SENATE BILL NO. 18

BY SENATOR FIELDS AND REPRESENTATIVES GALLOT, JEFFERSON, LAFONTA AND LANCASTER

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. $18:44(A)$ and $(B)(5)(b)$, the introductory paragraph of $110(B)(1)$,
3	197, 401(B), 402(B), the introductory paragraph of (C), (E) and (G), 431(A)(1)(b),
4	433(G)(1) and the introductory paragraph of (H)(1), $434(A)(1)$, the introductory
5	paragraph of (C), and (D)(1) and (2), 435(A)(1) and (B), 436, 453, the introductory
6	paragraph of 467, 467(2), 468(A), 481, 491(A) and (C), the introductory paragraph
7	of 552(A), 1272(A), 1278(B), 1279, 1285(B)(1)(a), 1300(C)(1), 1300.7(A),
8	1306(A)(4) and $(C)(2)$, $1307(A)(8)$ and (E) , $1308(A)(2)(a)$, $1311(D)(5)(a)$,
9	1314(B)(1) and (2) and (C), 1333(D)(1)(e) and (E)(1), 1355(6), 1401(B),
10	1402(B)(1)(c), 1405(A), 1406(B), 1407, 1409(B)(1) and (2), 1432(A), and
11	1461(A)(17) and to enact R.S. 18:1275.1 through 1275.24, and to repeal R.S.
12	18:511(A)(2) and (B)(2) and 512(B)(2), relative to elections; to provide for a party
13	primary system of elections for congressional offices, including provisions to
14	provide for nomination of candidates for general elections for congressional offices
15	by party primary elections, including a first primary election and a second primary
16	election if no candidate receives a majority vote in the first primary election; to

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1	provide for the election of unopposed candidates for congressional offices; for
2	qualification of candidates for congressional office having no party affiliation in the
3	general election; for election in the general election by plurality vote; for voting for
4	congressional offices by a voter registered as affiliated with the party in the party
5	primary elections; to provide for voting of unaffiliated voters in party primaries; to
6	provide for election dates; and to provide for related matters.
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
8	Section 1. R.S. 18:44(A) and (B)(5)(b), the introductory paragraph of 110(B)(1),
9	197, 401(B), 402(B), the introductory paragraph of (C), (E) and (G), 431(A)(1)(b),
10	433(G)(1) and the introductory paragraph of (H)(1), $434(A)(1)$, the introductory paragraph
11	of (C), and (D)(1) and (2), 435(A)(1) and (B), 436, 453, the introductory paragraph of 467,
12	467(2), 468(A), 481, 491(A) and (C), the introductory paragraph of 552(A), 1272(A),
13	1278(B), 1279, 1285(B)(1)(a), 1300(C)(1), 1300.7(A), 1306(A)(4) and (C)(2), 1307(A)(8)
14	and (E), 1308(A)(2)(a), 1311(D)(5)(a), 1314(B)(1) and (2) and (C), 1333(D)(1)(e) and
15	(E)(1), 1355(6), 1401(B), 1402(B)(1)(c), 1405(A), 1406(B), 1407, 1409(B)(1) and (2),
16	1432(A), and 1461(A)(17) are hereby amended and reenacted and R.S. 18:1275.1 through
17	1275.24 are hereby enacted to read as follows:
18	§44. Contesting election; referral for prosecution
19	A. Whenever the board determines as a result of an investigation that
20	violations of law, irregularities, error, or fraud have occurred in the conduct of an
21	election which in the judgment of the board has resulted in the apparent qualification
22	for the second party primary election or for the general election or the apparent
23	election of a candidate not entitled to be so qualified or elected, the board, upon the
24	favorable vote of three members, may institute suit to contest the election in order
25	to protect the interest and rights of the state in fair and honest elections. In addition,
26	for the same cause and upon the same vote, the board may intervene in any suit
27	instituted by any other party to contest an election.
28	B In any suit instituted by the board to contest an election, the provisions

B. In any suit instituted by the board to contest an election, the provisions
of Chapter 9 of Title 18 shall apply, except that:

* * *

1	(5) The petition shall contain, but shall not be limited to, the following:
2	* * *
3	(b) The allegation that except for substantial irregularities or error, fraud, or
4	other unlawful activities in the conduct of the election, a different candidate would
5	have qualified for a second party primary election or a general election or would
6	have been elected.
7	* * *
8	\$110. Removal from precinct; removal from parish
9	* * *
10	B.(1) A change of registration based upon a change of residence within a
11	parish received after the closing of registration for a primary or first party primary
12	election shall become effective the day after the general election or special general
13	election when a special primary election is held in conjunction with a general
14	election except as follows:
15	* * *
16	§197. Registration; cancellation
17	No registrar of voters shall cancel the registration of any voter in his parish
18	between any primary or first party primary election , as the case may be, and the
19	subsequent general election occurring in that parish as a result of any of the
20	processes authorized by this Part, except in the case of a person who has been
21	fraudulently placed upon the registration records or in the case of a person whose
22	registration is canceled pursuant to the annual canvass conducted by the registrar.
23	* * *
24	§401. Purpose and nature of primary and general elections
25	* * *
26	B. Nature. All (1) Except for the election of persons to congress, all
27	qualified voters of this state may vote on candidates for public office in primary and
28	general elections without regard to the voter's party affiliation or lack of it, and all
29	candidates for public office who qualify for a primary or general election may be
30	voted on without regard to the candidate's party affiliation or lack of it.

1	(2)(a) In the election of persons to congress, the following shall apply:
2	(i) In primary elections, recognized political parties shall make all
3	<u>nominations of candidates by direct primary elections held under the provisions</u>
4	of this Chapter. In primary elections, each qualified voter may vote only on the
5	<u>candidates for public office who are affiliated with the same political party with</u>
6	which the voter is affiliated. In primary elections, each qualified voter who is
7	not affiliated with a recognized political party may choose to vote in one
8	recognized political party's primary elections, except as otherwise provided by
9	<u>R.S. 18:1275.1.</u>
10	(ii) In general elections, each qualified voter of this state may vote for
11	candidates for public office in general elections without regard to the voter's
12	party affiliation or lack thereof, and all candidates for public office who qualify
13	for a general election may be voted for without regard to the candidates' party
14	affiliation or lack thereof.
15	* * *
16	§402. Dates of primary and general elections
17	* * *
18	B. Congressional elections. Elections for members of Congress and officers
19	elected at the same time as members of Congress shall be held every two years,
20	beginning in 1982.
21	(1) Congressional first primary elections for recognized political parties
22	shall be held on the first Saturday in September of an election year.
23	(1)(2) Congressional second primary elections for recognized political
24	parties and primary elections for officers elected at the same time as members
25	of Congress shall be held on the first Saturday in October of an election year.
26	(2)(3) Congressional general elections shall be held on the first Tuesday after
27	the first Monday in November of an election year.
28	C. Municipal and ward elections. In all municipalities with a population of
29	less than four hundred seventy-five thousand, elections for municipal and ward
30	officers who are not elected at the same time as the governor or members of congress

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1	shall be held every four years. The primary election for municipal and ward
2	officers who are elected at the same time as members of Congress shall be held
3	on the same date as the congressional second party primary, and the general
4	election shall be held at the same time as the general election for congressional
5	offices.
6	* * *
7	E. Special elections to fill newly created office or vacancy in office. An
8	election to fill a newly created office or vacancy in an existing office, except the
9	office of state legislator or representative in congress, shall be held on the dates fixed
10	by the appropriate authority in the proclamation ordering a special election as
11	follows:
12	(1) A special primary election shall be held on the first of the following days
13	that is not less than eleven weeks after the date on which the proclamation calling the
14	special primary election was issued:
15	(a) The second to last Saturday in October, when the special general election
16	is held on the fourth Saturday after the second to last Saturday in October.
17	(b) The first Saturday in October, when the special general election is held
18	on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.
19	(c)(b) The first Saturday in April, when the special general election is held
20	on the fourth Saturday after the first Saturday in April or on the second Tuesday in
21	March during the presidential election year, if the statewide presidential preference
22	primary election is scheduled on the second Tuesday in March of the presidential
23	election year; however, commencing in 1986 and every fourth year thereafter, this
24	date shall not be applicable in a parish containing a municipality with a population
25	of four hundred seventy-five thousand or more.
26	(d)(c) The third Saturday in October, when the special general election is held
27	on the fourth Saturday after the third Saturday in October of 1985 and every fourth
28	year thereafter.
29	(e)(d)(i) The first Saturday in February of an election year for parish and
30	municipal officers in a parish containing a municipality with a population of four

