SLS 14RS-456 **REENGROSSED**

Regular Session, 2014

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SENATE BILL NO. 516

BY SENATORS BUFFINGTON, DORSEY-COLOMB, GUILLORY AND MILLS AND REPRESENTATIVE STUART BISHOP

AN ACT

HEALTH CARE. Provides for direct primary care. (8/1/14)

2	To enact Part VII of Chapter 15 of Title 37 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950, to be
3	comprised of R.S. 37:1360.81 through 1360.91, relative to direct primary care; to
4	provide for definitions; to provide for prohibitions on discrimination; to provide for
5	direct fees; to provide for prohibited and authorized practices; to provide for
6	acceptance and discontinuation of patients; to provide exemptions from state
7	insurance laws; to provide for business conduct; to provide for annual reports; to
8	provide for violations and penalties; to provide for rules and regulations; and to
9	provide for related matters.
10	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
11	Section 1. Part VII of Chapter 15 of Title 37 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of
12	1950, comprised of R.S. 37:1360.81 through 1360.91, is hereby enacted to read as follows:
13	PART VII. DIRECT PRIMARY CARE PRACTICE
14	§1360.81. Definitions
15	For the purposes of this Part, the terms stated in this Section have the
16	meanings assigned to them, respectively, unless the context otherwise requires:
17	(1) "Board" means the Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners.

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state of Louisiana.

1	shan not include an organization of an entity that contracts with a primary care
2	practice for the provision of research, technological, operational, and
3	administrative support, but such an entity or an organization does not provide
4	a direct medical care service.
5	(b) Enters into direct agreements with direct patients or parents or legal
6	guardians of direct patients.
7	(c) Does not accept payment for health care services provided to direct
8	patients from any entity subject to regulation under Title 22 of the Louisiana
9	Revised Statues of 1950.
10	(d) Does not provide, in consideration for a direct fee, services,
11	procedures, or supplies such as prescription drugs except as provided in R.S.
12	37:1360.84(B), hospitalization costs, major surgery, dialysis, high level
13	radiology, including but not limited to X-ray computed tomography, positron
14	emission tomography, magnetic resonance imaging, or invasive radiology,
15	rehabilitation services, procedures requiring general anesthesia, or similar
16	advanced procedures, services, or supplies.
17	(6) "Health insurance issuer" means an entity subject to the insurance
18	laws and regulations of this state or subject to the jurisdiction of the insurance
19	commissioner that contracts or offers to contract or enters into an agreement
20	to provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health
21	care services, including a sickness and accident insurance company, a health
22	maintenance organization, a preferred provider organization, or any similar
23	entity, or any other entity providing a plan of health insurance or health
24	benefits.
25	(7) "Physician" means a natural person who is the holder of an
26	allopathic (MD) degree or an osteopathic (DO) degree from a medical college
27	in good standing with the board who holds a license, permit, certification, or
28	registration issued by the board to engage in the practice of medicine in the

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1	(8) "Primary care" means routine health care services, including
2	screening, assessment, diagnosis, and treatment for the purpose of promotion
3	of health, and detection and management of disease or injury.
4	§1360.82. Prohibition on discrimination
5	Except as provided in R.S. 37:1360.85, no direct practice shall decline to
6	accept any person solely on account of race, religion, national origin, the
7	presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability, education, or economic
8	status.
9	<u>§1360.83. Direct fee</u>
10	A. A direct practice shall charge a direct fee on a periodic basis. The
11	amount of the fee and the periodic basis upon which such fee shall be paid shall
12	be included in the provisions of the direct agreement. The fee shall represent the
13	total amount due for all primary care services specified in the direct agreement
14	and may be paid by the direct patient or on his behalf by others.
15	B. A direct practice shall maintain appropriate accounts and provide a
16	history of payments and services received upon a request of a direct patient.
17	C. If a direct patient chooses to pay more than one periodic direct fee in
18	advance, the funds shall be held in a trust account and paid to the direct
19	practice as earned at the beginning of each period. Any unearned direct fees
20	held in trust following receipt of termination of the direct agreement shall be
21	promptly refunded to the direct patient.
22	D. A direct fee schedule applying to an existing direct patient may not be
23	increased over the annual negotiated amount more frequently than annually.
24	A direct practice shall provide advance notice to existing patients of any change
25	within the fee schedule applying to those existing direct patients. A direct
26	practice shall provide notice of any change in the fee not less than sixty days
27	from the date of the change.
28	§1360.84. Prohibited and authorized practices

