party super watcher and alternate political party super

watcher may not serve at the same time and no more political party super watchers

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§531. Places for voting in primary and general elections

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B. Notwithstanding the provisions of any law to the contrary, whenever the polling place to which a voter is assigned is inaccessible to him by reason of a physical disability, the voter may cast his vote at the polling place nearest the precinct at which he is registered which is accessible to the voter, provided such polling place is within the same congressional, senatorial, representative, school board, police jury, councilmanic and all other districts as the precinct at which he is registered. To be permitted to cast his vote at another precinct polling place, the voter, not less than ten days before the election, shall produce satisfactory evidence of his disability to the registrar of voters in the parish in which he is registered. If, in the opinion of the registrar, the voter, due to the physical disability, is unable to cast his vote at the polling place for the precinct in which he is registered, the

registrar shall issue to the voter special authorization to cast his vote at another specifically named precinct <u>polling place</u> as provided in this Section and shall transfer the registration certificate of such voter to that precinct. The authorization so issued shall be shown by the voter to the commissioners at the polling place. The right of a voter to cast his vote in a precinct within the ward and district other than the one in which he is registered shall remain effective for subsequent elections until the voter no longer is in need of the right to vote in another precinct. The voter shall notify the registrar of voters immediately if for any reason such need no longer exists.

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§533. Establishment and location of polling places; responsibility for acts or omissions

A. Establishment.

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(2) The parish governing authority shall, to the extent possible, locate <u>the</u> <u>polling place of multiple precincts in a the same polling location, if it determines after due consideration that to locate <u>multiple polling places the polling places of multiple precincts</u> within the same polling location would be efficient, cost-effective, and convenient to voters.</u>

B. Location. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this Subsection, the polling place for a precinct shall be located in the precinct in a suitable public building and all public bodies are hereby required to allow the use of public buildings as voting precincts polling places without cost or charge when the parish governing authority requires it. If no public building is available, then a precinct polling place may be located on private property. The parish governing authority shall inform the secretary of state as to whether the parish polling places are located in public buildings or on private property.

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1	§534. Change of polling places
2	A. Once the location of a polling place is established, it may only be changed
3	by a vote of the parish governing authority.
4	B.(1) The location of a polling place shall not be changed during the period
5	commencing on the date the qualifying period opens and ending on the date of the
6	general election or, in the case of an election date exclusively for bond, tax, or other
7	propositions or questions, during the period commencing on the forty-sixth day prior
8	to the election and ending on the day of the election unless the polling place location
9	becomes unavailable due to an emergency caused by an act of God or when privately
10	owned property being used as a polling place becomes unavailable through no fault
11	of the governing authority.
12	(2)(a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection A of this Section, if the
13	locations of a polling place becomes unavailable during the period defined in and
14	due to the reasons provided in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, the parish president
15	may change the location of the polling place. The parish president shall submit
16	written notice of the change as soon as practicable to the secretary of state.
17	* * *
18	§553. Inspection and preparation of voting machines at polling places; precinct
19	registers and supplemental list
20	* * *
21	E. Maintenance of precinct registers on election day.
22	* * *
23	(2) For each name appearing on the list, the commissioners shall write
24	"voted by mail absentee" in the place where the voter usually signs the precinct
25	register and initial the precinct register adjacent thereto.
26	* * *

2	A. At the termination of voting in a primary or general election, the
3	commissioners shall announce that voting is terminated. The commissioners in the
4	presence of the watchers shall immediately:
5	* * *
6	(8) Place one copy of the official election results reports, one copy of the
7	machine certificates, one of the duplicate poll lists, all original executed challenges
8	of voters, all precinct register corrections, all voter identification affidavits, all
9	physical disability affidavits voter assistance forms, any physicians' certificates, any
10	copies of disability documentation, a copy of each completed notation of
11	irregularities form, and any address confirmation notices in the envelope marked
12	"Registrar of Voters", seal it and attach it to the precinct register after the termination
13	of voting, and place a new protective seal on the precinct register.
14	* * *
15	§573. Evidence of election results
16	* * *
17	E. Transmission and disposition of original challenges, duplicate voters
18	affidavits, and address confirmation notices. (1) At the opening of the voting
19	machines, the sealed precinct registers shall be immediately returned to the registrar
20	of voters. Upon receipt of the sealed precinct registers, the registrar shall remove
21	any attached original record of challenges of voters made during the election, any
22	precinct register correction affidavits, any voter identification affidavits made
23	pursuant to R.S. 18:562, any address confirmation notices, any physical disability
24	affidavits voter assistance forms, any certificates, any copies of disability
25	documentation, and any completed voter registration applications.
26	* * *
27	(4) The registrar shall scan the address confirmation notice, voter
28	identification affidavit, disability documentation voter assistance form, or voter

§571. Procedures for commissioners after termination of voting

1	registration application and add it to the voter's record in the state voter registration
2	computer system after processing.
3	* * *
4	§1259. Arrangement of ballot; designation of party candidates
5	* * *
6	В.
7	* * *
8	(6) In preparing the ballots, the secretary of state shall arrange the names of
9	the candidates of recognized political parties alphabetically, according to the names
10	of the parties, followed by the names of the candidates nominated by nominating
11	petitions and by the filing of notices of candidacy, listed alphabetically by $\underline{\text{the first}}$
12	word of the political principle designated in the notice of candidacy designation of
13	political principle.
14	C. No candidate nominated other than by a recognized political party shall
15	use the name of any recognized political party in the political or party designation
16	political principle designated in the notice of candidacy of such candidate.
17	* * *
18	§1280.21. Presidential preference primary election
19	* * *
20	B. Each elector voting in such election may vote only for a candidate who
21	is affiliated with the same party as the elector, except that the state central committee
22	of a recognized political party may allow in its bylaws, electors who are not affiliated
23	with any political party to cast a vote on the ballot of such recognized political party.
24	* * *
25	PART IV. GENERAL PROVISIONS
26	§1280.31. Definitions
27	As used in this Chapter, "recognized political party" means a political party
28	recognized in this state pursuant to R.S. 18:441.
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§1285. Notice of election

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B.(1)(a) Written notice of the election and the certificate required by Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph shall be transmitted to the secretary of state and each clerk of court and registrar of voters in the area affected by the election. If the election is to be held on a primary election date, then such notice and certificate shall be received by the secretary of state at least four weeks prior to the opening of the qualifying period for the primary election. If this deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the deadline shall be the following day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. If the election is not to be held on a primary election date, then the notice and certificate shall be received by the secretary of state on or before the fifty-fourth day prior to the election. The secretary of state shall not accept any revisions to propositions, including but not limited to changes in title, text, or numerical designations, after the last day for submission of the notice and certificate to the secretary of state, unless prior to the printing of the ballots the revision will correct a typographical error and the revision has been approved by the governing authority that called the proposition election.

18 \* \* \*

§1286. Polling places; election officers

20 \* \* \*

C. When the number of commissioners for each precinct in an election called on a general election date under the provisions of this Chapter is less than the number of commissioners chosen for the primary election date, the appropriate number of commissioners shall be chosen from the list of commissioners who worked at the precinct for the primary election.

26 \* \* \*

§1286.1. Authority to consolidate polling places; reduction of number of voting machines and election officials

A. Notwithstanding any provision of R.S. 18:1286(A), when an election called under the provisions of this Chapter is not held at the same time as the election

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of any public official, in cases where more than one polling place is within the same location a single location serves as the polling place of more than one precinct the parish board of election supervisors may consolidate the polling places in that location so that a single polling place may serve each precinct assigned to that location for that election and may reduce the number of voting machines to be used in the election below the number fixed by R.S. 18:1363 and, in such case, shall notify, in accordance with the time line provided in R.S. 18:1363(H), the parish custodian of voting machines and the secretary of state of the number of machines to be prepared and delivered for the polling places so consolidated to the location of the consolidated polling place.

B. Whenever When the parish board of election supervisors consolidates polling places as authorized by Subsection A of this Section, it shall appoint a commissioner-in-charge to serve at each such all precincts assigned to the consolidated polling place and may reduce to not less than two the number of commissioners and alternate commissioners to be appointed to serve at each such polling place the location of the consolidated polling place.