1 hundred seventy-five thousand or more. 2 (ii) The first Saturday in February of 1995, except in parishes and 3 municipalities where an election on bonds, taxes, and other propositions or questions 4 has been called and held in January of 1995. Notwithstanding the provisions 5 contained in R.S. 18:467 and 468, the qualifying period for primary elections held on the first Saturday in February of 1995 shall open on the third Monday in 6 7 December of 1994 and shall close at 5:00 p.m. on the Wednesday following the third Monday in December of 1994. 8 9 (2) A special primary election shall be held on the first of the following 10 days which is not less than fifteen weeks after the date on which the 11 proclamation calling the special primary election was issued: the first Saturday in October, when the special general election is held on the first Tuesday after 12 13 the first Monday in November. 14 (2)(3) A special general election shall be held on one of the following days: 15 (a) The fourth Saturday after the second to last Saturday in October of 1983 16 and every fourth year thereafter. 17 (b) The first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of even-numbered 18 years. (c) The fourth Saturday after the first Saturday in April of any year unless 19 20 the primary election is held on the second Tuesday in March; in such case the 21 general election shall be held on the third Saturday in April; however commencing 22 in 1986 and every fourth year thereafter, this date shall not be applicable in a parish 23 containing a municipality with a population of four hundred seventy-five thousand 24 or more. (d) The fourth Saturday after the third Saturday in October of 1985 and every 25 fourth year thereafter. 26 (e)(i) The fourth Saturday after the first Saturday in February in a parish 27 containing a municipality with a population of four hundred seventy-five thousand 28 29 or more, when the special primary election in such parish and municipality is held 30 on the first Saturday in February of an election year for parish and municipal

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officers.

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(ii) The fourth Saturday after the first Saturday in February of 1995, when the special primary election is held as authorized in R.S. 18:402(E)(1)(e)(ii) on the first Saturday in February of 1995.

5 (3)(4) The secretary of state shall not include the name of any candidate on any ballot for a special election to fill a vacancy in any office to which this 6 7 Subsection is applicable unless such special election has been called in accordance with the provisions of this Subsection and scheduled on one of the dates provided 8 9 herein. Any elector who is eligible to vote in any such special election may apply 10 for injunctive relief to prohibit the placing of the name of any candidate in an 11 improperly called election on the ballot. Venue for such application shall be in any 12 parish in which the election is called, and the secretary of state shall be the proper 13 party defendant.

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15 G. Prohibited days. No election of any kind shall be held in this state on any 16 of the days of Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur, Sukkoth, Shimini Atzereth, Simchas 17 Torah, the first two days and the last two days of Passover, Shavuoth, Fast of AV, 18 the two days preceding Labor Day or the three days preceding Easter. If the date of any election falls on any of the above named days, the election shall be held on 19 20 the same weekday of the preceding week. If the date of the election for a second party primary is advanced pursuant to this Subsection, the first party primary 21 22 shall also be advanced by the same number of weeks.

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24 §431. Commissioners; courses of instruction; certificates; reports; list of certified
25 persons furnished by parish board of election supervisors

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A.(1) * * * * (b) The clerk shall furnish to the persons who attend the course of instruction a copy of the informational pamphlet provided by the secretary of state, and he shall instruct them in the use of voting machines and the duties of commissioners in conducting a primary and general election elections. The clerk shall instruct the

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1	commissioners that it is their duty to offer any voter who does not have picture
2	identification as provided in R.S. 18:562(A) an affidavit to sign to that effect. All
3	such instruction and materials shall be provided pursuant to minimum standards
4	issued by the secretary of state for the course of instruction.
5	* * *
6	§433. Commissioners-in-charge; course of instruction; selection; commission;
7	disqualification; replacement
8	* * *
9	G. Replacement. (1) Except as provided in Subsection H hereof, if it
10	becomes certain that a commissioner-in-charge will not be able to serve for a
11	primary or first party primary election, or if a commissioner-in-charge fails to
12	attend a course of instruction held immediately prior to a primary or first party
13	primary election as provided in R.S. 18:431(B), the parish board of election
14	supervisors shall select a replacement commissioner-in-charge who shall serve for
15	both the primary or first party primary and general elections. Except as provided
16	in Subsection H hereof, if it becomes certain that a commissioner-in-charge will not
17	be able to serve for a second party primary or a general election, or if a
18	commissioner-in-charge fails to attend the course of instruction held prior to a
19	second party primary or a general election, the parish board of election supervisors
20	shall select a replacement commissioner-in-charge for that who shall serve for both
21	the second party primary and the general election.
22	* * *
23	H. Replacement. (1) If a commissioner-in-charge fails to appear at the
24	polling place at least thirty minutes before the time when the polls are to open on
25	election day, the commissioners in attendance at the polling place shall immediately
26	notify the clerk of court of the absence. Immediately upon receipt of the notice, the
27	clerk of court shall select a replacement commissioner-in-charge for that precinct.
28	Subject to the provisions of Subsection G herein, a replacement commissioner-in-
29	charge selected for a primary or first party primary election also shall serve for the
30	second party primary and the general election. The replacement commissioner-in-

1	charge shall be selected from the following categories in the order of priority listed:
2	* * *
3	§434. Commissioners and alternate commissioners; selection; commission;
4	disqualification; replacement
5	A. Time and place of selection. (1) The parish board of election supervisors
6	shall meet at 10:00 a.m. on the twenty-ninth day before a primary or first party
7	primary election to select the commissioners and alternate commissioners for each
8	precinct. The meeting shall be open to the public. Except that, for purposes of the
9	primary election scheduled on the second Tuesday in March of the presidential
10	election year, said meeting shall be held on the twentieth day before the primary
11	election. The board shall have previously posted a notice on the front courthouse
12	door designating the location within the courthouse where the meeting is to be held.
13	* * *
14	C. Commission. Once the commissioners and alternate commissioners are
15	selected for a primary, first party primary, second party primary, and general
16	election, the parish board of election supervisors shall immediately:
17	* * *
18	D. Replacement of a commissioner. (1) If prior to the day of the election
19	a commissioner notifies the parish board of election supervisors that he is unable to
20	serve as commissioner, the parish board of election supervisors shall select an
21	alternate commissioner to serve in place of the absent commissioner. An alternate
22	commissioner who replaces an absent commissioner in a primary or first party
23	primary election shall replace the absent commissioner in the second party primary
24	and in the general election. An alternate commissioner who replaces an absent
25	commissioner in a second party primary election shall replace the absent
26	commissioner in the general election. If there are no alternate commissioners or
27	an insufficient number of alternate commissioners available, the parish board of
28	election supervisors shall select a person to serve as commissioner from the list
29	containing the names of persons within that ward who have received certificates of
30	instruction from the clerk of court pursuant to R.S. 18:431(A)(1). If no person on

that list is available to serve as commissioner, the parish board of election
supervisors shall select any person within the parish who has received a certificate
of instruction from the clerk of court pursuant to R.S. 18:431(A)(1). If there is no
such qualified person available, the parish board of election supervisors shall select
a watcher.

(2) If a commissioner fails to appear at the polling place at least thirty 6 7 minutes before the time when the polls are to open on election day, or if a 8 commissioner is selected as commissioner-in-charge, the commissioner-in-charge 9 shall select an alternate commissioner to serve in place of the absent commissioner. 10 An alternate commissioner who replaces an absent commissioner in a primary or 11 first party primary election shall replace the absent commissioner in the second 12 party primary and in the general election. An alternate commissioner who 13 replaces an absent commissioner in a second party primary election shall 14 replace the absent commissioner in the general election. If there are no alternate commissioners or an insufficient number of alternate commissioners available, the 15 16 commissioner-in-charge shall select a person to serve as commissioner from the list 17 containing the names of those who have received certificates of instruction that was 18 furnished him by the parish board of election supervisors pursuant to R.S. 18:431(A)(5). If no person on that list is available to serve as commissioner, the 19 20 commissioner-in-charge shall select any person present at the polls who possesses the qualifications of a commissioner as set forth in R.S. 18:425(B). If there is no 21 22 such qualified person available, the commissioner-in-charge shall select a watcher.