A. A direct practice shall not:

1	(1) Enter into a participating provider contract with any health
2	insurance issuer or with any health insurance issuer's contractor or
3	subcontractor to provide health care services through a direct agreement except
4	as set forth in Subsection B of this Section.
5	(2) Submit a claim for payment to any health insurance issuer or any
6	health insurance issuer's contractor or subcontractor for health care services
7	provided to direct patients as covered by their agreement.
8	(3) With respect to services provided through a direct agreement, be
9	identified by a health insurance issuer or any health insurance issuer's
10	contractor or subcontractor as a participant in the health insurance issuer's or
11	any health insurance issuer's contractor or subcontractor network for purposes
12	of determining network adequacy or being available for selection by an enrollee
13	under a health insurance issuer's benefit plan.
14	(4) Pay for health care services covered by a direct agreement rendered
15	to direct patients by providers other than the providers in the direct practice or
16	their employees, except as described in Subsection B of this Section.
17	B. A direct practice and provider may:
18	(1) Enter into a participating provider contract with a health insurance
19	issuer for purposes other than payment of claims for services provided to direct
20	patients through a direct agreement. Such physicians shall be subject to all
21	other provisions of the participating provider contract applicable to
22	participating providers, including but not limited to the right to:
23	(a) Make referrals to other participating providers.
24	(b) Admit the carrier's members to participating hospitals and other
25	health care facilities.
26	(c) Prescribe prescription drugs.
27	(d) Implement other customary provisions of the contract not dealing
28	with reimbursement of services.
29	(2) Pay for charges associated with:

1	(a) The provision of routine lab and imaging services.
2	(b) Dispensing, at no additional cost to the direct patient, of prescription
3	drugs prescribed by the direct provider in accordance with state law and
4	regulations promulgated by the board.
5	(3) Charge an additional fee to direct patients for supplies, medications,
6	and specific vaccines provided to direct patients that are specifically excluded
7	under the agreement, provided the direct practice notifies the direct patient of
8	the additional charge, prior to their administration or delivery.
9	§1360.85. Acceptance or discontinuation of patients; third-party payments
10	A. A direct practice shall not decline to accept new direct patients or
11	discontinue care to existing patients solely because of the patient's health status.
12	A direct practice may decline to accept a patient if the practice has reached its
13	maximum capacity, or if the patient's medical condition is such that the
14	provider is unable to provide the appropriate level and type of health care
15	services in the direct practice. As long as a direct practice provides a patient
16	notice and the opportunity to obtain care from another physician, a direct
17	practice may discontinue care for a direct patient if any one of the following
18	conditions is satisfied:
19	(1) The patient fails to pay the direct fee under the terms required by the
20	direct agreement.
21	(2) The patient has performed an act that constitutes fraud.
22	(3) The patient repeatedly fails to comply with the recommended
23	treatment plan.
24	(4) The patient is abusive and presents an emotional or physical danger
25	to the staff or other patients of the direct practice.
26	(5) The direct practice discontinues operation as a direct practice.
27	B. Subject to the restrictions established in this Part, a direct practice
28	may accept payment of direct fees directly or indirectly from third parties. A
29	direct practice may accept a direct fee paid by an employer on behalf of an

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employee who is a direct patient. However, a direct practice shall not enter into a contract with an employer relating to direct practice agreements between the direct practice and employees of that employer other than to establish the timing and method of the payment of the direct fee by the employer.