\* \* \*

§1299.1. Question or proposition to be voted on; length

A. The preparation of a question or proposition to be submitted to the voters at an election shall be the responsibility of the governing authority or other entity calling the election or submitting the question or proposition. The proposition shall be comprised of simple, unbiased, concise, and easily understood language and be in the form of a question. The proposition shall not exceed two hundred words in length and shall not include words that are struck through, underscored, or in boldface type. The governing authority or other entity shall be responsible for ensuring that the proposition is comprised of simple, unbiased, concise, and easily understood language.

B. The secretary of state shall be responsible for ensuring that the proposition complies with the requirements of this Section does not exceed two

1	hundred words in length, does not include words that are struck through,
2	underscored, or in boldface type, and is in the form of a question.
3	§1300. Procedures; notice of election; expenses
4	* * *
5	C.(1) When an election is called under the provisions of this Chapter, written
6	notice of the election shall be transmitted to the secretary of state, the commissioner
7	of elections, and each clerk of court and registrar of voters in the area affected by the
8	election. If the election is to be held on a primary election date, then such notice
9	shall be received by the secretary of state at least four weeks prior to the opening of
10	the qualifying period for the primary election. If the election is not to be held on a
11	primary election date, then such notice shall be received by the secretary of state on
12	or before the fifty-fourth day prior to the election. <u>If any of these deadlines fall on</u>
13	a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the deadline shall be the following day
14	which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.
15	* * *
16	§1300.2. Petition for recall election; campaign finance disclosure
17	* * *
18	C.
19	* * *
20	(2)
21	* * *
22	(b) With the recall petition, the chairman shall also submit to the registrar of
23	voters an affidavit verifying the number of signatures submitted along with an
24	attestation a statement that to the best of his knowledge all documents submitted are
25	originals and not photocopies.
26	* * *
27	§1300.7. Governor to order election; proclamation; publication
28	A. If the required number of qualified electors of the voting area sign the
29	petition for recall, the governor shall issue a proclamation ordering an election to be

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held for the purpose of voting on the question of the recall of the officer. The total number of registered voters in the voting area and the total number of registered voters in the voting area signing the petition shall be calculated from the totals on the certificates of all of the registrars of voters received by the governor. The governor shall issue such proclamation within fifteen days after he receives the certified petitions from all of the registrars of voters in the voting area who have received petitions for certification. If the final day for the governor to issue the proclamation falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the next day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday shall be deemed to be the final day for issuing the proclamation. The proclamation shall order the election to be held on the next available date specified in R.S. 18:402(F). If the election is to be held on a primary election date, the proclamation shall be issued at least four weeks prior to the opening of the qualifying period for the primary election. If the election is not to be held on a primary election date, the proclamation shall be issued on or before the fifty-fourth day prior to the election. <u>If any of these deadlines fall on a Saturday</u>, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the deadline shall be the following day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

\* \* \*

## §1300.11. Preparation of ballots; marking of ballots

The ballots at recall elections shall be provided and supplied in the same manner as the ballots for general elections, and in accordance with general election laws, except as provided in this Chapter. The top of the ballot shall provide in large capital letters for the election shall appear as follows:

"SPECIAL ELECTION FOR THE RECALL OF (Here state name and, title, and election district of the officer whose recall is at issue.)"

Then shall follow the number and name of the election district and the location of the polling place. Then shall follow the dates of the election. Then shall follow, in separate lines on the ballot, the following:

"FOR the Recall. (\_)

1	AGAINST the Recall. (_)"
2	After the words "FOR the Recall", shall be a blank square, and after the words
3	"AGAINST the Recall", shall be a blank square. The ballot shall provide
4	instructions for voting.
5	* * *
6	§1306. Preparation and distribution of absentee by mail and early voting ballots
7	* * *
8	E.(1) The secretary of state shall prepare an absentee by mail certificate, the
9	content of which is subject to approval of the attorney general. The certificate shall
10	include but not necessarily be limited to:
11	* * *
12	(f) An affidavit attestation followed by a line for the handwritten signature
13	or mark of the voter, certifying that the statements made by him are true and correct
14	and that the voter is aware of the penalties for knowingly making a false statement
15	therein, which penalties shall be stated on the certificate.
16	* * *
17	§1309. Early voting; verification
18	* * *
19	D.(1)
20	* * *
21	(c) If satisfied that the voter has identified himself as the voter registered in
22	the state voter registration computer system or named on the precinct register and
23	that he is qualified to vote, the registrar or his deputy shall initial the precinct register
24	or early voting list register kept by the registrar opposite the voter's signature or
25	mark. The voter then shall be allowed to vote.
26	(d) A voter who votes without the picture identification required by
27	Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph is subject to challenge as provided in R.S.
28	18:1315.
29	(2) If the voter's name is found in the state voter registration computer

1	system or precinct register on the inactive list of voters, the voter shall be required
2	to complete an address confirmation card to determine his eligibility to vote.
3	E.(1) The voter's identity having been established as provided in Subsection
4	D of this Section, the voter shall sign or make his mark prior to voting in the precinct
5	register or early voting register.
6	* * *
7	H. Prior to delivery of the precinct register to the parish custodian, the
8	registrar shall ensure that the precinct register reflects for each voter whether the
9	voter voted during early voting or voted timely absentee by mail using the words
10	"voted by mail absentee" and, if the register was not used during early voting, "voted
11	early" in the signature line for the voter in the precinct register.
12	* * *
13	N.
14	* * *
15	(2) A qualified voter of the state who is not a candidate in the election may
16	serve as an early voting watcher; however, no person who is required to register as
17	a sex offender or child predator pursuant to R.S. 15:542 may serve as a watcher.
18	* * *
19	§1309.1. Preparation of machines for early voting; examination by candidate or his
20	representative; sealing machines
21	A. At the time of qualifying, the parish custodian shall notify each candidate
22	to contact the registrar of voters for the time and place at which the voting machines
23	will be prepared for early voting. The registrar of voters shall post at his office
24	adequate notice of the date, time, and place at which the voting machines will be
25	prepared for early voting and shall post the same information on his office's website,
26	if possible. The candidate or his representative may be present to observe the
27	preparation and testing of the machines by the registrar of voters with the assistance
28	of the secretary of state's technicians and to observe the testing and sealing of the
29	machines by the registrar of voters in the presence of the parish board of election

1	supervisors. Each candidate or his representative shall be afforded a reasonable
2	opportunity to view the test vote tape for each machine to see that they are in the
3	proper condition for use in the election, which opportunity shall not be less than
4	thirty minutes beginning at the time designated by the registrar of voters to begin
5	preparation of the machines for sealing. However, no candidate, representative, or
6	citizen shall interfere with the registrar of voters, secretary of state's technicians,
7	parish board of election supervisors, or any employee or technician or assume any
8	of their duties.
9	* * *
10	§1310. Execution of certificate; marking of ballot; casting vote; assistance
11	* * *
12	E. If a voter is notified by the registrar of voters in his parish of a deficiency
13	on his absentee by mail ballot certificate that must be cured, he may obtain a
14	replacement ballot from the registrar. The registrar may make the ballot available
15	via hand delivery to the voter or an immediate family member of the voter.
16	* * *
17	§1313. Tabulation and counting of absentee by mail and early voting ballots
18	* * *
19	F. The board shall count the absentee by mail and early voting ballots and
20	announce post the results after the closing of the polls as the total number of absentee
21	by mail and early voting votes cast in the election for each candidate and the total
22	number cast for and against each proposition.
23	* * *
24	H. The procedure for counting early voting machine ballots and paper ballots
25	voted during early voting shall be as follows:
26	* * *
27	(3) The board shall announce post the results from each early voting machine
28	results report for the early voting ballots, unless an early voting ballot has been
29	challenged pursuant to R.S. 18:1309(E)(6) or R.S. 18:1315.
30	* * *

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K.(1) Upon completion of the tabulation and counting of the absentee by
mail and early voting ballots, the parish board of election supervisors shall return the
absentee by mail and early voting ballots and electronic results report to the special,
secure absentee by mail and early voting ballot container; shall seal the container;
and shall deliver the container to the registrar of voters. The registrar shall preserve
the container and its contents inviolate and, except upon order of a court of
competent jurisdiction or at the direction of the secretary of state for the purpose of
conducting post-election tabulation audits, shall not allow the absentee by mail and
early voting documents to be inspected by anyone until the delay for filing an action
contesting the election has lapsed. If an action contesting the election is commenced
timely, the registrar shall continue to preserve the container and its contents
inviolate, subject to the orders of the court, until the final judgment in the action has
become definitive.
* * *
§1313.1. Preparation, verification, tabulation, and counting of absentee by mail and
early voting ballots
* * *
F. The board shall count the absentee by mail and early voting ballots and
announce post the results after the closing of the polls on election day as the total
number of absentee by mail and early voting votes cast in the election for each
candidate and the total number cast for and against each proposition.
* * *
I. The procedure for counting early voting machine ballots on election day
shall be as follows:
* * *
(2) The board shall announce post the results from each early voting machine
results report for the early voting ballots, unless an early voting ballot has been
challenged pursuant to R.S. 18:1309(E)(6) or R.S. 18:1315.