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§435. Watchers; appointment and commission

A. Right to have watchers. (1) Each candidate is entitled to have one watcher at every precinct where the office he seeks is voted on in **a any** primary or general election. The candidate or his authorized representative shall file one list of watchers on a form provided by the secretary of state or on a form which contains the same information as required by the form provided by the secretary of state. When a candidate's list of watchers is filed by the candidate's authorized representative, a

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1 letter of authorization from the candidate shall accompany the list of watchers. 2 However, in the case of a presidential election, each slate of candidates for 3 presidential elector is entitled to have one watcher at every precinct. The state central 4 committee of each recognized political party shall be responsible for filing the list of watchers for its slate of candidates for presidential elector. The list of watchers for 5 an independent or other party slate of candidates for presidential elector shall be filed 6 7 by any person so authorized by the presidential candidate supported by the slate of 8 electors. A letter of authorization from the presidential candidate, or an authorized 9 agent of his campaign, shall accompany the list of watchers. * 10 * 11 B. Lists of watchers. A list of watchers shall be filed with the parish board 12 of election supervisors before 5:00 p.m. on the tenth day before the any primary or 13 general election. However, if the tenth day before the any primary or general 14 election falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or other legal holiday, the list shall be filed on 15 the next day which is not a Saturday, Sunday, or other legal holiday. Except for a candidate or recognized political party filing for a slate of candidates for presidential 16 17 elector, any person filing a list of watchers must attach a certified statement that the 18 report required by R.S. 18:1486 has been filed with the supervisory committee in

- 19compliance with the Campaign Finance Disclosure Act. If any candidate submits a20list for the **primary or first party** primary election and does not submit a list for the21**second party primary or the** general election, the list submitted in the **primary or**22**first party** primary election shall be treated as his list submitted for the **second**23**party primary election and the** general election. **If any candidate submits a list**24**for the second party primary election and does not submit a list for the general**25**election, the list submitted in the second party primary election shall be treated**
- as his list submitted for the general election. A list of watchers shall contain only
 one watcher and one alternate watcher for each precinct where the candidate or
 person submitting the list is entitled to have a watcher. The list shall be typed or
 legibly written, and it shall contain the name and mailing address of each watcher
 and a designation of the precinct where he is to serve.

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2	§436. Election officials at certain special elections
3	A. When a special primary election to fill a vacancy or an anticipated
4	vacancy in elective public office is called to be held at the same time as a previously
5	scheduled general election, or if a previously scheduled election is delayed for any
6	reason, the commissioners who were selected to serve at the previously scheduled
7	primary or first party and second party primary and general election also shall be
8	the commissioners for the special primary and general elections and any such
9	delayed primary or general election, and the compensation for each shall be only that
10	amount provided for in R.S. 18:424 and R.S. 18:425 for a day of service as a
11	commissioner or commissioner-in-charge. Each candidate to be voted on in the
12	special primary election or delayed primary election may appoint one watcher for
13	each precinct in which that candidate is to be voted on. Notwithstanding the
14	provisions of R.S. 18:427(C) or of any other law to the contrary, the watchers so
15	appointed shall be allowed to remain in the polling place at all times.
16	B. When a special general election to fill a vacancy or an anticipated
17	vacancy in elective public office is called to be held at the same time as a previously
18	scheduled primary election, the commissioners who were selected to serve at the

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18 he vere selected to se election, the 19 special primary election for which the special general election is to be held shall also 20 be the commissioners for both the previously scheduled primary, and including any 21 first party or second party primary and general elections. In such case the 22 compensation for each shall be only that amount provided for in R.S. 18:424 and 23 R.S. 18:425 for a day of service as a commissioner or commissioner-in-charge.

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§453. Dual candidacy

26 A. General prohibitions. A person shall not become a candidate in a any 27 primary, first party or second party primary or general election for more than one 28 office unless one of the offices is membership on a political party committee, nor 29 shall a person be a candidate at the same time for two or more different offices to be 30 filled at separate elections.

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1	B. Unexpired and succeeding term of office. A person may become a
2	candidate in a primary or first or second party primary <u>election</u> or general election
3	for the unexpired and the succeeding term of an office when both terms are to be
4	filled at the same election.
5	C. Political party committees. A person may become a candidate in a <u>any</u>
6	primary or general election for membership on more than one committee of a
7	political party, but a person may only become a candidate for one position, either at-
8	large or from a political subdivision, on the same committee of a political party.
9	* * *
10	\$467. Opening of qualifying period
11	The qualifying period for candidates in a <u>the first party primary or</u> primary
12	election shall open:
13	* * *
14	(2) For candidates in a primary or congressional first party primary
15	election and those in any special primary or first party primary election to be held
16	at the same time, on the third second Wednesday in August July of the year of the
17	election.
18	* * *
19	§468. Close of the qualifying period
20	A. The qualifying period for candidates in a primary or first party primary
21	election shall close at 5:00 p.m. on the Friday after the opening of the qualifying
22	period for candidates in the primary or first party primary election or, if that Friday
23	is a legal holiday, at 5:00 p.m. on the next day which is not a legal holiday.
24	* * *
25	§481. Candidates who qualify for a general election
26	A. Congressional general elections. The candidates who qualify for each
27	office of United States senator or representative in congress in the general election
28	are those who received the two highest numbers of votes in the primary election.
29	B. Other general elections. Except as provided in Subsection A of this
30	Section for candidates for the public office of United States senator or
	Page 13 of 41 Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law:

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1	representative in Congress, candidates who qualify for each office remaining to be
2	filled in the general election are those who received the two highest numbers of
3	votes, the four highest number of votes, and so on among those not elected in the
4	primary election, until the maximum number of candidates for each office on the
5	general election ballot is reached.
6	* * *
7	§491. Standing to object to candidacy
8	A. A registered voter may bring an action objecting to the candidacy of a
9	person who qualified as a candidate in a primary or first party primary election for
10	an office for which the plaintiff is qualified to vote.
11	* * *
12	C. In addition to the persons with standing to bring an action objecting to
13	candidacy as provided in Subsections A and B of this Section, the Supervisory
14	Committee on Campaign Finance Disclosure may bring an action objecting to the
15	candidacy of a person who qualified as a candidate in a primary or first party
16	primary election for an office on the grounds provided in R.S. 18:492(A)(5).
17	* * *
18	§552. Election materials
19	A. Materials furnished. At least twenty-two days before a primary or first
20	party primary election and as soon as possible for a second party primary and a
21	general election:
22	* * *
23	§1272. United States senators; representatives in Congress; time of electing
24	A. All general elections for representatives in Congress, sometimes referred
25	to in this Title as congressional elections, shall be held on the first Tuesday next
26	following the first Monday in November, 1982, and every two years thereafter. The
27	first party and second party primary election elections shall be held on the first
28	Saturday in October next preceding the date of the general election in accordance
29	with the provisions of Chapter 5 of this Title.
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1	§1275.1. Purpose and nature of congressional primary and general elections
2	A. Nature of primary elections. All recognized political parties shall
3	make all nominations of candidates for United States senator or United States
4	representative by direct primary elections held under the provisions of this Part
5	and applicable general election law. In congressional primary elections
6	including elections for the United States Senate, each qualified voter of this state
7	may vote only on the candidates for public office who are affiliated with the
8	same political party with which the voter is affiliated. In congressional primary
9	elections, including elections for United States Senate, each qualified voter of
10	this state who is not affiliated with a recognized political party may choose to
11	vote in a recognized political party's primary elections, unless the state central
12	committee of such political party in its rules and regulations prohibits
13	unaffiliated voters from participating in its primary elections. If a recognized
14	political party prohibits unaffiliated voters from participating in its primary
15	elections, the state central committee of such party shall give written notice to
16	the secretary of state of such prohibition, including a copy of the rules and
17	regulations containing such prohibition, no later than January first of the year
18	in which regularly scheduled congressional elections are to be held. Should
19	more than one political party permit non-affiliated voters to participate in the
20	party primary, the participating voter shall select only one party ballot to vote
21	on in the primary election.
22	B. Nature of congressional general elections. Each qualified voter of this
23	state may vote on candidates for the United States Congress and Senate in
24	general elections without regard to the voter's party affiliation or lack thereof,
25	and all candidates for such offices who qualify for a general election may be
26	voted on without regard to the candidates' party affiliation or lack thereof.
27	C. The provisions of the Louisiana Election Code shall govern any
28	matter related to congressional elections not specifically provided for in this
29	<u>Part.</u>
30	§1275.2. Dates of congressional primary and general elections

	<u> </u>
1	Congressional elections. Elections for members of Congress shall be held
2	every two years as follows:
3	(1) Congressional first party primary elections shall be held on the first
4	Saturday in September of an election year.
5	(2) Congressional second party primary elections shall be held on the
6	first Saturday in October of an election year.
7	(3) Congressional general elections shall be held on the first Tuesday
8	after the first Monday in November of an election year.
9	§1275.3. Manner of qualifying for the first party primary election
10	A. A person who desires to become a candidate in the first party
11	primary election shall qualify as a candidate by timely filing notice of his
12	candidacy, which shall be accompanied either by a nominating petition or by
13	the qualifying fee and any additional fee imposed. No person, whether or not
14	currently registered as a voter with the registrar of voters, shall qualify to
15	become a candidate if he is under an order of imprisonment for conviction of
16	a felony. A candidate whose notice of candidacy is accompanied by a
17	nominating petition shall not be required to pay any qualifying fee or any
18	additional fee.
19	B. A person who desires to become a candidate in the first party
20	primary election must be affiliated with a recognized political party. A person
21	may qualify as a candidate only in the first party primary election of the party
22	with which he is affiliated as shown on his voter registration.
23	<u>C.</u> When a candidate has filed multiple notices of candidacy for election
24	to more than one office at the same election, which multiple candidacies would
25	be in violation of R.S. 18:453, the person filing such multiple notices of
26	candidacy shall be disqualified as a candidate in the first party primary election
27	for all but the last of such offices for which he filed notices of candidacy, and
28	any qualifying fees for those offices paid by the candidate shall be refunded as
29	provided in R.S. 18:501. The secretary of state shall include the name of the
30	candidate on the ballot for election to the last of such offices for which the

