HLS 11RS-110 ORIGINAL

Regular Session, 2011

HOUSE BILL NO. 283

BY REPRESENTATIVE AUBERT

Prefiled pursuant to Article III, Section 2(A)(4)(b)(i) of the Constitution of Louisiana.

INSURANCE: Provides for technical recodification of certain provisions of the La. Insurance Code

1 AN ACT 2 To amend and reenact R.S. 22:901(A), (B), (C)(1) and (3), and (D)(1)(introductory 3 paragraph) and (a) and (2), 902, 904, 905, 906, 907, 910, 912(A), (B)(1), (C), 4 (D)(1)(b), (E), and (F), 913, 914, 915(B), 931, 932(B)(introductory paragraph) and 5 (1), (D)(introductory paragraph) and (2), and (E), 934, 935, 936(A)(1)(introductory 6 paragraph) and (2), (B), (D)(1), (2), and (4), (E), (F)(1), (G)(1), (4), and 7 (8)(introductory paragraph) and (b) and (d) through (g), (I)(1), (J)(1), (2), (3), and 8 (5), (K)(1)(g) and (h), 941(B)(introductory paragraph) and (6), 942(introductory 9 paragraph) and (1), (10)(b), and (11), 943(D)(2), 944(A), 951(A), 952(A)(2), 10 (B)(introductory paragraph) and (4), and (J), 961, 1541, 1542(1), (4), (6), (9), (11), 11 (14), and (18), 1544(B)(5) through (8) and (D), 1545(I)(1)(introductory paragraph), 12 1546(A)(3), (D)(4), and (F), 1547(A)(10), (C)(2), (D), (E), (G), (H), and (I)(3), 13 1548(A)(1) and (3), (B)(2) and (3)(b), (D)(2), and (E), 1549(B)(4) and (5), (C), (D), 14 (E)(introductory paragraph), (F), and (H), 1550(A)(2), (B)(1) and (d) and (2), (C), 15 (D), (E)(introductory paragraph), and (H), 1554(G), 1555, 1556(A), (B), and (C), 16 1557(B)(1) and (2), 1558(B)(3) and (4), (C), and (D), 1559(C), (D)(1), and (E)(1), 17 1562(C)(1)(b) and (d), (E)(2), and (H)(introductory paragraph) and (4), 1564(A)(2), 18 (B)(1)(a), and (C), 1571, 1573(C) through (G), (I)(1)(a), (K), (L), and (M), 1574(A) 19 through (D)(1), 1575(C)(2) and (D), 1583, the heading of R.S. 22:1584, 1585(C), 20 1591, 1592, 1593(A)(introductory paragraph) and (1), 1594(introductory paragraph), 21 1595, 1597, 1598(C), 1599(A) and (C)(introductory paragraph),

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

1 1600(B)(introductory paragraph), 1603(1) and (3), 1604(A)(2), 1605, 1622, 1623(A), 2 (B), (D), and (F), 1624, 1625(A) and (H), 1627(A)(2), the heading of Part III of 3 Chapter 5 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, 1641(introductory paragraph), 4 (1)(introductory paragraph), (c), (g), and (j), (4), and (7), 1642(A) and (C), 1644(D), 5 1651(B)(6), (D), (H)(1), and (I)(1), 1652, 1654(A)(introductory paragraph) and 6 (C)(introductory paragraph), 1657, 1662(6)(a)(introductory paragraph) and (14), 7 1664(A) and (C)(2), 1665(A)(introductory paragraph) and (1), 1669, 1670(A)(2) and 8 (D), 1671(A), (B)(2), and (C), 1673(C), 1693(A), 1694(A), 1696(A), 1697, 9 1698(A)(2) and (D), 1699(A)(3), (B), and (F), 1704(E)(1)(a) and (b), 1706(F), 1722, 10 1723(A)(introductory paragraph), (B)(introductory paragraph) and (2), (D), and (F), 11 1724(5), 1726(A) and (B), 1727(A)(1), (2), (3), (4)(introductory paragraph), (7), and 12 (8), (B)(4), (C), and (F), 1728(6), 1729(A) and (F), 1731(A)(2), 1741, 1747, 1761, 13 1763(B), 1767, and 1768; to enact R.S. 22:821(B)(31), (32), and (33), 1557(C), 14 1641(8) and (9), and 1766(C); and to repeal R.S. 22:1546(G) and (H), 1566, 1746(E), 15 1751, and 1769, all relative to technical recodification of certain provisions of the 16 Louisiana Insurance Code, including correction of citations, updates of terms and 17 language, reorganization of provisions, elimination of obsolete or ineffective 18 provisions, harmonizing of inconsistent provisions, and consolidating all provisions 19 authorizing fees; and to provide for related matters. 20 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: 21 Section 1. R.S. 22:901(A), (B), (C)(1) and (3), and (D)(1)(introductory paragraph) 22 and (a) and (2), 902, 904, 905, 906, 907, 910, 912(A), (B)(1), (C), (D)(1)(b), (E), and (F), 23 913, 914, 915(B), 931, 932(B)(introductory paragraph) and (1), (D)(introductory paragraph) 24 and (2), and (E), 934, 935, 936(A)(1)(introductory paragraph) and (2), (B), (D)(1), (2), and 25 (4), (E), (F)(1), (G)(1), (4), and (8)(introductory paragraph) and (b) and (d) through (g), 26 (I)(1), (J)(1), (2), (3), and (5), (K)(1)(g) and (h), 941(B)(introductory paragraph) and (6), 27 942(introductory paragraph) and (1), (10)(b), and (11), 943(D)(2), 944(A), 951(A), 28 952(A)(2), (B)(introductory paragraph) and (4), and (J), 961, 1541, 1542(1), (4), (6), (9), 29 (11), (14), and (18), 1544(B)(5) through (8) and (D), 1545(I)(1)(introductory paragraph),

1	1546(A)(3), (D)(4), and (F), 1547(A)(10), (C)(2), (D), (E), (G), (H), and (I)(3), 1548(A)(1)
2	and (3), (B)(2) and (3)(b), (D)(2), and (E), 1549(B)(4) and (5), (C), (D), (E)(introductory
3	paragraph), (F), and (H), 1550(A)(2), (B)(1) and (d) and (2), (C), (D), (E)(introductory
4	paragraph), and (H), 1554(G), 1555, 1556(A), (B), and (C), 1557(B)(1) and (2), 1558(B)(3)
5	and (4), (C), and (D), 1559(C), (D)(1), and (E)(1), 1562(C)(1)(b) and (d), (E)(2), and
6	(H)(introductory paragraph) and (4), 1564(A)(2), (B)(1)(a), and (C), 1571, 1573(C) through
7	(G), (I)(1)(a), (K), (L), and (M), 1574(A) through (D)(1), 1575(C)(2) and (D), 1583, the
8	heading of R.S. 22:1584, 1585(C), 1591, 1592, 1593(A)(introductory paragraph) and (1),
9	1594(introductory paragraph), 1595, 1597, 1598(C), 1599(A) and (C)(introductory
10	paragraph), 1600(B)(introductory paragraph), 1603(1) and (3), 1604(A)(2), 1605, 1622,
11	1623(A), (B), (D), and (F), 1624, 1625(A) and (H), 1627(A)(2), the heading of Part III of
12	Chapter 5 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, 1641(introductory paragraph),
13	(1)(introductory paragraph), (c), (g), and (j), (4), and (7), 1642(A) and (C), 1644(D),
14	1651(B)(6), (D), (H)(1), and (I)(1), 1652, 1654(A)(introductory paragraph) and
15	(C)(introductory paragraph), 1657, 1662(6)(a)(introductory paragraph) and (14), 1664(A)
16	and (C)(2), 1665(A)(introductory paragraph) and (1), 1669, 1670(A)(2) and (D), 1671(A),
17	(B)(2), and (C), 1673(C), 1693(A), 1694(A), 1696(A), 1697, 1698(A)(2) and (D),
18	1699(A)(3), (B), and (F), 1704(E)(1)(a) and (b), 1706(F), 1722, 1723(A)(introductory
19	paragraph), (B)(introductory paragraph) and (2), (D), and (F), 1724(5), 1726(A) and (B),
20	1727(A)(1), (2), (3), (4)(introductory paragraph), (7), and (8), (B)(4), (C), and (F), 1728(6),
21	1729(A) and (F), 1731(A)(2), 1741, 1747, 1761, 1763(B), 1767, and 1768 are hereby
22	amended and reenacted and R.S. 22:821(B)(31), (32), and (33), 1557(C), 1641(8) and (9),
23	and 1766(C) are hereby enacted to read as follows:
24	§821. Fees
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26	B. The following fees and licenses shall be collected in advance by the
27	commissioner of insurance:

1	(31) Fee for application for insurance producer for specialty limited lines
2	credit insurance.
3	(a) Initial application if registering twenty or fewer
4	<u>employees</u>
5	(b) Initial application if registering twenty-one or more
6	employees
7	(c) Annual renewal fee if registering twenty or fewer
8	employees
9	(d) Annual renewal fee if registering twenty-one or more
10	<u>employees</u>
11	(32) Fee for application for insurance producer for specialty limited lines
12	motor vehicle title insurance line.
13	(a) Initial application if registering twenty or fewer
14	<u>employees</u>
15	(b) Initial application if registering twenty-one or more
16	employees
17	(c) Fee for registration of employees, per employee up to\$ 20.00
18	(d) Annual renewal fee if registering twenty or fewer
19	<u>employees</u>
20	(e) Annual renewal fee if registering twenty-one or more
21	<u>employees</u>
22	(33) Motor vehicle rental insurers.
23	(a) Initial license application:
24	(i) Twenty-six or more vehicles
25	(ii) Twenty-five or fewer vehicles \$ 100.00
26	(b) Renewal
27	(i) Twenty-six or more vehicles \$ 250.00
28	(ii) Twenty-five or fewer vehicles\$ 50.00
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§901. Insurable interest required; personal insurance; intentional acts exclusion

A. Any individual of competent legal capacity may procure or effect an insurance contract upon his own life or body for the benefit of any person; But however, no person shall procure or cause to be procured any insurance contract upon the life or body of another individual unless the benefits under such contract are payable to the individual insured or his personal representatives, or to a person having, at the time when such contract was made, an insurable interest in the individual insured.

- B. If the beneficiary, assignee, or other payee under any contract made in violation of this Section receives from the insurer any benefits thereunder under the contract accruing upon the death, disablement, or injury of the individual insured, the individual insured or his executor or administrator, as the case may be, may maintain an action to recover such benefits from the person so receiving them.
- C. "Insurable interest" as used in this Section and in R.S. 22:856 includes only interest as follows:
- (1) In the case of individuals related closely by blood or by law, a substantial interest engendered by love and affection; and.

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(3) An individual, A person, or entity heretofore or hereafter party to an agreement, contract, or option for the purchase or sale of a business or a firm or immovable property owned by a business or firm, or an interest therein or of shares of stock of a closed corporation or of an interest in such shares, has an insurable interest in the life of each individual party to such agreement, contract, or option, each individual shareholder of such closed corporation or each individual shareholder of a corporation, individual partner of a partnership, or individual member of a limited liability company owning such property, business, firm, or shares of stock for the purposes of such agreement, contract, or option, only, in addition to any insurable interest which may otherwise exist as to the life of such individual party or individual shareholder.

D.(1) No beneficiary, assignee, or other payee under any personal insurance	
contract shall receive from the insurer any benefits thereunder under the contract	
accruing upon the death, disablement, or injury of the individual insured when said	
beneficiary, assignee, or other payee is: either:	
(a) Held by a final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to be	

criminally responsible for the death, disablement, or injury of the individual insured;

or<u>.</u>

(2) Where such a disqualification exists, the policy proceeds shall be payable to the secondary or contingent beneficiary, unless similarly disqualified, or, if no secondary or contingent beneficiary exists, to the estate of the insured. Provided, that nothing Nothing contained herein in this Section shall prohibit payment pursuant to an assignment of the policy proceeds where such payment defrays the cost and expenses of the insured's funeral or expense incurred in connection with medical treatment of the insured. Provided, also, that nothing Nothing contained herein in this Section shall prohibit payment of insurance proceeds pursuant to a facility of payment clause, so long as such payment is not made to a beneficiary, assignee, or other payee disqualified by this Section.

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§902. Statutory life insurance beneficiaries

Notwithstanding any other law or regulation to the contrary, any religious, educational, eleemosynary, charitable, or benevolent institution or undertaking may be named beneficiary in or owner of any policy of life insurance issued by any life insurance company upon the life of any individual. The beneficiaries or owners aforenamed named shall have an insurable interest for the full face of the policy and shall be entitled to collect same. On all policies of life insurance issued before August 21, 1992, by insurers in which any of the aforenamed named beneficiaries or owners shall have been designated beneficiaries in the policies, said the

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beneficiaries shall have an insurable interest to the full extent of the face of the policy and be entitled to collect same, without penalty or deduction.

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§904. Ante-dating of life insurance policies prohibited

No insurer shall knowingly deliver or issue for delivery in this state any policy or contract of life insurance which purports to be issued or to take effect as of a date more than six months before the application therefor was made, if thereby the premium on such policy or contract is reduced below the premium which would be payable thereon as determined by the nearest birthday of the insured at the time when such application was made. No agent producer or other representative of an insurer shall in this state prepare, submit, or accept any application for life insurance which bears a date earlier than the date when such application was made by the insured or applicant, if thereby the premium on such policy is reduced as above stated: in this Section. Nothing contained in this Section shall invalidate any contract made in violation of this Section. This Section shall not be construed to prohibit the exchange, alteration, or conversion of policies of life insurance as of the original date of such policies if the amount of insurance provided under the new policy does not exceed the amount of insurance under the original policy or the amount of insurance which the premium paid for the original policy would have purchased if the new policy had been originally applied for, whichever is greater; nor to prohibit the exercise of any conversion privilege contained in any policy or contract.

§905. Written notice required before lapsing life policies

A. No life insurer shall within one year after default in payment of any premium, installment, loan, or interest, declare forfeited or lapsed any policy issued or renewed, and not issued upon the payment of monthly or weekly premiums or for a term of one year or less, for non-payment nonpayment when due of any premium, installment, loan, or interest, or any portion thereof required by the terms of the policy to be paid, unless a written or printed notice stating:

1	(1) The amount of such premium, installment, loan or interest, or portion
2	thereof due on such policy; and
3	(2) The place where it shall be paid and the person to whom the same is
4	payable, shall have been duly addressed and mailed to the owner of the policy and
5	the assignee of the policy if notice of the assignment has been given to the insurer,
6	at the last known post office address of such insured or assignee, postage prepaid by
7	the insurer or any person appointed by it to collect such payment, at least fifteen and
8	not more than forty-five days prior to the date when the same is payable. Such notice
9	shall state both of the following:
10	(1) The amount of such premium, installment, loan, or interest, or portion
11	thereof due on such policy.
12	(2) The place where it shall be paid and the person to whom the same is
13	payable.
14	B. No policy shall in any case be forfeited or declared forfeited or lapsed
15	until the expiration of thirty days after the mailing of such notice. Any payment
16	demanded by such the notice and made within the time limit shall be taken to be full
17	compliance fully compliant with the requirements of the policy in respect to the time
18	of such the payment.
19	C. The affidavit of any officer, clerk, or agent representative of the insurer
20	or of anyone authorized to mail such notice that the notice required by this section
21	Section has been duly addressed and mailed by the insurer issuing such policy, shall
22	be presumptive evidence that such notice has been duly given. No action shall be
23	maintained to recover under a forfeited policy, unless the same is instituted within
24	two years from the day upon which default was made in paying the premium,
25	installment, interest or portion thereof for which it is claimed that forfeiture ensued.
26	<u>D.</u> This Section shall not apply to group <u>life</u> insurance policies.
27	§906. Mortality endowments prohibited
28	A. No life insurer, (including industrial, service, non-profit nonprofit funeral
29	associations, and fraternal benefit societies), shall be permitted to issue policies,

certificates, or contracts to policyholders or members stipulating for the
establishment of its policyholders or members into divisions and classes for the
purpose of providing for the payment of benefits from special funds created for such
purpose to the oldest member of the division and class or to the member of the
division and class whose policy has been in force the longest period of time upon the
death of the member in such division and class, except as provided in Subsection B
of this Section.

B. Any life insurer specified in Subsection A of this Section heretofore operating on the plan specified in Subsection A of this Section in this state since before October 1, 1948, may continue so to do operate upon condition that such life insurer shall not after that date establish its policyholders or members into divisions or classes other than the divisions or classes actually containing subsisting policies or certificates as of July 28th, 28, 1936.

§907. Benefits required by domiciliary state; -- Louisiana residents entitled to

Every policy of life insurance and every benefit contract issued by any alien or foreign insurer to an insured or beneficiary who is a citizen or resident of this state at the time the policy was issued, shall as to all rights, privileges, or duties of the insurer, the insured, or the beneficiary therein, be so interpreted, performed, and enforced as to give accord and extend to such insured or beneficiary named therein and all parties legally represented or claiming through such original parties, the benefit of all legislative or legal enactments of any sort within the state, territory, or country where the insurer issuing such policy or contract is domiciled.

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§910. Life insurance and annuities; replacement

Rules and regulations concerning replacement of life insurance and annuities as provided in R.S. 22:47(1) and (17) shall be promulgated by the commissioner. by July 1, 2000.

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§912. Exemption of proceeds; life, endowment, annuity

A.(1) The lawful beneficiary, assignee, or payee, including the insured's estate, of a life insurance policy or endowment policy, heretofore or hereafter effected shall be entitled to the proceeds and avails of the policy against the creditors and representatives of the insured and of the person effecting the policy or the estate of either, and against the heirs and legatees of either such person, and such proceeds and avails shall also be exempt from all liability for any debt of such the beneficiary, payee, or assignee or estate, existing at the time the proceeds or avails are made available for his own use. For purposes of this Subsection, the proceeds and avails of the policy include the cash surrender value of the policy.

(2) The exemption authorized in Subsection (A) Paragraph (1) of this Subsection from seizure under any writ, mandate, or process issued by any court of competent jurisdiction, including any bankruptcy proceedings, shall not apply to that portion of the cash surrender value, or loan value of any life insurance policy, endowment policy, or annuity contract payable upon surrender during the lifetime of the insured or annuitant which exceeds the sum of thirty-five thousand dollars if such policy or contract was issued within nine months of issuance of such writ, mandate, or process or the filing of a voluntary or involuntary bankruptcy proceeding under the United States Code. However, an insurer shall be liable only for such amounts that exceed the thirty-five thousand dollar exemption which are in the insurer's possession at the time the insurer receives, at its home office, written notice by or on behalf of a creditor of claims being made against such value or interest with specification of the amount claimed. The insurer shall have no obligation to determine the validity or the accuracy of the amount of the claim and shall be relieved of further liability of any kind with respect to the monies paid upon such request of a creditor. An insurer shall be entitled to be paid by preference and priority over the claim of any such seizing creditor the balance of any bona fide loan to such the insured or owner which is secured by such interest or value in such the policy or contract.

B.(1) The lawful beneficiary, assignee, or payee, including the annuitant's estate, of an annuity contract, heretofore or hereafter effected, shall be entitled to the proceeds and avails of the contract against the creditors and representatives of the annuitant or the person effecting the contract, or the estate of either, and against the heirs and legatees of either such person, saving the rights of forced heirs, and such the proceeds and avails shall also be exempt from all liability for any debt of such the beneficiary, payee, or assignee or estate, existing at the time the proceeds or avails are made available for his own use.