1	L.(1) Upon completion of the tabulation and counting of the absentee by
2	mail and early voting ballots on election day, the parish board of election supervisors
3	shall return the absentee by mail and early voting ballots and electronic results report
4	to the special, secure absentee by mail and early voting ballot container; shall seal
5	the container; and shall deliver the container to the registrar of voters. The registrar
6	shall preserve the container and its contents inviolate and, except upon order of a
7	court of competent jurisdiction or at the direction of the secretary of state for the
8	purpose of conducting post-election tabulation audits, shall not allow the absentee
9	by mail and early voting documents to be inspected by anyone until the delay for
10	filing an action contesting the election has lapsed. If an action contesting the
11	election is commenced timely, the registrar shall continue to preserve the container
12	and its contents inviolate, subject to the orders of the court, until the final judgment
13	in the action has become definitive.
14	* * *
15	§1315. Challenge of absentee by mail or early voting ballot
16	* * *
17	D.(1) During the counting of absentee by mail and early voting ballots, at
18	least a majority of the members of the board shall hear and determine the validity of
19	any ballot challenged in accordance with the provisions of pursuant to Subsection A
20	or B of this Section or deemed challenged pursuant to Subsection C of this Section.
21	* * *
22	§1333. Nursing home early voting program; voting by persons residing in a nursing
23	home
24	* * *
25	D.
26	* * *
27	(2) An application to vote in the nursing home early voting program that
28	satisfies the requirements of this Section shall remain valid indefinitely unless the

voter submits a written request to the registrar to be removed from the program, the

2	as undeliverable, or the voter no longer resides in the nursing home listed in his
3	application. However, if the voter has become a resident of a different nursing home
4	in the parish and has notified the registrar of voters in writing of the change of
5	nursing home address, his application shall remain valid.
6	(3) If the letter provided for in Subsection E of this Section is returned to the
7	registrar of voters as undeliverable, the registrar shall mail an address confirmation
8	notice to the voter as provided in R.S. 18:198(A).
9	E. The registrar shall notify the applicant by letter, at the return nursing
10	home address shown on the request, the day on which a deputy registrar or other
11	qualified person selected by the registrar will be present at the nursing home to
12	permit the applicant to cast his ballot. The registrar shall assign a number to the
13	applicant which shall be stamped or entered in ink on the upper right side of the letter
14	and also shall be entered shall appear in clearly distinguishable figures on the letter
15	and on the absentee by mail ballot envelope that will contain the absentee by mail
16	ballot to be delivered to that applicant on the day designated in the letter. If the letter
17	is mailed by the registrar prior to his receipt of the absentee by mail ballots for the
18	election, the registrar shall enter the name of the applicant; his address, ward, and
19	precinct; and the number assigned to the applicant on a list that the registrar shall
20	keep for the purpose and, upon receipt of the absentee by mail ballots for the
21	election, the registrar shall enter the number on the absentee by mail ballot envelope
22	as provided in this Subsection.
23	* * *
24	§1362.1. Voting System Commission; creation and organization; duties and
25	responsibilities
26	* * *
27	L. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the secretary of
28	state shall award no contract for voting systems unless the awarded proposer has
29	provided a sworn affidavit attesting stating that the proposer is not subject to

<u>letter provided for in Subsection E of this Section is returned to the registrar or voters</u>

1	significant ownership or control by a foreign power, and that the proposer is aware
2	that a false attestation statement will be subject to the provisions of R.S. 39:1678 and
3	1679. For purposes of this Subsection, "significant ownership or control by a foreign
4	power" means ownership, equity, or control which equals or exceeds twenty-five
5	percent of the total outstanding ownership, equity, or control of the proposer, and
6	which is exercised directly or indirectly by, or for the express benefit of, the
7	government of a foreign nation, state, or principality, or any instrumentality or
8	subsidiary thereof. The sworn affidavit required pursuant to this Subsection, and all
9	related information, shall be a public record.
10	* * *
11	§1363. Number of machines; allocation to precincts; exception; reserve machines
12	A. In determining the number of voting machines to be purchased and
13	allocated for each voting precinct in each parish or municipality, the minimum
14	number to be allocated shall be as follows:
15	* * *
16	(3) Three machines for each precinct where more than one thousand voters
17	but not more than fourteen eighteen hundred voters were registered to vote thirty
18	days prior to the election.
19	(4) Four machines for each precinct where more than fourteen eighteen
20	hundred voters were registered to vote thirty days prior to the election.
21	* * *
22	§1405. Time for commencement of action
23	* * *
24	C. An action contesting an election on a proposed constitutional amendment
25	shall be instituted no earlier than the day after the election and not later than
26	4:30 p.m. of the tenth day after promulgation of the results of the election by the
27	secretary of state.
28	* * *
29	§1409. Trial; decision; appeal
30	* * *

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1	K.(1) Neither the secretary of state nor any employee engaged in the
2	administration of or charged with the custody of any records or files of the
3	Department of State shall be subject to subpoena or otherwise required to appear in
4	court for an objection to candidacy filed pursuant to this Chapter.
5	(2) In lieu of live testimony for any action filed pursuant to this Chapter, a
6	properly executed affidavit issued by the secretary of state or his designee shall serve
7	as sufficient confirmation as to the accuracy of the records and files of the
8	Department of State for such purposes.
9	* * *
10	§1461.7. Miscellaneous election offenses; penalties
11	* * *
12	E. Any person who intentionally makes a false written statement in an
13	attestation required by this Title shall, upon conviction, be guilty of the crime of
14	perjury and subject to the penalty set forth in R.S. 14:123.
15	* * *
16	§1462. Acts prohibited during early voting or on election day; electioneering;
17	intimidation; exceptions; enforcement; penalties
18	* * *
19	F. The duly constituted law enforcement officers of the political subdivision
20	in which any such election is being held shall enforce the provisions of this Section
21	when requested to do so by a clerk of court, registrar, deputy registrar,
22	commissioner-in-charge or commissioner. The clerk of court, registrar, deputy
23	registrars, commissioners-in-charge and commissioners likewise shall enforce the
24	provisions of this Section at the polling places. The law enforcement officers, <u>clerk</u>
25	of court, commissioners-in-charge, commissioners, deputy registrars, and registrar
26	are authorized to seize, remove, and destroy any political cards, signs, pictures, or
27	literature being used or displayed in violation of any of the provisions hereof of this
28	Section.
29	* * *

1	§1501.3. Gubernatorial transition and inauguration; contribution limits; reports
2	* * *
3	C. On or before the sixtieth day after the gubernatorial inauguration and by
4	February fifteenth annually thereafter until all contributions have been expended or
5	used, the governor shall file an all-inclusive report with the supervisory committee.
6	Each report shall be complete through January thirty-first. Each report which shall
7	state:
8	* * *
9	Section 2. R.S. 18:192(A)(1), 402(A)(1), (D) and (E)(1), 410.1 through 410.3,
10	410.4(B), 410.5(A), 410.6(B)(1) and (2), 410.7, 410.8, 410.9(A), 435(B)(1), 501(A)(1),
11	(B)(1), and (C), 551(B), (C)(1)(c)(i) and (2), and (D), 1279, 1285(B)(1)(a), 1307(E), and
12	1309(N)(5) and (7) are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 18:401.1(H), 1307(L), and
13	1310(F) are hereby enacted to read as follows:
14	§192. Annual canvass; costs
15	A.(1) No later than July thirty-first, the registrar of voters of each parish in
16	conjunction with the Department of State shall annually canvass the names of the
17	registrants in all precincts in the parish. Failure of the registrar to conduct an annual
18	canvass as provided in this Subsection shall constitute willful misconduct relating
19	to his official duty for the purposes of R.S. 18:53. The Department of State shall use
20	the United States Postal Service or its licensee address data obtained pursuant to a
21	written agreement from another state or federal governmental agency or private
22	vendor that provides voter registration eligibility or address data to verify the names
23	and addresses of the registrants in all precincts in the state. A verification by the
24	United States Postal Service or its licensee of address data shall constitute a valid
25	canvass of the registered voter.
26	* * *
27	§401.1. Election emergency; purpose; elections emergency contingency plan
28	* * *
29	H. For purposes of this Section, a vacancy in a party primary office that may
30	not be filled by appointment, designation, or in accordance with the timeframes

CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

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required by law shall constitute an emergency. If the vacancy may not be filled in a timely manner in accordance with the election dates provided for in R.S. 18:402, the governor may proclaim a state of emergency for purposes of calling a special election to fill the vacancy. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 18:401.3, following the issuance of the emergency proclamation, the authority required by law to call a special election to fill the vacancy in office shall, in consultation with and with the certification of the secretary of state, issue a proclamation ordering a special election. The proclamation ordering the special election shall include the dates for qualifying, early voting, the primary election, the general election, and at least one party primary election and make all provisions necessary to conduct an election in a timely manner notwithstanding the dates, timing, and delays otherwise provided by this Code.

\* \* \*

§402. Dates of primary and general elections; prohibited election days

A. Prohibited election days. (1) No election of any kind shall be held in this state on any of the days of Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur, Sukkot, Shemini Atzeret, Simchat Torah, the first two days and the last two days of Passover, Shavuot, Tish'a B'Av, the two days preceding Labor Day, or the three days preceding Easter, or the three days following Thanksgiving Day. If the date of any fall election falls on any of the above-named days, the election shall be held on the same weekday of the preceding week. If the date of any spring election falls on any of the above-named days, the election shall be held on the same weekday day of the following week.

23 \* \* \*

- D. Odd-numbered year election dates in a nongubernatorial election year.
- (1) Spring elections. (a) There shall be a spring primary election held on the third Saturday in April for municipal and ward officers elected in the spring of a nongubernatorial election year. This date shall also serve as the first party primary election for a special election called to fill a vacancy in a party primary office.
  - (b) There shall be a spring election held on the sixth Saturday after the third

1	Saturday in April which shall be a general election for municipal and ward officers
2	elected in the spring of a nongubernatorial election year. This date shall also serve
3	as the second party primary election, if necessary, for a special election called to fill
4	a vacancy in a party primary office.
5	(2) Fall elections. (a) There shall be a fall primary election held on the
6	second Saturday in October for parochial and municipal officers in a parish
7	containing a municipality with a population of three hundred thousand or more. This
8	date shall serve as the general election for a special election called to fill a vacancy
9	in a party primary office.
10	(b) There shall be a fall general election held on the sixth Saturday after the
11	second Saturday in October of an election year.
12	E.(1) Special elections to fill newly created offices or vacancies in office
13	shall be held on dates fixed by the appropriate authority in the proclamation issued
14	in accordance with law. For an election to fill a vacancy, the dates fixed in the
15	proclamation shall be limited to the dates for primary elections and general elections
16	established in Subsections B, C, and D of this Section. Except as otherwise provided
17	by law, a special primary election shall be held on the first of the election dates
18	established in this Section that is after the date on which the proclamation calling the
19	special primary election is issued, provided that the proclamation is issued at least
20	four weeks prior to the opening of the qualifying period for the special primary
21	election. If this deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the
22	deadline shall be the following day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.
23	The authority issuing the proclamation shall consult with the secretary of state in the
24	establishment of a qualifying period and election dates for special elections.
25	* * *
26	§410.1. Party primary elections
27	Party primary elections for party primary offices as defined in R.S. 18:2 shall
28	be held pursuant to this Part, and any provision of this Code in conflict with these
29	provisions shall not be applicable to elections for party primary offices. Any

28

1	provision of this Code that is not in conflict with these provisions shall be applicable
2	to these elections unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. For purposes of this
3	Part, the phrase "recognized major political party" shall mean a political party
4	recognized pursuant to R.S. 18:441(C).
5	§410.2. Party primary office; party primary qualifications
6	Recognized Major political parties shall make nominations of candidates for
7	party primary office as provided in this Part. Only candidates affiliated with a
8	recognized major political party may participate in the party primary election of the
9	political party of the candidate's party affiliation.
10	§410.3. Purpose and nature of party primary elections
11	A. For general elections, political parties shall make all nominations of
12	candidates for party primary office by direct primary elections held pursuant to this
13	Part. In party primary elections, each voter voting in such election may vote only for
14	a candidate who is affiliated with the same party as the voter.
15	B. Voters not affiliated with a political party may vote in a recognized major
16	party primary if a party primary ballot is selected by the voter prior to casting his
17	<u>ballot</u> , but such a voter may vote only in one <u>recognized major</u> party primary. <u>If an</u>
18	unaffiliated voter chooses to vote in the first party primary of one political party, the
19	unaffiliated voter shall not vote in the second party primary of another political
20	party.
21	§410.4. Manner of qualifying for a party primary election
22	* * *
23	B. A person who desires to become a candidate in a party primary election
24	shall be affiliated with a recognized major political party. A person may qualify as
25	a candidate only in a party primary election of the party with which he is affiliated
26	as shown on his voter registration at the time of qualifying for that office. No

election until the deadline for an election contest has passed.

candidate shall change his political party affiliation after he has qualified for an

§410.5. Nominating petitions

A. A person may be nominated as a candidate in a party primary election only by persons who are affiliated with the same recognized major political party, who are qualified to vote on the office he seeks, and who sign a nominating petition for him no more than one hundred twenty days before the qualifying period opens for candidates in the party primary election. The registrar of voters shall reject any signature on a nominating petition not in compliance with this Section.

\* \* \*

§410.6. Death of a candidate; procedure; selection of party nominee

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- B.(1) If as the result of the death of a candidate in a party primary election, a recognized major political party has no party nominee qualified for the general election, the recognized major political party shall select, in the manner provided in its bylaws, the party nominee who shall meet all of the qualifications for the party primary office.
- (2) The chairman of the state central committee of the recognized major political party shall transmit an attestation to the secretary of state containing the name of the party nominee, the signature of the chairman of the state central committee, the signature of the party nominee, and any other information required by the form of the attestation prescribed by the secretary of state. The attestation shall be filed as soon as possible after the death of the party's candidate, but no later than noon on the seventh day prior to the general election day. If the attestation is received no later than 4:30 p.m. on the seventh day after the close of the qualifying period for nonparty primary offices for the fall primary election, the secretary of state shall print the name of the selected party nominee on the ballot. If the attestation is filed in accordance with this Paragraph, but the name of the selected party nominee is not placed on the ballot, there shall be a notice regarding the selected party nominee posted at each polling place and on the website of the secretary of state. If the selected party nominee's name is not placed on the ballot,

1 all votes cast for the party's deceased candidate shall be attributed to the party 2 nominee. 3 4 §410.7. Party candidates who qualify for a general election 5 A. The candidate who receives the majority of votes in the party primary 6 qualifies for the general election as the party's nominee for the office. All candidate 7 nominations for a party primary office by recognized major political parties for the 8 general election shall be made in this manner, except as otherwise provided in R.S. 9 18:410.6(B). 10 B.(1) In the event that no candidate receives the majority of votes in the first 11 party primary, the two candidates from each political party who received the greatest 12 number of votes in the first party primary shall be voted on in the second party 13 primary. 14 (1) (2) In the case of a tie vote for first place in the first party primary of a 15 recognized major political party, all of the candidates affiliated with the same 16 political party who received the same highest number of votes qualify for the second 17 party primary. 18 (2) (3) In the case of a tie vote for second place in the first party primary of 19 a recognized major political party, all of the candidates affiliated with the same 20 political party who received the same second highest number of votes and the 21 candidate affiliated with the same political party who received the highest number 22 of votes qualify for the second party primary. 23 (3) (4) If one of the persons receiving the highest number of votes in the first 24 party primary withdraws his candidacy, dies, or is otherwise disqualified, thereby 25 leaving only one candidate from the same political party in the race, the remaining 26 candidate who has received the highest number of votes for the office for which he 27 was a candidate shall be declared the nominee of the party. 28 C. There shall be no third party primary. In the case of a tie vote in the 29 second party primary of a recognized major political party, none of the candidates

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qualify as the party nominee for the general election, and the party nominee shall be selected by a public drawing of lots conducted by the State Board of Election Supervisors from among the candidates who received the highest number of votes in the second party primary election. The public drawing of lots shall be conducted at the state capitol on a day and at a time fixed by the board within one week after the results of the election become official. The candidates involved shall be given at least three days' written notice of the time and place of the public drawing of lots. §410.8. Candidates not affiliated with a recognized major political party; qualifying for the general election A. Any person who desires to become a candidate in a general election for a party primary office and who is not registered as being affiliated with a recognized major political party shall file his notice of candidacy, which shall be accompanied by a nominating petition as provided in R.S. 18:465, with the appropriate qualifying

official during the qualifying period established for the party primary election. The number of signatures required on such a nominating petition shall be as set forth in R.S. 18:465.