1	candidate filed notices of candidacy and to no other such office for which dual
2	candidacy would be prohibited.
3	<u>§1275.4. Officials with whom candidates qualify</u>
4	Candidates shall qualify for the first party primary election with the
5	secretary of state or a person in his office designated to receive qualifying
6	papers.
7	<u>§1275.5. Notice of candidacy; qualifying fees</u>
8	A. A notice of candidacy shall be in writing and shall state the
9	candidate's name, the office he seeks, the address of his domicile, the parish,
10	ward, and precinct where he is registered to vote, and the political party with
11	which he is registered as being affiliated. No candidate shall change or add his
12	political party designation, for purposes of printing on the election ballot as
13	provided by R.S. 18:551(D) after he has qualified for the election.
14	B. Qualifying fees shall be paid as provided in this Code.
15	<u>§1275.6. Nominating petitions</u>
16	A. A nominating petition shall be filed with the official with whom the
17	candidate qualifies and shall accompany the notice of candidacy.
18	B. A person may only be nominated as a candidate in the first party
19	primary election by persons within the same political party who are registered
20	to vote on the office he seeks who sign a nominating petition for him no more
21	than one hundred twenty days before the qualifying period opens for candidates
22	in the first party primary election. In addition to his signature, each voter who
23	signs a nominating petition shall date his signature and shall provide the ward
24	and precinct in which he is registered to vote, his residence address, including
25	the municipal number, the apartment number, if any, the rural route and box
26	number, or any other physical description that will identify his actual place of
27	residence and his political party affiliation. Once a voter has signed a
28	nominating petition, he may not withdraw the nomination. The secretary of
29	state shall prepare forms which may be used by any person who seeks
30	nomination as a candidate by nominating petition. The secretary of state shall

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1	furnish copies of the forms to each clerk of court, and the forms shall be
2	available, upon request, at the office of the secretary of state or at the office of
3	the clerk of court. Nothing in this Subsection shall be construed to require
4	nominating petitions to be filed only on forms prepared by the secretary of
5	state.
6	C. The number of qualified voters who must timely sign a nominating
7	petition is:
8	(1) For a candidate for the United States Senate - five thousand with not
9	less than five hundred being from each congressional district;
10	(2) For the United States House of Representatives - one thousand from
11	within the congressional district.
12	D. Form. Each sheet of the nominating petition shall set forth the
13	candidate's name, the address of his domicile, the office for which the signers
14	nominate him, the political party with which he is affiliated, and the date of the
15	first party primary election for which he seeks to qualify. The name of each
16	voter who signed the nominating petition shall be typed or legibly written on the
17	petition, and each signature on the nominating petition shall be dated and
18	witnessed by the candidate or the person who obtained the signature on his
19	behalf. The candidate and all persons who obtained signatures on his behalf
20	shall certify on the nominating petition that to the best of their knowledge,
21	information, and belief all of the signatures on the nominating petition are
22	genuine and all of the statements contained in the nominating petition are true
23	and correct.
24	E. Certification. (1) A nominating petition shall be submitted to the
25	registrars of voters in the parishes where the signers reside not less than thirty
26	days before the qualifying period ends for candidates in the first primary
27	election, except that in a special election the nominating petition shall be
28	submitted by the candidate to the registrars of voters in the parishes where the
29	signers reside prior to the opening of the qualifying period.
30	(2) The registrar for each parish shall endorse upon the nominating

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 and shall promptly certify the nominating petitions, in the order recer determining and certifying on each nominating petition which of the who provided a residence address in the parish signed the nominating timely, are registered with the same political party as the candidate, 	
4 who provided a residence address in the parish signed the nominating	signers
5 <u>timely, are registered with the same political party as the candidate,</u>	<u>petition</u>
	and are
6 <u>entitled to vote on the office the candidate seeks. A supplemental nor</u>	<u>ninating</u>
7 petition shall be certified in the order in which it is received, without r	<u>egard to</u>
8 the time when the original nominating petition for that candid	<u>ate was</u>
9 <u>submitted. A registrar may stop certifying the signatures on a nor</u>	<u>ninating</u>
10 petition when the total number of the signers he has certified as havin	<u>g signed</u>
11 the petition timely, as being registered to vote on the office the candida	<u>te seeks,</u>
12 and as affiliated with the candidate's political party equals one hundre	<u>d fifteen</u>
13 percent of the number of qualified voters required to nominate the ca	<u>indidate</u>
14 for the office he seeks. A registrar's certification shall be conclusive	<u>as to the</u>
15 <u>number of qualified voters who timely signed a nominating petiti</u>	<u>on, and</u>
16 evidence to the contrary shall not be admitted in an action objection	<u>g to the</u>
17 <u>candidacy of the candidate who filed the nominating petition.</u>	
18 <u>§1275.7. Time for qualifying in a first party primary election</u>	
19 <u>A notice of candidacy, accompanied either by the qualifying fe</u>	<u>e or by a</u>
20 nominating petition, is filed timely only if received by the secretary	of state
21 during the qualifying period for candidates in the first party primary	<u>election.</u>
22 <u>§1275.8. Opening of qualifying period</u>	
23 The qualifying period for candidates in the first party primary	<u>election</u>
24 <u>shall open for candidates in a congressional or United States Senate fin</u>	<u>st party</u>
25 primary election and those in any special first party primary election to	<u>) be held</u>
26 <u>at the same time, on the second Wednesday in July of the year of the c</u>	election.
27 <u>§1275.9. Opening of qualifying period in event of change of date for</u>	<u>the first</u>
28 party primary election	
29 In the event that the date for the first party primary election is a	<u>dvanced</u>
	es in the

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1	primary and first party primary election shall be advanced from the date
2	specified in R.S. 18:1275.8 the same number of weeks as the first party primary
3	election.
4	<u>§1275.10. Close of the qualifying period</u>
5	The qualifying period for candidates in a first party primary election
6	shall close at 5:00 p.m. on the Friday after the opening of the qualifying period
7	for candidates in the first party primary election or, if that Friday is a legal
8	holiday, at 5:00 p.m. on the next day which is not a legal holiday.
9	<u>§1275.11. Reopening of qualifying period; effect</u>
10	A. When a person who qualified as a candidate in a first party primary
11	election for a public office dies after the close of the qualifying period and
12	before the time for closing the polls on the day of the first party primary
13	election, the qualifying period for candidates in the first party primary election
14	for that office shall reopen for the party from which the candidate died on the
15	day after the death and shall close at 5:00 p.m. on the third day after the death
16	or, if that day is a legal holiday, at 5:00 p.m. on the next day which is not a legal
17	holiday. The name of the deceased candidate shall not be printed on the first
18	party primary election ballot. If the first party primary election ballot was
19	printed with the deceased candidate's name on it, any votes received by the
20	deceased candidate shall be void and shall not be counted for any purpose
21	whatsoever.
22	B. When, at the close of the qualifying period, no candidate has qualified
23	for an office, the qualifying period shall be reopened, but only for the office for
24	which no candidates qualified, on the first Wednesday after the close of the
25	qualifying period and shall close at 5:00 p.m. on the Friday thereafter or, if that
26	day is a legal holiday, at 5:00 p.m. on the next day which is not a legal holiday.
27	C. Whenever the qualifying period is reopened as required by
28	Subsections A or B of this Section, the secretary of state shall cause notice of the
29	reopening, listing the dates and times the period shall run, to be published in the
30	official journal of the state.