* * *

C. The lawful beneficiary designated in an Education Assistance Account depositor's agreement to receive account funds in the event of the account owner's death, including the account owner's estate, of the funds contained in an Education Assistance Account established pursuant to R.S. 17:3095, heretofore or hereafter effected, shall be entitled to the proceeds and avails of the Education Assistance Account against the creditors and representatives of the account owner or the person effecting the account, or the estate of either, and against the heirs and legatees of either such person, saving the rights of forced heirs, and such the proceeds and avails shall also be exempt from all liability for any debt of such the beneficiary or estate existing at the time the proceeds and avails are made available for his own use.

- D.(1) The provisions of Subsections A, B, and C of this Section shall apply:
- (b) Whether or not the policy, contract, or Education Assistance Account depositor's agreement is made payable to the person whose life is insured, to his estate, or to the estate of an annuitant or to the estate of an Education Assistance Account owner if the beneficiary, assignee or payee shall predecease such the person.

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E. No person shall be compelled to exercise any rights, powers, options, or
privileges under any such policy, contract, or Education Assistance Account
depositor's agreement.

F. There shall be excepted from the provisions of this Section a debt secured by a pledge of a policy, any rights under such the policy that may have been assigned, and any advance payments made on or against such the policy.

§913. Policies payable to estate; effect of renunciation

In all policies of life or endowment insurance and in all annuity contracts where the estate of the insured or annuitant is a beneficiary or payee, the widow, or heir, or heirs of the insured or annuitant decedent shall be entitled to the proceeds of such the policies or contracts according to the laws of distribution affecting the succession of the decedent even though they have renounced his succession with the same effect as if said the renunciation had not taken place.

§914. Requirements of variable life and variable annuities

Except for R.S. 22:951(A)(1), (6), and (7) in the case of a variable annuity contract and R.S. 22:931(A)(1), (7), and (9), R.S. 22:933, 934, 935, and 936 in the case of an individual variable life insurance contract, and R.S. 22:942(3) in the case of a group variable life insurance contract and except as otherwise provided in Subpart C of Part IV of Chapter 2 of this Title, all pertinent provisions of the insurance laws of this state shall apply to separate accounts and contracts relating thereto. Any individual variable life insurance contract, delivered or issued for delivery in this state shall contain grace, reinstatement and nonforfeiture provisions appropriate to such a the contract; any such group variable life insurance contract shall contain a grace provision appropriate to such a the contract and any such variable annuity contract shall contain grace, reinstatement, and nonforfeiture provisions appropriate to such a that contract.

1	§915. Donations inter vivos of life insurance policies; laws respecting form
2	inapplicable
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4	B. This section <u>Section</u> is remedial and retrospective. All donations inter
5	vivos of life insurance policies made on or before July 31, 1968, are valid and
6	effective, whether or not such donations were made in the form prescribed by the
7	Civil Code or by any other laws of this state.
8	* * *
9	§931. Life insurance policies; standard provisions
10	A. No policy of life insurance, except as stated in Subsection C, of this
11	Section, shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state unless it contains in
12	substance the following provision or provisions which, in the opinion of the
13	commissioner of insurance, are more favorable to the policyholder:
14	(1) Grace period. A provision that the insured is entitled to a grace period
15	either of thirty days or, at the option of the insurer, of one month within which the
16	payment of any premium after the first may be made, during which period of grace
17	the policy shall continue in full force, but if a claim arises under the policy during
18	such the period of grace before the overdue premiums or the deferred premiums of
19	the current policy year, if any, are paid, the amount of such premiums, together with
20	interest, not in excess of six per cent percent per annum, on any overdue premium,
21	may be deducted from any amount payable under the policy in settlement.
22	(2) <u>Incontestability</u> . A provision that the policy shall be incontestable after
23	it has been in force during the lifetime of the insured for a period of two years from
24	its date of issue, except for non-payment nonpayment of premiums and except for
25	the conditions of the policy relating to military or naval service, or services auxiliary
26	thereto; and at the option of the insurer, provisions relating to benefits in the event

of disability, as defined in the policy, and provisions which grant additional

insurance specifically against death by accident or accidental means, may also be

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excepted.

(3) Entire contract. A provision that the policy shall constitute the entire
contract between the parties, or if a copy of the application is endorsed upon or
attached to the policy when issued, a provision that the policy and the application
therefor shall constitute the entire contract between the parties.

- (4) <u>Misstatement of age.</u> A provision that if the age of the person insured or the age of any other person whose age is considered in determining the premiums has been misstated, any amount payable or benefit accruing under the policy shall be such as the premium would have purchased at the correct age, or ages.
- (5) \triangle Participating policy. If the policy is a participating policy, a provision that the insurer shall annually ascertain and apportion any divisible surplus accruing on the policy.
- (6) <u>Nonforfeiture options.</u> A provision in accordance with R.S. 22:934 through 936 specifying the options, if any, available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment: <u>Provided, however, however, the mortality table and rate of interest used as a basis for the calculation of <u>such the</u> options shall be designated by the policy.</u>
- (7) Policy loan. A provision that when the policy has a loan value, the insurer issuing it shall advance at the option of the person entitled thereto, a sum equal to or less than the cash surrender value of the policy at the end of the current policy year computed in accordance with the provisions of this Subpart, at any time while the policy is in force, on proper assignment or pledge of the policy or with the policy as security at a specified rate of interest not exceeding eight per centum percent per annum on policy contracts in effect prior to September 10, 1982, or in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 22:932 on policy contracts in effect on or after September 10, 1982. The interest shall be compounded annually payable in advance. The policy shall also contain a provision that the insurer may deduct from such the loan value, in addition to the indebtedness deducted in determining such value, any unpaid balance of the premium for the current policy year. The policy shall also contain a provision that, if the loan is made or repaid on a date other than

the anniversary of the policy, the insurer may collect interest for the portion of the current policy year on a pro rata basis at the rate of interest specified in the policy. The policy may further provide that interest on the loan may be compounded annually and, if not paid when due, it shall be added to the existing loan and shall bear interest at the same rate. The policy may further provide that, if and when the total indebtedness on the policy, including interest due or accrued, equals, or exceeds the amount of the loan value thereof at such time, and if at least thirty days prior notice has been given in the manner provided in R.S. 22:905, then the policy shall terminate and become void. The insurer may provide in the policy that the making of any such loan, except when made to pay premiums, may be deferred for a period not to exceed six months after the application therefor has been received by it. The provision shall not apply to term policies of twenty years or less.

- (8) <u>Nonforfeiture benefits.</u> A provision specifying the basis used in determining non-forfeiture nonforfeiture benefits. In case the proceeds of the policy are payable in installments or as an annuity, a table showing the amounts of the installments or annuity payments.
- (9) Reinstatement. A provision that the policy will be reinstated at any time within three years from the date of default, unless the cash surrender value has been exhausted by payment or unless the period of extended insurance has expired, upon the application of the insured and the production of evidence of insurability, including good health, satisfactory to the insurer and the payment of all overdue premiums and the payment or reinstatement of any other indebtedness to the insurer upon said policy with the interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum percent per annum compounded annually.
- (10) Free look period. (a) A provision, prominently printed on the life insurance policy or attached thereto, notifying the insured that ten days are allowed, from the date of his receipt of the policy, to examine its provisions. If the policy is not as explained by the company, its representative, or as understood by the insured, the policy may be surrendered within said the ten-day period, and any premium

advanced by the insured, upon the surrender, shall be immediately returned to him. The insurer shall have the option of printing, attaching, or endorsing the notice above required in this Subparagraph or a notice of equal prominence which, in the opinion of the commissioner of insurance, is not less favorable to the policyholder. This Paragraph Subparagraph shall not apply to trip-travel insurance policies which by their terms are not renewable.

- (b) If the policy is delivered by an agent or broker, a producer, a receipt shall be signed by the policyholder acknowledging delivery of the policy. The receipt shall contain the policy number and the date the delivery was completed. All delivery receipts required by this Subparagraph shall be retained by the insurer or its agent or the broker producer for two consecutive years. The requirement of this Subparagraph shall not apply to any insurer that markets policies under a home service marketing distribution method and that issues a majority of its policies on a weekly or monthly basis.
- (c) If the policy is delivered by mail, it shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, or a certificate of mailing shall be obtained showing the date the policy was mailed to the policyowner. For policy issuances verified by a certificate of mailing, it is presumed that the policy is received by the policyowner ten days from the date of mailing. The receipts and the certificate of mailing described in this Section shall be retained by the insurer or agent producer for three two years.
- (11) Lump sum payment. A provision which allows election by the beneficiary of an option to receive benefits in the form of a lump sum payment. This Paragraph shall not apply to policies of industrial life insurance or service insurance.
- B. Exclusions and restrictions. No policy of life insurance delivered or issued for delivery in this state shall contain any provision which excludes or restricts liability for death caused in a certain specified manner or occurring while the insured has a specified status, except the following provisions, or provisions which in the opinion of the commissioner of insurance are substantially the same or more favorable to policyholders:

1	(1) Provisions excluding or restricting coverage in the event of death
2	occurring:
3	(1) (a) As a result of war declared or undeclared under conditions specified
4	in the policy.
5	(2) (b) While either in:
6	(a) (i) the The military, naval, or air forces of any country at war, declared or
7	undeclared , or .
8	(b) (ii) any Any ambulance, medical, hospital, or civilian noncombatant unit
9	serving with such forces, either while serving with or within six months after
10	termination of service in such forces or units.
11	(3) (c) As a result of self-destruction while sane or insane within two years
12	from the date of issue of the policy.
13	(4) (d) As a result of aviation under conditions specified in the policy.
14	(5) (e) Within two years from the date of issue of the policy as a result of a
15	specified hazardous occupation or occupations, or while the insured is residing in a
16	specified foreign country or countries.
17	(2) In the event of death as to which there is an exclusion or restriction
18	pursuant to Paragraphs (1), (3), (4), or (5) Subparagraph (1)(a), (c), (d), or (e) of this
19	Subsection, the insurer shall pay an amount not less than the reserve on the face
20	amount of the policy, together with the reserve for any paid-up additions thereto, and
21	any dividends standing to the credit of the policy, less any indebtedness to insurer
22	on the policy, including interest due or accrued.
23	(3) In the event of death as to which there is an exclusion or restriction
24	pursuant to Paragraph (2) Subparagraph (1)(b) of this Subsection, the insurer shall
25	pay the greater of:
26	(a) the (i) The amount specified in the preceding paragraph; or Paragraph (2)
27	of this Subsection.

2	dividends paid in cash or used in the payment of premiums thereon and less any
3	indebtedness to the insurer on the policy, including interest due or accrued.
4	(4) A clause in any policy of life insurance, issued under this Code,
5	providing that such policy shall be incontestable after a specified period shall
6	preclude only a contest of the validity of the policy, and shall not preclude the
7	assertion at any time of defenses based upon provisions which exclude or restrict
8	coverage as provided in this Subsection, whether or not such restrictions or
9	exclusions are excepted in such clause; nor upon a provision regarding misstatement
10	of age as provided in Paragraph (4) of Subsection A of this Section, whether or not
11	such provision is excepted in such clause.
12	(5) Nothing contained herein in this Subsection shall apply to any provision
13	in a life insurance policy for additional benefits in the event of death by accident or
14	accidental means.
15	C. Any of the foregoing provisions or portions thereof of this Section not
16	applicable to single premium or non-participating nonparticipating or term policies,
17	shall to that extent not be incorporated therein. The provisions of this Section shall
18	not apply to policies of industrial life insurance, service insurance, or to policies of
19	group life insurance.
20	D. Every life insurance policy delivered or issued for delivery in this state,
21	other than policies of industrial life insurance or service insurance, shall allow
22	election by the beneficiary of an option to receive benefits in the form of a lump sum
23	payment.
24	§932. Maximum rate of interest on policy loans
25	* * *
26	B. The rate of interest charged on a policy loan made under Paragraph (2)
27	of Subsection A of this Section shall not exceed the higher of: the following:

(b) the (ii) The amount of the gross premiums charged on the policy less

1	(1) The published monthly average for the calendar month ending two
2	months prior to the date on which the rate is determined; or.
3	* * *
4	D. The maximum rate for each policy referred to in Paragraph (2) of
5	Subsection A of this Section shall be determined at regular intervals at least once
6	every twelve months, but not more frequently than once in any three month three-
7	month period. At the intervals specified in the policy:
8	* * *
9	(2) The rate being charged shall be reduced whenever such reduction, as
10	determined under Subsection B of this Section, would decrease that rate by one-half
11	of one percent of or more per annum.
12	E. The insurer shall, at the time a cash loan is made, notify the policyholder
13	of the initial rate of interest on the loan, and shall notify the policyholder of the
14	initial rate of interest on the premium loan as soon as it is reasonably practical to do
15	so after making the initial loan. Such notice need not be given to the policyholder
16	when a further premium loan is added except as otherwise provided below. in this
17	Subsection. The insurer shall send reasonable advance notice of any increase in the
18	rate to policyholders with loans, and include in the notices required above, in this
19	Subsection, the substance of the pertinent provisions of Subsections A and C of this
20	Section.
21	* * *
22	§934. Policies to contain non-forfeiture nonforfeiture benefits
23	Every contract or policy of life or endowment insurance policy, (other than
24	a term <u>life</u> policy for twenty years or less and policies an industrial life insurance
25	policy with coverage of one thousand two hundred fifty dollars or less issued as
26	industrial policies under the provisions of pursuant to R.S. 22:146), issued on the life
27	of a resident of this state or delivered within this state by any insurer, on or after
28	January 1, 1937, unless the company elects to take advantage of the exercises its

option provided in R.S. 22:936(H), shall contain a stipulation require that after three

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full annual premiums have been paid, thereon it shall not lapse or become void or be forfeited for non-payment of any premium thereafter, or of any note therefor, or of any loan on such policy, or of any interest on such note or loan, the policy shall not be forfeited without value for the nonpayment of any subsequent premiums or for policy loan indebtedness or the interest thereon except as provided in R.S. 22:935. §935. Paid-up, extended insurance and cash value

No such policy of Every life or endowment insurance policy, (other than a term <u>life</u> policy for twenty years or less and <u>an</u> <u>policies of</u> industrial <u>life</u> insurance policy with coverage of one thousand two hundred fifty dollars or less, pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 22:146), issued by any legal reserve life insurer on or after January 1, 1907, by a legal reserve life insurance company, after being in force for three full years, shall not be forfeited without value for the nonpayment of any subsequent premiums or for policy loan indebtedness or the interest thereon, unless the company elects to take advantage of the exercises its option provided in R.S. 22:936(H), after being in force three full years shall by its terms lapse or become forfeited by the nonpayment of any premium, or any note therefor, or of any loan on such policy, or of any interest on such note or loan. The reserve on such policy computed according to the standard adopted by said insurer, together with the value of any dividend additions upon said policy after deducting any indebtedness to the company and after deducting one-fifth of the said entire reserve or the sum of two and fifty-one hundredths dollars for each one hundred dollars of the face of said policy if said sum shall be more than the said one-fifth, shall upon demand, with surrender of the policy, be applied as a surrender value as agreed upon in the policy; provided that, if no other option expressed in the policy be availed of by the owner thereof, the policy shall provide for said value to be applied to the automatic option shown in the policy which automatic option shall be one of the following, either to purchase upon the same life, at the attained age, paid-up insurance, payable at the same time, and under the same conditions, except as to the payment of premiums, as the original policy, or to continue the insurance in force at its full amount,

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including any outstanding dividend additions, less any outstanding indebtedness on the policy, so long as such surrender value will purchase nonparticipating temporary insurance at net single premium rates by the standard adopted by the insurer, at the age of the insured at the time of lapse or forfeiture, provided that in case of any endowment policy, if the sum applicable to the purchase of temporary insurance be more than sufficient to continue the insurance to the end of the endowment term named in the policy, the excess shall be used to purchase, in the same manner, pure endowment insurance payable at the end of the endowment term named in the policy on the conditions on which the original policy was issued; and provided further that, in calculating the The nonforfeiture value per hundred dollars of coverage under said policy is determined as the sum of the legal reserve and accumulated dividends, less any policy loan indebtedness and a surrender charge equal to the greater of onefifth of the legal reserve or two dollars and fifty cents. Unless the policy owner elects one of the other nonforfeiture options within the policy, the nonforfeiture value as determined herein shall be applied towards the policy's automatic nonforfeiture option. The automatic nonforfeiture option shall be the purchase of paid up life or endowment insurance on the same life at the age at the time of forfeiture and under the same terms, except as to the payment of premiums, as the original policy, or to continue the insurance in force at its full amount, including the amount of accumulated dividends, less any existing policy loan indebtedness; however, such surrender value will purchase nonparticipating temporary insurance at net single premium rates using the standard as prescribed by the insurer, at the age at the time of forfeiture, provided that in the case of an endowment policy, if the sum needed to purchase temporary insurance is more than that needed to continue the insurance to the end of the policy's endowment term, the excess shall be used to purchase pure endowment insurance payable at the end of the policy's endowment term using the purchase rates as prescribed by the insurer. When determining the net single premium rates for any temporary insurance, the insurer may use one hundred thirty percent of the rate of reserve mortality assumption adopted as a basis for

reserve for the policy as the mortality rate. This further provision shall not apply to any mortality table constructed on the basis of insurance companies company experience prior to 1900. Provided, further, that any Any attempted waiver of the provisions of this paragraph Paragraph in any application, policy, or otherwise shall be void, and that any value allowed in lieu thereof shall be at least equal to the net value of the temporary and or pure endowment insurance as provided herein. provided for. The term of temporary insurance herein provided herein for shall include the period of grace, if any.

§936. Standard nonforfeiture law for life insurance

A.(1) This Section shall be known as the "Standard Nonforfeiture Law for Life Insurance". In the case of policies issued on and after the effective date of this Section, as defined in Subsection L hereof, of this Section, no policy of life insurance, except as stated in Subsection K of this Section shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state unless it shall contain in substance the following provisions, or corresponding provisions which in the opinion of the commissioner are at least as favorable to the defaulting or surrendering policyholder as are the minimum requirements hereinafter specified and are essentially in compliance with in Subsection J of this Section:

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(2)(a) Any of the foregoing provisions, or portions thereof, of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection not applicable by reason of because of the structure of the plan of insurance may, to the extent inapplicable, be omitted from the policy.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provisions to the contrary, the insurer shall reserve the right to defer the payment of any cash surrender value for a period not to exceed six months after demand therefor with surrender of the policy. Notwithstanding the above this provision, if payment is not made within thirty days after demand therefor with surrender of the policy, the insurer shall pay, in addition to the cash surrender value, interest on the cash surrender value at the judicial interest rate set by Louisiana Civil Code Article 2924 R.S. 9:3500 commencing from

the date of surrender until the cash surrender value is paid in full within the sixmonth period.

B.(1) Any cash surrender value available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due on any policy anniversary, whether or not required by Subsection A; of this Section, shall be an amount not less than the excess, if any, of the present value on such anniversary of the future guaranteed benefits which would have been provided for by the policy, including any existing paid-up additions, if there had been no default, over the sum of the then present value of the adjusted premiums as defined in Subsections D, E, F, and G of this Section corresponding to premiums which would have fallen due on and after such anniversary, and the amount of any indebtedness to the insurer on the policy.

