Regular Session, 2009

## **ACT No. 368**

HOUSE BILL NO. 365

## BY REPRESENTATIVE SIMON

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

1	AN ACT
2	To enact Part VII-B of Chapter 10 of Title 38 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to
3	be comprised of R.S. 38:2318.2, to establish and provide for the Percent for
4	Universal Design Program; to require that a certain percent of the expenditure for
5	construction or renovation of a state building shall be used to implement principles
6	of universal design; to provide exceptions; and to provide for related matters.
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
8	Section 1. Part VII-B of Chapter 10 of Title 38 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of
9	1950, comprised of R.S. 38:2318.2, is hereby enacted to read as follows:
10	§2318.2. Percent for Universal Design Program; established
11	A. Recognizing the declaration of rights underlying the state's constitution,
12	government is instituted to protect the rights of the individual and provide for the
13	good of the whole; hence, the legislature declares it to be the public policy of the
14	state that a portion of money spent by the state and state agencies on the construction
15	or renovation of state buildings should be spent on implementing principles of
16	universal design. In pursuit of this policy, the Percent for Universal Design Program
17	is established for the purpose of providing for the implementation of such principles
18	in or on state buildings and grounds to move beyond minimum accessibility
19	requirements, maximize accessibility for all users regardless of their functional
20	capabilities, and bring to the attention of architects, builders, and the public at large
21	the vast benefits that can be realized by implementing universal design principles in
22	the construction and renovation of all buildings, including those privately owned and
23	personal residences.

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1	B. The following terms as used in this Section shall have the meaning
2	provided in this Subsection unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
3	(1) "Renovation" does not include a project the principal purpose of which
4	is the rehabilitation of plumbing, heating, ventilating, air conditioning, or electrical
5	<u>systems.</u>
6	(2) "State building" means any building, facility, structure, or park built or
7	renovated using state funds that will be owned by a department or agency in the
8	executive, judicial, or legislative branch of state government, including any
9	state-owned lands or space surrounding or integral to the building. "State building"
10	does not include bridges, tunnels, or sewers, unless such structures are adjuncts of
11	the principal element of the project.
12	(3) "State funds" or "state money" shall not include federal funds or
13	insurance proceeds for the construction, replacement, renovation, or improvement
14	of a state building damaged by a natural catastrophe when conditions governing the
15	expenditure of such monies specifically preclude their use for the utilization and
16	implementation of universal design features, nor shall it include state monies used
17	as a match for such federal funds or insurance proceeds.
18	(4) "Universal design" as more fully defined in Subsection C of this Section,
19	means certain design features that are not currently required by the Americans with
20	Disabilities Act of 1990, although they may be used to satisfy the Americans with
21	Disabilities Act requirements and when so utilized, the cost may be applied in
22	satisfaction of the two percent monetary requirement of this Section.
23	C. Universal design is a principle of design guiding a wide range of design
24	disciplines including environments, products, and communications including all of
25	the following:
26	(1)(a) Equitable Use. The design is useful and marketable to people with
27	diverse abilities.
28	(b) Guidelines. Provides the same means of use for all users: identical
29	whenever possible; equivalent when not. Avoids segregating or stigmatizing any

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1	users. Incorporates provisions for privacy, security, and safety that should be equally
2	available to all users. Makes the design appealing to all users.
3	(2)(a) Flexibility in Use. The design accommodates a wide range of
4	individual preferences and abilities.
5	(b) Guidelines. Provides choice in methods of use. Accommodates right or
6	left handed access and use. Provides adaptability to the user's pace.
7	(3)(a) Simple and Intuitive Use. Use of the design is easy to understand,
8	regardless of the user's experience, knowledge, language skills, or current
9	concentration level.
10	(b) Guidelines. Eliminates unnecessary complexity. Consistent with user
11	expectations and intuition. Accommodates a wide range of literacy and language
12	skills. Arranges information consistent with its importance. Provides effective
13	prompting and feedback during and after task completion.
14	(4)(a) Perceptible Information. The design communicates necessary
15	information effectively to the user, regardless of ambient conditions or the user's
16	sensory abilities.
17	(b) Guidelines. Uses different modes (pictorial, verbal, tactile) for redundant
18	presentation of essential information. Provides adequate contrast between essential
19	information and its surroundings. Maximizes "legibility" of essential information.
20	Differentiates elements in ways that can be described which includes making it easy
21	to give instructions or directions. Provides compatibility with a variety of techniques
22	or devices used by people with sensory limitations.
23	(5)(a) Tolerance for Error. The design minimizes hazards and the adverse
24	consequences of accidental or unintended actions.
25	(b) Guidelines. Arranges elements to minimize hazards and errors: most
26	used elements, most accessible; hazardous elements eliminated, isolated, or shielded.
27	Provides warnings of hazards and errors. Provides fail-safe features. Discourages
28	unconscious action in tasks that require vigilance.
29	(6)(a) Low Physical Effort. The design can be used efficiently and
30	comfortably and with a minimum of fatigue.

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1	(b) Guidelines. Allows user to maintain a neutral body position. Uses
2	reasonable operating forces. Minimizes repetitive actions. Minimizes sustained
3	physical effort.
4	(7)(a) Size and Space for Approach and Use. Appropriate size and space is
5	provided for approach, reach, manipulation, and use regardless of user's body size,
6	posture, or mobility.
7	(b) Guidelines. Provides a clear line of sight to important elements for any
8	seated or standing user. Makes reach to all components comfortable for any seated
9	or standing user. Accommodates variations in hand and grip size. Provides adequate
10	space for the use of assistive devices or personal assistance.
11	D. Except as otherwise provided in this Section, whenever more than two
12	million dollars of state funds, whether obtained from the sale of bonds or otherwise,
13	is to be spent by a state agency for the construction or renovation of a state building,
14	the agency that contracts for the construction or renovation shall expend two percent
15	of the state money to utilize and incorporate universal design principles.
16	E. Nothing in this Part shall supercede, restrict, or limit the application of the
17	following laws:
18	(1) The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. §1201 et seq.).
19	(2) The Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. §701 et seq.) and ensuing
20	regulations.
21	(3) The Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. §3601 et seq.).
22	(4) R.S. 40:1731 through 1744.
23	(5) R.S. 49:148 through 148.3.
24	F.(1) The commissioner of administration may adopt rules not inconsistent
25	with the stated intent of this program to implement the provisions of this Section.
26	The commissioner may also solicit the assistance and advice of the Louisiana
27	Chapter of the American Institute of Architects in determining whether a particular
28	design feature complies with the intent and principles of universal design. Neither
29	the Louisiana Chapter of the American Institute of Architects nor any member
30	thereof shall be liable for any opinion, assistance, or advice rendered pursuant to this

1 Section. No member of the general public shall have a cause of action for damages 2 against the state, the commissioner of administration, nor any employee of the 3 division of administration for the inclusion or failure to include a particular design 4 feature. 5 (2) The rules provided for in this Section shall contain standards for 6 construction and renovation and this Section shall not be implemented until such 7 rules have been finally promulgated in accordance with the Administrative Procedure 8 Act and shall be specifically subject to oversight and approval by the House and 9 Senate committees on transportation, highways, and public works. 10 Section 2. Projects for the construction or renovations of state buildings that have 11 been let prior to the effective date of this Act shall not be required to incorporate the 12 principals of universal design. 13 Section 3. This Act shall become effective on January 1, 2010. SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA

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APPROVED: \_\_