B. A person filing a notice of candidacy as provided in Subsection A of this Section may be nominated only by persons who are qualified to vote on the office he seeks, who sign a nominating petition for him, and who are not affiliated with a recognized major political party. The registrar of voters shall reject any signature on a nominating petition not in compliance with this Subsection.

§410.9. Nomination of candidates in a party primary election; general election; unopposed candidate

A. If, after the close of the qualifying period for candidates in a party primary election, only one candidate qualified for the recognized major political party or only one candidate for the recognized major political party remains after the withdrawal of one or more candidates, the candidate is declared the nominee of the party, and his name shall not appear on the ballot in a party primary election but shall be on the ballot for the general election. If a party primary election ballot was

1	printed with the name of a candidate who withdrew on it, any votes received by a
2	candidate who withdrew shall be void and shall not be counted for any purpose
3	whatsoever.
4	* * *
5	§435. Watchers; appointment and commission
6	* * *
7	B.(1)(a) A list of watchers shall be filed with the clerk of court by hand
8	delivery, facsimile, mail, or commercial courier before 4:30 p.m. on the tenth
9	business day before the party primary, primary, or general election; however, if the
10	tenth business day before the party primary, primary, or general election falls on a
11	Saturday, Sunday, or other legal holiday, the list shall be filed on the next day which
12	is not a Saturday, Sunday, or other legal holiday. For purposes of this Paragraph,
13	"commercial courier" shall have the same meaning as provided in R.S. 13:3204(D).
14	If the office that the candidate seeks is voted on in more than one parish, a list of
15	watchers shall be filed with the clerk of court in each parish where the candidate will
16	have watchers.
17	(b) A list of watchers submitted by a candidate for the party primary or
18	primary election may be used for the second party primary, primary, or general
19	election only if the candidate notifies the clerk of court in writing by 4:30 p.m. on
20	the tenth business day before the general election that he wants to use the same list
21	of watchers.
22	(c) A list of political party super watchers submitted by a party for the party
23	primary or primary election may be used for the second party primary, primary, or
24	general election only if the chairman of the parish executive committee or the state
25	central committee of the party notifies the clerk of court in writing by 4:30 p.m. on
26	the tenth business day before the general election that the chairman wants to use the
27	same list of political party super watchers.
28	* * *

1	§501. Procedure for withdrawal
2	A.(1)(a) A candidate in a primary election may withdraw from the election
3	by filing notice of his withdrawal with the secretary of state prior to 4:30 p.m. on the
4	seventh day after the close of the qualifying period.
5	(b) A candidate in a first party primary election may withdraw from the
6	election by filing notice of his withdrawal with the secretary of state prior to 4:30
7	p.m. on the seventh day after the close of the qualifying period.
8	(c) The notice of withdrawal shall be signed by the candidate and duly
9	acknowledged by him before an officer authorized to administer oaths.
10	* * *
11	B.(1)(a) A candidate in a general election may withdraw from the election
12	by filing notice of his withdrawal with the secretary of state prior to 4:30 p.m. on the
13	ninth day after the date of the primary election.
14	(b) A candidate in a general election for a party primary office may withdraw
15	from the election by filing notice of his withdrawal with the secretary of state prior
16	to 4:30 p.m. on the ninth day after the second party primary election date, regardless
17	of whether a second party primary election is held.
18	(c) The notice of withdrawal shall be signed by the candidate and duly
19	acknowledged by him before an officer authorized to administer oaths.
20	* * *
21	C. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections A and B of this Section,
22	if the number of candidates remaining in a primary election, second party primary
23	election, or general election for a public office is one more than the number of
24	persons to be elected to the office, the secretary of state shall accept a notice of
25	withdrawal that is filed prior to 4:30 p.m. on the second day prior to the election first
26	day of early voting. The candidate or candidates remaining after the withdrawal
27	shall be declared elected by the people.
28	* * *

1	§551. Ballots
2	* * *
3	B. Titles of offices. (1) In any primary election for a party primary office,
4	the parties shall be arranged alphabetically, and under such party affiliation, the titles
5	of the party primary offices to be voted on shall be listed in the order provided in
6	Paragraph (2) of this Subsection. The names of the candidates for each party
7	primary office shall be listed alphabetically by surname within each party and
8	printed below the title of the party primary office.
9	(2) Below any party primary offices, the The titles of the offices to be voted
10	on in a primary or general election shall be listed on the ballot in capital letters in the
1	following order:
12	(a) President and vice president.
13	(b) Presidential nominees in a presidential preference primary. <u>If an election</u>
14	for presidential nominees in a presidential preference primary appears on the same
15	ballot with an election for a party primary office, the secretary of state may place the
16	presidential nominees above the party primary office candidates of the same party.
17	(c) State officesgovernor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney
18	general, treasurer, commissioner of agriculture, commissioner of insurance, United
19	States senator, United States representative, justice of the supreme court, judge of a
20	court of appeal, member of the public service commission, member of another state
21	board or commission, and any other state office.
22	(d) Local officesstate senator, state representative, district judge, district
23	attorney, judge of a parish court, sheriff, clerk of court, assessor, coroner, police
24	juror, judge and marshal of a city court, member of a school board, member of other
25	local boards and commissions, justice of the peace, and other local offices.
26	(e) Municipal officesmayor, chief of police or marshal, alderman or
27	member of a city council, member of a municipal board or commission, and other
28	municipal offices.

(f) Political party offices--member of a state central committee, member-at-

1 large of a parish executive committee, and member of a parish executive committee 2 from a political subdivision. If an election for a political party office appears on the 3 same ballot with an election for presidential nominees in a presidential preference 4 primary election, the secretary of state may place the political party office immediately following the office of presidential nominees of the same political party 5 6 after party primary offices or after all other offices. 7 (2) (3) When a special election to fill a newly created office or a vacancy in 8 an existing office is held at the same time as a regularly scheduled election, the 9 secretary of state may list the titles of the offices to be voted on in the special 10 election at the end of the ballot. However, when the geographic area of an office in 11 the regularly scheduled election and in the special election are the same and when 12 the candidates in the regularly scheduled election and in the special election for such office are the same, the title of the office and the names of the candidates shall 13 14 appear only once on the ballot as provided in this Section and the ballot shall state 15 that the election is being held to fill both the vacancy and the full term for the office. 16 Each elector shall cast the same vote for both the regular and the special election for 17 the office, and the candidates who qualify for the general election shall qualify for 18 the general election for both the regular and the special election for the office, and 19 the candidate who is elected shall be elected to fill both the vacancy and the full term 20 for the office. 21 (3) (4) The titles of offices not specifically provided for in this Section shall 22 be listed on the ballot in the order determined by the secretary of state. 23 C. Names and numbers of candidates. The names of the candidates in a 24 primary or general election shall be listed on the ballot as follows: 25 **(1)** 26 27 (c)(i) The names of the candidates for each office shall be arranged 28 alphabetically by surname and shall be listed below the title of the office, in smaller

capital letters. The names of the candidates shall be numbered from first to last.