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1	D. Effect on primary election. (1) If the qualifying period for
2	candidates reopens for any recognized political party within thirty days before
3	a first party primary election, all the votes cast in the first party primary
4	<u>election for that public office are void, unless the qualifying period for the office</u>
5	reopened and closed without additional candidates qualifying for the office. If
6	additional candidates qualify for the office and the votes for the first party
7	primary will be void for that reason, the secretary of state shall immediately
8	publish in the official journal of the state a notice to the electorate that the
9	election for that office has been voided because new candidates qualified. Such
10	notice shall include the dates for the rescheduled first party primary, second
11	party primary, and general elections.
12	(2) If all the votes cast in a first party primary election for a public office
13	are void because of the death of a candidate, the first party primary election for
14	the office shall be held on the date of the second party primary election, the
15	second party primary election for the office shall be held on the date of the
16	general election, and the general election for the office, if necessary, shall be
17	held on the fifth Saturday after the second party primary election.
18	<u>§1275.12. List of candidates</u>
19	The secretary of state shall furnish the appropriate listing of candidates
20	for each of the offices to be voted on in each election to any applicable federal
21	or state official responsible for enforcement of laws regulating the conduct of
22	campaigns. All other matters regarding the disposition of notice fees and
23	actions shall be as provided in R.S. 18:470.
24	<u>§1275.13. Majority vote required; second primary</u>
25	No candidate for office shall be declared nominated to the office he seeks
26	if such candidate has received less than a majority of the votes cast in a first
27	party primary, and a second party primary shall be held for those offices for
28	which no candidate received a majority of the votes cast in the first party
29	primary. The second party primary shall be held in accordance with the
30	provisions of this Part. If only one candidate from a recognized political party

1	qualifies for the office, that candidate shall be declared the nominee of such
2	party.
3	<u>§1275.14.</u> Second primary; effect of the tie vote, withdrawal or death of a
4	<u>candidate</u>
5	A. In the event that no candidate receives a majority vote in the first
6	party primary, the two candidates from each political party, who received the
7	greatest number of votes in the first party primary shall be voted on in the
8	second party primary.
9	(1) In the case of a tie vote for first place in the first party primary of a
10	recognized political party, all candidates affiliated with the same political party
11	who received the same highest number of votes qualify for the second party
12	primary.
13	(2) In the case of a tie vote for second place in the first party primary of
14	a recognized political party, all of the candidates affiliated with the same
15	political party who received the same second highest number of votes and the
16	candidate affiliated with the same political party who received the highest
16 17	<u>candidate affiliated with the same political party who received the highest</u> <u>number of votes qualify for the second party primary.</u>
17	number of votes qualify for the second party primary.
17 18	number of votes qualify for the second party primary. (3) If one of the persons receiving the highest number of votes in the first
17 18 19	number of votes qualify for the second party primary. (3) If one of the persons receiving the highest number of votes in the first party primary withdraws his candidacy, dies, or is otherwise disqualified,
17 18 19 20	number of votes qualify for the second party primary. (3) If one of the persons receiving the highest number of votes in the first party primary withdraws his candidacy, dies, or is otherwise disqualified, thereby leaving only one candidate from the same political party in the race, the
17 18 19 20 21	number of votes qualify for the second party primary. (3) If one of the persons receiving the highest number of votes in the first party primary withdraws his candidacy, dies, or is otherwise disqualified, thereby leaving only one candidate from the same political party in the race, the remaining candidate who has received the highest number of votes for the office
17 18 19 20 21 22	number of votes qualify for the second party primary. (3) If one of the persons receiving the highest number of votes in the first party primary withdraws his candidacy, dies, or is otherwise disqualified, thereby leaving only one candidate from the same political party in the race, the remaining candidate who has received the highest number of votes for the office for which he was a candidate shall be declared the nominee of the party.
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	number of votes qualify for the second party primary. (3) If one of the persons receiving the highest number of votes in the first party primary withdraws his candidacy, dies, or is otherwise disqualified, thereby leaving only one candidate from the same political party in the race, the remaining candidate who has received the highest number of votes for the office for which he was a candidate shall be declared the nominee of the party. B. There shall be no third party primary. For any situation not
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	number of votes qualify for the second party primary. (3) If one of the persons receiving the highest number of votes in the first party primary withdraws his candidacy, dies, or is otherwise disqualified, thereby leaving only one candidate from the same political party in the race, the remaining candidate who has received the highest number of votes for the office for which he was a candidate shall be declared the nominee of the party. B. There shall be no third party primary. For any situation not specifically provided for herein, the state central committee of the recognized
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	number of votes qualify for the second party primary. (3) If one of the persons receiving the highest number of votes in the first party primary withdraws his candidacy, dies, or is otherwise disqualified, thereby leaving only one candidate from the same political party in the race, the remaining candidate who has received the highest number of votes for the office for which he was a candidate shall be declared the nominee of the party. B. There shall be no third party primary. For any situation not specifically provided for herein, the state central committee of the recognized political party involved shall provide for the selection of a nominee from the
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	number of votes qualify for the second party primary. (3) If one of the persons receiving the highest number of votes in the first party primary withdraws his candidacy, dies, or is otherwise disqualified, thereby leaving only one candidate from the same political party in the race, the remaining candidate who has received the highest number of votes for the office for which he was a candidate shall be declared the nominee of the party. B. There shall be no third party primary. For any situation not specifically provided for herein, the state central committee of the recognized political party involved shall provide for the selection of a nominee to the secretary
 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 	number of votes qualify for the second party primary. (3) If one of the persons receiving the highest number of votes in the first party primary withdraws his candidacy, dies, or is otherwise disqualified, thereby leaving only one candidate from the same political party in the race, the remaining candidate who has received the highest number of votes for the office for which he was a candidate shall be declared the nominee of the party. B. There shall be no third party primary. For any situation not specifically provided for herein, the state central committee of the recognized political party involved shall provide for the selection of a nominee from the candidates and shall provide notice of the selection of a nominee to the secretary of state no later than five business days after the second party primary election.

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1	candidate or candidates from each recognized political party who received the
2	highest number of votes in the second party primary election, unless the
3	candidate or candidates who obtained a majority in the first party primary
4	election was unopposed in the second primary, or is the only candidate
5	remaining after the death or withdrawal of a candidate after the first party
6	primary election, shall be the party nominee and qualify for the general
7	<u>election. A candidate who received a majority of the votes cast in the first party</u>
8	primary election shall qualify for the general election.
9	<u>§1275.16. Number of candidates who may qualify for a general election</u>
10	The number of candidates for an office who may qualify for the general
11	election by party nomination is one candidate from each recognized political
12	<u>party.</u>
13	<u>§1275.17. Candidates not affiliated with a recognized political party; qualifying</u>
14	for the general election
15	A. Any person desiring to become a candidate in a general election who
16	is not registered as being affiliated with a recognized political party shall file his
17	notice of candidacy which shall be accompanied by either a ballot access
18	petition or by the qualifying fee required for state candidates as provided in
19	R.S. 18:464. The number of signatures required on a ballot access petition shall
20	be the same as the number required for candidates seeking the same office in
21	the first party primary election as set forth in this Part.
22	B. The notice of candidacy shall comply with all of the requirements of
23	this Chapter relative to notice of candidacy, except that the candidate shall
24	indicate his political party affiliation or indicate "no party" if he is not affiliated
25	with any political party.
26	C. The ballot access petition shall comply with all of the requirements
27	of this Chapter relative to nominating petitions, except that no person affiliated
28	with a recognized political party shall be eligible to sign such ballot access
29	petition.
30	D. The time of qualifying and the official with whom a candidate

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1	<u>qualifies shall be in accordance with all of the provisions of this Chapter relative</u>
2	to qualifying for a first party primary election.
3	<u>§1275.18. Time for objecting to candidacy</u>
4	An action objecting to candidacy, including the candidacy of a person
5	who qualified as provided in R.S. 18:1275.3 and 1275.17, shall be commenced
6	in a court of competent jurisdiction within seven days after the close of
7	qualifications for candidates in a first party primary election. The grounds for
8	objecting to the candidacy shall be as provided in R.S. 18:492. After the
9	expiration of the time period set forth in this Section, no action shall be
10	commenced objecting to candidacy based on the grounds for objections to
11	candidacy contained in R.S. 18:492. All other matters regarding objecting to
12	candidacy shall be as provided by law in this Code.
13	§1275.19. Nomination of candidates in a party primary election; general
14	election; unopposed candidate
15	A. If, after the close of the qualifying period for candidates in a first
16	party primary election, the number of candidates for a public office does not
17	exceed the number of persons to be nominated by a recognized political party
18	for the office, the candidates for that office, or those remaining after the
19	withdrawal of one or more candidates, are declared the nominee of the party,
20	and their names shall not appear on the ballot in the second party primary
21	election but shall be on the ballot for the general election. If the first or second
22	party primary election ballot was printed with the name of a candidate who
23	withdrew on it, any votes received by a candidate who withdrew shall be void
24	and shall not be counted for any purpose whatsoever.
25	B. If, after the close of the qualifying period for candidates for the public
26	office of United States senator or representative in Congress, the number of
27	candidates for such public office does not exceed the number of persons to be
28	elected to the office, the candidate for that office or the candidate remaining
29	<u>after the withdrawal of one or more candidates is declared elected by the people</u>
30	at the close of the polls on the day of the general election, and his name shall not

