DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 493 Original

2016 Regular Session

Gregory Miller

Abstract: Provides for procedures in determining when a non-domiciliary parent can claim federal and state tax deductions.

<u>Present law</u> allows a non-domiciliary party whose support obligation equals or exceeds fifty percent of the total child support obligation to claim federal and state tax dependency deductions.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides specific conditions in which a non-domiciliary party whose support obligation is between 50% to 65% of the total child support obligation may be entitled to claim federal and state tax dependency deductions after a contradictory hearing.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides factors which shall be considered by the court in determining whether the non-domiciliary party whose obligation is between 50% to 65% shall be entitled to the federal and state tax dependency deductions.

<u>Proposed law</u> provides a rebuttable presumption that a non-domiciliary parent's obligation that exceeds 65% of the total child support obligation shall claim the deductions.

(Amends R.S. 9:315.18(B))