1 Once the secretary of state has assigned numbers to the candidates on the primary 2 election ballot, the numbers shall not be changed. 3 4 (2) In a general election only the names of the candidates who qualified for 5 election shall be listed on the ballot, and the names shall be listed in the same form 6 as they were listed on the ballot for the primary election. The names of candidates 7 who were elected in the primary election shall not be listed on the ballot. The names 8 of the candidates for each office shall be arranged alphabetically by surname, and 9 shall be listed below the title of the office, in smaller capital letters. The names of 10 the candidates shall be given the same number assigned to them on the primary 11 election ballot. 12 D. Political party designation. (1) The political party designation of a 13 candidate who is registered as being affiliated with a recognized political party shall 14 be listed on the primary or general election ballot on the same line and immediately 15 after or below the candidate's name. If a candidate is affiliated with a political party, 16 but such party is not a recognized political party, the word "other" shall be placed 17 after his name. If a candidate is not affiliated with any political party, the words "no 18 party" or an abbreviation thereof shall be placed after his name. The secretary of 19 state shall promulgate and adopt rules as necessary to effectuate the provisions and 20 purposes of this Subsection. 21 (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection, the 22 political party designation of a candidate in a party primary election shall appear on 23 the ballot according to Paragraph (B)(1) of this Section. 24 25 §1279. Vacancies; representatives in congress 26 When a vacancy occurs in the office of representative in congress, the 27 governor shall determine the dates on which the special elections shall be held and 28 the dates of the qualifying period in accordance with R.S. 18:402 and shall issue a 29 proclamation ordering a special election and specifying the dates on which the first

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party primary, second primary, if necessary, and general elections will be held and

the dates of the qualifying period for the election. Within twenty-four hours after issuing the proclamation, the governor shall send a copy of the proclamation to the secretary of state, who shall within twenty-four hours of receipt of the information notify all election officials having any duty to perform in connection with a special election to fill such vacancy, including the parish boards of election supervisors for the parish or parishes in which the vacancy occurred. Immediately thereafter the secretary of state shall publish the proclamation in the official journal of each parish in which the election is to be held. The election shall be conducted in the same manner and at the same places and the returns shall be certified as in regular congressional elections. If at a primary or general election in a congressional district one representative in congress is to be elected for a full term and another to fill a vacancy, the ballots containing the names of the candidates shall, as a part of the title of the office, designate the term for which the candidates are respectively nominated.

\* \* \*

§1285. Notice of election

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B.(1)(a) Written notice of the election and the certificate required by Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph shall be transmitted to the secretary of state and each clerk of court and registrar of voters in the area affected by the election. If the election is to be held on a primary election date, then such notice and certificate shall be received by the secretary of state at least four weeks prior to the opening of the qualifying period for the primary election. If this deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the deadline shall be the following day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday. If the election is not to be held on a primary election date, then the notice and certificate shall be received by the secretary of state on or before the sixty-first day prior to the election. The secretary of state shall not accept any revisions to propositions, including but not limited to changes in title, text, or numerical designations, after the last day for submission of the notice and certificate to the secretary of state, unless prior to the printing of the ballots, the revision will correct a typographical error and the revision has been approved by the

governing authority that called the proposition election.

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2 3 §1307. Application by mail 4 5 E. A person entitled to vote absentee by mail may request in his application 6 for an absentee ballot for a primary election that an absentee ballot for the 7 succeeding general election be sent to him when such ballots become available for 8 distribution; however, in such case, the applicant shall declare in writing to the 9 registrar that he will be eligible to vote absentee by mail in the general election. For 10 purposes of this Subsection, a party primary election and the succeeding general 11 election for a party primary office are two separate elections. Separate requests shall 12 be made to vote absentee by mail for the party primary election and for the 13 succeeding general election. 14 15 L. The registrar shall not send an absentee ballot for a closed party primary 16 election for which the voter is not eligible. 17 18 §1309. Early voting; verification 19 20 N. 21 22 (5) A list of early voting watchers shall be filed with the registrar of voters 23 by hand delivery, facsimile, mail, or commercial courier before 4:30 p.m. on the 24 fourteenth business day before the first day of early voting for the party primary, 25 primary, or general election; however, if the fourteenth business day before the first 26 day of early voting for the party primary, primary, or general election falls on a 27 Saturday, Sunday, or other legal holiday, the list shall be filed on the next day which 28 is not a Saturday, Sunday, or other legal holiday. For purposes of this Paragraph, 29 "commercial courier" shall have the same meaning as provided in R.S. 13:3204(D). 30

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1	(7) A list of early voting watchers submitted for the <u>party primary or primary</u>
2	election may be used for the second party primary, primary, or general election only
3	if the chairman of the parish executive committee of the political party notifies the
4	registrar of voters in writing by 4:30 p.m. on the tenth business day before the start
5	of early voting for the second party primary, primary, or general election that the
6	chairman wants to use the same list of early voting watchers.
7	* * *
8	§1310. Execution of certificate; marking of ballot; casting vote; assistance
9	* * *
10	F. If a voter who is not affiliated with a political party receives an absentee
11	ballot for the first party primary for a certain major political party in an election for
12	a party primary office and would like to choose the ballot for the first party primary
13	of a different major political party before his ballot has been cast and returned to the
14	registrar, he may obtain a replacement ballot from the registrar.
15	Section 3. Section 2 of Act No. 1 of the 2024 First Extraordinary Session of the
16	Legislature is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
17	"Section 2. This (A) Solely for the purposes of qualifying for
18	elections in 2026 and for other activities and requirements related to the
19	conduct of elections in 2026, the provisions of Section 1 of this Act shall
20	become effective on June 12, 2025.
21	(B) For all other purposes, the provisions of this Act shall become
22	effective on January 1, 2026."
23	Section 4. Section 5 of Act No. 640 of the 2024 Regular Session of the Legislature
24	is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows:
25	"Section 5.(A) Solely for the purposes of qualifying for elections in
26	2026 and for other activities and requirements related to the conduct of
27	elections in 2026, the provisions of this Act shall become effective on August
28	1, 2025 June 12, 2025.
29	(B) For all other purposes, the provisions of this Act shall become

1 effective on January 1, 2026." 2 Section 5.(A)(1) R.S. 18:467 as amended and reenacted by Act No. 640 of the 2024 3 Regular Session of the Legislature shall supersede R.S. 18:467(introductory paragraph) as 4 amended and reenacted by Act No. 1 of the 2024 First Extraordinary Session of the 5 Legislature. 6 (2) R.S. 18:410.6 as amended and reenacted by Act No. 640 of the 2024 Regular 7 Session of the Legislature shall supersede R.S. 18:410.6 as enacted by Act No. 1 of the 2024 8 First Extraordinary Session of the Legislature. 9 (3) R.S. 18:410.10 as amended and reenacted by Act No. 640 of the 2024 Regular 10 Session of the Legislature shall supersede R.S. 18:410.10 as enacted by Act No. 1 of the 11 2024 First Extraordinary Session of the Legislature. 12 (B) R.S. 18:192(A)(1) and (2), 402(A)(1), (D), and (E)(1), 410.1 through 410.3, 13 410.4(B), 410.5(A), 410.6(B)(1) and (2), 410.7(A), (B)(1) and (2), and (C), 410.8, 410.9(A), 14 and 1285(B)(1)(a) as amended and reenacted by this Act shall supersede those provisions 15 as amended and reenacted in Act No. 1 of the 2024 First Extraordinary Session of the 16 Legislature and Act No. 640 of the 2024 Regular Session of the Legislature. 17 (C) R.S. 18:192(A)(1), 402(E)(1), and 1285(B)(1)(a) as amended and reenacted in 18 Section 2 of this Act shall, on the effective date of Section 2 of this Act, supersede those 19 provisions as amended and reenacted in Section 1 of this Act. 20 Section 6. R.S. 18:1280.21(C) and (D), 1280.21.1, and 1371(A)(2)(c) are hereby 21 repealed in their entirety. 22 Section 7. Section 2 of Act No. 640 of the 2024 Regular Session of the Legislature 23 is hereby repealed in its entirety. 24 Section 8.(A) The Louisiana State Law Institute is authorized and directed to arrange in alphabetical order and renumber the definitions contained in R.S. 18:2 and to correct any 25 26 cross-references to the renumbered Paragraphs if necessary, consistent with the provisions 27 of this Act. 28 (B) The Louisiana State Law Institute is authorized and directed to redesignate the 29 references to R.S. 18:402(B) and (C) that appear in R.S. 18:513(A)(5), R.S. 33:383(A), and

- 1 R.S. 33:1885 to reference R.S. 18:402.
- 2 Section 9.(A) Sections 1, 6, and 8 of this Act shall become effective August 1, 2025.
- 3 (B)(1) Solely for the purposes of qualifying for elections in 2026 and for other
- 4 activities and requirements related to the conduct of elections in 2026, Section 2 of this Act
- 5 shall become effective June 12, 2025.
- 6 (2) For all other purposes, the provisions of Section 2 of this Act shall become
- 7 effective January 1, 2026.
- 8 (C) This Section and Sections 3, 4, 5, and 7 of this Act shall become effective upon
- 9 signature by the governor or, if not signed by the governor, upon expiration of the time for
- bills to become law without signature by the governor, as provided by Article III, Section
- 11 18 of the Constitution of Louisiana. If vetoed by the governor and subsequently approved
- by the legislature, this Section and Sections 3, 4, 5, and 7 of this Act shall become effective
- on the day following such approval.

#### DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 592 Reengrossed

2025 Regular Session

Beaullieu

**Abstract:** Provides for revisions to the La. Election Code.

#### **Duties of the Secretary of State**

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:18(D) and 154) authorizes the secretary of state (secretary) to enter into cooperative agreements with the Electronic Registration Information Center. <u>Proposed law</u> repeals <u>present law</u> and instead authorizes the secretary to enter into written agreements with other state and federal governmental agencies and private vendors that provide voter registration eligibility or address data.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1409) provides for actions objecting to candidacy. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that neither the secretary nor any employee engaged in the administration of or charged with the custody of any records or files of the Dept. of State shall be subject to subpoena or otherwise required to appear in court for an objection to candidacy. Further provides that in lieu of live testimony for any action filed, a properly executed affidavit issued by the secretary of state or his designee shall serve as sufficient confirmation as to the accuracy of the records and files of the Dept. of State for such purposes.

<u>Present law</u> provides that the secretary of state shall give a parish governing authority notification of certain information as it relates to the delivery of voting machines. <u>Proposed law</u> repeals <u>present law</u>.

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<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1309.1) provides that a candidate or his representative may be present to observe the preparation of testing and machines. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> except to clarify that the secretary of state's technicians, and not the registrar of voters, conducts the testing.

### **Voter Registration**

<u>Present law</u> provides that any voter whose registration has been canceled because the voter has registered in another parish or in another state, if such voter makes application to register in the parish in which he was previously registered to vote within three years after the cancellation of his registration in that parish, may have his previous registration reinstated.

<u>Proposed law</u> removes the requirement that the registrant had been registered within the prior three years.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:111) requires a registered voter to submit certain documentation to change his name. <u>Proposed law</u> authorizes the voter to present his La. driver's license number, La. special identification card number, or social security number.

<u>Present law</u> prescribes the names that a married woman may use for registration. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that a married person may be registered using the surname of either or both spouses as a surname, or in a hyphenated combination thereof and allows the use of the person's La. driver's license number, La. special identification card number, or social security number to make the change.

# **Polling Locations**

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:401.2) provides for the relocation of polling places during a state of emergency. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and further provides for the consolidation of polling places or providing for multiple polling places in a precinct during a state of emergency.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1286.1) provides for the consolidation of polling places. <u>Proposed law</u> specifies that the consolidation applies so that when a single location serves as a polling place of more than one precinct, the consolidation may provide for the single polling place to serve every precinct assigned to that location.

### **Commissioners and Watchers**

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:425 and 426) provides for qualifications for commissioners and alternate commissioners. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>.

<u>Present law</u> provides that an alternate commissioner who does not replace a commissioner shall have the same powers and duties as a watcher. <u>Proposed law</u> repeals <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 18:1286(C)) provides that when the number of commissioners for each precinct in an election called on a general election date is less than the number of commissioners chosen for the primary election date, the appropriate number of commissioners shall be chosen from the list of commissioners who worked at the precinct for the primary election.

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 18:1309(N)(2)) provides that no person who is required to register as a sex offender or child predator may serve as a commissioner or commissioner-in-charge. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and further provides the same for watchers.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:434) provides that the parish board of election supervisors shall meet at 10:00 a.m. on the 29th day before a primary election. <u>Proposed law</u> instead provides that the parish board shall meet on the second day after the close of registration.

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<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:435) authorizes political parties to designate super watchers. <u>Proposed law</u> further authorizes political parties to designate alternate super watchers and that both a political party super watcher and an alternate political party super watcher may serve on election day, except that the political party super watcher and alternate political party super watcher may not serve at the same time and no more political party super watchers and alternate political party super watchers may serve at one time than the number of political party super watchers otherwise allowed to serve.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1462) prohibits certain activities within 600 feet of a polling place on election day and authorizes a registrar, deputy registrar, commissioner-in-charge, or commissioner to summon law enforcement for the purposes of enforcing <u>present law</u> and seize, remove, or destroy prohibited materials. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and further authorizes the clerk of court to take such actions.

#### **Ballots**

<u>Present law</u> provides for the arrangement of the ballot. <u>Proposed law</u> changes the arrangement of the ballot to account for closed party primary candidates and provides that candidates nominated by nominating petition are listed alphabetically by the first word of the political principle designated in the notice of candidacy.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1300.11) provides for the arrangement of ballots for recall elections and provides specific instructions on how the ballot shall appear. <u>Proposed law</u> retains the substance of the ballot without the specific instructions.

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 18:1310) provides that if a voter is notified by the registrar of voters in his parish of a deficiency on his absentee by mail ballot certificate that must be cured, he may obtain a replacement ballot from the registrar and the registrar may make the ballot available via hand delivery to the voter or an immediate family member of the voter.

For the presidential preference primary election, <u>present law</u> (R.S. 18:1280.21) authorizes the state central committee of a recognized political party to allow in its bylaws for electors who are not affiliated with any political party to cast a vote on the ballot of such recognized political party. Proposed law repeals present law.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1313 and 1313.1) provides that the board shall announce certain results after counting absentee by mail and early voting ballots. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that the board shall post, rather than announce, the results.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1299.1) requires the governing authority or entity submitting a question or proposition to the voters to prepare the question or proposition for the ballot and requires the proposition to be comprised of simple, unbiased, concise, and easily understood language in the form of a question. Further prohibits the question from exceeding 200 words and including words that are struck through, underscored, or in boldface type. Provides that the secretary of state is responsible for ensuring that the proposition complies with <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u>, except to provide that the governing authority, rather than the secretary of state, is responsible for ensuring the proposition be comprised of simple, unbiased, concise, and easily understood language. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> requirement that the secretary of state ensure that the proposition does not exceed 200 words, does not include words that are struck through, underscored, or in boldface type, and is in the form of the question.

#### **Election Dates**

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:402, 434, 1285, 1300, and 1300.7) provides for the calculation of dates related to the administration of elections. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that if a deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, then the deadline shall be the following day which is

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not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:402) provides for prohibited election days. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that the three days following Thanksgiving Day are prohibited election days.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1280.21.1) provides for the presidential preference primary election in 2020. <u>Proposed law</u> repeals present law.

#### **Campaign Finance**

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1501.3) authorizes the governor to receive contributions for gubernatorial transition and inauguration and requires the governor to report within 60 days following the inauguration and annually thereafter to report certain information regarding such contributions. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that each report shall be complete through January 31st.

### **Closed Party Primaries**

Proposed law (R.S. 18:401.1(H)) provides a vacancy in a party primary office that may not be filled by appointment, designation, or in accordance with the timeframes required by law shall constitute an emergency. If the vacancy may not be filled in a timely manner in accordance with the election dates provided by present law, the governor may proclaim a state of emergency for purposes of calling a special election to fill the vacancy. Following the issuance of the emergency proclamation, the authority required by law to call a special election to fill the vacancy in office shall, in consultation with and with the certification of the secretary, issue a proclamation ordering a special election. The proclamation ordering the special election shall include the dates for qualifying, early voting, the primary election, the general election, and at least one party primary election and make all provisions necessary to conduct an election in a timely manner notwithstanding the dates, timing, and delays otherwise provided by present law.

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 18:402) designates dates to be used for the first and second party primary election for a special election called to fill a vacancy in a party primary office.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:410.1) provides that only certain political parties may participate in closed party primaries and designates such parties as "recognized political parties" for purposes of closed party primaries. <u>Proposed law</u> instead provides that such parties are designated as "major political parties".