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1	appear on the ballot in a first party primary or second party primary, if
2	applicable, and such candidate's name shall not appear on the general election
3	<u>ballot.</u>
4	<u>§1275.20. Qualifications of voters</u>
5	All persons who have registered to vote in this state prior to the time the
6	registration records are closed as required in R.S. 18:135 may vote in the first
7	and second party primary election only for the candidates who are affiliated
8	with the same political party as the voter. However, insofar as the state central
9	committee of a political party shall by its rules and regulations choose to allow
10	voters who are not affiliated with a recognized political party to participate in
11	the primary elections of that political party, such unaffiliated voters shall be
12	allowed to vote on candidates affiliated with that political party provided that
13	<u>each such political party shall notify the secretary of state no later than January</u>
14	first of the year in which the regularly scheduled elections are to be held if
15	unaffiliated voters will be allowed to vote on candidates affiliated with such
16	party. Should more than one political party permit non-affiliated voters to
17	participate in the party primary, the participating voter shall select only one
18	party ballot to vote on in the primary election.
19	<u>§1275.21. Ballots</u>
20	A. Preparation. The secretary of state shall prepare and certify the
21	absentee ballots and the ballots to be used on the voting machines in the first
22	and second party primary and general elections.
23	B. Titles of offices. The titles of the offices to be voted on in any primary
24	or general election shall be printed on the ballot with capital letters in the
25	following order:
26	(1) United States senator.
27	(2) United States representative.
28	C. Names and numbers of candidates. The names of the candidates in
29	any primary or general election shall be printed on the ballot as follows:
30	(1) In any first party primary election only the names of candidates who

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1	qualified for election and were not subsequently disqualified by a judgment
2	rendered in an action objecting to candidacy or who were not unopposed shall
3	be printed on the ballot. The name of each candidate shall be printed on the
4	<u>ballot in the form designated by the candidate in his notice of candidacy on file</u>
5	with the secretary of state. The parties shall be arranged alphabetically, and
6	under such party affiliation, the names of the candidates for each office shall be
7	listed alphabetically by surname within each party and printed below the title
8	of the office and below the respective party designation, in smaller capital
9	letters. The names of the candidates shall be numbered from first to last. Once
10	the secretary of state has assigned numbers to the candidates on the first party
11	primary election ballot, the numbers shall not be changed. If the qualifying
12	period reopens because of the death of a candidate, additional candidates who
13	qualify for the primary election shall be given the numbers following the
14	number assigned to the last candidate on the ballot. If two or more candidates
15	have the same surname, the word ''Incumbent'' shall be printed after the name
16	of each candidate having the same surname who is an incumbent and the
17	residence address shall be printed after the name of each candidate having the
18	<u>same surname who is not an incumbent. The form of the ballot shall be the same</u>
19	for the second party primary election, but only the names of the candidates who
20	qualified for such election shall be printed on the ballot.
21	(2) In a general election only the names of the candidates who qualified
22	for election and who were not subsequently disqualified by a judgment rendered
23	in an action objecting to candidacy shall be printed on the ballot, and the names
24	shall be printed in the same form as they were printed on the ballot for the first
25	party primary election. The names of candidates who qualified pursuant to R.S.
26	18:1275.17 shall be as they appear on the notice of candidacy. The names of the
27	candidates for each office shall be arranged alphabetically by surname, and
28	shall be listed below the title of the office, in smaller capital letters. The political
20	and defended and a secoldate shall be listed on the ballet as more ided in D.C.

18:551(D). The names of the candidates shall be given the same number

party designation of a candidate shall be listed on the ballot as provided in R.S.

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1	assigned to them on the first party primary election ballot. Additional
2	<u>candidates who qualify who were not on the first party primary election ballot</u>
3	shall be given the numbers following the number assigned to the last candidate
4	on the ballot for the first party primary election.
5	<u>§1275.22. Prerequisites to voting</u>
6	<u>The provisions of R.S. 18:562 shall be applicable to all congressional first</u>
7	and second party primary elections and congressional general elections.
8	Additionally, any person who desires to vote in any first or second party
9	primary election shall also give his party affiliation, if any, to a commissioner,
10	who shall announce the applicant's name, address, and party affiliation, if any,
11	to the persons at the polling place.
12	§1275.23. Compilation and promulgation of returns
13	A. On or before the twelfth day after the first or second party primary
14	election or general election, as the case may be, the secretary of state shall
15	promulgate the returns for candidates by publishing in the official journal of
16	the state the names of the candidates for each office in the election, and the
17	number of votes received by each such candidate, shown by the returns
18	transmitted by the clerks of court from the compiled statements by the parish
19	boards of election supervisors. In a parish containing a municipality with a
20	population of four hundred seventy-five thousand or more the promulgation
21	shall be from the returns transmitted by the parish board of election
22	supervisors.
23	§1275.24. Election of candidates in a general election
24	A. Generally. The candidate who receives the most votes cast for an
25	office in a general election is elected.
26	B. Election of unopposed candidates. If, as a result of the death or
27	withdrawal of one or more candidates, the number of candidates for an office
28	in a general election does not exceed the number of persons to be elected to the
29	office, the remaining candidates are declared elected by the people, and their
30	names shall not appear on the ballot in the general election.

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1	C. Effect of a tie vote. If, as a result of a tie vote in a general election,
2	the number of candidates who would be elected to an office exceeds the number
3	of persons to be elected to the office, the candidates who received the same
4	number of votes for that office in the general election are not elected. The
5	election for officers thus not elected shall be returned to the people on the third
6	Saturday after the date on which the results in the election at which the tie vote
7	occurred were promulgated.
8	* * *
9	§1278. Vacancies; United States senator
10	* * *
11	B. If a vacancy occurs in the office of United States senator and the
12	unexpired term is more than one year, an appointment to fill the vacancy shall be
13	temporary. Any senator so appointed shall serve until his successor is elected at a
14	special election and takes office. Within ten days after receiving official notice of
15	the vacancy, the governor shall issue his proclamation for special election to fill the
16	vacancy for the unexpired term. The date of the special election shall be established
17	by the governor in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 18:402(E). The special
18	first primary election shall be held four weeks prior to the dates for special
19	primary elections as provided in R.S. 18:402(E)(1), the special second primary
20	election shall be held on the dates as provided for special primary elections in
21	R.S. 18:402(E)(1), and the special general election shall be held on the dates as
22	provided in R.S. 18:402(E)(2). The dates of the qualifying period shall be
23	established by the governor in accordance with R.S. 18:467, 467.1, and 468 this
24	<u>Part</u> . Immediately after issuance of the proclamation, which shall include the dates
25	of the first and second party primary and general elections and the dates of the
26	qualifying period, the governor shall publish the proclamation in the official journal
27	of each parish in which the election is to be held. Within twenty-four hours after its
28	issuance, the governor shall send a copy of the proclamation to the secretary of state.
29	Within twenty-four hours after he receives the copy, the secretary of state shall
30	notify all election officials having any duty to perform in connection with a special

1	election to fill such vacancy, including the parish boards of election supervisors for
2	the parish or parishes in which the vacancy occurred. The election shall be
3	conducted and the returns shall be certified as in regular elections for United States
4	senator.
5	* * *
6	§1279. Vacancies; representatives in Congress
7	When a vacancy occurs in the office of representatives in Congress, the
8	governor shall determine the dates on which the special elections shall be held and
9	the dates of the qualifying period and shall issue his proclamation ordering a special
10	election and specifying the dates on which the <u>first and second party</u> primary and
11	general elections will be held and the dates of the qualifying period for the election.
12	Immediately thereafter he shall publish the proclamation in the official journal of
13	each parish in which the election is to be held. Within twenty-four hours after
14	issuing the proclamation, the governor shall send a copy of the proclamation to the
15	secretary of state who shall within twenty-four hours of receipt of the information
16	notify all election officials having any duty to perform in connection with a special
17	election to fill such vacancy, including the parish boards of election supervisors for
18	the parish or parishes in which the vacancy occurred. The election shall be
19	conducted in the same manner and at the same places and the returns shall be
20	certified as in regular congressional elections. If at a first or second party primary
21	or general election in a congressional district one representative in Congress is to be
22	elected for a full term and another to fill a vacancy, the ballots containing the names
23	of the candidates shall, as a part of the title of the office, designate the term for which
24	the candidates are respectively nominated.
25	* * *
26	§1285. Notice of election
27	* * *

B.(1)(a) Written notice of the election and the certificate required by
Subparagraph (1)(b) of this Subsection shall be transmitted to the secretary of state
and each clerk of court and registrar of voters in the area affected by the election.