- (2) Provided, however, that However, for any policy issued on or after the effective date of Subsection G of this Section as defined therein, which provides supplemental life insurance or annuity benefits at the option of the insured and for an identifiable additional premium by rider or supplemental policy provision, the cash surrender value referred to in the first paragraph Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall be an amount not less than the sum of the cash surrender value as defined in such paragraph Paragraph for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without such rider or supplemental policy provision and the cash surrender value as defined in such paragraph Paragraph for a policy which provides only the benefits otherwise provided by such rider or supplemental policy provision.
- (3) Provided, further, that However, for any family policy issued on or after the effective date of Subsection G of this Section as defined therein, which defines a primary insured and provides term insurance on the life of the spouse of the primary; insured expiring before the spouse's age of seventy-one; years, the cash surrender value referred to in the first paragraph Paragraph (1) of this Subsection shall be an amount not less than the sum of the cash surrender value as defined in such paragraph Paragraph for an otherwise similar policy issued at the same age without such term insurance on the life of the spouse and the cash surrender value

as defined in such <u>paragraph</u> <u>Paragraph</u> for a policy which provides only the benefits otherwise provided by such term insurance on the life of the spouse.

(4) Any cash surrender value available within thirty days after any policy anniversary under any policy paid-up by completion of all premium payments or any policy continued under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit, whether or not required by Subsection A, of this Section, shall be an amount not less than the present value, on such anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy, including any existing paid-up additions, decreased by any indebtedness to the insurer on the policy.

* * *

D.(1)(a) This Subsection shall not apply to policies issued on or after the effective date of Subsection G as defined therein. Except as provided in the third paragraph Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, the adjusted premiums for any policy shall be calculated on an annual basis and shall be such uniform percentage of the respective premiums specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding extra premiums on substandard policies, that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all such adjusted premiums shall be equal to the sum of: all of the following:

(a) the (i) The then present value of the future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy;

(b) two (ii) Two percent of the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or of the equivalent uniform amount, as hereinafter defined, if the amount of insurance varies with duration of the policy;

(c) forty (iii) Forty percent of the adjusted premium for the first policy year; and.

(d) twenty-five (iv) Twenty-five percent of either the adjusted premium for the first policy year or the adjusted premium for a whole life policy of the same uniform or equivalent uniform amount with uniform premiums for the whole of life issued at the same age for the same amount of insurance, whichever is less.

(b) In applying the percentages specified in (c) Items (a)(iii) and (d) above, (iv) of this Paragraph, no adjusted premium shall be deemed to exceed four percent of the amount of insurance or uniform amount equivalent thereto. The date of issue of a policy for the purpose of this Subsection shall be the date from which the first policy anniversary is computed.

(2) In the case of a policy providing an amount of insurance varying with duration of the policy, the equivalent uniform amount thereof for the purpose of this Subsection shall be deemed to be the uniform amount of insurance provided by an otherwise similar policy, containing the same endowment benefit or benefits, if any, issued at the same age and for the same term, the amount of which does not vary with duration and the benefits under which have the same present value at the date of issue as the benefits under the policy: Provided, however, that however, in the case of a policy providing a varying amount of insurance issued on the life of a child under age ten, the equivalent uniform amount may be computed as though the amount of insurance provided by the policy prior to the attainment of age ten were the amount provided by such policy at age ten.

* * *

(4) Except as otherwise provided in Subsections E, and F, and G of this Section, all adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this Section shall for all policies of ordinary insurance be calculated on the basis of the Commissioners 1941 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table; provided that for any category of ordinary insurance issued on female risks, adjusted premiums and present values may be calculated according to an age not more than three years younger than the actual age of the insured and such calculations for all policies of industrial insurance, as defined in R.S. 22:141, shall be made on the basis of the 1941 Standard Industrial Mortality Table. All calculations shall be made on the basis of the rate of interest, not exceeding three and one-half percent per annum, specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits: Provided, however, that however, in calculating the present value of any paid-up term

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insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than one hundred and thirty percent of the rates of mortality according to such applicable table: Provided, further, that however, for insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any such adjusted premiums and present values may be based on such other table of mortality as may be specified by the insurer and approved by the commissioner.

E.(1) This Subsection shall not apply to ordinary policies issued on or after the effective date of Subsection G of this Section as defined therein. In the case of ordinary policies issued on or after the effective date of this Subsection as defined herein and in Subsection L, of this Section, all adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this Section shall be calculated on the basis of the Commissioner's 1958 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table and the rate of interest specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits provided that such rate of interest shall not exceed four percent per annum for policies issued prior to September 7, 1979, and such rate of interest shall not exceed five and one-half percent per annum for policies issued on or after September 7, 1979, and provided that However, for any category of ordinary insurance issued on female risks, adjusted premiums, and present values may be calculated according to an age not more than six years younger than the actual age of the insured.; Provided, however, that however, in calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than those shown in the Commissioner's 1958 Extended Term Insurance Table. Provided, further, that However, for insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any such adjusted premiums, and present values may be based on such other table of mortality as may be specified by the insurer and approved by the commissioner.

(2) Any After July 27, 1960, any insurer may file with the commissioner a written notice of its election to comply with the provisions of this Subsection after a specified date with respect to the policies specified in the notice. After the filing

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of such notice, then upon such specified date which shall be the effective date of this Subsection for such insurer with respect to such policies, this Subsection shall become effective with respect to such policies specified in such notice and thereafter issued by such insurer.

F.(1) This Subsection shall not apply to industrial policies issued on or after the effective date of Subsection G of this Section as defined therein. In the case of industrial policies issued on or after the effective date of this Subsection F as defined herein and in Subsection L $\underline{of\ this\ Section}$, all adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this Section shall be calculated on the basis of the Commissioner's 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table and the rate of interest specified in the policy for calculating cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, but such rate of interest shall not exceed four percent per annum for policies issued prior to September 7, 1979, and such a rate of interest shall not exceed five and one-half percent per annum for policies issued on or after September 7, 1979. In addition, in calculating the present value of any paid-up term insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than those shown in the Commissioner's 1961 Industrial Extended Term Insurance Table: Further, however, for insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculations of any such adjusted premiums and present values may be based on such other table of mortality as may be specified by the insurer and approved by the commissioner.

* * *

G.(1)(a) This Subsection shall apply to all policies issued on or after the effective date of this Subsection as defined herein. Except as provided in Paragraph (7) of this Subsection, the adjusted premiums for any policy shall be calculated on an annual basis and shall be such uniform percentage of the respective premiums specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding amounts payable as extra premiums to cover impairments or special hazards and also excluding any uniform annual contract charge or policy fee specified in the policy in a statement of the

1	method to be used in calculating the cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture
2	benefits, that the present value, at the date of issue of the policy, of all adjusted
3	premiums shall be equal to the sum of the following three factors:
4	(a) the (i) The then present value of the future guaranteed benefits provided
5	for by the policy:

(b) one (ii) One percent of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years;

(c) one (iii) One hundred twenty-five percent of the nonforfeiture net level premium as hereinafter defined.

Provided, however, that (b) However, in applying the percentage specified in (c) above Item (a)(iii) of this Paragraph, no nonforfeiture net level premium shall be deemed to exceed four percent of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years. The date of issue of a policy for the purpose of this Subsection shall be the date as of which the rated age of the insured is determined.

* * *

(4) Except as otherwise provided in Paragraph 7 (7) of this Subsection, the recalculated future adjusted premiums for any such policy shall be such uniform percentage of the respective future premiums specified in the policy for each policy year, excluding amounts payable as extra premiums to cover impairments and special hazards, and also excluding any uniform annual contract charge or policy fee specified in the policy in a statement of the method to be used in calculating the cash surrender values and paid-up nonforfeiture benefits, that the present value, at the time of change to the newly defined benefits or premiums of all such future adjusted premiums shall be equal to the excess of (A) the sum of (a) the then present value of the then future guaranteed benefits provided for by the policy and (b) the additional

expense allowance, if any, over (B) the then cash surrender value, if any, or present
value of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit under the policy.

(8) All adjusted premiums and present values referred to in this Section shall be calculated for all policies of ordinary insurance on the basis of the Commissioner's 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table or at the election of the insurer for any one or more specified plans of life insurance, the Commissioner's 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with Ten-Year Select Mortality Factors; shall be calculated for all policies of industrial insurance on the basis of the Commissioner's 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table; and shall be calculated for all policies issued in a particular calendar year on the basis of a rate of interest not exceeding the nonforfeiture interest rate as defined in this Subsection for policies issued in that calendar year: Provided, however, that: however,

* * *

(b) Under any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit including any paid-up dividend additions, any cash surrender value available, whether or not required by Subsection A; of this Section shall be calculated on the basis of the mortality table and rate of interest used in determining the amount of such paid-up nonforfeiture benefit and paid-up dividend additions, if any.

* * *

- (d) In calculating the present value of any paid-up term <u>life</u> insurance with accompanying pure endowment, if any, offered as a nonforfeiture benefit, the rates of mortality assumed may be not more than those shown in the Commissioner's 1980 Extended Term Insurance Table for policies of ordinary insurance and not more than the Commissioner's 1961 Industrial Extended Term Insurance Table for policies of industrial <u>life</u> insurance.
- (e) For <u>life</u> insurance issued on a substandard basis, the calculation of any such adjusted premiums and present values may be based on appropriate modifications of the aforementioned tables.

	(f) Any ordinary <u>life</u> mortality tables, adopted after 1980, by the National
A	association of Insurance Commissioners that are approved by the commissioner for
u	se in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard may be substituted for the
C	Commissioner's 1980 Standard Ordinary Mortality Table with or without Ten-Year
S	elect Mortality Factors or for the Commissioner's 1980 Extended Term Insurance
T	Cable.
	(g) Any industrial <u>life</u> mortality tables adopted after 1980, by the National
A	association of Insurance Commissioners that are approved by the commissioner for
u	se in determining the minimum nonforfeiture standard may be substituted for the
C	Commissioner's 1961 Standard Industrial Mortality Table or the Commissioner's
19	961 Industrial Extended Term Insurance Table.
	* * *
	I.(1) Any cash surrender value and any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit
av	vailable under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due at any
ti	me other than on the policy anniversary shall be calculated with allowance for the
la	apse of time and the payment of fractional premiums beyond the last preceding
p	olicy anniversary. All values referred to in Subsections B, C, D, E, F, and through
G	G of this Section may be calculated upon the assumption that any death benefit is
pa	ayable at the end of the policy year of death. The net value of any paid-up
ac	dditions, other than paid-up term additions, shall not be less than the amounts used
to	provide such additions. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection B of this
S	ection, additional benefits payable in any of the following shall be disregarded in
as	scertaining cash surrender values and nonforfeiture benefits required by this
S	ection:
	(a) In the event of death or dismemberment by accident or accidental means;

(c) As reversionary annuity or deferred reversionary annuity benefits;

(b) In the event of total and permanent disability;

(d) As term insurance benefits, whether or not provided by a rider or
supplemental policy provision to which, if issued as a separate policy, this Section
shall not apply;.

- (e) As term insurance on the life of a child or on the lives of children provided in a policy on the life of a parent of the child, if such term insurance expires before the child's age is twenty-six, is uniform in amount after the child's age is one, and has not become paid-up by reason of the death of a parent of the child; and.
- (f) As other policy benefits additional to life insurance and endowment benefits and premiums for all such additional benefits.

* * *

- J.(1) This Subsection in addition to all other All applicable Subsections of this Section shall apply to all policies issued on or after January 1, 1986. Any cash surrender value available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment due on any policy anniversary shall be in an amount which does not differ by more than two-tenths of one percent of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years, from the sum of: (a) the greater of zero and the basic cash value hereinafter specified and (b) the present value of any existing paid-up additions less the amount of any indebtedness to the insurer under the policy.
- anniversary, of the future guaranteed benefits which would have been provided for by the policy, excluding any existing paid-up additions and before deduction of any indebtedness to the insurer, if there had been no default, less the then present value of the nonforfeiture factors, as hereinafter defined, corresponding to premiums which would have fallen due on and after such anniversary: Provided, however, that however, the effects on the basic cash value of supplemental life insurance or annuity benefits or of family coverage, as described in Subsection B or Subsection D; of this Section, whichever is applicable, shall be the same as are the effects specified in such

Subsection B or Subsection D <u>of this Section</u>, whichever is applicable on the cash surrender values defined in that Subsection.

(3)(a) The nonforfeiture factor for each policy year shall be an amount equal to a percentage of the adjusted premium for the policy year, as defined in Subsection D or Subsection G; of this Section, whichever is applicable. Except as is required by the next succeeding sentence Subparagraph (b) of this Paragraph, such percentage shall be the same percentage for each policy year between the second policy anniversary and the later of the fifth policy anniversary and that of the first policy anniversary at which there is available under the policy a cash surrender value in an amount, before including any paid-up additions and before deducting any indebtedness, of at least two tenths of one percent of either the amount of insurance, if the insurance be uniform in amount, or the average amount of insurance at the beginning of each of the first ten policy years.

(b) No percentage after the later of the two policy anniversaries specified in the preceding sentence Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph shall apply to fewer than five consecutive policy years: Provided, that however, no basic cash value may be less than the value which would be obtained if the adjusted premiums for the policy, as defined in Subsections Subsection D or G, of this Section, whichever is applicable, were substituted for the nonforfeiture factors in the calculation of the basic cash value.

* * *

(5) Any cash surrender value available other than in the event of default in a premium payment due on a policy anniversary, and the amount of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefit available under the policy in the event of default in a premium payment shall be determined in manners consistent with the manners specified for determining the analogous minimum amounts in Subsections A, B, C, G, and I of this Section. The amounts of any cash surrender values and of any paid-up nonforfeiture benefits granted in connection with additional benefits such as those

1	listed as items Subparagraphs (a) through (f) in of Subsection I of this Section shall
2	conform with the principles of this Subsection.
3	* * *
4	K.(1) This Section shall not apply to any of the following:
5	* * *
6	(g) Policy, which provides no guaranteed nonforfeiture or endowment
7	benefits, for which no cash surrender value, if any, or present value of any paid-up
8	nonforfeiture benefit, at the beginning of any policy year, calculated as specified in
9	Subsections B, C, D, E, F, and through G of this Section, exceeds two and one-half
10	percent of the amount of insurance at the beginning of the same policy year.
11	(h) Policy which shall be delivered outside this state through an agent <u>a</u>
12	<u>producer</u> or other representative of the insurer issuing the policy.
13	* * *
14	§941. Group life insurance defined; eligibility; payment of premiums; limits and
15	coverage
16	* * *
17	B. Each policy of group life insurance may cover one or more employees or
18	members at date of issue-as follows:
19	* * *
20	(6) Any policy issued under this section Section may provide for the
21	readjustment of the rate of premium based on the experience thereunder at the end
22	of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance thereunder and such
23	readjustment may be made retroactive only for such policy year. Any refund on any
24	plan for readjustment of the rate of premium based on the experience of the group
25	policies hereafter issued, and any dividend paid under such policies may be used to
26	reduce the employer's share of the cost of coverage, except that if the aggregate
27	refunds or dividends under such group policy and in any other group policy or
28	contract issued to the policyholder exceed the aggregate contributions of the

employer toward the cost of the coverages, such excess shall be applied by the policyholder for the sole benefit of insured employees.

* * *

§942. Standard provisions for group life policies

Each policy of group life insurance as defined in R.S. 22:941 shall contain in substance the following provisions or, at the option of the insurer, provisions which in the opinion of the commissioner of insurance are not less favorable to the policyholder: However, Paragraphs (6) through (12) of this Section shall not apply to policies described in Paragraph (3) of Subsection A of R.S. 22:941 R.S. 22:941(A)(3), except that, where policies are issued pursuant to said that Paragraph, the insurer shall issue to the policyholder for delivery to the person whose life is insured an individual certificate setting forth the insurance protection afforded, to whom it is payable, information relating to notice and proof of loss, and that the standard provisions required for individual life insurance policies shall not apply to group life insurance policies::

(1) The contract: A provision that a copy of the application, if any, of the policyholder shall be attached to the policy when issued, that all statements made by the policyholder or by the persons insured shall be deemed representations and not warranties, and that no statement made by any person insured shall be used in any contest unless a copy of the instrument containing the statement is or has been furnished provided to such person or to his beneficiary.

22 * * *

(10) Conversion on termination of eligibility: A provision that if the insurance, or any portion of it, on an individual covered under the policy ceases because of termination of employment or of membership in the class or classes eligible for coverage under the policy, such individual shall be entitled to have issued to him by the insurer, without evidence of insurability, an individual policy of life insurance without disability or other supplementary benefits, provided application

for the individual policy shall be made and the first premium paid to the insurer within thirty-one days after such termination. It is further provided that:

* * *

(b) The individual policy shall be in an amount not in any event in excess of the amount of life insurance which ceases because of such termination nor less than one thousand dollars unless a smaller amount of coverage was provided for such individual under the group policy, provided that any amount of insurance which matures on the date of such termination or has matured prior thereto under the group policy as an endowment payable to the individual insured, whether in one sum or installments or in the form of an annuity, shall not, for the purposes of this provision, be included in the amount which is considered to cease because of such termination.

* * *

(11) Conversion on termination of policy: A provision that if the group policy terminates or is amended so as to terminate the insurance of any class of insured individuals, every individual insured thereunder at the date of such termination whose insurance terminates and who has been so insured for at least five years prior to such termination date shall be entitled to have issued to him by the insurer an individual policy of life insurance, subject to the same conditions and limitations as are provided by Paragraph (10) of this Section, except that the group policy may provide that the amount of such individual policy shall not exceed the smaller of (a) the amount of the individual's life insurance protection ceasing because of the termination or amendment of the group policy, less the amount of life insurance for which he is or becomes eligible under any group policy issued or reinstated by the same or another insurer within thirty-one days of such termination and (b) two thousand dollars.

* * *

§943. Group life insurance; exclusions; restrictions; contestability

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2	* * *
3	D. In the event of death as to which there is an exclusion or restriction not
4	prohibited by Paragraph (A)(2) of this Section or is allowed by the commissioner,
5	the insurer shall pay the greater of:
6	* * *
7	(2) The amount of the gross premiums charged on the policy less dividends
8	paid in cash or used in the payment of premiums thereon and less any indebtedness
9	to the insurer on the policy, including interest due or accrued.
10	* * *
11	§944. Exemption of proceeds; group life
12	A. A policy of group life insurance or the proceeds thereof payable to the
13	individual insured or to the beneficiary, thereunder, shall not be liable, either before
14	or after payment, to be applied to any legal or equitable process to pay any liability
15	of any person having a right under the policy. The proceeds, thereof, when not made
16	payable to a named beneficiary or to a third person pursuant to a facility-of-payment
17	clause, shall not constitute a part of the estate of the individual insured for the
18	payment of his debts.
19	* * *
20	§951. Annuities and pure endowment contracts; standard provisions
21	A. No annuity or pure endowment contract except a reversionary annuity
22	otherwise called a survivorship annuity and except a group annuity contract shall be
23	delivered or issued for delivery in this state unless it contains in substance the
24	following provision or provisions which in the opinion of the commissioner of
25	insurance are more favorable to the holders of such contracts:
26	(1) Grace period: A provision that there shall be a period of grace, either of
27	thirty days or of one month, within which any stipulated payment to the insurer
28	falling due after the first may be made, during which period of grace the contract
29	shall continue in full force; but if a claim arises under the contract on account of

death during the said period of grace before the overdue payment to the insurer or the deferred payments of the current contract year, if any, are made, the amount of such payments, with interest, not in excess of six per cent per annum, on any overdue payments, may be deducted from any amount payable under the contract in settlement.

