HLS 16RS-56 ORIGINAL

2016 Regular Session

HOUSE BILL NO. 891

1

BY REPRESENTATIVE JEFFERSON

LABOR: Provides for technical revisions to the unemployment compensation statutes

AN ACT

2 To amend and reenact Chapter 11 of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes of 1950, to be 3 comprised of R.S. 23:1471 through 1770, relative to the Louisiana Employment 4 Security Law; to provide with respect to unemployment compensation; to provide 5 for technical corrections; to provide for updates of terms and language; to reorganize 6 provisions; and to provide for related matters. 7 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: 8 Section 1. Chapter 11 of Title 23 of the Revised Statutes of 1950, comprised of R.S. 9 23:1471 through 1770, is hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows: 10 CHAPTER 11. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION 11 PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS 12 §1471. Short title; declaration of public policy 13 This Chapter may be cited as the "Louisiana Employment Security Law". 14 As a guide to the interpretation and application of this Chapter, the public 15 policy of this state is declared to be as follows: Economic insecurity due to 16 unemployment is a serious menace to the health, morals and welfare of the people 17 of this state. Unemployment is therefore a subject of general interest and concern 18 which requires appropriate action by the Legislature to prevent its spread and to 19 lighten its burden which now so often falls with crushing force upon the unemployed 20 worker and his family. The achievement of social security requires protection

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

against this greatest hazard of our economic life. This can be provided by encouraging employers to provide more stable employment and by the systematic accumulation of funds during periods of employment to provide benefits for periods of unemployment, thus maintaining purchasing power and limiting the serious social consequences of poor relief assistance. The Legislature, therefore, declares that in its considered judgment the public good, and the general welfare of the citizens of this state require the enactment of this measure, for the compulsory setting aside of unemployment reserves to be used for the benefit of unemployed persons.

§1472. Definitions

As used in this Chapter, the following terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this Section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:

- (1) "Administrator" means the executive director of the Louisiana Workforce Commission.
 - (2) "Agricultural labor" includes all services performed:
- (a) On a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with cultivating the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting of any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and fur-bearing animals and wildlife;
- (b) In the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm, in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such the farm and its tools and equipment, or in salvaging timber or clearing land of brush and other debris left by a hurricane, if the major part of such services are performed on a farm;
- (c) In connection with the production or harvesting of any commodity defined as an agricultural commodity in Section 15(g) of the Agricultural Marketing Act, as amended (46 Stat. 1550, sec. 3; 12 U.S.C. 1141j), or in connection with the ginning of cotton, or in connection with the operation or maintenance of ditches, canals, reservoirs, or waterways, not owned or operated for profit, used exclusively for supplying and storing water for farming purposes, or in connection with the

2 and sale of nursery stock, but only if such the service is performed on a farm. 3 (d)I. In the employ of the operator of a farm in handling, planting, drying, 4 packing, packaging, processing, freezing, grading, storing, or delivering to storage 5 or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, in its unmanufactured state, 6 an agricultural or horticultural commodity; but only if such the operator produced 7 more than one-half of the commodity with respect to on which such the services are 8 performed;. 9 H. ii. In the employ of a group of operators of farms (or or a cooperative 10 organization of which such the operators are members, in the performance 11 of services described in Subparagraph (I) of this Paragraph Item (I) of this 12 Subparagraph, but only if such the operators produced more than one-half of the 13 commodity with respect to on which such the services are performed. III. iii. The provisions of subparagraph (I) and (II) of this Paragraph shall not 14 15 be deemed to be applicable with respect to services performed of this Paragraph do 16 not apply to any services performed in connection with commercial canning or 17 commercial freezing or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural 18 commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption. 19 (e) On a farm operated for profit, in the employ of the owner or tenant or 20 other operator of such the farm, if such the service is not in the course of the 21 employer's trade or business. 22 (f) As used in this Subsection, the term "farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, 23 fruit, fur-bearing animals, and truck farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries, ranges, 24 greenhouses or other similar structures used primarily for the raising of agricultural 25 or horticultural commodities and orchards; 26 (3) "American vessel" means any vessel, documented and numbered under 27 pursuant to the laws of the United States, including. "American vessel" also means 28 any vessel which is neither documented or numbered under the laws of the United 29 States, nor documented under pursuant to the laws of any foreign country, if its crew

hatching of poultry, the drying of rice, the ginning of moss, and the handling, care,

2 corporation organized under the laws of the United States, or of any state. 3 (4) "Base period" means the first four of the last five complete calendar 4 quarters immediately preceding the first day of an individual's benefit year. (5) "Benefits" means the money unemployment compensation payments 5 6 payable to an individual, as provided in this Chapter, with respect to his 7 unemployment. 8 (6) "Benefit year" with respect to any individual means the one-year period 9 beginning with the first day of the first week with respect to which the an individual 10 first files a claim for benefits in accordance with R.S. 23:1600(1), and thereafter the 11 one-year period beginning with the first day of the first week with respect to which 12 the individual next files a claim for benefits after the termination of his last 13 preceding benefit year; provided, that at the time of filing such a the claim the 14 individual has been paid the wages for insured work required under pursuant to R.S. 15 23:1600(5). 16 (7) "Calendar quarter" means the period of three consecutive calendar 17 months ending on March 31, June 30, September 30, or December 31, or the 18 equivalent thereof as the administrator may by regulations prescribe by regulation. 19 (8) "Contributions" means the money monetary payments to the state 20 unemployment compensation fund, required by this Chapter. 21 (9) "Corporate group" means any group of corporations which are one 22 hundred percent subsidiaries of another corporation or of other corporations which 23 are one hundred percent subsidiaries of another corporation where the corporations 24 are engaged in essentially the same kind of business and the employees are paid from 25 a single account maintained by the parent corporation. 26 (11) "Employer" means: 27 (a) Any employing unit which in any calendar quarter in either the current 28 or preceding calendar year paid for services in employment wages in of one thousand 29 five hundred dollars or more for some portion of a day in each of twenty different

is employed solely by one or more citizens or residents of the United States, or

1 calendar weeks, whether or not such weeks were consecutive, in either the current 2 or the preceding calendar year, had in employment at least one individual regardless 3 of whether the same individual was in employment each day. 4 I. In any calendar quarter in either the current or preceding calendar year 5 paid for services in employment wages of \$1500 or more, or 6 H. For some portion of a day in each of twenty different calendar weeks, 7 whether or not such weeks were consecutive, in either the current or the preceding 8 calendar year, had in employment at least one individual (irrespective of whether the 9 same individual was in employment in each such day); 10 (b) Any employing unit, whether or not an employing unit at the time of the 11 acquisition, which acquired the organization, trade or business, or substantially all 12 the assets thereof, of another which at the time of such acquisition was an employer 13 subject to this Chapter; or which acquired a part of the organization, trade or 14 business or assets of another which at the time of such the acquisition was an 15 employer subject to this Chapter, provided the part acquired, if treated alone, would 16 have satisfied the employment requirements of Paragraph (a) of this Subsection; 17 (c) Any employing unit, whether or not an employing unit at the time of the 18 acquisition, which acquired the organization, trade or business, or substantially all 19 the assets thereof, of another employing unit, if the combined employment record of 20 the predecessor prior to the date of the acquisition and the employment record of the 21 successor subsequent to the date of the acquisition, both within the same calendar 22 year, would be sufficient to satisfy the employment requirements of Paragraph (a) 23 of this Subsection; 24 (d)I. Any employing unit for which service in employment, as defined in R.S. 25 23:1472(12)(F), is performed. 26 H. In determining whether or not an employing unit for which service other 27 than domestic service is also performed is an employer under Paragraphs (a), (b), or 28 (c) of this Subsection, the wages earned or the employment of an employee 29 performing domestic service shall not be taken into account.

