## Gary Smith (SB 326)

<u>Prior law</u> authorized the use of videotaped statements of protected persons. Defined "protected person" as a crime witness or victim who is either under the age of 17 or has a developmental disability. Provided that if a copy of the videotaped statement is provided to the defendant's attorney, only the defendant and his attorney are permitted to view the tape.

<u>New law</u> retains <u>prior law</u> and further provides that in addition to the defendant and his attorney, the following persons who are involved in preparing the defense are authorized to view the videotaped statement: the attorney's regularly employed staff, the defense investigator designated to work on the case, the defense paralegal designated to work on the case, and other staff members of the attorney who are transcribing the videotaped oral statement.

<u>Prior law</u> provided that no copies of the videotaped statement provided to the defense can be made by any person.

<u>New law</u> changes <u>prior law</u> to provide that copies of the videotaped statement provided to the defense may be made if they will be used as exhibits for trial.

<u>Prior law</u> provided that the defense copy of the videotaped statement must be securely retained by the defendant's attorney at all times and cannot be possessed, transferred, distributed, copied, or viewed by any unauthorized party.

<u>New law</u> retains <u>prior law</u> and adds that any transcript of the videotaped statement must also be securely retained by the defendant's attorney.

Effective August 1, 2014.

(Amends R.S. 15:440.5(C))