- (2) <u>Incontestability:</u> If any statements, other than those relating to age, sex, and identity, are required as a condition of issuing the contract, a provision that the contract shall be incontestable after it has been in force during the lifetime of the person or each of the persons as to whom such statements are required, for a period of two years from its date of issue, except where stipulated payments to the insurer have not been made, and except for violation of the conditions, if any, of the contract relating to military or naval service; and at the option of the insurer issuing the same, such contract may also except provisions relative to benefits in the event of total and permanent disability and provisions which grant insurance specifically against death by accident or accidental means.
- (3) Entire contract: A provision that the contract shall constitute the entire contract between the parties, or if a copy of the application is endorsed upon or attached to the contract when issued, a provision that the contract and the application therefor shall constitute the entire contract between the parties.
- (4) Misstatement of age or sex: A provision that if the age or sex of the person or persons upon whose life or lives the contract is made, or of any of them, has been misstated, the amount payable or benefit accruing under the contract, shall be such as the stipulated payments to the insurer would have purchased according to the correct age or sex; and that if the insurer shall make any overpayments on account of any such misstatement, the amount thereof, with interest at a rate to be specified in the contract but not exceeding six per centum percent per annum, shall be charged against the current or next succeeding payment or payments to be made by the insurer under the contract.

1	(5) A Participating policy: If the policy is a participating policy, a provision
2	that the insurer shall annually ascertain and apportion any divisible surplus accruing
3	on the contract.
4	(6) Nonforfeiture options: A provision specifying the options available in
5	the event of default in a stipulated payment after three full years stipulated payments
6	have been made, together with a table showing, in figures, the options so available
7	during each of the first twenty years after the issuance of the contract or for the term
8	of the stipulated payments, if that be less than twenty years.
9	(7) Reinstatement: A provision that at any time within one year from the
10	date of default in making stipulated payments to the insurer, during the life of the
11	annuitant and unless the cash surrender value, if any, has been paid, the contract will
12	be reinstated, on the application of the person entitled thereto pursuant to the
13	provisions of the contract, upon payment to the insurer of all overdue stipulated
14	payments and of all indebtedness to the insurer on the contract with interest on both
15	at a rate to be specified in the contract but not to exceed six per cent percent per
16	annum, compounded annually; and in cases where applicable the contract may also
17	contain a provision requiring, as a condition of reinstatement, evidence of
18	insurability, including good health, satisfactory to the insurer.
19	(8)(a) Free look period: A provision, prominently printed on the contract or
20	attached thereto, notifying the insured that ten days are allowed, from the date of
21	actual receipt of the contract, to examine its provisions. If the contract is not as
22	explained by the company, its representative, or as understood by the insured, the
23	contract may be surrendered within said ten-day period, and any premium advanced
24	by the insured, upon the surrender, shall be immediately returned to him. The
25	insurer shall have the option of printing, attaching, or endorsing the notice above
26	required or a notice of equal prominence which, in the opinion of the commissioner
27	of insurance, is not less favorable to the contract holder.
28	(b) If the policy is delivered by an agent or broker, a producer, a receipt shall

be signed by the policyholder acknowledging delivery of the policy. The receipt shall

contain the policy number and the date the delivery was completed. The delivery receipts required by this Subparagraph shall be retained by the insurer, its agent, or the broker or its producer for two consecutive years. The requirement of this Subparagraph shall not apply to any insurer that markets policies under a home service marketing distribution method and that issues a majority of its policies on a weekly or monthly basis.

(c) If the policy is delivered by mail, it shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, or a certificate of mailing shall be obtained showing the date the policy was mailed to the policyowner. For policy issuances verified by a certificate of mailing, it is presumed that the policy is received by the policyowner ten days from the date of mailing. The receipts and the certificate of mailing described in this Section shall be retained by the insurer or agent producer for three two years.

* * *

§952. Standard nonforfeiture law for individual deferred annuities

A.

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(2) This Section shall not apply to any charitable gift annuity entered into on behalf of an organization qualified with the United States Internal Revenue Service for an exemption from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, reinsurance, group annuity purchases under a retirement plan or plan of deferred compensation established or maintained by an employer, (including a partnership or sole proprietorship), or by an employee organization, or by both, other than a plan providing individual retirement accounts or individual retirement annuities under Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, as now or hereafter amended, premium deposit fund, variable annuity, investment annuity, immediate annuity, any deferred annuity contract after annuity payments have commenced, or reversionary annuity, nor to any contract which shall be delivered outside this state

through an agent a producer or other representative of the company issuing the

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contract.

B. In the case of contracts issued on or after the operative date of this Section as defined in Subsection K, of this Section, no contract of annuity, except as stated in Subsection A, of this Section, shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state unless it contains in substance the following provisions, or corresponding provisions which in the opinion of the commissioner are at least as favorable to the contract-holder, upon cessation of payment of considerations under the contract:

* * *

(4)(a) A statement that any paid-up annuity, cash surrender or death benefits that may be available under the contract are not less than the minimum benefits required by any statute of the state in which the contract is delivered and an explanation of the manner in which such benefits are altered by the existence of any additional amounts credited by the company to the contract, any indebtedness to the company on the contract, or any prior withdrawals from or partial surrenders of the contract.

(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of this Subsection, any deferred annuity contract may provide that if no considerations have been received under a contract for a period of two full years and the portion of the paid-up annuity benefit at maturity on the plan stipulated in the contract arising from considerations paid prior to such period would be less than twenty dollars monthly, the company may at its option terminate such contract by payment in cash of the then present value of such portion of the paid-up annuity benefit, calculated on the basis of the mortality table, if any, and interest rate specified in the contract for determining the paid-up annuity benefit, and by such payment shall be relieved of any further obligation under such contract.

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J. For any contract which provides, within the same contract by rider or supplemental contract provision, both annuity benefits and life insurance benefits that are in excess of the greater of cash surrender benefits or a return of the gross considerations with interest, the minimum nonforfeiture benefits shall be equal to the sum of the minimum nonforfeiture benefits for the annuity portion and the minimum nonforfeiture benefits, if any, for the life insurance portion computed as if each portion were a separate contract. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsections D, E, F, G, and H, additional benefits payable: (i) in the event of total and permanent disability; (ii) as reversionary annuity or deferred reversionary annuity benefits; or (iii) as other policy benefits additional to life insurance, endowment and annuity benefits, and considerations for all such additional benefits, shall be disregarded in ascertaining the minimum nonforfeiture amounts, paid-up annuity, cash surrender, and death benefits that may be required by this Section. The inclusion of such additional benefits shall not be required in any paid-up benefits, unless such additional benefits separately would require minimum nonforfeiture amounts, paidup annuity, cash surrender, and death benefits.

* * *

§961. Group annuity contracts; definition; standard provisions

A. Any policy or contract, except a joint, reversionary or survivorship annuity contract, whereby annuities are payable dependent upon the continuation of the lives of more than one person, shall be deemed a group annuity contract. The person, firm, or corporation to whom such contract is issued shall be deemed the "holder" of such contract. The term "annuitant," as used herein, refers to any person upon whose continued life such annuity is dependent.

<u>B.</u> No group annuity contract shall be delivered or issued for delivery in this state and no certificate shall be used in connection therewith unless it contains in substance the following provisions to the extent that such provisions are applicable to such contract or to such certificate, as the case may be, or provisions which in the

opinion of the commissioner of insurance are more favorable to annuitants, or not less favorable to annuitants and more favorable to the holders:

- (1) <u>Grace period:</u> A provision in such contract that there shall be a period of grace, either of thirty days or of one month, within which any stipulated payment to be remitted by the holder to the insurer, falling due after one year from date of issue, may be made, subject, at the option of the insurer, to an interest charge thereon at a rate, to be specified in the contract, which shall not exceed six <u>per cent percent</u> per annum for the number of days of grace elapsing before such payment.
- (2) Entire contract: A provision in such contract specifying the document or documents which shall constitute the entire contract between the parties; the document or documents so specified shall be only: (a) the contract; (b) the contract together with the application of the holder of which a copy is attached thereto; or (c) the contract together with the application of the holder of which a copy is attached thereto and the individual applications of annuitants on file with the insurer and referred to therein.
- (3) <u>Misstatement of age or sex:</u> A provision in such contract, with an appropriate reference thereto in the certificate, for the equitable adjustment of the benefits payable under the contract or of the stipulated payments thereunder, if it befound that the sex, age, service, salary, or any other fact determining the amount of any stipulated payment or the amount or date or dates of payment of any benefit with respect to any annuitant covered thereby, has been misstated.
- (4) Ascertainment of the benefit: A provision or provisions in such contract, with an appropriate reference thereto in the certificate, specifying the nature and basis of ascertainment of the benefits which will be available to an annuitant who contributes to the cost of the annuity and the conditions of payment thereof in the event of either the termination of employment of the annuitant, except by death, or the discontinuance of stipulated payments under the contract. Such provision or provisions shall, in either of such events, make available to an annuitant who contributes to the cost of the annuity a paid-up annuity payable commencing at a

fixed date in an amount at least equal to that purchased by the contributions of the
annuitant, determinable as of the respective dates of payment of the several
contributions, as shown by a schedule included in the contract for that purpose, based
upon the same mortality table, rate of interest, and loading formula used in
computing the stipulated payments under such contract. Such provision or
provisions may, by way of exception to the foregoing, provide that if the amount of
the annuity determined as aforesaid from such fixed commencement date would be
less than sixty dollars annually, the insurer may at its option, in lieu of granting such
paid-up annuity, pay a cash surrender value at least equal to that hereinafter
provided. If a cash surrender value, in lieu of such paid-up annuity, is allowed to the
annuitant by the terms of such contract, it may be either in a single sum or in equal
installments over a period of not more than twelve months and it shall be at least
equal to either (a) or (b), whichever is less: (a) the amount of reserve attributable to
the annuitant's contributions less a surrender charge not exceeding thirty-five per
centum of the average annual contribution made by the annuitant; or (b) the amount
which would be payable as a death benefit at the date of surrender. Such contract
shall also provide that in case of the death of the annuitant, before the
commencement date of the annuity, the insurer shall pay a death benefit at least
equal to the aggregate amount of the annuitant's contributions, without interest. If
any benefits are available to the holder in either of such events the contract shall
contain a provision or provisions specifying the nature and basis of ascertainment of
such benefits.

(5) <u>Certificates:</u> A provision in such contract that the insurer will issue to the holder of the contract for delivery to each annuitant who contributes thereunder an individual certificate setting forth a statement in substance of the benefits to which he is entitled under such contract.

27 * * *

_	§1541.	Purpose	and	scope

This Subpart shall govern the qualifications and procedures for the licensing of insurance producers. These provisions shall apply to any and all lines of insurance and types of insurers, including but not limited to life, health, property, liability, credit, title, fire, or marine, operating on a stock, mutual reciprocal, fraternal benefit, hospital, or medical service plan, as set forth in this Subpart.

§1542. Definitions

As used in this Subpart, unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions shall be applicable:

(1) "Authorized insurer" shall mean any type of insurer other than surplus lines or unauthorized insurer. have the same definition as set forth in R.S. 22:46.

* * *

(4) "Home state" shall mean the District of Columbia or any state or territory of the United States in which an insurance producer maintains his or her a principal place of residence or principal place of business and is licensed to act as an insurance producer.

* * *

(6) "Insurance producer" or "producer" shall mean a person required to be licensed under the laws of this state to sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance, and includes all persons or business entities otherwise referred to in the Louisiana Insurance this Code as "insurance agent" or "agent", or "insurance broker" or "broker", or "insurance solicitor" or "solicitor", or "surplus lines broker".

* * *

(9) "Limited line credit insurance" includes credit life, as defined in R.S. 22:47(16) and R.S. 6:969.6(12), credit disability, credit property, credit unemployment, involuntary unemployment, mortgage life, mortgage guaranty, or mortgage disability insurance, and any other form of insurance offered in connection with an extension of credit that is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing that

1	credit obligation that the commissioner of insurance determines should be designated
2	a form of limited line credit insurance.
3	* * *
4	(11) "Limited lines insurance" is any authority granted by the commissioner
5	of insurance which restricts the authority of the licensee to less than the total
6	authority prescribed in the associated major lines pursuant to R.S. 22:1547(A)(1)
7	through (5) <u>(6)</u> .
8	* * *
9	(14) "Negotiate" shall mean to confer directly with or to offer advice directly
10	to a purchaser, certificate holder, or enrollee, or prospective purchaser, certificate
11	holder, or enrollee, of a particular contract of insurance, including certificates, riders,
12	endorsements, or amendments, concerning any of the benefits, terms, or conditions
13	of the contract, provided that if the person engaged in that act is an insurance
14	producer who either sells insurance or obtains insurance from insurers for
15	purchasers, certificate holders, or enrollees.
16	* * *
17	(18) "Surplus lines broker" shall mean an insurance producer who solicits,
18	negotiates, or procures a property and casualty policy with an insurance company not
19	licensed to transact business in the state which cannot be procured from insurers
20	licensed to do business in this state. All transactions entered into under such license
21	shall be subject to R.S. 22: 1902 <u>431</u> et seq.
22	* * *
23	§1544. Exceptions to licensing; prohibitions
24	* * *
25	B. A license as an insurance producer shall not be required of the following:
26	* * *
27	(5) A person whose activities in this state are limited to advertising without
28	the intent to solicit insurance in this state through communications in printed
29	publications or other forms of electronic mass media whose distribution is not

limited to residents of this state, provided that <u>if</u> the person does not sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance that would insure risks residing, located, or to be performed in this state.

- (6) A person who is not a resident of this state who sells, solicits, or negotiates a contract of insurance for commercial property and casualty risks to an insured with risks located in more than one state insured under that contract, provided if that person is otherwise licensed as an insurance producer to sell, solicit, or negotiate that insurance in the state where the insured maintains its principal place of business and the contract of insurance insures risks located in that state.
- (7) A salaried full-time employee who counsels or advises his or her employer relative to the insurance interests of the employer or of the subsidiaries or business affiliates of the employer provided that if the employee does not sell or solicit insurance or receive a commission.
- (8) Employees of an insurer or of an insurance producer who respond to requests from existing policyholders; on existing policies; provided that <u>if</u> those employees are not directly compensated based on the volume of premiums that may result from these services and <u>provided if</u> those employees do not sell, solicit, or negotiate insurance.

19 * * *

D. No person shall be licensed as an insurance producer, limited lines producer, surplus lines broker, or managing general agent in this state if they, he or any person who owns directly or indirectly more than ten percent of the beneficial interest in a business entity applying for a license, are is either a citizen of, resident of, domiciled in, or the commissioner determines that they he or the beneficial owner maintain maintains significant assets in; a country that the commissioner determines does not give full faith and credit to any judgment rendered by a court of this state or of the United States, or that the country does not have laws similar to those of this state for the discovery of assets of the insurer, seizure or sale of such assets, and execution of a judgment thereof.

§1545.	Examination
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I.(1) The commissioner of insurance shall prepare, publicly announce, and publish a report that summarizes statistical information relating to life insurance agent producer examinations administered during the preceding calendar year. Each report shall include the following information for all examinees combined and separately by gender, race or ethnicity, race or ethnicity within gender, education level, and native language:

* * *

§1546. Application for license

A. A person applying for a resident insurance producer license shall make application to the commissioner of insurance on the Uniform Application and declare under penalty of refusal, suspension, or revocation of the license that the statements made in the application are true, correct, and complete to the best of the individual's knowledge and belief. Before approving the application, the commissioner shall find that the individual:

17 * * *

(3) Is not disqualified for having committed any act that is a ground for denial, suspension, or revocation <u>as</u> set forth in R.S. 22:1554.

20 * * *

21 D.

22 * * *

(4) The commissioner of insurance shall treat and maintain an applicant's fingerprints and any criminal history record information obtained under this Section as confidential and shall apply security measures consistent with the Criminal Justice Information Services Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation standards for the electronic storage of fingerprints and necessary identifying information and limit the use of records solely to the purposes authorized in this Section. The fingerprints and any criminal history record information shall be exempt from the public records

1	law, (R.S. 44:1 et seq.,) shall not be subject to subpoena, other than a subpoena
2	issued in a criminal proceeding or investigation, and shall be confidential by law and
3	privileged, and shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any
4	private civil action.
5	* * *
6	F. Any license issued pursuant to an application claiming residency, for
7	licensing purposes, as defined herein, in R.S. 22:46, shall constitute an election of
8	residency in the state, and shall be void if the licensee while maintaining a resident
9	license also maintains a license in, or thereafter submits an application for a license
10	in, any other state or other jurisdiction stating that the applicant is a resident of such
11	other state or jurisdiction, or if the licensee ceases to be a resident of this state.
12	§1547. License
13	A. Unless denied licensure pursuant to R.S. 22:1554, persons who have met
14	the requirements of this Subpart shall be issued an insurance producer license. An
15	insurance producer may receive qualification for a license in one or more of the
16	following lines of authority:
17	* * *
18	(10) Limited life, health and accident, which provides insurance coverage
19	pursuant to R.S. 22:142. A license for limited life may allow the producer to sell life
20	insurance in an amount not to exceed thirty thousand dollars when appointed by an
21	insurer which meets the minimum financial requirements of, and is licensed pursuant
22	to, R.S. 22:82(A)(1) or 112(A)(1), and when such policies are issued by said such
23	insurer.
24	* * *
25	C.
26	* * *

by R.S. 22:821.