1	III. In determining whether or not an employing unit for which service other
2	than agricultural labor is also performed is an employer under Paragraphs (a), (b),
3	or (c) of this Subsection, the wages earned or the employment of an employee
4	performing service in agricultural labor shall not be taken into account. If an
5	employing unit is determined an employer of agricultural labor, such employing unit
6	shall be determined to be an employer for the purposes of Paragraph (a) of this
7	Subsection.
8	(e) Any employing unit not an employer by reason of any other Paragraph
9	of this Subsection (i) for which, within either the current or preceding calendar year,
10	service is or was performed with respect to which such employing unit is liable for
11	any Federal tax against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be
12	paid into a state unemployment fund; or (ii) which, as a condition for approval of this
13	section for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax
14	Act, is required, pursuant to such Act, to be an "employer" under this Section;
15	(f) Any employing unit which having become an employer under Paragraph
16	(a), (b), (c), (d), or (e) of this Subsection, has not ceased to be an employer under the
17	provisions of Part IV of this Chapter;
18	(g) For the effective period of its election pursuant to Part IV of this Chapter,
19	any other employing unit which has elected to become subject to the provisions
20	hereof;
21	(h) For purposes of Paragraphs (a) and (d) of this Subsection, if any week
22	includes both December thirty-first and January first, the days of that week up to
23	January first shall be deemed one calendar week and the days beginning January first
24	another such week.
25	(i) Any Indian tribe or Indian tribal unit, as defined and established pursuant
26	to 25 U.S.C. §450b(e), 26 U.S.C. §3306(u), and 43 U.S.C. §1601 et seq., which is
27	recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United
28	States under the status of Indians, including any subdivision, subsidiary, or business
29	enterprise wholly owned by any such Indian tribe.

1	(10)(a) "Employer" means any of the following:
2	(i)(aa) Any employing unit which, during the current or the preceding year,
3	paid at least one thousand five hundred dollars for work performed in any calendar
4	quarter for some portion of the day in each of twenty different calendar weeks,
5	consecutive or not, and had at least one individual working regardless of the same
6	individual was employed each day.
7	(bb) For the purposes of this Subsection, if any week includes both
8	December thirty-first and January first, the days of that week up to January first shall
9	be deemed one calendar week and the days beginning January first another week.
10	(ii) Any employing unit which acquires an organization, trade or business,
11	or substantially all of the assets of a business which otherwise qualifies as an
12	employing unit.
13	(iii) Any public employer.
14	(iv) An employing unit for the effective period of its election pursuant to Part
15	IV of this Chapter.
16	(v) Any employing unit, which otherwise is not classified as an employer but
17	who performs work within the current or preceding year, is liable for any federal tax
18	against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state
19	unemployment fund or as a condition for approval for full tax credit against the tax
20	imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, is required, pursuant to the Act, to
21	be classified as an employer pursuant to the provisions of this Section.
22	(vi) Any Indian tribe or Indian tribal unit, as defined and established
23	pursuant to 25 U.S.C. §450b(e), 26 U.S.C. §3306(u), and 43 U.S.C. §1601 et seq.,
24	which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the
25	United States under the status of Indians, including any subdivision, subsidiary, or
26	business enterprise wholly owned by any such Indian tribe.
27	(b) Wages earned by an agricultural laborer for an employer who performs
28	service other than agricultural labor, or wages earned as a domestic service worker

2	the criteria in Paragraph A of this Subsection.
3	(c) Classification as an employer pursuant to the provisions of this
4	Subsection does not preclude the employer from also being classified as an employer
5	pursuant to the provisions of Part IV of this Chapter.
6	(9)
7	(10)(a) (11)(a) "Employing unit" means any individual or type of
8	organization, including the state of Louisiana or its political subdivisions, or
9	instrumentality thereof or of any other state or of the United States, except as
10	excluded by any other provision of this Chapter, and any partnership, association,
11	trust, estate, joint-stock company, nontrading corporation, insurance company,
12	corporation, or corporate group, whether domestic or foreign, or the receiver,
13	liquidator, trustee in bankruptcy, trustee, or successor thereof, or the legal
14	representative of a deceased person, which has in its employ employs one or more
15	individuals performing services for it within this state.
16	(b) All individuals Any individual performing services within this state for
17	any employing unit which maintains two or more separate establishments, whether
18	the employing unit is engaged in a number of different types of businesses or is
19	engaged in the same business in a number of different places within this state, shall
20	be deemed to be employed by a single employing unit for all the purposes of this
21	Chapter.
22	(c) Whenever any employing unit contracts with or has under it any
23	contractor or subcontractor for any work which is part of its usual trade, occupation,
24	profession, or business, unless both the employing unit and each such contractor or
25	subcontractor is an employer as defined in this Section or by R.S. 23:1573 or R.S.
26	23:1574, the employing unit is the employer. Any employing unit which is liable for
27	and pays contributions on behalf of an employee of the contractor or subcontractor,
28	may recover the amount of the contributions from the contractor or subcontractor.
29	If the contractor or subcontractor is an employer as defined in this Section or by R.S.

shall not be considered when determining the amount paid by an employer to meet

23:1573 or R.S. 23:1574, he shall be solely liable for the contributions measured by wages to individuals he employs.

- (d) Any individual employed to perform or to assist in performing the work of any agent or other employee of an employing unit is employed by the employing unit whether the individual was hired or paid directly by the employing unit or by the agent or other employee, provided the employing unit had actual or constructive knowledge of the work.
- (b) "Corporate group" means any group of corporations which are one hundred percent subsidiaries of another corporation or of other corporations which are one hundred percent subsidiaries of another corporation where the corporations are engaged in essentially the same kind of business and the employees are paid from a single account maintained by the parent corporation.
- (c) Whenever any employing unit contracts with or has under it any contractor or subcontractor for any work which is part of its usual trade, occupation, profession, or business, unless the employing unit as well as each such contractor or subcontractor is an employer as hereinafter defined or within the provisions of R.S. 23:1573 or R.S. 23:1574, the employing unit shall be deemed to employ each individual in the employ of each such contractor or subcontractor during the time such individual is engaged in performing such work; except that any employing unit which is liable for and pays contributions with respect to individuals in the employ of any such contractor or subcontractor, may recover the same from the contractor or subcontractor. If such contractor or subcontractor is an employer as hereinafter defined or within the provisions of R.S. 23:1573 or R.S. 23:1574, he alone shall be liable for the contributions measured by wages to individuals in his employ.
- (d) Each individual employed to perform or to assist in performing the work of any agent or employee of an employing unit shall be deemed to be employed by such employing unit whether such individual was hired or paid directly by such employing unit or by such agent or employee, provided the employing unit had actual or constructive knowledge of the work.