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1	If the election is to be held on a primary <u>or second party primary</u> election date,
2	then such notice and certificate shall be received by the secretary of state on or
3	before the seventy-first day prior to the primary <u>or second party primary</u> election.
4	If the election is not to be held on a primary <u>or second party primary</u> election date,
5	then the notice and certificate shall be received by the secretary of state on or before
6	the forty-sixth day prior to the election. The secretary of state shall not accept any
7	revisions to propositions, including but not limited to changes in title, text, or
8	numerical designations, after the last day for submission of the notice and certificate
9	to the secretary of state.
10	* * *
11	§1300. Procedures; notice of election; expenses
12	* * *
13	C.(1) When an election is called under the provisions of this Chapter, written
14	notice of the election shall be transmitted to the secretary of state, the commissioner
15	of elections, and each clerk of court and registrar of voters in the area affected by the
16	election. If the election is to be held on a primary or second party primary election
17	date, then such notice shall be received by the secretary of state on or before the
18	seventy-first day prior to the primary or second party primary election. If the
19	election is not to be held on a primary or second party primary election date, then
20	such notice shall be received by the secretary of state on or before the forty-sixth day
21	prior to the election.
22	* * *
23	\$1300.7. Governor to order election; proclamation; publication
24	A. If the required number of qualified electors of the voting area sign the
25	petition for recall, the governor shall issue a proclamation ordering an election to be
26	held for the purpose of voting on the question of the recall of the officer. The total
27	number of registered voters in the voting area and the total number of registered
28	voters in the voting area signing the petition shall be calculated from the totals on the
29	certificates of all of the registrars of voters received by the governor. The governor
30	shall issue such proclamation within fifteen days after he receives the certified

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1	petitions from all of the registrars of voters in the voting area who have received
2	petitions for certification. The proclamation shall order the election to be held on the
3	next available date specified in R.S. 18:402(F). If the election is to be held on a
4	primary or second party primary election date, the proclamation shall be issued on
5	or before the last day for candidates to qualify in the election. If the election is not
6	to be held on a primary or second party primary election date, then the
7	proclamation shall be issued on or before the forty-sixth day prior to the election.
8	* * *
9	\$1306. Preparation and distribution of absentee ballots
10	A. * * *
11	(4) The secretary of state shall prepare a special absentee ballot for
12	candidates and constitutional amendments to be voted on in second party primary
13	or general elections, subject to approval as to content by the attorney general. This
14	special ballot shall only be for use by a qualified voter who is either a member of the
15	United States Service or who resides outside of the United States. Such special
16	ballot shall contain a list of the titles of all offices being contested at the primary <u>or</u>
17	first party primary election and the candidates qualifying for the primary or first
18	party primary election for each office, and shall permit the elector to vote in the
19	second party primary or general election by indicating his order of preference for
20	each candidate for each office. On the special ballot shall also be printed each
21	constitutional amendment to be voted on in the second party primary or general
22	election. To indicate his order of preference for each candidate for each office to be
23	voted on in the election, the voter shall put the number one next to the name of the
24	candidate who is the voter's first choice, the number two for his second choice and
25	so forth so that, in consecutive numerical order, a number indicating the voter's
26	preference is written by the voter next to each candidate's name on the ballot. A
27	space shall be provided for the voter to indicate his preference for or against each
28	constitutional amendment contained on the ballot. The voter shall not be required
29	to indicate his preference for more than one candidate on the ballot if the voter so
30	chooses. The secretary of state shall also prepare instructions for use of the special

1	ballot.
2	* * *
3	C. * * * *
4	(2) At least twenty days before each primary or first party primary election
5	the secretary of state shall deliver to the registrar in each parish in which the election
6	is to be held the special absentee ballot for qualified voters who are either members
7	of the United States Service or persons residing outside of the United States. The
8	number of special ballots and other necessary paraphernalia, including instructions
9	for the use of the special ballot, to be so delivered shall be up to one percent of the
10	registered voters within each parish.
11	* * *
12	\$1307. Application by mail
13	A. A person qualified to vote absentee by mail under this Chapter may make
14	application therefor to the registrar by letter; over his signature or mark if the voter
15	is unable to sign his name, signed by two witnesses who witnessed the applicant's
16	mark; setting forth:
17	* * *
18	(8) If the person requests that a ballot for a general election or the second
19	party primary election and a general election be sent in addition to a ballot for the
20	primary or first party primary, he shall declare in writing to the registrar that he
21	will be eligible to vote absentee by mail in the general election or the second party
22	primary election and the general election.
23	* * *
24	E. A person entitled to vote absentee by mail may request in his application
25	for an absentee ballot for a primary or first party primary election that an absentee
26	ballot for the succeeding general election or the second party primary election
27	and the general election be sent to him when such ballots become available for
28	distribution. However, in such case, the applicant shall declare in writing to the
29	registrar that he will be eligible to vote absentee by mail in the general election or
30	the second party primary election and the general election.

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1	* * *
2	\$1308. Absentee voting by mail
3	A. * * *
4	(2)(a) With respect to persons on active duty in the United States military
5	service or outside the continental boundaries of the United States, these materials
6	shall be mailed as provided by the Uniformed and Overseas Citizens Absentee
7	Voting Act (39 USC 3406 and 42 USC 1973ff et seq.) and shall include both the
8	primary or first party primary election ballot and the special ballot <u>ballots</u> for the
9	general election or the second party primary election and the general election.
10	The envelope mailed to the voter shall contain four six envelopes, two three of
11	which shall be the ballot envelopes and two <u>three</u> of which shall be return envelopes.
12	Each return envelope shall bear the official title and mailing address of the registrar,
13	whether it contains a primary, first party primary, second party primary or
14	general election ballot, and the name, return address, and precinct or district number
15	of the voter. The voter shall return his voted primary or first party primary
16	election ballot and special ballot ballots for the general election or the second
17	party primary and the general election to the registrar in the appropriate envelopes.
18	The registrar of voters shall not mail a regular general election or the second party
19	primary and general election absentee ballot to a member of the United States
20	Service or to persons residing overseas if the registrar has mailed the \underline{a} special ballot,
21	as provided herein, to such voter. The envelopes for the special ballots shall
22	contain language on the outside of the envelope which will clearly designate
23	which envelope is to be used for return of the second primary election ballot and
24	which envelope is to be used for return of the general election ballot.
25	* * *
26	\$1311. List of absentee voters; posting; delivery of alphabetized list to precincts;
27	supplements
28	* * *
29	D. * * * *

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1	Service and persons residing outside of the United States, the registrar shall endorse
2	the day and hour of receipt on said ballots and place those received on the day of the
3	general election for which the ballot is cast, in an envelope separate from any other
4	mail ballot. The registrar shall include, on a separate list for this purpose, in
5	alphabetical order and by precinct, the name of each voter submitting such special
6	absentee <u>by mail</u> ballot.
7	* * *
8	§1314. Absentee commissioners
9	* * *
10	B. Selection for <u>a primary or first party</u> primary election. (1) The parish
11	board of election supervisors shall determine the number of absentee by mail and
12	early voting commissioners necessary to count the absentee by mail and early
13	voting ballots in the parish. The parish board of election supervisors shall select a
14	minimum of three such commissioners.
15	(2) The parish board of election supervisors shall meet at 10:00 a.m. on the
16	fifth day before a primary or first party primary election and shall select the
17	absentee by mail and early voting commissioners and alternate absentee by mail
18	and early voting commissioners for the parish in the manner provided by law for the
19	selection of commissioners and alternate commissioners. If there are not enough
20	certified commissioners to select the appropriate number of absentee by mail and
21	early voting commissioners and alternate absentee by mail and early voting
22	commissioners, the board of election supervisors may select a qualified elector of the
23	parish to serve; however, no such elector shall serve as an absentee by mail and
24	early voting commissioner if a certified commissioner has been selected as an
25	alternate absentee by mail and early voting commissioner.
26	* * *
27	C. Selection for second party primary or general election. (1)(a) The
28	parish board of election supervisors shall determine if the number of absentee \underline{by}
29	mail and early voting commissioners necessary to count the absentee by mail and
30	early voting ballots in the second party primary or general election can be reduced

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or should be increased from the number which counted absentee by mail and early voting ballots in the previous primary election.

(b) If it determines that the number cannot be reduced or should be increased, those persons who served as absentee by mail and early voting commissioners and alternate absentee by mail and early voting commissioners for the parish in the primary or first party primary election shall serve in the second party primary and general election, unless replaced or disqualified in the manner provided by law for commissioners and alternate commissioners. The number of absentee by mail and early voting commissioners for a second party primary and general election shall not be less than three.