1	(2) Any licensee who fails to file timely for license renewal shall be charged
2	a late fee of twenty-five dollars, or other such amount as may be authorized by R.S.
3	22:821 , for each license not renewed timely .
4	* * *
5	D. An insurance producer who allows his or her license to lapse may, within
6	five years from the expiration date of the license, reinstate the same license upon
7	proof of fulfilling all continuing education requirements through the date of
8	reinstatement and upon payment of all fees due. If the license has been lapsed for
9	more than five years, the applicant shall fulfill the requirements for issuance of a new
10	license.
11	E. A licensed insurance producer who is unable to comply with license
12	renewal procedures due to military service or some other extenuating circumstance,
13	such as a long-term medical disability, may request a waiver of those procedures.
14	The producer may also request a waiver of any examination requirement or any other
15	fine or sanction imposed for failure to comply with renewal procedures.
16	* * *
17	G. Every licensee shall notify the commissioner, by any means acceptable
18	to the commissioner, of any alteration in his residential, mailing, or business address
19	within ten days of the alteration. Failure to file an address change within the
20	required time shall result in the imposition of a fifty-dollar penalty per violation, or
21	as may be authorized by R.S. 22:821. Any person against whom a penalty has been
22	levied shall be given due notice of such action. Upon receipt of this notice, the
23	licensee may apply for and shall be entitled to a hearing in accordance with Chapter
24	12 of this Title, R.S. 22:2191 et seq.
25	H. A duplicate license may be issued for any lost, stolen, or destroyed
26	license issued pursuant to this Subpart upon a request by the licensee, by a method
27	prescribed by the commissioner, setting forth the facts of such loss, theft, or
28	destruction, together with a fee of five dollars, or such amount as may be authorized

1	I. Any licensed property and casualty insurance producer maintaining an
2	office at a designated location in this state and having at least two years experience
3	in the insurance business with an insurer or as an insurance producer may be licensed
4	as a surplus lines broker as follows:
5	* * *
6	(3) Passage of The applicant shall pass an examination approved by the
7	commissioner of insurance.
8	* * *
9	§1548. Nonresident licensing
10	A. Unless denied licensure pursuant to R.S. 22:1554, a nonresident person
11	shall receive a nonresident producer license if:
12	(1) The person is currently licensed as a resident and in good standing in his
13	or her home state.
14	* * *
15	(3) The person has submitted or transmitted to the commissioner of
16	insurance the application for licensure that the person submitted to his or her home
17	state, or in lieu of the same, a completed Uniform Application.
18	* * *
19	B.
20	* * *
21	(2) Whenever, by the laws or regulations of any other state or jurisdiction,
22	any limitation of rights and privileges, conditions precedent, or any other
23	requirements are imposed upon residents of this state who are nonresident applicants
24	or licensees of such other state or jurisdiction in addition to, or in excess of, those
25	imposed on nonresidents under this Subpart, the same such requirements shall be
26	imposed upon such residents of such other state or jurisdiction.
27	(3)
28	* * *

1	(b) The service of process upon any such licensee in any action or
2	proceeding in any court of competent jurisdiction may be made by a party serving
3	the commissioner of insurance with appropriate copies thereof and the payment to
4	him of a the fee of twenty-five dollars, or as may be authorized by R.S. 22:821.
5	* * *
6	D.
7	* * *
8	(2) Except as provided by Subsection A of this Section, nothing in this
9	Section otherwise amends or supersedes any provision of R.S. 22: 1902 431 et seq.
10	E. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Subpart, a person licensed as
11	a limited line credit insurance or other type of limited lines producer in his home
12	state shall receive a nonresident limited lines producer license, pursuant to
13	Subsection A of this Section, granting the same scope of authority as granted under
14	the license issued by the producer's home state. For the purposes of this Subsection,
15	limited line insurance is any authority granted by the home state which restricts the
16	authority of the licensee to less than the total authority prescribed in the associated
17	major lines pursuant to R.S. 22:1547(A)(1) through (5)(6).
18	§1549. Specialty limited lines credit insurance
19	* * *
20	B. For a specialty limited lines credit insurance producer license to be issued
21	pursuant to this Section, an applicant must submit to the commissioner all of the
22	following:
23	* * *
24	(4) An application fee in the amount of one thousand dollars, or for an
25	applicant registering twenty or fewer employees or representatives, an application
26	fee in the amount of two hundred fifty dollars, or such other amount as may be
27	authorized by as set forth in R.S. 22:821.
28	(5) Upon approval of the application, but prior to issuance of the license, the
29	applicant shall submit a registration fee of twenty dollars per employee or

2	exceed two thousand five hundred dollars annually for each licensee. as set forth in
3	R.S. 22:821.
4	C. Following initial issuance of the specialty limited lines credit insurance
5	producer license, the licensee shall submit an annual renewal application, in a
6	manner prescribed by the commissioner, along with an annual renewal fee of five
7	hundred dollars, or for a licensee registering twenty or fewer employees or
8	representatives, an annual renewal fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars, and an
9	annual renewal registration fee of ten dollars per employee or representative of the
10	licensee, or such other amounts as may be authorized by the fee as set forth in R.S.
11	22:821.
12	D. The licensee shall submit, in a manner prescribed by the commissioner,
13	a current list of employees and representatives for verification by the commissioner
14	every six months, in addition to an initial the registration fee of twenty dollars per
15	required by R.S. 22:821 for every employee or representative not previously
16	registered.
17	E. A specialty limited lines credit insurance producer license issued pursuant
18	to this Section authorizes an employee or representative of the license holder to
19	participate in enrollment of retail sales and credit customers in the types of insurance
20	specified in this Section without being licensed, provided if all of the following is
21	are true:
22	* * *
23	F. A specialty limited lines credit insurance producer may not in any manner
24	advertise, represent, or otherwise hold out any employee or representative of the
25	license holder as a licensed insurance agent producer pursuant to another provision
26	of this Subpart, unless the entity or individual actually holds the applicable license.
27	* * *
28	H. The specialty limited lines credit insurance producer license shall be
29	available equally to residents and nonresidents, provided that; however, if the laws

representative to be registered by the licensee; however, the registration fee shall not

1	or regulations of any other state would not permit a specialty limited lines credit
2	insurance producer that is a resident of this state to obtain a substantially equivalent
3	nonresident license, then residents of that state shall not be permitted to obtain a
4	specialty limited lines credit insurance producer license as nonresidents under this
5	Section.
6	* * *
7	§1550. Specialty limited lines motor vehicle title insurance producer licenses
8	A.
9	* * *
10	(2) No producer shall sell, solicit, or negotiate motor vehicle title insurance
11	pursuant to a specialty limited lines motor vehicle title insurance producer license
12	other than in connection with retail sales of motor vehicles wherein in which the
13	transaction exceeds one thousand dollars and as provided in rules and regulations
14	adopted by the commissioner of insurance.
15	* * *
16	B.(1) For a specialty limited lines motor vehicle title insurance producer
17	license to be issued pursuant to this Section, an applicant must shall submit to the
18	commissioner of insurance all of the following:
19	* * *
20	(d) An application fee in the amount of one thousand dollars, or for an
21	applicant registering twenty or fewer employees or representatives, an application
22	fee in the amount of two hundred fifty dollars, or such other amount as may be
23	authorized by set forth in R.S. 22:821.
24	(2) Upon approval of the application, but prior to issuance of the license, the
25	applicant shall also submit a registration fee of twenty dollars per employee or
26	representative to be registered by the licensee; however, the registration fee shall not
27	exceed two thousand five hundred dollars annually for each licensee. in the amount
28	set forth in R.S. 22:821.

27

1	C. Following initial issuance of the specialty limited lines motor vehicle title
2	insurance producer license, the licensee shall submit an annual renewal application,
3	in a manner prescribed by the commissioner of insurance, along with an annual
4	renewal fee of five hundred dollars, or for a licensee registering twenty or fewer
5	employees or representatives, an annual renewal fee of one hundred twenty-five
6	dollars, and an annual renewal registration fee of ten dollars per employee or
7	representative of the licensee, or such other amounts as may be authorized by as set
8	forth in R.S. 22:821.
9	D. The licensee shall submit, in a manner prescribed by the commissioner
10	of insurance, a current list of employees and representatives for verification by the
11	commissioner every six months in addition to an initial a registration fee of twenty
12	dollars per as required by R.S. 22:821 for every employee or representative not
13	previously registered.
14	E. A specialty limited lines motor vehicle title insurance producer license
15	issued pursuant to this Section authorizes an employee or representative of the
16	license holder to participate in enrollment of retail motor vehicle sales customers in
17	the types of insurance specified in this Section without being licensed, provided if
18	all of the following is are true:
19	* * *
20	H. The specialty limited lines motor vehicle title insurance producer license
21	shall be available equally to residents and nonresidents, provided that; however, if
22	the laws or regulations of any other state would not permit a specialty limited lines
23	motor vehicle title insurance producer that is a resident of this state to obtain a
24	substantially equivalent nonresident license, then residents of that state shall not be
25	permitted to obtain a specialty limited lines motor vehicle title insurance producer

license as nonresidents under this Section.

§1554. License denial, nonrenewal, or revocation

2 * * *

G. Upon suspension, revocation, or termination of the license of a resident of this state, the commissioner shall notify the support and services office of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners and the proper insurance official of each state for whom the commissioner has executed a certificate as provided for herein.

* * *

§1555. Liability of agents producers on binder

The commissioner of insurance may suspend or revoke the license of any agent producer issuing or purporting to issue any binder as to on behalf of any insurer named therein as to for which he is not then authorized so to bind.

§1556. License to solicit or transact bail; prohibited activities

A. A bail licensee bond producer shall not directly or indirectly permit any person, including an employee, to sign or execute a power of attorney or to effect the undertaking of bail for the release of a defendant or to apprehend or surrender a defendant on his behalf unless the person is properly licensed by the commissioner to perform such acts. This Section shall not prevent a bail bond producer from using mail, messenger or delivery service to file executed undertakings of bail or deliver bail bonds, nor shall it prevent such filing or delivery by the attorney or other agent of the defendant.

B. A bail licensee bond producer shall not directly or indirectly give a gift of any kind to a prisoner of a jail or place of detention or to a public official or employee of a governmental agency whose duties, functions, or responsibilities include the administration of justice.

C. Upon first violation, a person or entity that violates Subsection A of this Section shall be subjected to a six_month suspension of their license to write or solicit bail <u>bonds</u> and fined an amount not to exceed five thousand dollars. A second or any subsequent violation shall subject the person or entity to a suspension of their

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license to write or solicit bail bonds for not more than one year and a fine not to
exceed ten thousand dollars. A hearing may be requested pursuant to the provisions
of Chapter 12 of this Title, subject to the provisions of Chapter 13-B of Title 49 of
the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.
* * *

§1557. Commissions

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B.(1) No member of an insurance advisory committee of any state agency, board, commission, or of any political subdivision of this state, including but not limited to school boards, levee boards, deep water port commissions, deep water port, harbor and terminal districts, and the Louisiana Stadium and Exposition District, shall split, pass on, or share with any insurance producer or other person who is not a member of his own firm or corporation and is not a member of said such an insurance advisory committee, all or any portion of the commission derived by such committee from the purchase of insurance by such state agency, board, commission, or political subdivision of the state without express authorization by official action of such state agency, board, commission, or political subdivision of the state. Any insurance producer or other person who is not a member of such firm or corporation and is not a member of said such an insurance advisory committee who receives without authorization all or any portion of such commission shall also be in violation of this Subsection.

(2) Any violator of person who violates the provisions of this Subsection shall, upon conviction, be fined not less than one thousand dollars, nor more than five thousand dollars per violation, or imprisoned for not more than two years, or both.

C. The commission paid by each fire, casualty, surety, fidelity, guaranty, and bonding insurer doing business in this state to its producers in this state shall be uniform and equal as to all classes of producers of such insurer throughout this state. §1558. Appointments

2 * * *

3 B.

* * *

(3) Each insurer shall submit to the commissioner of insurance, in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, a list of appointed producers which it intends to appoint or reappoint. Each insurer shall remit, in a manner prescribed by the commissioner, appointment fees in the amount amounts set forth in R.S. 22:821. Any insurer who fails to file its renewal company appointments will be fined ten dollars per license named in its appointment form, or as otherwise authorized by R.S. 22:821.

(4) An appointment as provided herein for in this Section shall remain in full force and effect until the following date of recordation, renewal, unless the license of the appointed producer named therein is revoked by the commissioner as provided for in this Subpart, or until canceled by the insurer upon written notice to the producer with a copy thereof filed with the commissioner.

* * *

C. Any insurance producer, unless otherwise prohibited by contract, licensed in this state, may solicit, negotiate, or effect applications for policies of insurance with any insurer lawfully doing business in this state, other than an insurer such producer is licensed appointed to represent, if such producer is under contract with such insurer. However, no commissions shall be paid by such company insurer to the producer until such time as notice of recordation of the appointment with respect to such producer has been received by the producer from has been recorded by the commissioner.

D. If any producer is operating or intends to operate its business affairs as a partnership, corporation, or other business entity, the appointments herein in this Section may be issued by an insurer in the name of such partnership, corporation, or other business entity, upon application, to be licensed as an insurance producer under

this Subpart, provided if all persons in said such partnership, corporation, or other business entity actively engaged in soliciting, negotiating, or effecting contracts of insurance or renewals thereof also hold an unexpired producer's active producer license issued in accordance with the provisions of this Subpart.

§1559. Notification to commissioner of termination

6 * * *

C. The insurer or the authorized representative of the insurer shall promptly notify the commissioner of insurance, in a manner acceptable to the commissioner, if, upon further review or investigation, the insurer discovers additional information that would have been reportable to the commissioner of insurance in accordance with Subsection B of this Section had the insurer then known of its existence.

D.(1) Within fifteen days after making any notification required by Subsections A, B, or C; of this Section, the insurer shall mail a copy of the notification to the producer at his last known address. If the producer is terminated for cause for any of the reasons specified in R.S. 22:1554, the insurer shall provide a copy of the notification to the producer at his last known address by certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid or by overnight delivery using a nationally recognized carrier.

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E.(1) In the absence of actual malice, neither an insurer, the authorized representative of the insurer, a producer, the commissioner of insurance, nor or any organization of which the commissioner is a member and that compiles the information and makes it available to other state insurance officials or regulatory or law enforcement agencies, shall not be subject to civil liability, and a No civil cause of action of any nature shall not arise against these entities or their respective agents producers or employees, as a result of any statement or information required by or provided pursuant to this Section or any information relating to any statement that may be requested in writing by the commissioner, from an insurer or producer; or a statement by a terminating insurer or producer to an insurer or producer limited

1	solely and exclusively to whether a termination for cause under pursuant to
2	Subsection B of this Section was reported to the commissioner, provided that if the
3	propriety of any termination for cause under pursuant to Subsection B of this Section
4	is certified in writing by an officer or authorized representative of the insurer or
5	producer terminating the relationship.
6	* * *
7	§1562. Prohibited acts
8	* * *
9	C.(1) It shall be unlawful for any person or business entity, without
10	conforming to the provisions of this Part, directly or indirectly, to represent himself
11	or itself to be an insurance producer or limited lines producer, or to solicit, negotiate,
12	or effect any contract of insurance or renewal thereof, or to attempt to effect the
13	same on any property, or risk or insurable interests or business activities, located
14	within or transacted within this state. This Subsection shall not apply to:
15	* * *
16	(b) Employees of insurance companies insurers who solicit insurance only
17	for or in conjunction with licensed insurance producers compensated on a
18	commission basis.
19	* * *
20	(d) Employees of insurance companies insurers who do not solicit insurance
21	but are authorized by their employer to sign policies of insurance.
22	* * *
23	E.
24	* * *
25	(2) Except as hereinafter provided in Paragraph (3) of this Subsection, any
26	person or business entity shall be liable for the full amount of any loss sustained on
27	any contract of insurance made by or through him or it, directly or indirectly, with
28	any insurer not lawfully authorized to transact business in this state, and for any
29	taxes which may become due under any law of this state by reason of such contract.

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2	commissioner shall be considered lawfully authorized to transact business in this
3	state.
4	* * *
5	H. No insurer, agent, or broker producer shall accept or process an
6	application for coverage under a Medicare+Choice plan unless the following
7	requirements are met:
8	* * *
9	(4) The Medicare enrollee is notified of any known change in health care
10	providers that may reasonably result from the action of the agent or broker. producer.
11	* * *
12	§1564. Producers of record
13	A.
14	* * *
15	(2) This Subsection establishes an agency relationship only for the matter of
16	collection of premiums specifically referred to herein. in this Section.
17	B.(1)(a) Any insurance company authorized to transact property, casualty,
18	accident, or health insurance or bond business in this state or insurer issuing or
19	delivering property, casualty, accident, or health insurance, or bonds in this state
20	shall recognize a producer of record when selected by the owner of the policy or the
21	first-named insured if there are multiple-named insureds in writing. The insurer
22	shall recognize the producer of record for purposes of providing quotations or
23	proposals or writing such policies or bonds. The insurer shall retain the producer of

For purposes of this Section, any surplus lines insurer which is approved by the

record who wrote such policies or bonds for the full term of the contracts or until the

renewal date or termination of the contracts, whichever occurs first. The insurer

shall not change or remove such producer by any producer of record letter which

may be secured by another producer for purposes of providing a quotation or

proposal or for writing such policies or bonds during the term of such contracts until

the renewal date of the contracts, unless the change or removal is requested by the

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1 owner of the policy or the first-named insured if there are multiple-named insureds 2 under a particular contract. In such case, such owner or insured shall select the new 3 producer of record. 4 The provisions of this Section shall not apply to individually 5 underwritten, guaranteed renewable limited benefit health insurance policies. or 6 7 contracts authorized to be issued in this state. 8 9 §1571. Registered insurance agent producer and bail agent bond producer 10 prelicensing program 11 A.(1) The commissioner shall certify an educational program that meets the 12 requirements of this Subpart and any rules or regulations promulgated pursuant to 13 this Subpart as a registered insurance agent producer or bail agent bond producer 14 prelicensing program. Any person who satisfactorily completes an educational 15 program which has been certified as a registered insurance agent producer or bail 16 agent bond producer prelicensing program pursuant to this Subpart shall satisfy the 17 preexamination educational requirements of R.S. 22:1571(E). 18 (2) For purposes of this Subpart, "bail agent bond producer" shall mean any 19 person, corporation, or partnership which holds an insurance license and has a 20 contract and an appointment from an insurance company insurer licensed and 21 authorized to provide surety in Louisiana. 22 B. The commissioner shall promulgate rules and regulations setting forth 23 guidelines and requirements for the content and conduct of a registered insurance 24 agent or bail agent bond producer prelicensing program and for the procedure for

certification of an instructional program as a registered insurance agent producer or

bail bond producer prelicensing program. The commissioner shall also promulgate

rules and regulations specifying the qualifications which each instructor in a

registered insurance agent producer or bail agent bond producer prelicensing

program shall possess. All such rules and regulations promulgated by the

1	commissioner shall be promulgated pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative
2	Procedure Act.
3	C. Each registered insurance agent producer or bail agent bond producer
4	prelicensing program shall be conducted by one of the following:
5	(1) An insurance trade association;
6	(2) An insurance company admitted to do business in Louisiana;.
7	(3) An accredited public or private college or university; or.
8	(4) An organization recommended by and certified by the commissioner of
9	insurance.
10	D. Each instructor in a registered insurance agent producer or bail bond
11	producer prelicensing program shall possess the qualifications promulgated by the
12	commissioner of insurance for instructors in such programs.
13	E.(1) Each registered insurance agent producer or bail bond producer
14	prelicensing program shall provide instruction by a qualified instructor in a
15	structured setting or by verifiable approved self-study with a minimum of twenty
16	hours of supervised instruction or self-study, including instruction in applicable
17	insurance principles, state laws and regulations, and ethical practices, for each of the
18	following lines of authority a license is sought: life, health and accident, property,
19	casualty, and personal lines.
20	(2) Each registered bail agent bond producer prelicensing program shall
21	provide instruction by a qualified instructor in a structured setting with a minimum
22	of eight hours of supervised instruction, including instruction in applicable
23	underwriting principles, state laws and regulations, and ethical practices.
24	F. While instruction is in progress in a registered insurance agent producer
25	or bail agent bond producer prelicensing program, the instructor shall permit the
26	commissioner, any member of the Insurance Education Advisory Council, and or any
27	employee of the Department of Insurance to attend any educational session. Such
28	access shall be for the purpose of monitoring the instruction and program and shall

not be disruptive to the instruction. Any person who attends any educational session

1	pursuant to the authority of this Subsection shall do so in an official capacity only.
2	No information or materials shall be used for any personal reasons or gain.
3	G. The director or supervisor of each registered insurance agent producer or

bail agent bond producer prelicensing program shall submit its current course materials to the commissioner of insurance for his review upon his request but no less frequently than every three years.

