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SENATE BILL NO. 292

BY SENATORS MORRELL, ALARIO, APPEL, BROOME, BROWN, BUFFINGTON, DORSEY-COLOMB, HEITMEIER, LAFLEUR, LONG, MILLS, MURRAY, NEVERS, PETERSON, GARY SMITH, TARVER AND WARD AND REPRESENTATIVES ADAMS, WESLEY BISHOP, BURRELL, HAZEL, HOWARD, JAMES, JOHNSON, LAMBERT, MORENO, THIBAUT AND WILLMOTT

AN ACT

2	To amend and reenact Civil Code Articles 103, 103.1, 112, and 113 and to enact Civil Code
3	Article 118 and R.S. 9:327, relative to divorce proceedings; to provide grounds for
4	immediate divorce, interim support, and final support in certain instances involving
5	domestic abuse; and to provide for related matters.
6	Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana:
7	Section 1. Civil Code Articles 103, 103.1, 112, and 113 are hereby amended and
8	reenacted and Civil Code Article 118 is hereby enacted to read as follows:
9	Art. 103. Judgment of divorce; other grounds
10	Except in the case of a covenant marriage, a divorce shall be granted on the
11	petition of a spouse upon proof that:
12	(1) The spouses have been living separate and apart continuously for the
13	requisite period of time, in accordance with Article 103.1, or more on the date the
14	petition is filed;
15	(2) The other spouse has committed adultery; or.
16	(3) The other spouse has committed a felony and has been sentenced to death
17	or imprisonment at hard labor.
18	(4) The other spouse has physically or sexually abused the spouse
19	seeking divorce or a child of one of the spouses, regardless of whether the other
20	spouse was prosecuted for the act of abuse.
21	(5) After a contradictory hearing or consent decree, a protective order
22	or an injunction has been issued, in accordance with law, against the other
23	spouse to protect the spouse seeking the divorce or a child of one of the spouses
24	from abuse.

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1	Art. 103.1. Judgment of divorce; time periods
2	The requisite periods of time, in accordance with Articles 102 and 103 shall
3	be as follows:
4	(1) One hundred eighty days: where there are no minor children of the
5	marriage.
6	(a) Where there are no minor children of the marriage; or
7	(b) Upon a finding by the court, pursuant to a rule to show cause, that the
8	other spouse has physically or sexually abused the spouse seeking divorce or a child
9	of one of the spouses; or
10	(e) If, after a contradictory hearing or consent decree, a protective order or
11	an injunction has been issued, in accordance with law, against the other spouse to
12	protect the spouse seeking the divorce or a child of one of the spouses from abuse.
13	(2) Three hundred sixty-five days when there are minor children of the
14	marriage at the time the rule to show cause is filed in accordance with Article 102
15	or a petition is filed in accordance with Article 103.
16	* * *
17	Art. 112. Determination of final periodic support
18	A. When a spouse has not been at fault <b>prior to the filing of a petition for</b>
19	divorce and is in need of support, based on the needs of that party and the ability of
20	the other party to pay, that spouse may be awarded final periodic support in
21	accordance with Paragraph $\underline{BC}$ of this Article.
22	B. When a spouse has not been at fault prior to the filing of a petition for
23	divorce and the court determines that party was the victim of domestic abuse
24	committed during the marriage by the other party, that spouse shall be awarded
25	final periodic support or a lump sum award, at the discretion of the court, in
26	accordance with Paragraph C of this Article.
27	$\underline{\mathbf{C}}$ . The court shall consider all relevant factors in determining the amount
28	and duration of final support. Those factors may include, including:
29	(1) The income and means of the parties, including the liquidity of such
30	means.

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1	(2) The financial obligations of the parties.
2	(3) The earning capacity of the parties.
3	(4) The effect of custody of children upon a party's earning capacity.
4	(5) The time necessary for the claimant to acquire appropriate education,
5	training, or employment.
6	(6) The health and age of the parties.
7	(7) The duration of the marriage.
8	(8) The tax consequences to either or both parties.
9	(9) The existence, effect, and duration of any act of domestic abuse
10	committed by the other spouse upon the claimant, regardless of whether the
11	other spouse was prosecuted for the act of domestic violence.
12	C.D. The sum awarded under this Article shall not exceed one-third of the
13	obligor's net income; however, where support is awarded pursuant to Paragraph
14	B of this Article, the sum awarded may exceed one-third of the obligor's net
15	<u>income</u> .
16	Art. 113. Interim spousal support allowance pending final spousal support award
17	$\underline{\mathbf{A}}$ . Upon motion of a party or when a demand for final spousal support is
18	pending, the court may award a party an interim spousal support allowance based on
19	the needs of that party, the ability of the other party to pay, and the standard of living
20	of the parties during the marriage, which award of interim spousal support allowance
21	shall terminate upon the rendition of a judgment of divorce.
22	$\underline{\mathbf{B}}_{\bullet}$ If a claim for final spousal support is pending at the time of the rendition
23	of the judgment of divorce, the interim spousal support award shall thereafter
24	terminate upon rendition of a judgment awarding or denying final spousal support
25	or one hundred eighty days from the rendition of judgment of divorce, whichever
26	occurs first. The obligation to pay interim spousal support may extend beyond one
27	hundred eighty days from the rendition of judgment of divorce, but only for good
28	cause shown.
29	C. Notwithstanding Paragraph B of this Article, if a claim for final

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spousal support is pending at the time of the rendition of a judgment of divorce

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1	pursuant to Article 103(4) or (5) and the final spousal support award does not	
2	exceed the interim spousal support award, the interim spousal support award	
3	shall thereafter terminate no less than one hundred eighty days from the	
4	rendition of judgment of divorce. The obligation to pay final spousal support	
5	shall not begin until after an interim spousal support award has terminated.	
6	* * *	
7	Art. 118. Other remedies affected	
8	Failure to bring an action for divorce pursuant to Article 103(4) or (5)	
9	or final spousal support pursuant to Article 112(B) shall in no way affect the	
10	rights of the party to seek other remedies provided by law.	
11	Section 2. R.S. 9:327 is hereby enacted to read as follows:	
12	§327. Determination of domestic abuse for spousal support	
13	A. In awarding final spousal support pursuant to Civil Code Article	
14	112(B), the court shall consider any criminal conviction of the obligor spouse for	
15	an offense committed against the claimant spouse during the course of the	
16	marriage.	
17	B. In the absence of a criminal conviction, the court may order an	
18	evaluation of both parties that may be used to assist the court in determining	
19	the existence and nature of the alleged domestic abuse. The evaluation shall be	
20	conducted by an independent court-appointed mental health professional who	
21	is an expert in the field of domestic abuse. The mental health professional shall	
22	have no family, financial, or prior medical relationship with either party or	
23	their attorneys of record. The mental health professional shall provide the	
24	court and the parties with a written report of his findings.	
	PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE	
	SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES	
	GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA	
	A PPROVED:	