2	Subsection, any services, including service in interstate commerce, performed for
3	wages or under any contract of hire, written or oral, express or implied;
4	B. The term "employment" shall also include an individual's entire service,
5	performed within or both within and without, and, in the case of Paragraph (III)
6	hereof, service performed within or without and within and without this state, if;
7	I. the service is localized in this state, or
8	II. the service is not localized in any state but some of the service is
9	performed in this State and (a) the base of operations, or if there is no base of
10	operations, then the place from which such service is directed or controlled, is in this
11	State; or (b) the base of operations or place from which such service is directed or
12	controlled is not in any state in which some part of the service is performed but the
13	individual's residence is in this State,
14	(12)(a) "Employment" means any service performed for wages or pursuant
15	to any contract of hire, written or oral, express or implied with in the state.
16	(b)(i) Services performed outside of the state may be considered to be
17	employment if the service is localized within the state, if some service is performed
18	in the state, if the base of operations or the place from which service is directed is
19	located within the state, or if the employee's residence is within the state.
20	(ii) If an employer maintains an office within the state, an employee's entire
21	service as an officer or member of a crew of an American vessel, wherever
22	performed, shall be deemed to be performed within this state or within such other
23	states provided that the administrator enters into reciprocal arrangements with the
24	appropriate agencies of other states or of the United States.
25	(iii) Service is localized within a state if it is performed entirely within the
26	state; inside of the state and outside of the state, if the service outside of the state is
27	incidental to the work, for instance, if it is temporary, or transitory, or consists of
28	isolated transactions.

(12)A. "Employment" means, subject to the other provisions of this

1	(c) Service performed for a public employer within this state or one or more
2	other states or their instrumentalities is considered employment.
3	(d) Service for any Indian tribe or tribal unit, or any instrumentality of any
4	Indian tribe or tribal unit, provided that the service is excluded from employment as
5	defined in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act by Section 3306(c)(7) of that Act is
6	considered employment.
7	(e) Service performed for a religious, charitable, educational or other
8	organization may be considered employment but only if excluded from employment
9	as defined in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act solely by reason of Section
10	3306(c)(8) of that Act; or if the organization had four or more individuals employed
11	for some of a day in each of twenty different weeks, whether or not the weeks were
12	consecutive, within either the current or preceding calendar year, and regardless of
13	whether they were employed at the same time.
14	(f) Service performed by an individual employed by the Louisiana School
15	for the Visually Impaired or the Louisiana School for the Deaf, or a successor of any
16	of these schools.
17	(g)(i) Service performed for an individual who paid remuneration in cash of
18	at least twenty thousand dollars and employed ten or more individuals in agricultural
19	labor, not necessarily at the same time, who were authorized to work in the United
20	States, during any calendar quarter in either the current or preceding calendar year.
21	(ii) Any individual who is a member of a crew furnished by a crew leader,
22	to perform service in agricultural labor for any other person, shall be treated as an
23	employee of the crew leader if the crew leader holds a valid certificate of registration
24	pursuant to the Farm Labor Contractor Registration Act of 1963; or substantially all
25	the members of such crew operated or maintained tractors, mechanized harvesting
26	or crop dusting equipment, or any other mechanized equipment, which is provided
27	by the crew leader, and if the individual is not an employee of the other person for
28	whom he is working.

1	(iii) However, if an individual who is furnished by a crew leader to perform
2	service in agricultural labor for any other person and who is not treated as an
3	employee of the crew leader, the other person shall be treated as the employer of
4	such individual and shall be treated as having paid cash remuneration to the
5	individual in an amount equal to the amount of cash remuneration paid to the
6	individual by the crew leader, either on his own or on behalf of the other person, for
7	the service in agricultural labor performed for the other person.
8	(iv) For the purposes of this Paragraph, the term "crew leader" means an
9	individual who provides individuals to perform services in agricultural labor for any
10	other person, pays the individuals, either on his own behalf or on behalf of the other
11	person, and has not entered into a written agreement with the other person under
12	which the individual is designated as an employee of the other person.
13	(h) Domestic service in a private home, local college club, or local chapter
14	of a college fraternity or sorority, performed for a person who paid cash
15	remuneration of one thousand dollars or more in the current calendar year or the
16	preceding calendar year to individuals employed in such domestic service in any
17	calendar quarter shall be considered employment.
18	(i) Service performed by an individual for an Indian tribe or Indian tribal unit
19	itself, provided that any of those exclusions from employment pursuant to the
20	provisions of this Chapter in accordance with the Federal Unemployment Tax Act
21	shall otherwise be applicable to services performed in the employ of an Indian tribe.
22	(j)(i) Service of an individual who is a citizen of the United States, employed
23	by an American employer, performed outside the United States if the employer's
24	principal place of business in the United States is located in this state; or the
25	employer has no place of business in the United States, but is an individual who is
26	a resident of this state, or a corporation which is organized under the laws of this
27	state; or the employer is a partnership or a trust and the number of the partners or
28	trustees who are residents of this state is greater than the number who are residents
29	of any one other state; or none of the criteria of this Paragraph are met but the

1	employer has elected coverage in this state or, the employer having failed to elect
2	coverage in any state, the individual has filed a claim for benefits, based on such
3	service, pursuant to the law of this state.
4	(ii) "American employer" for purposes of this Paragraph means an individual
5	who is a resident of the United States; a partnership if two-thirds or more of the
6	partners are residents of the United States; a trust, if all of the trustees are residents
7	of the United States; or a corporation organized under the laws of the United States
8	or of any state.
9	(k) The following shall not be considered employment for purposes of this
10	Section:
11	(i) Services performed within the state that would otherwise be considered
12	employment may not be if it is shown to the satisfaction of the administrator that the
13	individual has been and will continue to be free from any control or direction over
14	the performance of his work, both under his contract and in fact, that his work is
15	outside the usual course of the business for the employer, that service is performed
16	outside of the places of business of the employer, or that the individual is
17	customarily engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, profession
18	or business.
19	(ii) Services performed in the employ of a church or convention or
20	association of churches, or an organization which is operated primarily for religious
21	purposes and which is operated, supervised, controlled or principally supported by
22	a church or convention or association of churches.
23	(iii) Services performed a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister
24	of a church in the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the
25	exercise of duties required by the order.
26	(iv) Services performed as an elected official, as a member of a legislative
27	body, or a member of the judiciary of this state or its political subdivisions, or of an
28	Indian tribe.
29	(v) Service as a member of the State National Guard or Air National Guard.