11 (2)(a) If the parish board determines that the number of absentee by mail 12 and early voting commissioners can be reduced, it shall notify each person who 13 served as an absentee by mail and early voting commissioner or alternate absentee by mail and early voting commissioner in the primary or first party primary 14 15 election of its decision to reduce the number of absentee by mail and early voting commissioners and of the date and time of the meeting to select the absentee by mail 16 and early voting commissioners for the second party primary or general election. 17 18 The parish board shall meet at 10:00 a.m. on the fifth day before a second party 19 primary and a general election and shall select the absentee by mail and early 20 voting commissioners and or alternate absentee by mail and early voting 21 commissioners to serve in the general election such elections for the parish.

22 (b)(i) The parish board shall prepare a list containing the names of all 23 persons who served as absentee by mail and early voting commissioners in the 24 primary or first party primary election. The absentee by mail and early voting commissioners and alternate absentee by mail and early voting commissioners for 25 the second party primary election and for the general election shall be selected 26 27 from that list in the manner provided by law for the selection of commissioners and or absentee commissioners. The absentee commissioners so chosen shall then 28 29 serve as needed for the second party primary election and the general election. 30

(ii) If the list does not contain sufficient names to select the number of

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1 absentee by mail and early voting commissioners and or alternate absentee by mail 2 and early voting commissioners determined by the board to be needed for the 3 second party primary election and the general election, the board shall fill any 4 remaining alternate commissioner positions from a list of those persons who were selected as alternate absentee by mail and early voting commissioners for the 5 primary or first party primary election, such list to be prepared and the selection 6 7 made in the same manner provided herein for selection of absentee by mail and 8 early voting commissioners for the second party primary election and the general 9 election.

10 (3) If the parish board determines that the number of absentee by mail and 11 early voting commissioners should be increased, the parish board shall meet at 12 10:00 a.m. on the fifth day before a the second party primary election and the 13 general election and shall select the additional absentee by mail and early voting 14 commissioners and alternate absentee by mail and early voting commissioners to 15 serve in the second party primary election and the general election for that parish from the list of certified commissioners who have not been chosen to serve in the 16 17 second party primary and the general election as a commissioner-in-charge, 18 commissioner, or, if applicable, absentee by mail and early voting commissioner in the manner provided by law for the selection of commissioners and alternate 19 20 commissioners. If there are not enough certified commissioners to select the appropriate number of absentee by mail and early voting commissioners and 21 22 alternate absentee by mail and early voting commissioners, the board of election 23 supervisors may select a qualified elector of the parish to serve; however, no such 24 elector shall serve as an absentee by mail and early voting commissioner if a 25 certified commissioner has been selected as an alternate absentee by mail and early voting commissioner. 26

27 * *

28 §1333. Voting by persons confined to a nursing home

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29

D.(1) A voter qualified to vote under this Section and approved for

*

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1	participation in the special program for handicapped voters shall make application
2	to vote by absentee ballot to the registrar of voters by letter, over his signature,
3	setting forth the following:
4	* * *
5	(e) If at the time the disabled voter requests an absentee ballot for a primary
6	or first party primary election, he also requests an absentee ballot for the general
7	election or the second party primary and for the general election, he shall declare
8	in writing to the registrar that he will be eligible to vote absentee in the general
9	election or the second party primary election and in the general election.
10	* * *
11	E.(1) Upon receipt of the application for an absentee ballot, the registrar
12	shall first enter the date and time of receipt thereof and ascertain to his satisfaction
13	the accuracy of the information contained in the application. An application not
14	timely submitted and received as required in Subsection (D) of this Section shall be
15	immediately returned to the applicant with a brief statement citing the reasons for the
16	return; however, if such application requested an absentee ballot for both a primary,
17	and general election or a first party primary, second party primary, and general
18	election, the registrar shall retain the application, notify the applicant that the request
19	to vote by absentee ballot in the primary or first party primary election was not
20	timely submitted and received, and process the application for the general election
21	or the second party primary and general election as provided herein.
22	* * *
23	§1355. Construction and equipment of machines; requirements
24	Each voting machine used in an election shall be so constructed and equipped
25	as to:
26	* * *
27	(6) When used in a first or second congressional primary or a primary
28	election at which members of a political party committee are to be voted on, it shall
29	be so equipped that the election officials can lock out all candidate counters except
30	those of the party with which the voter is affiliated or those of the party for which

1	a voter unaffiliated with a recognized political party has chosen to vote if
2	permitted by the state central committee of the party.
3	* * *
4	§1401. Objections to candidacy and contests of elections; parties authorized to
5	institute actions
6	* * *
7	B. A candidate who alleges that, except for substantial irregularities or error,
8	or except for fraud or other unlawful activities in the conduct of the election, he
9	would have qualified for <u>a second party primary election or for</u> a general election
10	or would have been elected may bring an action contesting the election.
11	* * *
12	§1402. Proper parties
13	* * *
14	B.(1) The following persons are the proper parties against whom election
15	contests may be instituted:
16	* * *
17	(c) The person or persons whose eligibility to be a candidate in <u>a second</u>
18	party primary election or in a general election or whose election to office is
19	contested.
20	* * *
21	§1405. Time for commencement of action
22	A. An action objecting to candidacy shall be instituted not later than 4:30
23	p.m. of the seventh day after the close of qualifications for candidates in the primary
24	or first party primary election or by not later than 4:30 p.m. of the seventh day
25	after the close of qualifications for candidates for Congress in a congressional
26	general election who are not affiliated with a recognized political party. After
27	the expiration of the time period set forth in this Section, no further action shall be
28	commenced objecting to candidacy based on the grounds for objections to candidacy
29	contained in R.S. 18:492.
30	* * *

Page 38 of 41 Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions.

1	§1406. Petition; answer; notification
2	* * *
3	B. The petition shall set forth in specific detail the facts upon which the
4	objection or contest is based. If the action contests an election, the petition shall
5	allege that except for substantial irregularities or error, fraud, or other unlawful
6	activities in the conduct of the election, the petitioner would have qualified for a
7	second party primary election or for a general election or would have been
8	elected. The trial judge may allow the filing of amended pleadings for good cause
9	shown and in the interest of justice.
10	* * *
11	§1407. Appointment of agent for service of process
12	By filing notice of candidacy a candidate appoints the clerk of court for each
13	parish in which he is to be voted on as his agent for service of process in any action
14	objecting to his candidacy, contesting his qualification as a candidate in a second
15	party primary election or in a general election, or contesting his election to office.
16	* * *
17	§1409. Trial; decision; appeal
18	* * *
19	B.(1) If the action involves the contest of a primary or first party primary
20	election for a major office, the trial judge, for good cause shown, may postpone the
21	date of the second party primary election or the general election for the office as
22	to which the contest was filed for a period not to exceed five weeks. If the action
23	involves the contest of a second party primary for a major office, the trial judge
24	may, for good cause shown, so postpone the general election.
25	(2) Whenever the trial of an action contesting a primary or first or second
26	party primary election for a major office, extends past 5:00 p.m. on the fourteenth
27	day after the day of the election, the trial judge shall order the second party primary
28	election and the general election, or the general election, as the case may be, for
29	the affected office postponed to a Saturday specified by him which, for a second
30	party primary election is at least thirty days after the date on which the trial court

1	renders judgment and which for a general election is at least thirty days after the
2	second party primary election.
3	* * *
4	§1432. Remedies
5	A. If the trial judge in an action contesting an election determines that: (1)
6	it is impossible to determine the result of election, or (2) the number of qualified
7	voters who were denied the right to vote by the election officials was sufficient to
8	change the result in the election, if they had been allowed to vote, or (3) the number
9	of unqualified voters who were allowed to vote by the election officials was
10	sufficient to change the result of the election if they had not been allowed to vote, or
11	(4) a combination of the factors referred to in (2) and (3) herein in this Subsection
12	would have been sufficient to change the result had they not occurred, the judge may
13	render a final judgment declaring the election void and ordering a new primary or
14	first and second party primary or second party primary or general election for all
15	the candidates, or, if the judge determines that the appropriate remedy is the calling
16	of a restricted election, the judge may render a final judgment ordering a restricted
17	election, specifying the date of the election, the appropriate candidates for the
18	election, the office or other position for which the election shall be held, and
19	indicating which voters will be eligible to vote.
20	* * *
21	§1461. Election offenses; penalties
22	A. No person shall knowingly, willfully, or intentionally:
23	* * *
24	(17) Give or offer to give, directly or indirectly, any money or thing of
25	present or prospective value to any person who has withdrawn or who was
26	eliminated prior or subsequent to the primary or first or second primary election
27	as a candidate for public office, for the purpose of securing or giving his political
28	support to any remaining candidates or to candidates for public office in the primary
29	or first or second primary or general election.
30	* * *

- 1 Section 2. R.S. 18:511(A)(2) and (B)(2) and 512(B)(2) are hereby repealed in their
- 2 entirety.
- 3 Section 3. This Act shall become effective on January 1, 2007.

PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

APPROVED: _____