C. Subject to the restrictions established in this Part, a direct practice may accept payment of direct fees directly or indirectly from the Louisiana Medical Assistance Program or any entity contracting with the state of Louisiana to provide managed care in the Louisiana Medical Assistance Program, subject to any necessary approval from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

§1360.86. Direct practice not an insurer

A direct practice that complies with the provisions of this Part, is not a health insurance insurer and not subject to the provisions of nor the regulations under Title 22 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.

§1360.87. Conduct of business; prohibitions

A person shall not make, publish, or disseminate any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or advertising in the conduct of the business of a direct practice or relative to the business of a direct practice.

§1360.88. Misrepresenting the terms of a direct agreement

A person shall not make, issue, circulate, or cause to be made, issued, or circulated, a misrepresentation of the terms of any direct agreement, the benefits or advantages promised thereby, or use the name or title of any direct agreement misrepresenting the nature thereof.

§1360.89. Direct agreement requirements; disclaimer

A.(1) A direct agreement shall include the following disclaimer:

"This agreement does not provide comprehensive health insurance coverage. It provides only the health care services specifically described."

(2) A direct agreement may not be sold to a group and may not be entered with a group of subscribers. A direct agreement shall be an agreement

1	between a direct practice and an individual direct patient or a family of direct
2	patients.
3	(3) Nothing shall prohibit the presentation of marketing materials to
4	groups of potential subscribers or their representatives.
5	B. A comprehensive disclosure statement shall be distributed to all direct
6	patients with their participation forms. The disclosure shall inform a direct
7	patient of his financial rights and responsibilities to the direct practice as
8	provided for in this Part, encourage a direct patient to obtain and maintain
9	insurance for services not provided by the direct practice, and state that the
10	direct practice will not bill a health insurance issuer for services covered under
11	the direct agreement. The disclosure statement shall include contact
12	information for the board.
13	<u>§1360.90. Rules</u>
14	The board may promulgate all rules and regulations that are necessary
15	and proper to effectuate the provisions of this Part.
16	§1360.91. Violations
17	Violations of this Part shall constitute unprofessional conduct and
18	subject violators to any and all sanctions which may be pursued by the board
19	pursuant to R.S. 37:1285.
	The original instrument was prepared by Christopher D. Adams. The following digest, which does not constitute a part of the legislative instrument, was prepared by Nancy Vicknair.

DIGEST

Buffington (SB 516)

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for direct primary care practice.

Proposed law defines "board", "direct agreement", "direct fee", "direct patient", "direct patient-provider primary care practice" and "direct practice", "health insurance issuer", "physician", and "primary care".

<u>Proposed law</u> prohibits certain types of discrimination by a direct practice.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for a direct fee.

Proposed law provides a direct practice shall charge a direct fee on a periodic basis. The amount of the fee and the periodic basis upon which such fee shall be paid shall be included

Coding: Words which are struck through are deletions from existing law; words in **boldface type and underscored** are additions.

in the provisions of the direct agreement. The fee shall represent the total amount due for all primary care services specified in the direct agreement and may be paid by the direct patient or on his behalf by others.

<u>Proposed law</u> further provides a direct practice shall maintain appropriate accounts and provide a history of payments and services received upon a request of a direct patient. Further provides if a direct patient chooses to pay more than one periodic direct fee in advance, the funds shall be held in a trust account and paid to the direct practice as earned at the beginning of each period. Any unearned direct fees held in trust following receipt of termination of the direct agreement shall be promptly refunded to the direct patient.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides a direct fee schedule applying to an existing direct patient may not be increased over the annual negotiated amount more frequently than annually. A direct practice shall provide advance notice to existing patients of any change within the fee schedule applying to those existing direct patients. A direct practice shall provide notice of any change in the fee not less than 60 days from the date of the change.

Proposed law provides a direct practice shall not:

- (1) Enter into a participating provider contract with any health insurance issuer or with any health insurance issuer's contractor or subcontractor to provide health care services through a direct agreement except as set forth in the <u>proposed law</u>.
- (2) Submit a claim for payment to any health insurance issuer or any health insurance issuer's contractor or subcontractor for health care services provided to direct patients as covered by their agreement.
- (3) With respect to services provided through a direct agreement, be identified by a health insurance issuer or any health insurance issuer's contractor or subcontractor as a participant in the health insurance issuer's or any health insurance issuer's contractor or subcontractor network for purposes of determining network adequacy or being available for selection by an enrollee under a health insurance issuer's benefit plan.
- (4) Pay for health care services covered by a direct agreement rendered to direct patients by providers other than the providers in the direct practice or their employees, except as described in proposed law.