H. In accordance and compliance with R.S. 49:961, the commissioner may cancel or suspend the certification of any registered insurance agent or bail agent bond producer prelicensing program which does not meet the requirements of this Subpart or of any of the rules or regulations promulgated pursuant to this Subpart. Such cancellation or suspension shall be made after notice and an opportunity for hearing. An aggrieved party affected by the commissioner's decision, act, or order may demand a hearing in accordance with Chapter 12 of this Title, R.S. 22:2191 et seq.

§1573. Continuing education requirements

16 * * *

C. Beginning with renewals effective in 2010, life insurance agents producers and health insurance agents producers shall complete twenty-four hours of approved instruction or verifiable approved self-study prior to each renewal of license, with at least three hours dedicated to the subject of ethics.

D. Beginning with renewals effective in 1993, insurance brokers, solicitors, and agents Insurance producers authorized to write property, casualty, or property and casualty or personal lines insurance business shall complete twenty-four hours of approved instruction or verifiable approved self-study before each renewal of license. Beginning with renewals effective in 2007, three hours of approved instruction shall be dedicated to flood insurance. Beginning with renewals effective in 2011, with at least three hours of approved instruction shall be dedicated to the subject of ethics.

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1	E. For brokers, solicitors, and agents producers authorized both to write life,
2	health and accident insurance and authorized to write property, casualty, or property
3	and casualty or personal lines insurance business, the continuing education
4	requirement for renewal of license shall be twenty-four hours of approved instruction
5	or verifiable approved self-study. Beginning with renewals effective in 2011, with
6	at least three hours of approved instruction or verifiable approved self-study shall be
7	dedicated to the subject of ethics.
8	F.(1) For bail agents and solicitors bond producers, the continuing education
9	requirement for renewal of license shall be twelve hours of approved bail
10	underwriting instruction.
11	G. No more than ten excess hours of approved property and casualty
12	insurance instruction and no more than ten excess hours of approved life, and health,
13	and accident insurance instruction accumulated during the previous one renewal
14	period may be carried forward and applied to the continuing education requirement
15	for the next renewal period.
16	* * *
17	I.(1)(a) The provisions of this Section, imposing continuing education
18	requirements for renewal of a license, shall not apply to any person sixty-five years
19	of age or older on January 1, 2012, who has at least fifteen years of experience as a
20	licensed agent, broker, or solicitor, producer and who either:
21	(i) Is no longer actively engaged in the insurance business as an agent,
22	broker, or solicitor a producer and who is receiving social security benefits, if
23	eligible.
24	(ii) Is actively engaged in the insurance business as an agent, broker, or
25	solicitor a producer and who represents or operates through a licensed Louisiana
26	insurer.

1	K. The department may grant four continuing education credits, as
2	determined by the commissioner, to a licensed agent or broker producer who is a
3	member of, and actively participates in, a state or national insurance association.
4	L. Beginning with renewals effective in 2006, title insurance agents, Title
5	producers licensed pursuant to Subpart R of Part I of Chapter 2 of this Title, R.S.
6	22:511 et seq., shall complete six hours of approved instruction prior to the renewal
7	of the license.
8	M. Any agent, property and casualty producer, upon receiving his initial
9	license, shall complete three hours of approved instruction dedicated to flood
10	insurance on his first license renewal when continuing education is required.
11	§1574. Bail Bond Apprentice Program
12	A.(1) The Bail Bond Apprentice Program is hereby created.
13	(2) The Bail Bond Apprentice Program shall be available only to persons
14	who meet current bail bond producer licensing requirements as provided for in
15	Chapter 5 of this Title and who have not been convicted of a felony.
16	(3) Apprentices shall complete the registered insurance producer and bail
17	bond producer prelicensing program as provided for in R.S. 22:1571 before the end
18	of the apprenticeship program.
19	B. The Bail Bond Apprentice Program shall consist of six consecutive
20	months of employment by a Louisiana Department of Insurance licensed bail bond
21	producer. The apprentice shall be supervised by the producer during the six-month
22	period and work for no less than twenty-four hours per week. The apprentice shall
23	observe the bail bond producer, perform every phase of the bail bond business, and
24	shall perform duties in every phase of the bail bond business except for the
25	solicitation, negotiation, quotation of fees, and the execution of a bail bond.
26	C. The supervising bail bond producer shall maintain records to support that
27	the apprentice has worked the required number of hours. These records shall include
28	time sheets and pay stubs, and shall be made available for examination and review
29	to the Department of Insurance upon request.

1	D.(1) Upon completion of the required six months of work experience,
2	without expulsion, the apprentice and the supervising bail bond producer shall
3	certify, on a form provided by the Department of Insurance, that the apprentice has
4	completed all of the requirements of the apprentice program. This form shall be a
5	notarized sworn affidavit, completed under penalty of perjury.
6	* * *
7	§1575. Producer training requirements to sell long-term care insurance
8	* * *
9	C.
10	* * *
11	(2) Insurers shall maintain records with respect to the training of its
12	producers concerning the distribution of its partnership policies that will allow the
13	state insurance department to provide assurance to the state Medicaid agency that
14	producers have received the training contained in Subparagraph (B)(2)(a) of this
15	Section as required by Subsection A of this Section and that producers have
16	demonstrated an understanding of the partnership policies and their relationship to
17	public and private coverage of long-term care, including Medicaid, in this state. The
18	aforementioned These records shall be maintained in accordance with the state's
19	record retention requirements and shall be made available to the commissioner upon
20	request.
21	D. The satisfaction of said such training requirements in any state shall be
22	deemed to satisfy the training requirements in this state.
23	* * *
24	§1583. Licensing and fees
25	Except as provided by the regulations authorized in this Subpart, bail
26	enforcement agents shall be subject to the same licensing and fee requirements as
27	bail bond insurance agents. <u>producers.</u>

1 §1584. Bond Bail bond producers; prohibitions; penalties 2 3 §1585. Surrender for nonpayment of premium 4 5 C. Upon first violation, a bail bond producer who surrenders a client for 6 nonpayment of a premium in violation of this Section shall be subject to a suspension 7 of his license for not more than six months and fined an amount not to exceed five 8 thousand dollars. A second or any subsequent violation may be punishable by 9 permanent revocation of the bail bond producer's license and a fine not to exceed ten 10 thousand dollars. 11 §1591. Short title 12 13 This Chapter Subpart may be cited as the "Financial Institution Insurance 14 Sales Law". 15 §1592. Purpose 16 The legislature hereby declares that the purpose of this Chapter Subpart is to 17 regulate the business of insurance in Louisiana and to protect the interests of insurance policyholders in this state. 18 19 §1593. Definitions 20 A. For the purposes of this Chapter: Subpart: 21 (1) "Financial institution" means a state or national bank or branch thereof 22 which accepts federally insured deposits or makes loans from a place of business 23 located in the state of Louisiana or any subsidiary or employee thereof, or a bank 24 holding company or subsidiary or employee thereof, only if the bank holding 25 company owns or controls a state or national bank or branch thereof which accepts 26 federally insured deposits or makes loans from a place of business located in the

state of Louisiana. The term financial institution does not include a bank which was

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engaged as an insurance agent producer on January 1, 1984, or an insurance company.

3 * * *

4 §1594. Applicability

The provisions of this Chapter Subpart shall not apply to the following:

6 * * *

§1595. Authorization for implementing regulations

The commissioner of insurance shall have the authority to promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the authority granted by the Administrative Procedure Act as may be necessary to effectuate the provisions of this Chapter.

Subpart. However, the commissioner of insurance shall not impose any additional requirement on any insurance agent or broker producer who is associated with a financial institution that is not imposed on any insurance agent producer who is not associated with such institution unless such requirement is set forth in this Chapter.

Subpart.

16 * * *

§1597. Sales force

The solicitation of a customer of a financial institution for the purchase or sale of insurance shall not be conducted by any natural person directly responsible for making a specific loan or extension of credit to that customer before such time as the final decision regarding the acceptance or denial of that specific loan or extension of credit is made and communicated in writing to the customer. For the purposes of this Chapter, Subpart, solicitation does not include referral of the customer to a licensed insurance agent producer not directly responsible for making the specific loan or extension of credit, informing the customer that the required insurance is available from the financial institution, or providing the customer with any disclosures which are required by R.S. 22:1600.

§1598. Referrals

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C. Any person or entity responsible for making a specific loan or extension of credit may receive a reasonable referral fee for the insurance referral of a customer who is required to provide insurance for that loan or extension of credit. An insurance referral fee paid to such person or entity making a specific loan or extension of credit shall not be in the form of an insurance sales commission which varies based on the quotation or application for insurance, purchase of insurance, or the amount of premium written. The insurance referral fee shall be paid solely on the basis of the referral. This Section shall not preclude a person directly or indirectly responsible for making a specific loan or extension of credit, who is a licensed insurance producer, from soliciting and selling insurance to a loan customer and earning a commission, so long as the solicitation and sale is conducted after the final loan decision has been communicated to the customer in writing, in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 22:1597. The customer shall also be notified that they are he is not required to purchase insurance through the financial institution, and the customer's choice of another insurance provider will not affect the financial institution's credit decision or credit terms in any way.

§1599. Insurance as a condition to service

A. A financial institution shall not in any manner extend credit, lease, or sell property of any kind, or furnish any service, or fix or vary the consideration for any of the foregoing, on the condition or requirement that the customer shall obtain insurance from the financial institution. In accordance with the foregoing, provisions of this Subpart, the financial institution shall not represent that the purchase of an insurance product from a financial institution by a customer or prospective customer of the institution is required as a condition of, or is any way related to, the lending of money or extension of credit, the establishment or maintenance of a trust account,

1	the establishment or maintenance of a checking, savings, or deposit account, or the
2	provision of services related to any such activities.
3	* * *
4	C. The following activities conducted in accordance with the provisions of
5	this Chapter Subpart shall not violate the provisions of this Section:
6	* * *
7	§1600. Disclosures; <u>Disclosure;</u> required
8	* * *
9	B. The financial institution shall give the customer the disclosures disclosure
10	provided in Subsection A of this Section when it first informs the customer that
1	required insurance is available from the financial institution if:
12	* * *
13	§1603. No discrimination against non-affiliated agents producers
14	No financial institution may:
15	(1) Offer a banking product or service, or fix or vary the conditions of such
16	offer, on a condition or requirement that the customer obtain insurance from any
17	particular agent or broker. <u>producer.</u>
18	* * *
19	(3) Impose any unreasonable requirement on any insurance agent or broker
20	producer who is not associated with the financial institution that is not imposed on
21	any insurance agent producer who is associated with such institution.
22	§1604. Customer privacy; protections
23	A. As used in this Section, unless the context requires otherwise:
24	* * *
25	(2) "Nonpublic customer information" means information maintained by a
26	financial institution relating to insurance coverage purchased by a customer from an
27	insurer, insurance agency, or insurance agent producer that is not affiliated with the
28	financial institution. "Nonpublic customer information" does not include customer
29	names, addresses and telephone numbers, or any information relating to deposit or

investment accounts, loans, or other extensions of credit, or the credit history or financial condition of a customer. Nonpublic customer information includes information concerning insurance escrow accounts, insurance premiums, the terms and conditions of insurance coverage, insurance expirations, insurance claims, and insurance history of an individual, when such information relates to insurance coverage purchased by a customer from an insurer, insurance agency, or insurance agent producer that is not affiliated with that financial institution.

* * *

§1605. Unfair trade practice

Failure to comply with any of the provisions of this Chapter Subpart shall be an unfair method of competition and an unfair or deceptive act or practice subject to regulation by the commissioner of insurance as provided by law, including R.S. 22:1554 and 1967 through 1972.

* * * *

§1622. Definitions

As used in this Part, unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions shall be applicable:

A. (1) "Actuary" means a person who is a member in good standing of the American Academy of Actuaries.

B. (2) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of insurance of this state. as defined in R.S. 22:46.

C: (3) "Insurer" means any person, firm, association, or corporation duly licensed in this state as an insurer pursuant to this Chapter.

D.(1) (4)(a) "Managing General Agent" (MGA) means any person, firm, association, or corporation who manages all or part of the insurance business of an insurer, including the management of a separate division, department, or underwriting office, and acts as an agent for such insurer whether known as a managing general agent, manager, or other similar term, who, with or without the authority, either separately or together with affiliates, produces, directly or indirectly,

1	and underwrites an amount of gross direct written premium equal to or more than
2	five percent of the policyholder surplus as reported in the last annual statement of the
3	insurer in any one quarter or year together with one or more of the following:
4	(a) (i) Adjusts or pays claims in excess of an amount determined by the
5	commissioner ; or .
6	(b) (ii) Negotiates reinsurance on behalf of the insurer.
7	(2) (b) Notwithstanding the above, the preceding provisions of this
8	Subsection, the following persons shall not be considered as MGAs for the purposes
9	of this Part:
10	(a) (i) An employee of the insurer.
11	(b) (ii) A United States manager of the United States branch of an alien
12	insurer.
13	(e) (iii) An underwriting manager, which, pursuant to contract, manages all
14	the insurance operations of the insurer, is under common control with the insurer,
15	subject to the <u>Insurance</u> Holding Company <u>System</u> Regulatory Act, <u>Law, R.S. 22:691</u>
16	et seq. and whose compensation is not based on the volume of premiums written.
17	(d) (iv) The attorney authorized by and acting for the subscribers of a
18	reciprocal insurer or inter-insurance exchange under powers of attorney.
19	E. "Underwrite" means the authority to accept or reject risk on behalf of the
20	insurer.
21	(5) "Person" shall have the same meaning as set forth in R.S. 22:1542.
22	F. (6) "Producer" or "insurance producer" means a person currently licensed
23	as a property and casualty agent, producer in accordance with the provisions of this
24	Title, who is properly appointed to represent the insurer for the lines of insurance for
25	which he is performing the duties of a managing general agent as defined herein. in
26	this Part.
27	(7) "Underwrite" means the authority to accept or reject risk on behalf of the
28	insurer.

§1623. Licensure; registration

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2	A. No person, firm, association, or corporation shall act in the capacity of an
3	MGA with respect to risks located in this state for an insurer licensed in this state
4	unless such person is a licensed producer in this state.
5	B. No person, firm, association, or corporation shall act in the capacity of an
6	MGA representing an insurer domiciled in this state with respect to risks located
7	outside this state unless such person is licensed as a resident or nonresident producer
8	in this state pursuant to the provisions of this Part.
9	* * *
10	D. No person, firm, association, or corporation shall act in the capacity of an
11	MGA in this state unless such person, firm, association, or corporation has registered
12	his name, current residential address, current mailing address, and current business
13	address with the commissioner, on forms prescribed by the commissioner, together
14	with a fee in the amount set forth in R.S. 22:821.
15	* * *
16	F. If a person, firm, association, or corporation fails to provide any of the
17	information required under pursuant to this Section, the commissioner may, after
18	notification by the commissioner to the person, firm, association, or corporation by
19	certified mail of such failure, impose a fine not to exceed fifty dollars.
20	* * *
21	§1624. Required contract provisions
22	A. No person, firm, association, or corporation acting in the capacity of an
23	MGA shall place business with an insurer unless there is in force a written contract
24	between the parties which sets forth the responsibilities of each party and, when both
25	parties share responsibility for a particular function, specifies the division of such
26	responsibilities, and which contains the following minimum provisions:
27	A. (1) The insurer may terminate the contract for cause upon written notice
28	to the MGA. The insurer may suspend the underwriting authority of the MGA

1	during the pendency of while any dispute regarding the cause for termination: is
2	pending.
3	B. (2) The MGA shall render accounts to the insurer detailing all transactions
4	and remit all funds due under the contract to the insurer on not less than a monthly
5	basis.
6	C. (3) All funds collected for the account of an insurer shall be held by the
7	MGA in a fiduciary capacity in a bank which is a member of the Federal Deposit
8	Insurance Corporation (FDIC). This account shall be used for all payments on behalf
9	of the insurer. The MGA may retain no more than three months' estimated claims
10	payments and allocated loss adjustment expenses.
11	D. (4) Separate records of business written by the MGA shall be maintained.
12	The insurer shall have access and right to copy all accounts and records related to its
13	business in a form usable by the insurer, and the commissioner shall have access to
14	all books, bank accounts, and records of the MGA in a form usable to the
15	commissioner. Such records shall be retained pursuant to rules and regulations
16	promulgated by the commissioner.
17	E. The contract may not be assigned in whole or part by the MGA.
18	F. (5) Appropriate underwriting guidelines including:
19	(1) (a) The maximum annual premium volume.
20	(2) (b) The basis of the rates to be charged.
21	(3) (c) The types of risks which may be written.
22	(4) (d) Maximum limits of liability.
23	(5) (e) Applicable exclusions.
24	(6) (f) Territorial limitations.
25	(7) (g) Policy cancellation provisions.
26	(8) (h)The maximum policy period.
27	G. (7) The insurer shall have the right to cancel or nonrenew any policy of
28	insurance pursuant to the laws and regulations applicable thereto.

1	H. (8) If the contract permits the MGA to settle claims on behalf of the
2	insurer:
3	(1) (a) All claims shall be reported to the company insurer in a timely
4	manner.
5	(2) (b) A copy of the claim file shall be sent to the insurer at its request or
6	as soon as it becomes known that the claim:
7	(a) (i) Has the potential to exceed an amount determined by the commissioner
8	or exceeds the limit set by the company, whichever is less;
9	(b) (ii) Involves a coverage dispute;
10	(c) (iii) May exceed the MGA's claims settlement authority;
11	(d) (iv) Is open for more than six months; or
12	(e) (v) Is closed by payment of an amount set by the commissioner or an
13	amount set by the company, insurer, whichever is less.
14	(3) (c) All claim files shall be the joint property of the insurer and MGA.
15	However, upon an order of liquidation of the insurer, files shall become the sole
16	property of the insurer or its estate. The MGA shall have reasonable access to and
17	the right to copy the files on a timely basis.
18	(4) (d) Any settlement authority granted to the MGA may be terminated for
19	cause upon the insurer's written notice to the MGA or upon the termination of the
20	contract. The insurer may suspend the settlement authority during the pendency of
21	any dispute regarding the cause for termination.
22	H. (9) When electronic claims files are in existence, the contract shall address
23	the timely transmission of the data.
24	J. (10) If the contract provides for a sharing of interim profits by the MGA,
25	and the MGA has the authority to determine the amount of the interim profits by
26	establishing loss reserves, controlling claim payments, or in any other manner,
27	interim profits shall not be paid to the MGA until one year after they are earned for
28	property insurance business and five years after they are earned for casualty business
29	and not until the profits have been verified pursuant to R.S. 22:1625 of this Part.

