SLS 14RS-470

REENGROSSED

Regular Session, 2014

SENATE BILL NO. 496

BY SENATOR HEITMEIER

CONTROL DANGER SUBSTANCE. Provides for limits on certain prescriptions. (8/1/14)

1	AN ACT
2	To amend and reenact R.S. 40:978(A) and to enact R.S. 40:978(E) and (F), relative to
3	prescriptions; to provide for the limited dispensing of certain controlled substances;
4	to provide for accessing the Prescription Monitoring Program in certain situations;
5	and to provide for related matters.
6	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
7	Section 1. R.S. 40:978(A) is hereby amended and reenacted, and R.S. 40:978(E) and
8	(F) are hereby enacted to read as follows:
9	§978. Prescriptions
10	A. Except when dispensed or administered directly by a medical practitioner
11	or administered by a person authorized to administer by such practitioner, other than
12	a pharmacist, to an ultimate user, no controlled dangerous substance included in
13	Schedule II, which is a prescription drug as determined under the Louisiana Revised
14	Statutes, of 1950, may be dispensed or administered without either the written
15	prescription of a practitioner, or an electronic prescription order as provided by
16	federal law or regulation, except that in emergency situations, as prescribed by the
17	department by regulation, such drug may be dispensed or administered upon oral

Page 1 of 3 Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions.

1	prescription reduced promptly to writing and filed by the pharmacist. Prescriptions
2	shall be retained in conformity with the requirements of R.S. 40:976. No prescription
3	for a Schedule II substance may be refilled nor may such prescription be filled
4	more than ninety days after the date of the prescription.
5	* * *
6	E.(1) The pharmacist shall not dispense more than a ten-day supply at
7	a dosage not to exceed the United States Food and Drug Administration's
8	<u>approved labeling for the medication if the prescriber for such medication is not</u>
9	licensed by the state of Louisiana, and the medication is a Schedule II controlled
10	dangerous substance. The dispensing pharmacist shall notify the prescriber of
1	the supply dispensed and the cancellation of the remainder of the prescription.
12	(2) Within ninety days of the dispensing of a medication pursuant to
13	<u>Paragraph (E)(1) of this Section, such a medication shall not be dispensed again</u>
14	for the individual by a prescriber not licensed by the state of Louisiana.
15	F. A prescriber shall access the Prescription Monitoring Program prior
16	to initially prescribing any Schedule II controlled dangerous substance to a
17	patient for the treatment of non-cancer-related chronic or intractable pain.

The original instrument and the following digest, which constitutes no part of the legislative instrument, were prepared by Christopher D. Adams.

DIGEST

Heitmeier (SB 496)

Present law provides no prescription for a Schedule II substance may be refilled.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides a Schedule II prescription may not be filled more than 90 days after the date of the prescription.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides a pharmacist not dispense more than a ten-day supply at a dosage not to exceed the United States Food and Drug Administration's approved labeling for the medication if the prescriber is not licensed by the state of Louisiana, and the medication is a Schedule II controlled dangerous substance. Furthermore, the dispensing pharmacist shall notify the prescriber of the supply dispensed and the cancellation of the remainder of the prescription.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides within 90 days of the dispensing of a medication pursuant to <u>proposed law</u>, such medication shall not be dispensed again for the individual by a prescriber not licensed by the state of Louisiana.

Proposed law provides a prescriber shall access the Prescription Monitoring Program prior

Page 2 of 3 Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions. to initially prescribing any Schedule II controlled dangerous substance to a patient for the treatment of non-cancer-related chronic or intractable pain.

Effective August 1, 2014.

(Amends R.S. 40:978(A); adds R.S. 40:978(E) and (F)) Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

<u>Committee Amendments Proposed by Senate Committee on Health and Welfare to</u> <u>the original bill</u>

- 1. Deletes the provisions prohibiting prescription for any controlled substance being issued for more than 120 dosage units or a 30-day supply of the maximum total daily dosage and the provision prohibiting more than three controlled substance prescriptions issued for a patient by a licensed practitioner during the same 30-day period.
- 2. Provides a pharmacist not dispense any Schedule II controlled dangerous substance upon a prescription of a prescriber who is not licensed by the state of Louisiana and a prescriber access the Prescription Monitoring Program prior to initially prescribing any Schedule II controlled dangerous substance to a patient for the treatment of non-cancer-related chronic or intractable pain.

Senate Floor Amendments to engrossed bill

1. Replaces the provision providing a pharmacist not dispense any Schedule II controlled dangerous substance upon a prescription of a prescriber who is not licensed by the state of Louisiana. Provides a provision providing a pharmacist not dispense more than a ten-day supply at a dosage not to exceed the United States Food and Drug Administration's approved labeling for the medication if the prescriber is not licensed by the state of Louisiana, and the medication is a Schedule II controlled dangerous substance.