1	(vi) Services as a temporary employee serving in case of fire, storm, snow,
2	earthquake, flood, or similar emergency.
3	(vii) Service in a position which, pursuant to the laws of this state or tribal
4	law, is designated as a major nontenured policymaking or advisory position or a
5	policymaking or advisory position in which the performance of the duties ordinarily
6	does not require more than eight hours per week.
7	(viii) Service in a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out a
8	program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age,
9	physical or mental deficiency, or injury; or providing remunerative work for
10	individuals who, because of their impaired physical or mental capacity, cannot be
11	readily absorbed in the competitive labor market by an individual receiving
12	rehabilitation or remunerative work.
13	(ix) As part of an unemployment work relief or work training program
14	assisted or financed in whole or in part by any federal or state agency or political
15	subdivision or of an Indian tribe, by an individual receiving work-relief or work-
16	training.
17	(x) By an inmate of a custodial or penal institution.
18	(xi) Domestic service in a private home, local college club, or local chapter
19	of a college fraternity or sorority.
20	(xii) Service performed as an officer or member of the crew of a non-
21	American vessel.
22	(xiii) Service performed by an individual in the employ of his son, daughter
23	or spouse, and service performed by a child under the age of twenty-one in the
24	employ of his father or mother.
25	(xiv) Service performed in the employ of the United States government or
26	an instrumentality of the United States government immune pursuant to the
27	Constitution of the United States from the contributions imposed by this Chapter,
28	except that to the extent that the Congress of the United States shall permit states to
29	require any instrumentalities of the United States, or individuals employed by them,

to make payments into an unemployment compensation fund pursuant to a state
unemployment compensation law, all of the provisions of this Chapter shall be
applicable to such instrumentalities and to services performed for such
instrumentalities, in the same manner, to the same extent and on the same terms as
to all other employers, employing units, individuals, and services; provided that if
this state should not be certified by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to Section 3304
of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, for any year, then the contributions
required by this Chapter from any instrumentality of the United States and the
payments required from individuals in its employ pursuant to this Chapter shall be
refunded by the administrator from the fund in the same manner and within the same
period as is provided for refunds of erroneous collections in accordance with the
provisions of R.S. 23:1551.
(xv) Services performed in the employ of any other state or political
subdivision thereof or of any instrumentality of any other state exercising sovereign
power of a strictly governmental nature and not for the carrying on of a private
<u>business.</u>
(xvi) Notwithstanding any other provision to the contrary, service performed
in the employ of a corporation, community chest, fund or foundation, organized and
operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational
purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or animals, no part of the net
earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and
no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise
attempting to influence legislation.
(xvii) Service performed by an individual as an insurance agent or as an
insurance solicitor, if all the service performed by the individual for his employing
units is performed for remuneration solely by commission.
(xviii) Service with respect to which unemployment compensation is payable
pursuant to an unemployment compensation system established by an Act of
Congress; provided that the administrator is authorized and directed to enter into

agreements	with the proper agencies pursuant to the Act of Congress, which
agreements s	shall become effective ten days after publication thereof in the manner
provided in	R.S. 23:1654 for general rules; to provide reciprocal treatment to
individuals	who have, after acquiring potential rights to benefits pursuant to this
Chapter, acc	quired rights to unemployment compensation pursuant to the Act of
Congress o	or who have, after acquiring potential rights to unemployment
compensatio	on pursuant to the Act of Congress, acquired rights to benefits under this
Chapter.	
(xix)	Casual labor not in the course of the employer's trade or business.
(xx)	Service performed in any calendar quarter in the employ of any
organization	exempt from income tax under section 501(a) of the Federal Internal
Revenue Co	de, other than an organization described in Section 401(d) or pursuant
to Section 5	521 of such code, if the remuneration for the service is less than fifty
dollars.	
(xxi)	Service performed in the employ of a school, college, or university, if
the service	is performed by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending
classes at the	e school, college or university.
(xxii	Service performed by an individual under the age of twenty-two who
is enrolled at	t a nonprofit or public educational institution which normally maintains
a regular fac	culty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body of
students in a	ttendance at the place where he is a student in a full-time program, taken
for credit a	t the institution, which combines academic instruction with work
experience, i	if such service is an integral part of the program, and the institution has
so certified to	to the employer, unless the service is performed in a program established
for or on bel	half of an employer or group of employers.
(xxii	ii) Service performed in the employ of a foreign government including
service as a c	consular or other officer or employee or a non-diplomatic representative.
(xxiv	v) Service performed in the employ of any instrumentality wholly owned
by a foreigr	n government if the service is similar to that performed in foreign

1	countries by employees of the United States government or any of its
2	instrumentalities and if the Secretary of State of the United States certifies to the
3	Secretary of the Treasury of the United States; that the foreign government grants an
4	equivalent exemption for similar service performed in a foreign country by
5	employees of the United States government or any of its instrumentalities.
6	(xxv) Service performed as a student nurse employed by a hospital or nurses'
7	training school by an individual who is enrolled and regularly attending classes in
8	a nurses' training school chartered or approved pursuant to the state law; and service
9	performed as an intern in a hospital by an individual who has completed a four years
10	course in medical school chartered or approved pursuant to state law.
11	(xxvi) Service performed by an individual under the age of eighteen in the
12	delivery or distribution of newspapers or shopping news, not including delivery or
13	distribution to any point for subsequent delivery or distribution.
14	(xxvii) Service performed by an individual as a real estate agent if his
15	employer pays commission as the agent's sole remuneration.
16	(xxviii) Service performed by an individual engaged in the trade or business
17	of selling or soliciting the sale of consumer products in the home or other method
18	rather than in a permanent retail establishment if substantially all remuneration for
19	the performance of the services is directly related to sales or other output rather than
20	to the number of hours worked and the services performed by the individual are
21	performed pursuant to a written contract between the individual and the persons for
22	whom the services are performed and the contract provides that the person will not
23	be treated as an employee for federal tax purposes.
24	(xxix) Service performed for a private for-profit person or entity by an
25	individual as a landman if the following conditions are met:
26	(aa) The individual is engaged primarily in negotiation for the acquisition
27	an divination of minaral mights, an acceptating by singer agreements that may ide for
	or divestiture of mineral rights, or negotiating business agreements that provide for

1	relating to the exploration for, or development, production, or transportation of
2	minerals.
3	(bb) Substantially all remuneration, paid in cash or otherwise, including but
4	not limited to payments of a daily rate for the performance of the services, is directly
5	related to the individual's completion of the specific tasks contracted for rather than
6	to the number of hours the individual works.
7	(cc) The services performed by the individual are performed pursuant to a
8	written contract between the individual and the person for whom the services are
9	performed that provides that the individual is to be treated as an independent
10	contractor and not as an employee with respect to the services provided pursuant to
11	the contract.
12	(xxx) Service performed for a private for-profit person or entity by an
13	individual as a lecturer, consultant, teacher, or instructor of real estate or insurance
14	if the following conditions are met:
15	(aa) Substantially all remuneration for the performance of the service is
16	directly related to instruction or other output rather than to the number of hours
17	worked by the specific individual.
18	(bb) The services performed by the individual are performed pursuant to a
19	written contract which provides that the individual will not be treated as an employee
20	for tax purposes.
21	(cc) The individual performs the services for no more than thirty-two hours
22	annually.
23	(xxxi) Service performed by an individual as a member of an Indian tribal
24	council.
25	(xxxii) The services performed by an individual who meets the definition of
26	an owner-operator as is defined in R.S. 23:1021(10).
27	(l) Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this Section, a service
28	shall be deemed to be in employment if a tax is required to be paid pursuant to any
29	federal law imposing a tax against which credit may be taken for contributions

required to be paid into a state unemployment compensation fund, or which as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act is required to be covered pursuant to this Chapter. Notwithstanding any provisions of this Chapter to the contrary, services performed for state and local governmental entities, nonprofit organizations, and Indian tribes recognized by the United States are deemed employment unless the services are excluded under the provisions of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.

(m)(i) If the service performed during one-half or more of any pay period by an individual for the person employing him constitutes employment, all the services of the individual for that period shall be deemed to be employment; but if the services performed during more than one-half of any such pay period by an individual for the person employing him do not constitute employment, then none of the services of such individual for such period shall be deemed to be employment. As used in this paragraph, the term "pay period" means a period of not more than thirty-one consecutive days for which an employer pays the employee.

