## SENATE SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS

## **SB 90 By Senator Mills**

# KEYWORD AND SUMMARY AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

HEALTH CARE. Provides certain requirements which must be satisfied by a physician who performs or induces an abortion. (gov sig)

### SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO THE SENATE BILL

1. Requires that a physician authorized to perform or induce abortions be currently enrolled in or have completed a residency in obstetrics and gynecology or family medicine.

### DIGEST OF THE SENATE BILL AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

<u>Present law</u> defines "physician", for the purposes of <u>present law</u> relative to abortion, as a person licensed to practice medicine in the state of Louisiana.

<u>Proposed law</u> defines "physician" as a person licensed to practice medicine in the state of Louisiana and who is currently enrolled in or has completed a residency in obstetrics and gynecology or family medicine.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides when any drug or chemical is used for the purpose of inducing an abortion as defined in <u>present law</u>, the physician who prescribed the drug or chemical shall be in the same room and in the physical presence of the pregnant woman when the drug or chemical is initially administered, dispensed, or otherwise provided to the pregnant woman.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides any person who knowingly performs or attempts to perform an abortion without complying with <u>proposed law</u> shall be subject to penalties pursuant to <u>present law</u>. No penalty may be assessed against the woman upon whom the abortion is performed or attempted to be performed.

<u>Present law</u> provides whoever violates the provisions of <u>present law</u> shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned for not more than two years, or both. In addition to whatever remedies are otherwise available under the law of this state, failure to comply with the provisions of <u>present law</u> shall provide a basis for a civil malpractice action. Any intentional violation of <u>present law</u> shall be admissible in a civil suit as prima facie evidence of a failure to comply with the requirements of <u>present law</u>. When requested, the court shall allow a woman to proceed using solely her initials or a pseudonym and may close any proceedings in the case and enter other protective orders to preserve the privacy of the woman upon whom the abortion was performed.

<u>Proposed law</u> amends <u>present law</u> to whoever violates the provisions of <u>present law</u> shall be fined not more than \$1,000 per incidence or occurrence, or imprisoned for not more than two years, or both. In addition to whatever remedies are otherwise available under the law of this state, failure to comply with the provisions of <u>present law</u> shall provide a basis for a civil malpractice action. Such action may be brought by the woman on whom the abortion was performed. Any intentional violation of <u>present law</u> shall be admissible in a civil suit as prima facie evidence of a failure to comply with the requirements of <u>present law</u>. When requested, the court shall allow a woman to proceed using solely her initials or a pseudonym and may close any proceedings in the case and enter other protective orders to preserve the privacy of the woman upon whom the abortion was performed.

Effective upon signature of the governor or lapse of time for gubernatorial action.

(Amends R.S. 40:1299.35.1(7), 1299.35.2(A), and 1299.35.19(intro para) and (1); adds R.S. 40:1299.35.2.1)