HOUSE SUMMARY OF SENATE AMENDMENTS

HB 261 2015 Regular Session

Hodges

CHILDREN/FOSTER CARE: Enacts the Quality Parenting for Children in Foster Care Act

Synopsis of Senate Amendments		
1.	Retain and relocate the following provisions of proposed law:	
	(a)	Definitions.
	(b)	Provisions concerning use of the reasonable and prudent parent standard.
	(c)	Authorization for a child in foster care to travel out of state with his foster parent if certain conditions are met.
	(d)	Limitation of liability for a foster caregiver who approves a foster child's participation in extracurricular, enrichment, cultural, social, or sporting activities.
2.	Delete <u>proposed law</u> requiring DCFS to promulgate rules for implementation of <u>proposed law</u> and specifying that such rules shall:	
	(a)	Provide foster caregivers with as much flexibility as possible to enable children in their care to participate in normal life experiences.
	(b)	Reflect the considerations provided in <u>proposed law</u> relative to the reasonable and prudent parent standard.

Digest of Bill as Finally Passed by Senate

<u>Present law</u> provides that no contract for foster care services shall be awarded to any person who has not completed a training program approved by the Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS) that includes certain specified topics. <u>Proposed law</u> retains <u>present law</u> and adds to the training topics the "reasonable and prudent parent standard" established by <u>proposed law</u>.

<u>Proposed law</u> to be known as the "Quality Parenting for Children in Foster Care Act" provides findings relative to protecting the health and well-being of foster children. Further provides that the intent of <u>proposed law</u> is to recognize the importance of normalizing the lives of children in foster care while ensuring their health and safety, and to empower caregivers and legal custodians to support and encourage a child's participation in activities.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides that foster children should be encouraged and supported to participate in age- and developmentally appropriate extracurricular, enrichment, cultural, social, and sporting activities.

<u>Proposed law</u> defines "reasonable and prudent parent standard" as the standard characterized by careful and sensible parental decisions that maintain the health, safety, and best interests of a child while at the same time encouraging the emotional and developmental growth of the child, that a caregiver shall use when determining whether to allow a child in foster care under the responsibility of the state to participate in extracurricular, enrichment, cultural, social, and sporting activities.

<u>Proposed law</u> stipulates that the reasonable and prudent parent standard established by <u>proposed law</u> shall not authorize any decision that conflicts with the residual parental rights of a parent of a child.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires that foster caregivers use the reasonable and prudent parent standard in determining whether to give permission for a foster child to participate in extracurricular, enrichment, cultural, social, or sporting activities. Provides that when using the reasonable and prudent parent standard, the caregiver shall consider all of the following:

- (1) The child's age, maturity, and developmental level in order to maintain the overall health and safety of the child.
- (2) The potential risk factors and the appropriateness of the extracurricular, enrichment, cultural, social, or sporting activity.
- (3) The best interest of the child, based on information known by the caregiver.
- (4) The importance of encouraging the child's emotional and developmental growth.
- (5) The importance of providing the child with the most family-like living experience possible.
- (6) The behavioral history of the child and the child's ability to safely participate in the proposed activity.

<u>Proposed law</u> authorizes children in foster care to travel out of state with a foster parent or another DCFS-approved adult so long as the foster parent confirms with DCFS in advance of the departure date that no reason exists to prevent such travel, and provides a travel itinerary to the department.

<u>Proposed law</u> requires DCFS to verify that private child residential facilities providing foster care services have policies in place that are consistent with the provisions of <u>proposed law</u>, and that these agencies promote and protect the ability of children to participate in age- and developmentally appropriate extracurricular, enrichment, cultural, social, and sporting activities.

<u>Proposed law</u> stipulates that a foster caregiver is not liable for harm caused to a child who participates in an age- and developmentally appropriate activity approved by the caregiver, provided that the caregiver has acted in accordance with the reasonable and prudent parent standard. Stipulates further that nothing in <u>proposed law</u> shall be construed to remove or limit any existing liability protection afforded by present law.

(Amends R.S. 46:283(C)(1)(a)(intro. para.); Adds R.S. 46:283(C)(1)(a)(v), (D)-(G), and 286.21-286.23)