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1	K. B. The MGA shall not:
2	(1) Bind reinsurance or retrocessions on behalf of the insurer, except that the
3	MGA may bind facultative reinsurance contracts pursuant to obligatory facultative
4	agreements if the contract with the insurer contains reinsurance underwriting
5	guidelines including, for reinsurance both assumed and ceded, a list of reinsurers
6	with which such automatic agreements are in effect, the coverages and amounts or
7	percentages that may be reinsured and commission schedules.
8	(2) Commit the insurer to participate in insurance or reinsurance syndicates.
9	(3) Appoint any producer without assuring that the producer is lawfully
10	licensed to transact the type of insurance for which he is appointed.
11	(4) Without prior approval of the insurer, pay or commit the insurer to pay
12	a claim over a specified amount, net of reinsurance, which shall not exceed one
13	percent of the insurer's policyholder's surplus as of December thirty-first of the last
14	completed calendar year.
15	(5) Collect any payment from a reinsurer or commit the insurer to any claims
16	settlement with a reinsurer, without prior approval of the insurer. If prior approval
17	is given, a report shall be promptly forwarded to the insurer.
18	(6) Permit its subproducer to serve on its board of directors.
19	(7) Appoint a sub-MGA.
20	(8) Jointly employ an individual who is employed with the insurer.
21	§1625. Duties of insurers
22	A. If an insurer has an MGA who writes more than five percent of its
23	policyholder surplus, then the insurer shall provide financial data by an independent
24	examiner concerning that company's insurer's book of business which is in question
25	and is handled by that MGA upon request, and the insurer shall have on file an
26	independent financial examination, in a form acceptable to the commissioner, of

each MGA with which it has done business.

1	H. All such appointments shall remain in full force and effect until April
2	thirtieth of the following year unless:
3	(1) The producer license of the MGA is revoked or suspended by the
4	commissioner as provided for in this Part or as prescribed in R.S. 22:1554.
5	(2) The insurer has cancelled the appointment upon written notice to the
6	agent producer and to the commissioner.
7	* * *
8	§1627. Penalties; suspension, revocation, fines, and liabilities
9	A. If the commissioner finds after a hearing conducted in accordance with
10	the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq., that any person has violated
11	any provision of this Part, the commissioner may order:
12	* * *
13	(2) Revocation or suspension of the producer's producer license of the
14	MGA.
15	* * *
16	PART III. THIRD PARTY THIRD-PARTY ADMINISTRATORS
17	§1641. Definitions
18	The following terms shall have the following meanings: As used in this Part,
19	unless the context requires otherwise, the following definitions shall be applicable:
20	(1) "Administrator" or "third-party administrator" or "TPA" means any
21	individual, partnership, corporation, or other person, except an employee of a fund
22	or plan that serves as an administrator, who directly or indirectly solicits or effects
23	coverage of, underwrites, collects charges or premiums from, or adjusts or settles
24	claims on residents of this state, or residents of another state from offices in this
25	state, in connection with life or health insurance coverage or annuities, or plans of
26	self-insurance providing accident and health protection or self-insurance of workers'
27	compensation coverage, or any individual, partnership, corporation, or other person
28	who contracts directly or indirectly with a group self-insurance fund licensed
29	pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 23:1195 et seq. to provide claims adjusting,

1	underwriting, safety engineering, loss control, marketing, investment advisory, or
2	administrative services to the fund or its membership, other than bookkeeping,
3	auditing, or claims investigation services, except any of the following:
4	* * *
5	(c) An agent or broker insurance producer licensed to sell life or health
6	insurance in this state, whose activities are limited exclusively to the sale of
7	insurance.
8	* * *
9	(g) A credit union or a financial institution which is subject to supervision
10	or examination by federal or state banking authorities, or a mortgage lender, to the
11	extent they collect and remit premiums to licensed insurance agents producers or
12	authorized insurers in connection with loan payments.
13	* * *
14	(j) A person who acts solely as an administrator of one or more bona fide
15	employee benefit plans established by an employer or an employee organization, or
16	both, for which the insurance laws of this state are preempted pursuant to the
17	Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974: (29 U.S.C. 1001 et seq.).
18	* * *
19	(4) "Control" as means as defined in R.S. 22:692.
20	* * *
21	(7) "Person" shall have the same meaning as set forth in R.S. 22:1542.
22	(8) "Pharmacy benefit manager" means a person, business, or other entity and
23	any wholly or partially owned or controlled subsidiary of such entity that administers
24	the prescription drug or device portion of one or more health benefit plans on behalf
25	of a third party, including plan sponsors, insurance companies, unions, and health
26	maintenance organizations, in accordance with a pharmacy benefit management
27	<u>plan.</u>
28	(7) (9) "Underwrites" or "underwriting" means but is not limited to the
29	acceptance of employer or individual applications for coverage of individuals in

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accordance with the written rules of the insurer, the overall planning and coordinating of an insurance program, and the ability to procure bonds and excess insurance.

§1642. Necessity of written agreement

A. No administrator shall act as such without a written agreement between the administrator and the insurer and such written agreement shall be retained as part of the official records of both the insurer and the administrator for the duration of the agreement and for five years thereafter. The agreement shall contain all provisions required by this statute, except insofar as unless those requirements do not apply to the functions performed by the administrator.

11 * * *

C. The insurer or administrator may, with written notice, terminate the written agreement for cause as provided in the agreement. The insurer may suspend the underwriting authority of the administrator during the pendency of while any dispute regarding the cause for termination of the written agreement: is pending. The insurer must fulfill any lawful obligations with respect to policies affected by the written agreement, regardless of any dispute between the insurer and the administrator.

18 * * *

§1644. Maintenance of information

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D. In the event the insurer and the administrator cancel their agreement, notwithstanding the provisions herein, in this Part, the administrator may transfer all records to the insurer or a succeeding administrator selected by the insurer and licensed in the state, rather than retain them for five years. In the event of a cancellation under this Subsection, the succeeding administrator or the insurer shall acknowledge and agree, in writing, that the administrator or insurer shall be responsible for retaining the records of the prior administrator as required herein. in this Part.

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1	§1651. Licensure required
2	* * *
3	B. Applicants under this Section shall pay a licensing fee in an amount set
4	forth in R.S. 22:821 and shall make an application to the commissioner upon a form
5	to be furnished by the commissioner. The application shall include or be
6	accompanied by the following information and documents:
7	* * *
8	(6) If the applicant will be managing the solicitation of new or renewal
9	business, proof that it employs or has contracted with an agent insurance producer
10	licensed by this state for solicitation and taking of applications. Any applicant who
11	intends to directly solicit insurance contracts or to otherwise act as an insurance agent
12	<u>producer</u> must shall provide proof that he has a license as an insurance agent <u>producer</u>
13	in this state.
14	* * *
15	D. The commissioner may refuse to issue a license if the commissioner
16	determines that the administrator, or any individual responsible for the conduct of
17	affairs of the administrator as defined herein, in this Part, is not competent,
18	trustworthy, financially responsible or of good personal and business reputation, or
19	has had an insurance or an administrator license denied or revoked for cause by any
20	state.
21	* * *
22	H. A licensed administrator shall notify the commissioner of any material
23	change in fact or circumstance affecting its qualification for a license in this state
24	within sixty days of the effective date of the change. The notice shall include any
25	documentation as the commissioner may require. Changes in fact or circumstances
26	shall include:

(1) Changes in control. as defined in R.S. 22:692(3).

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I.(1) A licensed administrator shall maintain and keep in full force and effect a surety bond in an amount of one hundred thousand dollars issued by an authorized surety company doing business in this state, or deposit with the commissioner a safekeeping or trust receipt from a bank doing business in the state or from a savings and loan association chartered to do business in this state indicating that the administrator has deposited one hundred thousand dollars in money, or bonds of the United States, the state of Louisiana, or any political subdivision thereof of the par value of one hundred thousand dollars. The surety bond or the money or the securities shall be held in trust for the benefit and protection of and as security for all policyholders of the insurer and participants of the plan with whom the administrator contracts. The provisions of this Paragraph shall not apply to administrators required to post a surety bond in accordance with provisions of R.S. 23:1196(C)(1), in providing services for a group self-insurance fund for workers' compensation insurance.

* *

§1652. Waiver of application for certification

Upon request from an administrator, the commissioner may waive the application requirements herein in this Part if the administrator has a valid license as an administrator issued in a state which has standards for administrators that are at least as stringent as those contained in the model statute for third-party administrators of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.

22 * * *

§1654. Grounds for suspension or revocation of license

A. The license of an administrator shall be suspended or revoked, or in lieu of said revocation, a fine may be imposed for each separate violation, not to exceed five thousand dollars per violation, or twenty-five thousand dollars in the aggregate, if the commissioner finds that the administrator: The commissioner shall suspend or revoke, or in lieu of revocation, impose a fine for each separate violation not to

1	exceed five thousand dollars per violation or twenty-five thousand dollars in the
2	aggregate if he shall fine that the administrator:
3	* * *
4	C. The commissioner may, in his or her discretion and without advance notice
5	or hearing thereon, immediately suspend the certificate of any administrator if the
6	commissioner finds that either of the following circumstances exist:
7	* * *
8	§1657. Pharmacy benefit managers
9	A. "Pharmacy benefit manager" means a person, business, or other entity and
10	any wholly or partially owned or controlled subsidiary of such entity that administers
11	the prescription drug or device portion of one or more health benefit plans on behalf
12	of a third party, including plan sponsors, insurance companies, unions, and health
13	maintenance organizations, in accordance with a pharmacy benefit management plan.
14	B. A pharmacy benefit manager shall be deemed to be a third-party
15	administrator for purposes of this Part. As such, all provisions of this Part shall apply
16	to pharmacy benefit managers; however, notwithstanding the provisions of R.S.
17	22:1651(F), every pharmacy benefit manager shall be required to be licensed by the
18	commissioner of insurance. except if exempted pursuant to R.S. 22:1651(G).
19	* * *
20	§1662. General exemptions
21	This Part does not apply to:
22	* * *
23	(6)(a) An individual who collects claim information from, or furnishes claim
24	information to, insured insureds or claimants, who conducts data entry including
25	entering data into an automated claims adjudication system provided if such
26	individual is an employee of a business entity licensed pursuant to this Chapter, or an
27	employee of an affiliate of a business entity licensed pursuant to the Chapter, if there
28	are no more than twenty-five individuals under the supervision of one licensed
29	individual adjuster or licensed individual insurance producer. As used in this Part,

1	"automated claims adjudication system" means a preprogrammed computer system
2	designed for the collection, data entry, calculation and system generated final
3	resolution of consumer electronic products insurance claims which:
4	* * *
5	(14) A person handling commercial claims for excess coverages as classified
6	by R.S. 22:47 (14) .
7	* * *
8	§1664. Application for claims adjuster license
9	A. Beginning June 30, 2007, any Any person who is either employed or
10	contracts to perform services in Louisiana as an adjuster shall obtain a license to do
11	so from the Department of Insurance. A person applying for a claims adjuster license
12	shall make application to the commissioner of insurance on the appropriate uniform
13	application or other application prescribed required by the commissioner of
14	insurance.
15	* * *
16	C.
17	* * *
18	(2) All business entities applying to do business as independent adjusting
19	companies must shall provide a listing of all executive officers and directors of the
20	applicant and of all executive officers and directors of entities owning and any
21	individuals owning, directly or indirectly, ten percent or more of the outstanding
22	voting securities of the applicant. In order to make a determination of eligibility, the
23	commissioner may require any person listed above in this Paragraph to submit
24	addresses, social security numbers, criminal and administrative history, fingerprints,
25	background checks, and biographical statements.
26	* * *
27	§1665. Resident license
28	A. Before issuing a claims adjuster license to an applicant under pursuant to
29	this Section, the commissioner of insurance shall find that the applicant:

(1)	Is eligible	to c	lesignate	this	state	as	his	or her	home	state	or	İS	a
nonresident	who is not	eligil	ole for a l	icens	se und	ler į	oursi	uant to	R.S. 22	:1670			

* * *

§1669. Exemptions from examination

A. An individual who applies for a claims adjuster license in this state who was previously licensed as a claims adjuster in another state based on a claims adjuster examination shall not be required to complete any prelicensing or an examination. This exemption is only available if the person is currently licensed in that state or if the application is received within twelve months of the cancellation of the applicant's previous claims adjuster license and if the prior state issues a certification that, at the time of cancellation, the applicant was in good standing in that state or the state's producer database records or records maintained by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC), its affiliates, or subsidiaries, indicate that the adjuster is or was licensed in good standing.

B. An individual licensed as a claims adjuster in another state based on a claims adjuster examination who moves to this state shall make application within ninety days of establishing legal residence to become a resident claims adjuster licensee pursuant to R.S. 22:1665. No prelicensing or examination shall be required of that person to obtain a claims adjuster license.

C. Repealed by Acts 2010, No. 1007, §2.

D: C. An individual who applies for a claims adjuster license in this state who was previously licensed as a claims adjuster in this state shall not be required to complete any prelicensing or an examination. This exemption is only available if the application is received within twelve months of the cancellation of the applicant's previous claims adjuster license in this state and if, at the time of cancellation, the applicant was in good standing in this state, and had passed the examination required by R.S. 22:1668.

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1	§1670. Nonresident claims adjuster license reciprocity
2	A. Unless denied licensure pursuant to R.S. 22:1672, a nonresident person
3	may receive a nonresident claims adjuster license upon complying with the following
4	requirements:
5	* * *
6	(2) The person has submitted the proper request for licensure along with the
7	fees required by R.S.22:821.
8	* * *
9	D. As a condition to continuation of a nonresident claims adjuster license
10	issued under pursuant to this Section, the nonresident claims adjuster licensee shall
1	maintain a resident adjuster license in their home state. The nonresident claims
12	adjuster license issued under pursuant to this Section shall terminate and be
13	surrendered immediately to the commissioner of insurance if the home state claims
14	adjuster license terminates for any reason, unless the claims adjuster has been issued
15	a license as a resident claims adjuster in their new home state. Notification to the
16	state or states where a nonresident license is issued must shall be made as soon as
17	possible, yet no later than thirty days of change in the new state resident license.
18	Licensee The licensee shall include the new and old his current and prior address. A
19	new state resident license is required for nonresident licenses to remain valid. The
20	new state resident license must have reciprocity with this state for the nonresident
21	license not to terminate. The new home state shall comply with the provisions of
22	Paragraph (A)(4) of this Section.
23	§1671. License
24	A. Unless denied licensure under pursuant to this Part, persons who have met
25	the requirements of this Part shall be issued a claims adjuster license. The license

commissioner of insurance deems necessary.

shall contain the licensee's name, business address, personal identification license

number, date of issuance, expiration date, and any other information the

B.

1

2	* * *
3	(2) Every licensed claims adjuster shall file an application for renewal of his
4	license every two years, by notifying the commissioner of insurance using methods
5	prescribed required by the commissioner of insurance, of the licensee's intention to
6	continue his license.
7	C. The licensee shall inform the commissioner of insurance by any means
8	acceptable to the commissioner of insurance of a change of address, change of legal
9	name, or change of information submitted on the application within thirty days of the
10	change. Failure to file a change within the required time shall subject the licensee to
11	a fifty dollar fine per violation. or other fine as may be authorized by R.S. 22:821.
12	Any person against whom a penalty has been levied shall be given due notice of such
13	action. Upon receipt of this notice, the licensee may apply for and shall be entitled
14	to a hearing in accordance and compliance with Chapter 12 of this Title, R.S. 22:2191
15	et seq.
16	* * *
17	§1673. Continuing education
18	* * *
19	C. Only continuing education courses approved by the commissioner of
20	insurance shall be used to satisfy the continuing education requirement of Subsection
21	A. of this Section.
22	* * *
23	§1693. License required
24	A. Beginning June 30, 2007, a A person shall not act or hold himself out as
25	a public adjuster in this state unless the person is licensed as a public adjuster in
26	accordance with this Part.
27	* * *

§1694.	Application	for 1	icense
3 2 0 / 11	1 Ippiioumon	101	

A. A person applying for a public adjuster license shall make application to the commissioner of insurance on the appropriate uniform application or other application prescribed required by the commissioner of insurance.

5 * * *

§1696. Examination

A. An individual applying for a public adjuster license under pursuant to this Part shall pass a written examination unless exempt pursuant to R.S. 22:1697, 1698, and or 1699. The examination shall test the knowledge of the individual concerning the duties and responsibilities of a public adjuster and the insurance laws and regulations of this state. Examinations required by this Section shall be developed and conducted under pursuant to rules and regulations prescribed by the commissioner of insurance.

* * *

§1697. Exemptions from examination

A. An individual who applies for a public adjuster license in this state who was previously licensed as a public adjuster in another state based on a public adjuster examination shall not be required to complete any prelicensing or examination. This exemption is only available if the person is currently licensed in that state or if the application is received within twelve months of the cancellation of the applicant's previous license and if the prior state issues a certification that, at the time of cancellation, the applicant was in good standing in that state or the state's producer database records or records maintained by the NAIC, its affiliates, or subsidiaries, indicate that the public adjuster is or was licensed in good standing.

B. An individual licensed as a public adjuster in another state based on a public adjuster examination who moves to this state shall make application within ninety days of establishing legal residence to become a resident licensee pursuant to R.S. 22:1695. No prelicensing or examination shall be required of that person to obtain a public adjuster license.

C. An individual who applies for a public adjuster license in this state who
was previously licensed as a public adjuster in this state shall not be required to
complete any prelicensing or examination. This exemption is only available if the
application is received within twelve months of the cancellation of the applicant's
previous license in this state and if, at the time of cancellation, the applicant was in
good standing in this state.

§1698. Nonresident license reciprocity

A. Unless denied licensure pursuant to R.S. 22:1700, a nonresident person may receive a nonresident public adjuster license if:

* * *

(2) The person has submitted the proper request for licensure, has paid the fees required by R.S. 22:821, and has provided proof of financial responsibility as required in R.S. 22:1701.

14 * * *

D. As a condition to continuation of a public adjuster license issued under pursuant to this Section, the licensee shall maintain a resident public adjuster license in his home state. The nonresident public adjuster license issued under pursuant to this Section shall terminate and be surrendered immediately to the commissioner of insurance if the home state public adjuster license terminates for any reason, unless the public adjuster has been issued a license as a resident public adjuster in his new home state. Notification to the state or states where the nonresident license is issued must shall be made as soon as possible, yet no later than thirty days of change in the new state resident license. Licensee The licensee shall include his new current and old prior address. The new state resident license is required for the nonresident license to remain valid. The new state resident license must have reciprocity with this state for the nonresident license not to terminate: The new home state shall comply with the provisions of Paragraph (A)(4) of this Section.

