

**(KEYWORD, SUMMARY, AND DIGEST as amended by Senate committee amendments)**

**ETHICS. Provides relative to enforcement of the provisions of law under the jurisdiction of the Board of Ethics**

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DIGEST

Present law (R.S. 42:1142) provides relative to appeals of decisions of the Board of Ethics. Provides generally for appeal to the Court of Appeal, First Circuit. Present law authorizes any party aggrieved by an action of the Board of Ethics, or a panel thereof, the right to appeal to the Court of Appeal, First Circuit within 30 days after action taken by the board becomes final and that a final decision of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board may be appealed within 30 days after mailing of the notice of the decision, or if a rehearing is requested, within 30 days after mailing of the decision on rehearing. Present law further provides for appeals to a civil service commission or higher education management board in specific situations involving disciplinary actions taken against certain employees. Provides general procedures. Present law (R.S. 42:1142) further provides that decisions of the adjudicatory board or a panel thereof may be appealed in the same manner as decisions by the Board of Ethics.

Proposed law retains present law except in each instance regarding appeal also makes it applicable to action taken by and final decisions of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board. Proposed law removes the general language about appeals of decisions of the adjudicatory board or panel thereof being the same as those of decisions by the Board of Ethics.

Proposed law further authorizes the Board of Ethics, upon unanimous vote of its members present and voting, to appeal questions of law of a final decision of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board to the First Circuit Court of Appeal within 30 days after the signing and mailing of the notice of a final decision, or final decision on rehearing of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board. Defines "final decision" for this purpose as the decision and order of the adjudicatory panel of the Ethics Adjudicatory Board on the final disposition of the entire matter the Ethics Adjudicatory Board was required to hear. Proposed law further provides that if the Board of Ethics does not prevail in the final disposition of its appeal, the Board of Ethics shall be responsible for the payment of reasonable attorney fees and court costs, inclusive of all stages of litigation and appeal, of the other party.

Present law (R.S. 42:1141.1) provides that a declaratory opinion of the board shall be considered a final decision and shall be reviewable by the Court of Appeal, First Circuit, as provided in present law (R.S. 42:1142). Present law provides that any refusal by the Board of Ethics or any panel thereof to issue a declaratory opinion and any preliminary, procedural, or intermediate action or ruling is subject to the supervisory jurisdiction of the appellate court as provided in the present constitution (Const. Art. V, §10).

Proposed law removes the provision that any refusal by the Board of Ethics or any panel thereof to issue any preliminary, procedural, or intermediate action or ruling is subject to the supervisory jurisdiction of the appellate court and otherwise retains present law.

Effective upon signature of governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 42:1142)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

Committee Amendments Proposed by House Committee on House and Governmental Affairs to the original bill.

1. Removes provision that any refusal by the Board of Ethics or any panel thereof to issue any preliminary, procedural, or intermediate action or ruling is subject to the supervisory jurisdiction of the appellate court.
2. Adds provision that the Board of Ethics shall be responsible for the payment of reasonable attorney fees and court costs of the other party if it does not prevail in the final disposition of its appeal.

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Senate and Governmental Affairs to the engrossed bill

1. Clarifies that the Board of Ethics shall be responsible for the payment of reasonable attorney fees and court costs, inclusive of all stages of litigation and appeal, of the other party if the board does not prevail in the final disposition of its appeal.