(ii) This Paragraph shall not be applicable to an individual employed in a pay period when the service he performs is service for which unemployment compensation is payable pursuant to an unemployment compensation system established by an Act of Congress, provided that the administrator is authorized and directed to enter into agreements with the proper agencies pursuant to the Act of Congress and the individual has acquired the right to benefits.

entire service as an officer or member of a crew of an American vessel, wherever performed and whether in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce, if the employer maintains within this State the operating office from which the operations of the vessel are ordinarily and regularly managed, supervised and controlled; provided that the Administrator may enter into reciprocal arrangements with the appropriate agencies of other states or of the United States, or both, whereby services performed on or with respect to vessels engaged in intrastate, interstate, or foreign commerce

2 this State or within such other states; 3 C. Services not covered under Paragraph (B) of this Subsection and 4 performed entirely without this State, with respect to no part of which contributions are required and paid under an unemployment compensation law of any other state 5 6 of the United States, the Virgin Islands or Canada, shall be deemed to be employment subject to this Chapter if the individual performing such services is a 7 8 resident of this State or the place from which the services are directed or controlled 9 is in this State. 10 D. Service shall be deemed to be localized within a state if; 11 I. the service is performed entirely within such state; 12 H. the service is performed both within and without such state; but the service performed without such state is incidental to the individual's service within 13 14 the state, for example, is temporary or transitory in nature or consists of isolated 15 transactions; 16 E. Services performed by an individual for wages or under any contract of 17 hire, written or oral, express or implied, shall be deemed to be employment subject to this Chapter unless and until it is shown to the satisfaction of the administrator 18 19 that; 20 I. such individual has been and will continue to be free from any control or 21 direction over the performance of such services both under his contract and in fact; 22 and H. such service is either outside the usual course of the business for which 23 24 such the service is performed, or that such service is performed outside of all the 25 places of business of the enterprise for which such service is performed; and 26 III. such individual is customarily engaged in an independently established 27 trade, occupation, profession or business; 28 F. The term "employment" shall include: 29 I. Except as excluded by Subparagraph (III) of this Paragraph:

for a single employer, wherever performed shall be deemed to be performed within

1	(a) Service performed by an individual in the employ of this state or any of
2	its instrumentalities or in the employ of this state and one or more other states or
3	their instrumentalities.
4	(b) Service performed in the employ of this state or any of its
5	instrumentalities or any political subdivision thereof or any of its instrumentalities
6	or any instrumentality of more than one of the foregoing or any instrumentality of
7	any of the foregoing and one or more other states or political subdivisions or any
8	Indian tribe or tribal unit, provided that such service is excluded from "employment"
9	as defined in the Federal Unemployment Tax Act by Section 3306(c)(7) of that Act.
10	H. The term "employment" shall include service performed by an individual
11	in the employ of a religious, charitable, educational or other organization but only
12	if the following conditions are met:
13	(a) The service is excluded from "employment" as defined in the Federal
14	Unemployment Tax Act solely by reason of Section 3306(c)(8) of that Act; and
15	(b) The organization had four or more individuals in employment for some
16	portions of a day in each of twenty different weeks, whether or not such weeks were
17	consecutive, within either the current or preceding calendar year, regardless of
18	whether they were employed at the same moment of time.
19	III. For the purposes of Subparagraphs (I) and (II) of this Paragraph the term
20	"employment" does not apply to service performed:
21	(a) In the employ of (i) a church or convention or association of churches,
22	or (ii) an organization which is operated primarily for religious purposes and which
23	is operated, supervised, controlled or principally supported by a church or
24	convention or association of churches;
25	(b) By a duly ordained, commissioned, or licensed minister of a church in
26	the exercise of his ministry or by a member of a religious order in the exercise of
27	duties required by such order;

1	(c) In the employ of a governmental entity referred to in Subparagraph (I)
2	of this Paragraph if such service is performed by an individual in the exercise of
3	duties:
4	(i) As an elected official;
5	(ii) As a member of a legislative body, or a member of the judiciary, of this
6	state or its political subdivisions, or of an Indian tribe.
7	(iii) As a member of the State National Guard or Air National Guard;
8	(iv) As an employee serving on a temporary basis in case of fire, storm,
9	snow, earthquake, flood, or similar emergency;
10	(v) In a position which, under or pursuant to the laws of this state or tribal
11	law, is designated as (1) a major nontenured policymaking or advisory position, or
12	(2) a policymaking or advisory position the performance of the duties of which
13	ordinarily does not require more than eight hours per week.
14	(d) In a facility conducted for the purpose of carrying out a program of
15	rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or, physical
16	or mental deficiency or injury or providing remunerative work for individuals who
17	because of their impaired physical or mental capacity cannot be readily absorbed in
18	the competitive labor market by an individual receiving such rehabilitation or
19	remunerative work;
20	(e) As part of an unemployment work-relief or work-training program
21	assisted or financed in whole or in part by any federal agency or an agency of a state
22	or political subdivision thereof or of an Indian tribe, by an individual receiving such
23	work-relief or work-training; or
24	(f) By an inmate of a custodial or penal institution.
25	IV. Notwithstanding the provisions of Subparagraphs (I) or (II) of this
26	Paragraph or any other provision of law to the contrary, the term "employment" shall
27	include service performed by an individual in the employ of the Louisiana School
28	for the Visually Impaired and the Louisiana School for the Deaf, or a successor of
29	any of these schools.

1	V. Service performed by an individual in agricultural labor as defined in
2	Subsection (2) of this Section when:
3	(a) Such service is performed for a person who:
4	(i) During any calendar quarter in either the current or preceding calendar
5	year paid remuneration in cash of twenty thousand dollars or more to individuals
6	employed in agricultural labor; or
7	(ii) For some portion of a day in each of twenty different calendar weeks,
8	whether or not such weeks were consecutive, in either the current or the preceding
9	calendar year, employed in agricultural labor ten or more individuals, regardless of
10	whether they were employed at the same moment of time.
11	(iii) However, the individuals performing services referred to in (a)(i) and
12	(ii) of this Subparagraph shall not include individuals performing agricultural labor
13	who are aliens admitted to the United States to perform agricultural labor pursuant
14	to Section 214(c) and Section 101(a)(15)(II) of the Immigration and Nationality Act.
15	(b) For the purposes of this Subparagraph any individual who is a member
16	of a crew furnished by a crew leader to perform service in agricultural labor for any
17	other person shall be treated as an employee of such crew leader:
18	(i) If such crew leader holds a valid certificate of registration under the Farm
19	Labor Contractor Registration Act of 1963; or substantially all the members of such
20	crew operated or maintained tractors, mechanized harvesting or cropdusting
21	equipment, or any other mechanized equipment, which is provided by such crew
22	leader; and
23	(ii) If such individual is not an employee of such other person within the
24	meaning of Paragraph (a) of this Subsection.
25	(c) For the purposes of this Subparagraph, in the case of any individual who
26	is furnished by a crew leader to perform service in agricultural labor for any other
27	person and who is not treated as an employee of such crew leader under (b) hereof:
28	(i) Such other person and not the crew leader shall be treated as the employer
29	of such individual; and