Proposed law provides a direct practice and provider may:

- (1) Enter into a participating provider contract with a health insurance issuer for purposes other than payment of claims for services provided to direct patients through a direct agreement. Such physicians shall be subject to all other provisions of the participating provider contract applicable to participating providers including but not limited to the right to:
 - (a) Make referrals to other participating providers.
 - (b) Admit the carrier's members to participating hospitals and other health care facilities.
 - (c) Prescribe prescription drugs.
 - (d) Implement other customary provisions of the contract not dealing with reimbursement of services.
- (2) Pay for charges associated with:

- (a) The provision of routine lab and imaging services.
- (b) Dispensing, at no additional cost to the direct patient, of prescription drugs prescribed by the direct provider in accordance with state law and regulations promulgated by the Louisiana State Board of Medical Examiners (the board).
- (3) Charge an additional fee to direct patients for supplies, medications, and specific vaccines provided to direct patients that are specifically excluded under the agreement, provided the direct practice notifies the direct patient of the additional charge, prior to their administration or delivery.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides a direct practice shall not decline to accept new direct patients or discontinue care to existing patients solely because of the patient's health status. A direct practice may decline to accept a patient if the practice has reached its maximum capacity, or if the patient's medical condition is such that the provider is unable to provide the appropriate level and type of health care services in the direct practice.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides as long as a direct practice provides a patient notice and the opportunity to obtain care from another physician, a direct practice may discontinue care for a direct patient if any one of the following conditions is satisfied:

- (1) The patient fails to pay the direct fee under the terms required by the direct agreement.
- (2) The patient has performed an act that constitutes fraud.
- (3) The patient repeatedly fails to comply with the recommended treatment plan.
- (4) The patient is abusive and presents an emotional or physical danger to the staff or other patients of the direct practice.
- (5) The direct practice discontinues operation as a direct practice.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides, subject to the restrictions established in <u>proposed law</u>, a direct practice may accept payment of direct fees directly or indirectly from third parties. A direct practice may accept a direct fee paid by an employer on behalf of an employee who is a direct patient. However, a direct practice shall not enter into a contract with an employer relating to direct practice agreements between the direct practice and employees of that employer other than to establish the timing and method of the payment of the direct fee by the employer.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes a direct practice to accept payment of direct fees directly or indirectly from the La. Medical Assistance Program or any entity contracting with the state to provide managed care in the program, subject to any necessary approval from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides a direct practice is not an insurer.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides a person shall not make, publish, or disseminate any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or advertising in the conduct of the business of a direct practice or relative to the business of a direct practice.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides a person shall not make, issue, circulate, or cause to be made, issued, or circulated, a misrepresentation of the terms of any direct agreement, the benefits or advantages promised thereby, or use the name or title of any direct agreement misrepresenting the nature thereof.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides for direct agreement requirements.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides the board may promulgate all rules and regulations which are necessary and proper to effectuate the <u>proposed law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides violations of the <u>proposed law</u> shall constitute unprofessional conduct and subject violators to any and all sanctions which may be pursued by the board pursuant to <u>present law</u>.

Effective August 1, 2014.

(Adds R.S. 37:1360.81-1360.91)

Summary of Amendments Adopted by Senate

Senate Floor Amendments to engrossed bill

- 1. Provides that "direct patient-provider primary care practice" or "direct practice" will not include an organization or an entity that contracts with a primary care practice for the provision of research, technological, operational, and administrative support, but such an entity or an organization does not provide a direct medical care service.
- 2. Authorizes a direct practice to accept payment of direct fees from the La. Medical Assistance Program or any entity contracting with the state to provide managed care, subject to any necessary approval from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services.
- 3. Makes technical changes.