HLS 14RS-923 REENGROSSED

Regular Session, 2014

HOUSE BILL NO. 539

22

### BY REPRESENTATIVE STOKES

SEIZURES/SALES: Provides relative to time delays and methods of timely submission of notices of repossession

1 AN ACT 2 To amend and reenact R.S. 6:966.1(A)(introductory paragraph), (B), and (C), and to enact 3 R.S. 6:966.1(E) relative to default remedies; to amend the time delay for submission 4 of a notice of repossession; to provide for the methods of submission of the notice; 5 to provide for proof of the notice; and to provide for related matters. 6 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: 7 Section 1. R.S. 6:966.1(A)(introductory paragraph), (B), and (C) and are hereby 8 amended and reenacted and R.S. 6:966.1(E) is hereby enacted to read as follows: 9 §966.1. Notice of repossession; contents; fees 10 A. Within three <u>business</u> days of taking possession of collateral, a secured 11 party who utilizes the additional default remedies provided by this Chapter to obtain 12 possession of collateral shall file deliver in person or send by mail a "Notice of 13 Repossession" with to the recorder of mortgages in the parish where the collateral 14 was located and with to the appropriate official for filing purposes. The "Notice of 15 Repossession" shall contain the debtor's name, last known address, date of birth, and 16 a description of the collateral repossessed. <u>If the "Notice of Repossession" is sent</u> 17 by mail, the timeliness of the mailing shall be shown only by an official United 18 States postmark or by official receipt or certificate from the United States Postal 19 <u>Service</u>. For purposes of this Section, the appropriate official shall be: 20 21 B. Within three business days of taking possession of collateral, The the

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secured party shall <u>deliver in person or send by mail a pay payment of</u> seventy-five

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1 dollars to the recorder of mortgages and two hundred fifty dollars to the appropriate official for each "Notice of Repossession" filed. If the payment is sent by mail, the 2 3 timeliness of the mailing shall be shown only by an official United States postmark 4 or by official receipt or certificate from the United States Postal Service. 5 C. If the sheriff is the appropriate official in the parish of Orleans, then there shall be no fee paid to the sheriff; however, the "Notice of Repossession" shall still 6 7 be filed with the sheriff pursuant to the requirement set forth in Subsection A of this 8 Section. 9 10 E. If the "Notice of Repossession" or payment is sent by mail pursuant to the 11 provisions of this Section, the secured party shall obtain signature confirmation from 12 the recipient in order to prove delivery.

#### DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Stokes HB No. 539

**Abstract:** Amends the time delay and methods of timely submission relative to a "Notice of Repossession" and payments of certain fees.

<u>Present law</u> requires a secured party utilizing additional default remedies in obtaining possession of collateral to file a "Notice of Repossession" with the recorder of mortgages in the parish where the collateral was located and with the appropriate official within three days of taking possession of collateral.

<u>Proposed law</u> deletes the three-day filing period of <u>present law</u>. <u>Proposed law</u> requires a secured party's "Notice of Repossession" to be delivered in person or sent by mail to the recorder of mortgages and to the appropriate official within three business days of taking possession of the collateral. The timeliness of a notice sent by mail is shown only by official U.S. postmark, receipt, or certificate of the U.S. Postal Service.

<u>Present law</u> requires a secured party to pay \$75 to the recorder of mortgages and \$250 to the appropriate official for each "Notice of Repossession" filed. <u>Proposed law</u> adds to <u>present law</u> and requires the payments to be delivered in person or sent by mail within three business days of taking possession of the collateral. The timeliness of a payment sent by mail is shown only by official U.S. postmark, receipt, or certificate of the U.S. Postal Service.

<u>Present law</u> provides that if the sheriff is the appropriate official in Orleans Parish, no fee shall be paid to the sheriff; however, the "Notice of Repossession" shall still be filed with the sheriff. <u>Proposed law</u> adds to <u>present law</u> and provides for the notice to be delivered in person or sent by mail to the sheriff within three business days of taking possession of the

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collateral. The timeliness of a notice sent by mail is shown only by official U.S. postmark, receipt, or certificate of the U.S. Postal Service.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires signature confirmation from the recipient if "Notice of Repossession" or payment is sent by mail.

(Amends R.S. 6:966.1(A)(intro. para.), (B), and (C); Adds R.S. 6:966.1(E))

### Summary of Amendments Adopted by House

Committee Amendments Proposed by House Committee on Judiciary to the original bill.

1. Added the requirement that the "Notice of Repossession" shall contain proof of receipt by the recipient if sent by mail.

## House Floor Amendments to the engrossed bill.

1. Changed the requirement <u>from</u> retaining proof of receipt of the "Notice of Repossession" that is sent by mail <u>to</u> obtaining signature confirmation from the recipient to prove delivery of the "Notice of Repossession" or payment.