2	such individual in an amount equal to the amount of cash remuneration paid to such
3	individual by the crew leader, either on his own or on behalf of such other person,
4	for the service in agricultural labor performed for such other person.
5	(d) For the purposes of this Subparagraph, the term "crew leader" means an
6	individual who:
7	(i) Furnished individuals to perform services in agricultural labor for any
8	other person;
9	(ii) Pays, either on his own behalf or on behalf of such other person, the
10	individuals so furnished by him for the services in agricultural labor performed by
11	them; and
12	(iii) Has not entered into a written agreement with such other person under
13	which such individual is designated as an employee of such other person.
14	VI. The term "employment" shall include domestic service in a private
15	home, local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity or sorority
16	performed for a person who paid cash remuneration of one thousand dollars or more
17	in the current calendar year or the preceding calendar year to individuals employed
18	in such domestic service in any calendar quarter.
19	VII. Service performed on or after December 21, 2000, by an individual in
20	the employ of an Indian tribe or Indian tribal unit itself, as defined in this Section,
21	provided that any of those exclusions from employment under this Chapter in
22	accordance with the Federal Unemployment Tax Act shall otherwise be applicable
23	to services performed in the employ of an Indian tribe.
24	G. The term "employment" shall include the service of an individual who is
25	a citizen of the United States, performed outside the United States in the employ of
26	an American employer other than services which are deemed employment under the
27	provisions of Paragraphs (B) and (D) of this Subsection or the parallel provisions of
28	another state's law if:

(ii) Such other person shall be treated as having paid cash remuneration to

1	I. The employer's principal place of business in the United States is located
2	in this state;
3	H. The employer has no place of business in the United States, but
4	(a) The employer is an individual who is a resident of this state;
5	(b) The employer is a corporation which is organized under the laws of this
6	state; or
7	(c) The employer is a partnership or a trust and the number of the partners
8	or trustees who are residents of this state is greater than the number who are residents
9	of any one other state; or
10	III. None of the criteria of Subparagraph (I) and (II) of this Paragraph are
11	met but the employer has elected coverage in this state or, the employer having failed
12	to elect coverage in any state, the individual has filed a claim for benefits, based on
13	such service, under the law of this state.
14	IV. An "American employer" for purposes of this Paragraph means:
15	(a) An individual who is a resident of the United States;
16	(b) A partnership if two-thirds or more of the partners are residents of the
17	United States;
18	(c) A trust, if all of the trustees are residents of the United States; or
19	(d) A corporation organized under the laws of the United States or of any
20	state.
21	H. The term "employment" shall not include:
22	I. Except as described in Subsection (12)(F)(V) of this Section, agricultural
23	labor as defined in Subsection (2) of this Section.
24	II. Except as described in Subsection (12)(F)(VI) of this Section, domestic
25	service in a private home, local college club, or local chapter of a college fraternity
26	or sorority.
27	III. service performed as an officer or member of the crew of a vessel not an
28	American vessel;

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IV. service performed by an individual in the employ of his son, daughter or spouse, and service performed by a child under the age of twenty-one in the employ of his father or mother;

V. service performed in the employ of the United States Government or an instrumentality of the United States Government immune under the Constitution of the United States from the contributions imposed by this Chapter, except that to the extent that the Congress of the United States shall permit states to require any instrumentalities of the United States (or individuals in their to make payments into an unemployment compensation fund under a state unemployment compensation law, all of the provisions of this Chapter shall be applicable to such instrumentalities and to services performed for such instrumentalities, in the same manner, to the same extent and on the same terms as to all other employers, employing units, individuals and services; provided that if this State should not be certified by the Secretary of Labor under Section 3304 of the Act of Congress known as the Internal Revenue Code, as amended, for any year, then the contributions required under this Chapter from any instrumentality of the United States and the payments required from individuals in its employ pursuant to this Chapter shall be refunded by the Administrator from the fund in the same manner and within the same period as is provided for refunds of erroneous collections in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 23:1551;

VI. services performed in the employ of any other state or political subdivision thereof or of any instrumentality of any other state exercising sovereign power of a strictly governmental nature and not for the carrying on of a private business;

VII. Repealed by Acts 1977, No. 745, §8, eff. Jan. 1, 1978.

VIII. except as otherwise provided in Paragraph (F) of this Subsection, service performed in the employ of a corporation, community chest, fund or foundation, organized and operated exclusively for religious, charitable, scientific, literary, or educational purposes, or for the prevention of cruelty to children or

animals, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, and no substantial part of the activities of which is carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation;

IX. service performed by an individual as an insurance agent or as an insurance solicitor, if all such service performed by such individual for his employing units is performed for remuneration solely by way of commission;

X. service with respect to which unemployment compensation is payable under an unemployment compensation system established by an Act of Congress; provided that the Administrator is hereby authorized and directed to enter into agreements with the proper agencies under such Act of Congress, which agreements shall become effective ten days after publication thereof in the manner provided in R.S. 23:1654 for general rules; to provide reciprocal treatment to individuals who have, after acquiring potential rights to benefits under this Chapter, acquired rights to unemployment compensation under such Act of Congress or who have, after acquiring potential rights to unemployment compensation under such Act of Congress, acquired rights to benefits under this Chapter;

XI. casual labor not in the course of the employer's trade or business;

XII.(a) service performed in any calendar quarter in the employ of any organization exempt from income tax under section 501(a) of the Federal Internal Revenue Code, (other than an organization described in Section 401(d)) or under Section 521 of such code, if the remuneration for such service is less than fifty dollars, or,

- (b) service performed in the employ of a school, college, or university, if such service is performed by a student who is enrolled and is regularly attending classes at such school, college or university, or,
- (c) service performed by an individual under the age of twenty-two who is enrolled at a nonprofit or public educational institution which normally maintains a regular faculty and curriculum and normally has a regularly organized body of students in attendance at the place where its educational activities are carried on as

2	academic instruction with work experience, if such service is an integral part of such
3	program, and such institution has so certified to the employer, except that this
4	Subparagraph shall not apply to service performed in a program established for or
5	on behalf of an employer or group of employers;
6	XIII. service performed in the employ of a foreign government (including
7	service as a consular or other officer or employee or a non-diplomatic
8	representative);
9	XIV. service performed in the employ of any instrumentality wholly owned
10	by a foreign government;
11	(a) if the service is of a character similar to that performed in foreign
12	countries by employees of the United States Government or of an instrumentality
13	thereof; and
14	(b) if the Secretary of State of the United States shall certify to the Secretary
15	of the Treasury of the United States, that the foreign government, with respect to
16	whose instrumentality exemption is claimed, grants an equivalent exemption with
17	respect to similar service performed in a foreign country by employees of the United
18	States Government and instrumentalities thereof;
19	XV. service performed as a student nurse in the employ of a hospital or
20	nurses' training school by an individual who is enrolled and regularly attending
21	classes in a nurses' training school chartered or approved pursuant to the state law;
22	and service performed as an intern in the employ of a hospital by an individual who
23	has completed a four years' course in medical school chartered or approved pursuant
24	to state law;
25	XVI. service performed by an individual under the age of eighteen in the
26	delivery or distribution of newspapers or shopping news, not including delivery or
27	distribution to any point for subsequent delivery or distribution;

a student in a full-time program, taken for credit at such institution, which combines