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:410.3) provides that voters not affiliated with a political party may vote in a party primary. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that if an unaffiliated voter chooses to vote in the first party primary of one political party, the unaffiliated voter shall not vote in the second party primary of another political party.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that if an unaffiliated voter receives an absentee ballot for the first party primary for a certain recognized political party in an election for a party primary office and would like to choose the ballot for the first party primary of a different recognized political party before his ballot has been cast and returned to the registrar, he may obtain a replacement ballot from the registrar.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:501) provides that a candidate in a primary election may withdraw from the election by filing notice of his withdrawal with the secretary prior to 4:30 p.m. on the seventh day after the close of the qualifying period. <u>Proposed law</u> further provides that a candidate in a first party primary election may withdraw from the election by filing notice of his withdrawal with the secretary prior to 4:30 p.m. on the seventh day after the close of the qualifying period.

<u>Present law</u> provides that a candidate in a general election may withdraw from the election

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by filing notice of his withdrawal with the secretary prior to 4:30 p.m. on the ninth day after the date of the primary election. Proposed law further provides that a candidate in a general election for a party primary office may withdraw from the election by filing notice of his withdrawal with the secretary prior to 4:30 p.m. on the ninth day after the second party primary election date, regardless of whether a second party primary election is held.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1307) authorizes persons entitled to vote absentee by mail to request in his application for an absentee ballot for a primary election that an absentee ballot for the succeeding general election be sent to him when such ballots become available for distribution. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that a party primary election and the succeeding general election for a party primary office are two separate elections and that separate requests shall be made to vote absentee by mail for the party primary election and for the succeeding general election. Further provides that the registrar shall not send an absentee ballot for a closed party primary election for which the voter is not eligible.

<u>Present law</u> (Act No. 640 of the 2024 R.S.) provides that provisions related to closed party primaries adopted in the 2024 First Extraordinary Session of the Legislature and the 2024 Regular Session of the Legislature are effective for purposes of qualifying for elections in 2026 and for other activities and requirements related to the conduct of elections in 2026 shall become effective on Aug. 1, 2025, and shall become effective for all other purposes on Jan. 1, 2026.

<u>Proposed law</u> instead provides that provisions of <u>present law</u> related to closed party primaries are effective for purposes of qualifying for elections in 2026 and for other activities and requirements related to the conduct of elections in 2026 shall become effective on June 12, 2025 and for all other purposes on Jan. 1, 2026.

#### Miscellaneous

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:25) requires the State Board of Election Supervisors (state board) to annually report to the House and Governmental Affairs Committee and the Senate and Governmental Affairs Committee its findings, observations, and recommendations concerning all aspects of elections no later than Jan. 31 of each year. <u>Proposed law</u> instead requires the report be submitted no later than 45 days prior to the start of each regular session of the legislature.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1333) provides that participants in the nursing home early voting program shall remain enrolled in the program indefinitely except if certain actions are taken. <u>Proposed law</u> provides that if a notification letter sent by the registrar of voters to the participant is returned as undeliverable, the registrar shall mail an address confirmation notice to the voter.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1363) provides for the allocation of voting machines for each voting precinct. Provides that three machines shall be allocated to each precinct where more than 1,000 voters but not more than 1,400 voters were registered to vote and four machines shall be allocated where more than 1,400 voters are registered. <u>Proposed law</u> instead provides that three machines shall be allocated to precincts where more than 1,000 and less than 1,800 voters are registered to vote and four machines shall be allocated where more than 1,800 voters.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1401(C)) authorizes a qualified elector to bring an action objecting to any election in which any proposition is submitted to the voters if he alleges that except for irregularities or fraud in the conduct of an election the result would have been different.

Proposed law retains present law.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:1405(C)) provides that the action contesting an election on a proposed constitutional amendment shall be instituted not later than 4:30 p.m. of the 10th day after the

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official promulgation of the results of the election. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and further provides that the action shall be instituted no earlier than the day after the election.

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 18:2(4)) provides a definition of "immediate family". <u>Proposed law</u> includes grandparents and grandchildren as "immediate family".

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 18:2(20)) defines "affidavit" as an oath or affirmation signed by the affiant before a notary public, or before a commissioner-in-charge, commissioner, registrar of voters, deputy registrar of voters, early voting commissioner, or secretary of state election staff, as specifically required in <u>present law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> (R.S. 18:2(21)) defines "attestation" as an oath or affirmation signed by the person making the oath or affirmation.

<u>Proposed law</u> changes references to "affidavit" as they appear in <u>present law</u>, when they do not meet the <u>proposed law</u> definition of "affidavit", to instead be referred to as an "attestation". Changes references to "attestation" as they appear in <u>present law</u>, when they do not meet the <u>proposed law</u> definition of "attestation", to instead be referred to as a "statement".

<u>Present law</u> (R.S. 14:123) provides for the crime of perjury subject to the criminal penalty of by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment at hard labor for not more than five years, or both. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and further provides that any person who intentionally makes a false statement in an attestation shall be guilty of the crime of perjury, subject to the penalties provided in <u>present law</u>.

#### **Effectiveness**

Provisions of <u>proposed law</u> related to closed party primaries are effective for purposes of qualifying for elections in 2026 and for other activities and requirements related to the conduct of elections in 2026 shall become effective on June 12, 2025, and for all other purposes on January 1, 2026.

Provisions of proposed law not related to closed party primaries effective August 1, 2025.

(Amends R.S. 18:2(4), 18(D), 25(B), 104(C)(1)(intro. para.), 108(A) and (C), 110(B)(intro. para.), 111, 154(C)(2)(e), 192(A)(1) and (2), 401.2(A) and (B)(intro. para.), (1), (2), and (3), 402(A)(1), (D), (E)(1)(intro. para.), and (G)(1), 410.1-410.3, 410.4(B), 410.5(A), 410.6(B)(1) and (2), 410.7, 410.8, 410.9(A), 425.1, 426(A) and (B), 434(A)(intro. para.) and (1), 435(A)(4)(b) and (c) and (B)(1), 501(A)(1), (B)(1), and (C), 531(B), 533(A)(2) and (B)(1), 534(A) and (B)(1) and (2)(a), 551(B), (C)(1)(c)(i) and (2), and (D), 553(E)(2), 571(A)(8), 573(E)(1) and (4), 1259(B)(6) and (C), 1279, 1280.21(B), 1285(B)(1)(a), 1286.1, 1299.1, 1300(C)(1), 1300.2(C)(2)(b), 1300.7(A), 1300.11, 1306(E)(1)(f), 1307(E), 1309(D)(1)(c) and (d) and (2), (E)(1), (H), and (N)(2), (5), and (7), 1309.1(A), 1313(F), (H)(3), and (K)(1), 1313.1(F), (I)(2), and (L)(1), 1315(D)(1), 1333(D)(2) and (E), 1362.1(L), 1363(A)(3) and (4), 1405(C), 1462(F), 1501.3(C)(intro. para.), §2 of Act No. 1 of the 2024 1st E.S., and §5 of Act No. 1 of the 2024 R.S.; Adds R.S. 18:2(20) and (21), 401.1(H), 1280.31, 1286(C), 1307(L), 1310(E) and (F), 1333(D)(3), and 1409(K); Repeals R.S. 18:1280.21(C) and (D), 1280.21.1, 1371(A)(2)(c), and §2 of Act No. 640 of the 2024 R.S.)

### Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

The Committee Amendments Proposed by <u>House Committee on House and Governmental Affairs</u> to the <u>original</u> bill:

1. Provide specifically that state and federal governmental agencies and private vendors that provide voter registration and address data are the entities the secretary of state may enter into written agreements with for purposes of voter

list maintenance.

- 2. Assign responsibility to governing authorities to ensure that the ballot language for propositions submitted to the voters is simple, unbiased, concise, and easily understood.
- 3. Require that actions contesting an election on a proposed constitutional amendment be instituted no earlier than the day after the election.
- 4. Provide for effectiveness.
- 5. Make technical changes.

# The House Floor Amendments to the engrossed bill:

- 1. Define "attestation".
- 2. Provide criminal penalties for intentionally making a false written statement in an attestation.
- 3. Authorize the presentation of a driver's license number or special identification card number, as opposed to the physical driver's license or special identification card, for purposes of changing the name of a registered voter.
- 4. Authorize the clerk of court to take actions to enforce prohibitions against certain activities within 600 feet of a polling place.
- 5. Make technical changes.