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DIGEST

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Martiny

SB No. 321

Present law provides for eligibility for parole consideration for certain offenders.

Proposed law retains present law and makes an exception to present law to provide that unless eligible for parole at an earlier date, a person committed to the Dept. of Public Safety and Corrections for a term or terms of imprisonment with or without benefit of parole and serving a life sentence ordered pursuant to the habitual offender law enacted by Act No. 1245 of the 1995 Regular Session of the Legislature, shall be eligible for parole consideration upon reaching age 50 if all of the following conditions are met:

- (1) The offender has not been convicted of a crime of violence as defined in present law; however, for purposes of proposed law, a conviction shall not be considered to be for a crime of violence if in fact physical violence was not perpetrated against the victim by the offender in the commission of the crime.
- (2) The offender has served at least 15 years of imprisonment in actual custody.
- (3) The offender has not committed any disciplinary offenses in 12 consecutive months prior to the parole eligibility date.
- (4) The offender has completed substance abuse treatment, as applicable.
- (5) The offender has completed anger management treatment, as applicable.
- (6) The offender has obtained a low-risk level designation determined by a validated risk assessment instrument approved by the secretary of the DPS&C.
- (7) The offender has completed the mandatory minimum of 100 hours of pre-release programming, if available.
- (8) The offender has obtained a GED credential, unless the offender has a high school diploma or is deemed by a certified educator as incapable of obtaining a GED due to a learning disability or because such programming is not available. If the offender is deemed incapable of obtaining a GED, the offender must successfully complete either a literacy program, an adult basic education program, or a job skills training program.

Effective August 1, 2012.

(Adds R.S. 15:574.4(A)(5))

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Judiciary B to the original bill

1. Adds that the offender must be sentenced under Act 1245 of the 1995 Regular Session of the Legislature regarding habitual offenders.
2. Changes from 12 to 15 the minimum number of years of imprisonment for consideration.
3. Changes from listing prohibited crimes an offender may be convicted of to requiring that the offender shall not have been convicted of a crime of

violence and providing that if in fact physical violence was not perpetrated against the victim in the commission of the crime, the conviction shall not be considered to be a crime of violence.

4. Adds provisions regarding requirement of pre-release programming.
5. Adds provisions regarding requirement of GED credential.

#### Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

Committee Amendments Proposed by House Committee on Administration of Criminal Justice to the engrossed bill.

1. Added to the consideration of a crime of violence that violence was not perpetrated against the victim by the offender.
2. Provided that proposed law applies to persons sentenced to a term or terms of imprisonment with or without parole and who are serving a life sentence.