2	such service performed by such individual for his employing unit is performed for
3	remuneration solely by way of commission;
4	XVIII. Service performed by an individual engaged in the trade or business
5	of selling or soliciting the sale of consumer products, in the home or otherwise than
6	in a permanent retail establishment:
7	(a) If substantially all remuneration for the performance of the services is
8	directly related to sales or other output rather than to the number of hours worked;
9	and
10	(b) The services performed by the individual are performed pursuant to a
11	written contract between such person and the persons for whom the services are
12	performed and such contract provides that the person will not be treated as an
13	employee with respect to such services for federal tax purposes.
14	XIX. Service performed for a private for-profit person or entity by an
15	individual as a landman if:
16	(a) The individual is engaged primarily in negotiation for the acquisition or
17	divestiture of mineral rights, or negotiating business agreements that provide for the
18	exploration for or development of minerals or is otherwise engaged in activities
19	relating to the exploration for, or development, production, or transportation of,
20	minerals.
21	(b) Substantially all remuneration, paid in cash or otherwise, including but
22	not limited to payments on the basis of a daily rate, for the performance of the
23	services is directly related to the completion by the individual of the specific tasks
24	contracted for rather than to the number of hours worked by the specific individual.
25	(c) The services performed by the individual are performed under a written
26	contract, between the individual and the person for whom the services are performed,
27	that provides that the individual is to be treated as an independent contractor and not
28	as an employee with respect to the services provided under the contract.

XVII. service performed by an individual as a real estate salesman, if all

1	XX. Service performed for a private for-profit person or entity by an
2	individual as a lecturer, consultant, teacher, or instructor of real estate or insurance
3	if.
4	(a) Substantially all remuneration for the performance of such service is
5	directly related to instruction or other output rather than to the number of hours
6	worked by the specific individual.
7	(b) The services performed by the individual are performed pursuant to a
8	written contract which provides that such individual will not be treated as an
9	employee with respect to such services for tax purposes.
10	(c) Such individual performs such services for no more than thirty-two hours
11	annually.
12	XXI. Service performed by an individual as a member of an Indian tribal
13	council.
14	XXII. The services performed by an individual who meets the definition of
15	an owner-operator as is defined in R.S. 23:1021(10).
16	I. Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this Subsection, a service
17	shall be deemed to be in employment if, with respect to such services, a tax is
18	required to be paid under any federal law imposing a tax against which credit may
19	be taken for contributions required to be paid into a state unemployment
20	compensation fund, or which as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed
21	by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act is required to be covered under this Chapter.
22	Notwithstanding any provisions of this Chapter to the contrary, services performed
23	for state and local governmental entities, nonprofit organizations, and Indian tribes
24	recognized by the United States are deemed employment unless such services are
25	excluded under the provisions of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.
26	J. If the service performed during one-half or more of any pay period by an
27	individual for the person employing him constitutes employment, all the services of
28	such individual for such period shall be deemed to be employment; but if the services
29	performed during more than one-half of any such pay period by an individual for the

person employing him do not constitute employment, then none of the services of
such individual for such period shall be deemed to be employment. As used in this
paragraph, the term "pay period" means a period (of not more than thirty-one
consecutive days) for which a payment of remuneration is ordinarily made to the
employee by the person employing him. This Paragraph shall not be applicable with
respect to services performed in a pay period by an individual for the person
employing him where any of such service is excepted by R.S. 23:1472(12)(II)(X).
K. Repealed by Acts 1992, No. 453, §1.
(13) "Employment office" means a free public employment office or branch
office thereof, operated by this state or maintained as a part of a state controlled
system of public employment offices.
(14) "Employment security administration fund" means the employment
security administration fund established by this Chapter, from which administrative
expenses under required pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter shall be paid.
(15) "Fund" means the unemployment compensation fund established by this
Chapter, to which all contributions are required to be placed and from which all
benefits provided under this Chapter shall be paid.
(16) "Hospital" means an institution which has been licensed by the
Department of Health and Hospitals as a hospital.
(17) "Institution of higher education," means a public or other non-profit
educational institution which admits as regular students, individuals having a high
school diploma or equivalent and is legally authorized to and does provide an
educational program beyond high school for which it awards a bachelor's degree or
higher, or provides a program which is acceptable for full credit toward a bachelor
degree, post-graduate degree, or post-doctoral studies, or a training program which
prepares students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation.
(18) "Insured work" means employment for employers.
(19) "Louisiana Unemployment Compensation Law," means the Louisiana
Employment Security Law.

1	$\frac{(17)}{(20)}$ "Shipping articles" means "articles of agreement" purporting to
2	comply with Title forty-six of the United States code Code, or any other agreement
3	under which officers or members of the crew are employed on the high seas; and
4	under which they are not entitled to a final settlement of wages until the termination
5	of the period of the employment.
6	(18)A. (21)(a) "State" includes the states of the United States, the District of
7	Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the <u>United States</u> Virgin Islands.
8	B. (b) The term "United States," when used in a geographical sense, includes
9	the states of the United States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
10	Puerto Rico, and the <u>United States</u> Virgin Islands.
11	C. (c) The provisions of Paragraphs (A) and (B) Subparagraphs (a) and (b)
12	of this Section, as including regarding the United States Virgin Islands, shall become
13	effective on the day after the day on which the United States Secretary of Labor
14	approves for the first time under Section 3304(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of
15	1954 an unemployment compensation law submitted to the Secretary secretary by
16	the Virgin Islands for such approval.
17	(19)(a) (22)(a) "Unemployment" Any means a period of time in which an
18	individual shall be deemed to be "unemployed" in any week during which he
19	performs no services and with respect to which and earns no wages are payable to
20	him, or in any week of less than full-time work if the wages payable to him with
21	respect to such week are less than his weekly benefit amount.
22	(i) For the purpose of this Paragraph, any individual who bears a relationship
23	of spouse, mother or mother-in-law, father or father-in-law, son or step-son or
24	son-in-law, daughter or step-daughter or daughter-in-law, brother or brother-in-law,
25	sister or sister-in-law, to a principal or controlling stockholder or a principal officer
26	of a corporation, partnership, or proprietorship, or is himself a principal or
27	controlling stockholder or a principal officer of a corporation, partnership, or
28	proprietorship, shall not be deemed to be "unemployed" unemployed as provided for

in this Paragraph, without first providing the administrator with whatever records or

evidence the administrator may prescribe by regulation to provide proof and justification of such unemployment. However, the administrator shall not demand proof of the complete dissolution of the entire enterprise in order for the employee to be deemed unemployed.