1	§1699. License
2	A.
3	* * *
4	(3) Every licensed public adjuster shall file an application for renewal of his
5	license every two years by notifying the commissioner of insurance, by methods
6	prescribed required by the commissioner of insurance, of the licensee's intention to
7	continue his license.
8	B. The licensee shall inform the commissioner of insurance by any means
9	acceptable to the commissioner of insurance of a change of address, change of legal
10	name, or change of information submitted on the application within thirty days of the
11	change. Failure to file a change within the required time shall result in the imposition
12	of a fifty dollar penalty per violation, or as may be authorized by R.S. 22:821. Any
13	person against whom a penalty has been levied shall be given due notice of such
14	action. Upon receipt of this notice, the licensee may apply for and shall be entitled
15	to a hearing in accordance and compliance with Chapter 12 of this Title, R.S. 22:2191
16	et seq.
17	* * *
18	F. The license shall contain the licensee's name, city, and state of business
19	address, personal identification license number, the date of issuance, the expiration
20	date, and any other information the commissioner of insurance deems necessary.
21	* * *
22	§1704. Contract between public adjuster and insured
23	* * *
24	E. Prior to the signing of the contract, the public adjuster shall provide the
25	insured with a separate disclosure document regarding the claim process that states:
26	(1) Property insurance policies obligate the insured to present a claim to his
27	insurance company for consideration. There are three types of adjusters that could
28	be involved in that process. The definitions of the three types are as follows:

2	of an insurance company. They represent the interest of the insurance company and
3	are paid by the insurance company. The company adjuster Company adjusters shall
4	not charge the insured insureds a fee.
5	(b) "Independent adjusters" means the insurance adjusters who are hired on
6	a contract basis by an insurance company to represent the insurance company's
7	interest. They are paid by your insurance company. The independent adjuster
8	<u>Independent adjusters</u> shall not charge the insured insureds a fee.
9	* * *
10	§1706. Standards of conduct of public adjuster
11	* * *
12	F. A public adjuster shall not solicit employment for or otherwise solicit
13	engagement, directly or indirectly, for or on behalf of any attorney at law, contractor,
14	or subcontractor, in connection with any loss or damage with respect to which such
15	adjuster is concerned or employed. Nothing herein in this Part shall be interpreted to
16	prevent a public adjuster from recommending a particular attorney, contractor or
17	subcontractor; however, the public adjuster is prohibited from collecting any fee,
18	compensation, or thing of value for such referral.
19	* * *
20	§1722. Definitions
21	As used in this Part:
22	(1) "Actuary" shall mean a person who is a member in good standing of the
23	American Academy of Actuaries.
24	(2) "Business entity" shall mean a corporation, association, partnership,
25	limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or other legal entity.
26	(2) (3) "Controlling person" shall mean any person, firm, association, or
27	corporation who directly or indirectly has the power to direct or cause to be directed,
28	the management, control, or activities of the reinsurance intermediary.
29	(4) "Individual" shall mean a natural person.

(a) "Company adjusters" means the insurance adjusters who are employees

1	(3) (5) "Insurer" shall mean any person, firm, association, or corporation duly
2	licensed in this state, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Louisiana Insurance
3	this Code, as an insurer. authorized insurer as defined in R.S. 22:46.
4	(4) (6) "Licensed producer" shall mean an agent, broker, or a person licensed
5	as an insurance producer pursuant to the provisions of Subpart A of Part I of this
6	Chapter, R.S. 22:1541 et seq., or a person licensed as a reinsurance intermediary-
7	<u>broker</u> licensed pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Louisiana Insurance Code.
8	this Part.
9	(7) "Person" shall mean an individual or business entity.
10	(5) (8) "Reinsurance intermediary" shall mean a reinsurance intermediary-
11	broker or a reinsurance intermediary-manager, as these terms are defined in
12	Paragraphs (6) and (7) of this Section.
13	(6) (9) "Reinsurance intermediary-broker" shall mean any person, other than
14	an officer or employee of the ceding insurer, who solicits, negotiates, or places
15	reinsurance cessions or retrocessions on behalf of a ceding insurer without the
16	authority or power to bind reinsurance on behalf of such insurer.
17	(7) (10) "Reinsurance intermediary-manager" shall mean any person, firm,
18	association, or corporation who has authority to bind or manages all or part of the
19	assumed reinsurance business of a reinsurer, including the management of a separate
20	division, department or underwriting office, and acts as an agent for such reinsurer,
21	whether known as a reinsurance intermediary-manager, manager, or other similar
22	term. Notwithstanding the above, any previous provision of this Section, the
23	following persons shall not be considered a reinsurance intermediary-manager, with
24	respect to such reinsurer, for the purposes of this Part:
25	(a) An employee of the reinsurer.
26	(b) A United States manager of the United States branch of an alien reinsurer.
27	(c) An underwriting manager which, pursuant to contract, manages all the
28	reinsurance operations of the reinsurer, is under common control with the reinsurer,

2	seq., and whose compensation is not based on the volume of premiums written.
3	(d) The manager of a group, association, pool, or organization of insurers
4	which engage in joint underwriting or joint reinsurance and who are subject to
5	examination by the state in which the manager's principal business office is located.
6	(8) (11) "Reinsurer" shall mean any person, firm, association, or corporation
7	duly licensed in this state, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Louisiana
8	Insurance this Code, as an insurer with the authority to assume reinsurance.
9	(9) (12) "Qualified United States financial institutions" institution" shall, for
10	purposes of this Part, mean an institution that:
11	(a) Is organized or licensed under the laws of the United States or any state
12	thereof.
13	(b) Is regulated, supervised, and examined by federal or state authorities
14	having regulatory authority over banks and trust companies.
15	(c) Has been determined by either the commissioner of insurance or the
16	Securities Valuation Office of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners
17	to meet such standards of financial condition and standing as are considered necessary
18	and appropriate to regulate the quality of financial institutions whose letters of credit
19	will be acceptable to the commissioner.
20	(10) (13) "To be in violation" shall mean that the reinsurance intermediary,
21	insurer, or reinsurer for whom the reinsurance intermediary was acting failed to
22	substantially comply with the provisions of this Part.
23	§1723. Licensure
24	A. No person, firm, association, or corporation shall act as a reinsurance
25	intermediary-broker in this state if the reinsurance intermediary-broker maintains an
26	office either directly or as a member, officer, director, or employee of a firm or
27	association, or as an officer, director, or employee of a corporation: business entity:
28	* * *

subject to the Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Law, R.S. 22:691 et

B. No person, firm, association, or corporation shall act as a reinsurance intermediary-manager:

3 * * *

(2) In this state, if the reinsurance intermediary-manager maintains an office either directly or as a member, officer, director, or employee of a firm or association, or as an officer, director, or employee of a corporation business entity in this state, unless such reinsurance intermediary-manager is a licensed producer in this state.

* * *

- D.(1) The commissioner may issue a reinsurance intermediary license to any person, firm, association, or corporation who has complied with the requirements of this Part. Any such license issued to a firm or association business entity will authorize all the members, officers, and designated employers and directors of the firm or association and any designated employees business entity to act as reinsurance intermediaries under the license, and all such persons shall be named in the application and any supplements thereto. Any license issued to a corporation shall authorize all of the officers, and any designated employees and directors thereof to act as reinsurance intermediaries on behalf of such corporation, and all such persons shall be named in the application and any supplements thereto.
- (2) If the applicant for a reinsurance intermediary license is a nonresident, the applicant, as a condition precedent to receiving or holding a license, shall designate the commissioner as agent for service of process in the manner, and with the same legal effect, provided for by this Part for designation of service of process upon unauthorized insurers, and shall furnish the commissioner with the name and address of a resident of this state upon whom notices or orders of the commissioner or process affecting such nonresident reinsurance intermediary may be served. The licensee shall promptly notify the commissioner, in writing, of every change in its designated agent for service of process, and such change shall not become effective until acknowledged by the commissioner.

29 * * *

1	F. Licensed attorneys at law of this state, when acting in their professional
2	capacity as such, shall be exempt from this Section. Part.
3	§1724. Required contract provisions for reinsurance intermediary-brokers
4	Any transactions between a reinsurance intermediary-broker and the insurer
5	the broker represents in such capacity shall only be entered into pursuant to a written
6	authorization, specifying the responsibilities of each party. The authorization shall,
7	at a minimum, provide that:
8	* * *
9	(5) The reinsurance intermediary-broker will shall comply with the written
10	standards established by the insurer for the cession or retrocession of all risks.
11	* * *
12	§1726. Duties of insurers utilizing the services of a reinsurance intermediary-broker
13	A. An insurer shall not engage the services of any person, firm, association,
14	or corporation to act as a reinsurance intermediary-broker on its behalf, unless such
15	person is licensed as required by R.S. 22:1723(A).
16	B. An insurer may not employ an individual who is employed by a
17	reinsurance intermediary-broker with which it transacts business, unless such
18	reinsurance intermediary-broker is under common control with the insurer and subject
19	to the Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Law-, R.S. 22:691 et seq.
20	* * *
21	§1727. Required contract provisions for reinsurance intermediary-managers
22	A. Any transactions between a reinsurance intermediary-manager and the
23	reinsurer represented in its capacity shall only be entered into pursuant to a written
24	contract, specifying the responsibilities of each party, which shall be approved by the
25	board of directors of the reinsurer. At least thirty days before the reinsurer assumes
26	or cedes business through the producer, a true copy of the approved contract shall be
27	filed with the commissioner for approval. The contract shall, at a minimum, provide
28	that:

2	the reinsurance intermediary-manager. The reinsurer may immediately suspend the
3	authority of the reinsurance intermediary-manager to assume or cede business during
4	the pendency of while any dispute regarding the cause for termination: is pending.
5	(2) The reinsurance intermediary-manager will shall render accounts to the
6	reinsurer accurately detailing all material transactions, including information
7	necessary to support all commissions, charges, and other fees received by, or owing
8	to the reinsurance intermediary-manager, and remit all funds due under the contract
9	to the reinsurer at least monthly.
10	(3) All funds collected for the account of the reinsurer will shall be held by
11	the reinsurance intermediary-manager in a fiduciary capacity in a bank which is a
12	qualified United States financial institution as defined herein. The reinsurance
13	intermediary-manager may retain no more than three months estimated claims
14	payments and allocated loss adjustment expenses. The reinsurance intermediary-
15	manager shall maintain a separate bank account for each reinsurer that it represents.
16	(4) For at least ten years after expiration of each contract of reinsurance
17	transacted by the reinsurance intermediary-manager, the reinsurance intermediary-
18	manager will shall keep a complete record for each transaction showing:
19	* * *
20	(7) The reinsurance intermediary-manager will shall comply with the written
21	underwriting and rating standards established by the insurer for the acceptance,
22	rejection, or cession of all risks.
23	(8) Sets The contract sets forth the rates, terms, and purposes of commissions,
24	charges, and other fees which the reinsurance intermediary-manager may levy against
25	the reinsurer.
26	B. If the contract permits the reinsurance intermediary-manager to settle
27	claims on behalf of the reinsurer:
28	* * *

(1) The reinsurer may terminate the contract for cause upon written notice to

1	(4) Any settlement authority granted to the reinsurance intermediary-manager
2	may be terminated for cause upon the written notice by the reinsurer to the
3	reinsurance intermediary-manager or upon the termination of the contract. The
4	reinsurer may suspend such settlement authority during the pendency of the while any
5	dispute regarding the cause of termination: is pending.
6	C. If the contract provides for a sharing of interim profits by the reinsurance
7	intermediary-manager, that such interim profits will shall not be paid until one year
8	after the end of each underwriting period for property business and five years after the
9	end of each underwriting period for casualty business, or for such longer period as
10	may be specified by the commissioner, and not until the adequacy of reserves on
11	remaining claims has been verified pursuant to R.S. 22:1729(C).
12	* * *
13	F. The reinsurance intermediary-manager will shall disclose to the reinsurer
14	any relationship it has with any insurer prior to ceding or assuming any business with
15	the insurer pursuant to the contract.
16	* * *
17	§1728. Prohibited acts
18	The reinsurance intermediary-manager shall not:
19	* * *
20	(6) Jointly employ an individual who is employed by the reinsurer, unless
21	such reinsurance intermediary-manager is under common control with the reinsurer
22	subject to the Insurance Holding Company System Regulatory Law-, R.S. 22:691 et
23	seq.
24	* * *

1	§1729. Duties of reinsurers utilizing the services of a reinsurance intermediary-
2	manager
3	A. A reinsurer shall not engage the services of any person, firm, association,
4	or corporation to act as a reinsurance intermediary-manager on its behalf unless such
5	person is licensed as required by R.S. 22:1723(B).
6	* * *
7	F. A reinsurer shall not appoint to its board of directors any officer, director,
8	employee, controlling shareholder, or subproducer of its reinsurance intermediary-
9	manager. This Subsection shall not apply to relationships governed by the Insurance
10	Holding Company System Regulatory Law, R.S. 22:691 et seq. or, if applicable, the
11	Business Transacted with Broker Producer Controlled Insurer Law-, R.S. 22:551 et
12	<u>seq.</u>
13	* * *
14	§1731. Penalties and liabilities
15	A. Any reinsurance intermediary, insurer, or reinsurer found by the
16	commissioner, after a public hearing, to be in violation of any provision of this Part,
17	shall:
18	* * *
19	(2) Be subject to revocation or suspension of its license: or certificate of
20	authority.
21	* * *
22	§1741. Purpose
23	The purpose of this Part is to provide for professional employment services
24	by defining such services, requiring registration of persons or entities providing such
25	services, providing for employee benefits plans and workers' compensation coverage
26	for participants of such services, and providing for enforcement of this Part.
27	* * *

§1747. Licensure

Every PEO engaged in the business of soliciting, selling, or negotiating policies of insurance shall be properly licensed in accordance with this Title. The PEO shall not hold itself out as an insurer; or insurance broker, or insurance agent; producer; offer any insurance service; or conduct any business that is defined or regulated in this Title unless appropriately licensed. No representative of a PEO shall make any comparative analysis or render advice regarding any insurance policy or coverage, including any health benefit plan or workers' compensation insurance, during the solicitation or sale of a professional employer services agreement or otherwise, unless properly licensed as an insurance agent or insurance broker producer in accordance with this Title.

12 * * *

§1761. Purpose

This Part is to govern the qualifications and procedures for the limited licensing of motor vehicle rental or leasing companies to sell or offer insurance in conjunction with the rental of a vehicle as provided in this Part. This Part shall govern the transactions covered in this Part of selling travel or automobile-related products or coverage in connection with and incidental to the rental of vehicles.

19 * * *

§1763. Limited licensing; fees

21 * * *

B. As a prerequisite for issuance of a limited license under pursuant to this Part, there shall be filed with the commissioner a written application for a limited license, along with a five hundred dollar-application fee, signed by an officer of the applicant, in such form or forms, and supplements thereto, and containing such information, as the commissioner may prescribe by rule or regulation. The application shall be accompanied by such fee as provided by R.S. 22:821. Every limited licensee shall, every two years, notify the commissioner of his intention to continue its license on forms provided by the commissioner and shall submit a renewal fee of two

1	hundred fifty dollars. However, for a licensee who maintains twenty-five or less
2	vehicles, the initial application fee shall be one hundred dollars and the renewal fee
3	shall be fifty dollars. as provided by R.S. 22:821.
4	* * *
5	§1766. Authorized employees
6	* * *
7	C. The limited licensee shall keep a list of all persons who are authorized or
8	who are selling insurance as provided in this Part. The list shall be provided to the
9	commissioner within two weeks of written demand from the commissioner.
10	§1767. Insurance charges
11	Notwithstanding any other provision of this Part or any rule adopted by the
12	commissioner, a limited licensee pursuant to this Part shall not be required to treat
13	monies collected from renters purchasing such insurance when renting vehicles as
14	funds received in a fiduciary capacity, provided that if the charges for coverage shall
15	be itemized and be ancillary to a rental transaction. The sale of insurance not in
16	conjunction with a rental transaction is prohibited by the provisions of this Part.
17	§1768. Representations
18	No limited licensee under pursuant to this Part shall advertise, represent, or
19	otherwise hold itself or any of its employees or agents out as licensed insurers, or
20	insurance agents, or insurance brokers. producers.
21	Section 2. R.S. 22:1546(G) and (H), 1566, 1746(E), 1751, and 1769 are hereby
22	repealed in their entirety.
23	Section 3. The Louisiana State Law Institute is hereby directed to redesignate R.S.
24	22:937 as R.S. 22:917.
25	Section 4. This Act shall become effective on January 1, 2012.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Aubert HB No. 283

Abstract: Provides for technical recodification of certain provisions of the La. Insurance Code relative to life insurance and annuities.

<u>Proposed law</u> makes numerous technical changes to <u>present law</u>, specifically certain provisions of the La. Insurance Code. Such changes include correction of citations, updates of terms and language, reorganization of provisions, elimination of obsolete or ineffective provisions, such as transition provisions and past effective dates, harmonizing of inconsistent provisions, and consolidating all provisions authorizing fees into a single provision of law.

Proposed law further directs the LSLI to redesignate R.S. 22:937 as R.S. 22:917.

Effective Jan. 1, 2012.

(Amends R.S. 22:901(A), (B), (C)(1) and (3), and (D)(1)(intro. para.) and (a) and (2), 902, 904, 905, 906, 907, 910, 912(A), (B)(1), (C), (D)(1)(b), (E), and (F), 913, 914, 915(B), 931, 932(B)(intro. para.) and (1), (D)(intro. para.) and (2), and (E), 934, 935, 936(A)(1)(intro. para.) and (2), (B), (D)(1), (2), and (4), (E), (F)(1), (G)(1), (4), and (8)(intro. para.) and (b) and (d)-(g), (I)(1), (J)(1), (2), (3), and (5), (K)(1)(g) and (h), 941(B)(intro. para.) and (6), 942(intro. para.) and (1), (10)(b), and (11), 943(D)(2), 944(A), 951(A), 952(A)(2), (B)(intro. para.) and (4), and (J), 961, 1541, 1542(1), (4), (6), (9), (11), (14), and (18), 1544(B)(5)-(8) and (D), 1545(I)(1)(intro. para.), 1546(A)(3), (D)(4), and (F), 1547(A)(10), (C)(2), (D), (E), (G), (H), and (I)(3), 1548(A)(1) and (3), (B)(2) and (3)(b), (D)(2), and (E), 1549(B)(4) and (5), (C), (D), (E)(intro. para.), (F), and (H), 1550(A)(2), (B)(1) and (d) and (2), (C), (D), (E)(intro. para.), and (H), 1554(G), 1555, 1556(A), (B), and (C), 1557(B)(1) and (2), 1558(B)(3) and (4), (C), and (D), 1559(C), (D)(1), and (E)(1), 1562(C)(1)(b) and (d), (E)(2), and (H)(intro. para.) and (4), 1564(A)(2), (B)(1)(a), and (C), 1571, 1573(C) - (G), (I)(1)(a), (K), (L), and (M), 1574(A)-(D)(1), 1575(C)(2) and (D), 1583, the heading of R.S. 22:1584, 1585(C), 1591, 1592, 1593(A)(intro. para.) and (1), 1594(intro. para.), 1595, 1597, 1598(C), 1599(A) and (C)(intro. para.), 1600(B)(intro. para.), 1603(1) and (3), 1604(A)(2), 1605, 1622, 1623(A), (B), (D), and (F), 1624, 1625(A) and (H), 1627(A)(2), the heading of Part III of Chapter 5 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, 1641(intro. para.), (1)(intro. para.), (c), (g), and (j), (4), and (7), 1642(A) and (C), 1644(D), 1651(B)(6), (D), (H)(1), and (I)(1), 1652, 1654(A)(intro. para.) and (C)(intro. para.), 1657, 1662(6)(a)(intro. para.) and (14), 1664(A) and (C)(2), 1665(A)(intro. para.) and (1), 1669, 1670(A)(2) and (D), 1671(A), (B)(2), and (C), 1673(C), 1693(A), 1694(A), 1696(A), 1697, 1698(A)(2) and (D), 1699(A)(3), (B), and (F), 1704(E)(1)(a) and (b), 1706(F), 1722, 1723(A)(intro. para.), (B)(intro. para.) and (2), (D), and (F), 1724(5), 1726(A) and (B), 1727(A)(1), (2), (3), (4)(intro. para.), (7), and (8), (B)(4), (C), and (F), 1728(6), 1729(A) and (F), 1731(A)(2), 1741, 1747, 1761, 1763(B), 1767, and 1768; Adds R.S. 22:821(B)(31), (32), and (33), 1557(C), 1641(8) and (9), and 1766(C); Repeals R.S. 22:1546(G) and (H), 1566, 1746(E), 1751, and 1769)