- (ii) Any person meeting the criteria set forth in Item (i) of this Subparagraph who has for the first four of the last five quarters been listed as an employee of a corporation, partnership, or proprietorship and for whom unemployment insurance coverage premiums have been paid for that same period of time and, who, in addition, is no longer eligible to receive any remuneration or dividends from the enterprise for whom he previously worked, shall be considered to have met the criteria for unemployment.
- (iii) The administrator shall further prescribe regulations applicable to unemployed individuals making such distinctions in the procedures as to regarding total unemployment, part-total unemployment, partial unemployment of individuals attached to their regular jobs, and other forms of short-time work, as the administrator deems necessary.
- (b)(i) Employment, for purposes of unemployment insurance coverage, is employment of workers who work for wages as defined by the Louisiana Employment Security Law; it . It does not include self-employment.
- (ii) No individual; who has been paid wages or performed services for an employing unit within eighteen months of the filing of a claim for unemployment benefits; shall be deemed unemployed for the purposes of the Louisiana Employment Security Law if he is or was, during the eighteen month period, the principal or controlling stock or shareholder of the employing unit, unless and until evidence or such other proof such as a certificate of dissolution issued by the Secretary of State secretary of state is submitted to the satisfaction of the Administrator administrator that the employing unit has been dissolved and is no longer engaged in business or that acts beyond the control of the principal or controlling stock or principal, controlling stock, or shareholder occurred to such an extent as to fully justify the

person's inability to perform services. Justification for this unemployment would be judged on the reasonableness of a similar employer to become unemployed under the same conditions. Persons potentially qualified for benefits by this section pursuant to the provisions of this Section shall not perform any services for the employing unit of any kind whether or not for remuneration or whether or not the services are performed on or off the premises of the employing unit, nor shall he go on the premises of the employing unit and spend any time except the minimal that might be spent by a consumer of the employing units unit's services. Any person who violates any provision of this part Part will be deemed to have resumed employment. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to qualify a person who may be otherwise disqualified.

- (c) No individual, if he is, or was during the 18 eighteen months preceding the filing or renewal of a claim, employed by an employing unit whose principal or controlling stock or shareholder is related to the claimant in any degree as set forth in R.S. 23:1472(19), shall be deemed unemployed unless documentary proof is submitted to the satisfaction of the Administrator administrator that:
- (i) The books, records, and tax returns of the employing unit reveal such a decline in business or other business reversals so as to necessitate and justify the laying off of an employee.
- (ii) The claimant is not performing or has not performed since the filing of his claim for unemployment benefits, any services of any kind whether or not for remuneration or whether or not the services are performed on the premises of the employing unit.
- (iii) The claimant does not go upon the premises of the employing unit and spend any time except the minimal time that might be spent by a consumer of the employing units services.
- (20)(A) (23)(a) "Wages" means all remuneration for services, including vacation pay, holiday pay, dismissal pay, commissions, bonuses, the cash value of all remuneration in any medium other than cash, and WARN Act payments received

1	pursuant to 29 U.S.C. §2104. The reasonable cash value of remuneration in any
2	medium other than cash shall be estimated and determined in accordance with rules
3	prescribed by the administrator.
4	(B) Repealed by Acts 1995, No. 42, §3, eff. June 6, 1995.
5	(C) (b) The term "wages" shall not include; the following:
6	H. (i) The amount of any payment made to or on behalf of an individual in its
7	employ under a plan or system established by an employing unit which makes
8	provision for individuals in its employ generally or for a class or classes of
9	individuals, including any amount paid by an employing unit for insurance or
10	annuities, or into a fund to provide for any such payment, on account of retirement,
11	or sickness, or accident disability, or medical and hospitalization expenses in
12	connection with sickness or accident disability, or death, provided the individual in
13	its employ
14	(a) has not the does not have the option to receive, instead of provision for
15	such <u>a</u> death benefit, any part of such <u>the</u> payment or, if such <u>the</u> death benefit is
16	insured, any part of the premiums (or contributions to premiums) or contributions to
17	the premiums, paid by his employing unit, and
18	(b) has not does not have the right under pursuant to the provisions of the
19	plan or system plan, system, or insurance policy of insurance providing for such a
20	death benefit, to assign such the benefit, or to receive a cash consideration in lieu of
21	such the benefit either upon his withdrawal from the plan or system providing for
22	such the benefit or upon termination of such the plan or system or insurance policy
23	of insurance or of his services with such the employing unit;.
24	H. (ii) The payment by an employing unit (without unit, without deduction
25	from the remuneration of the individual in its employ, employ, of the tax imposed
26	upon a worker under pursuant to Section 1400 of the United States Internal Revenue
27	Code.
28	III. (iii) Dismissal payments which the employing unit is not legally required
29	to make.

1	IV. (iv) Salary, wages, or other remunerations paid to the owner or owners
2	who are sole proprietors of an unincorporated employing unit.
3	$\frac{V}{v}$ Any payment made to, or on behalf of, an employee or his beneficiary
4	under pursuant to a cafeteria plan as provided in 26 U.S.C. §125 of the U.S. Internal
5	Revenue Code, if such the payment would not be treated as wages without regard to
6	such the plan and it is reasonable to believe that 26 U.S.C. §125 would not treat such
7	the payments as wages constructively received.
8	(D)(c) "Wages" paid with respect to for employment performed under
9	shipping articles and which are not paid on regularly recurring pay days, at intervals
10	of not more than thirty-one days, shall:
11	+ (i) For the purposes of R.S. 23:1531 through R.S. 23:1541, be considered
12	as having been paid as of a date or dates determined under by the rules or regulations
13	of the department irrespective of when actual payment was made to the individual;
14	and
15	H. (ii) For the purposes of R.S. 23:1592, R.S. 1594, R.S. 1595, and R.S.
16	1600, be considered as having been paid in the respective calendar quarters in which
17	the services of the individual were being performed. However, vacation pay shall
18	be treated as provided in R.S. 23:1601(7)(d).
19	(21) (24) "Week" means such a period of seven consecutive days, as the
20	administrator may by regulation prescribe. The administrator may prescribe by
21	regulation prescribe that a week shall be deemed to be "in," "within," or "during" that
22	within a benefit year which includes the greater part of such the week.
23	(22) "Louisiana Unemployment Compensation Law," means the Louisiana
24	Employment Security Law.
25	(23) "Institution of higher education," for the purposes of Paragraph (F) of
26	Subsection (12) of this section, means an educational institution which:
27	(A) admits as regular students only individuals having a certificate of
28	graduation from a high school, or the recognized equivalent of such a certificate;

1	(B) is legally authorized in this State to provide a program of education
2	beyond high school;
3	(C) provides an educational program for which it awards a bachelor's or
4	higher degree, or provides a program which is acceptable for full credit toward such
5	a degree, a program of post-graduate or post-doctoral studies, or a program of
6	training to prepare students for gainful employment in a recognized occupation; and
7	(D) is a public or other nonprofit institution.
8	(E) Notwithstanding any of the foregoing provisions of this Subsection, all
9	colleges and universities in this State are institutions of higher education for
10	purposes of this section.
11	(24) "Hospital" means an institution which has been licensed by the
12	Department of Health and Hospitals as a hospital.
13	§1473. Concurrent employment by two or more corporations
14	A. For purposes of this Chapter, if two or more related corporations
15	concurrently employ the same individual and compensate such individual through
16	one of the corporations compensates him as a common paymaster which is one of
17	such corporations, each such corporation shall be considered to have paid as wages
18	to such the individual only the amounts actually disbursed by it to such individual
19	and shall not be considered to have paid as wages to such individual any amounts
20	actually disbursed to such individual by another of such corporations.
21	B.(1) A common paymaster of a group of related corporations is any member
22	thereof that disburses wages to employees of two or more of those corporations on
23	their behalf and that is responsible for keeping books and records for the payroll with
24	respect to of those employees. The common paymaster is not required to disburse
25	wages to all the employees of those the two or more related corporations, but and the
26	provisions of this Section shall not apply to any wages to employees that are not
27	disbursed through a common paymaster. The common paymaster may pay

concurrently employed individuals under pursuant to this Section by one combined

paycheck, drawn on a single bank account, or by separate paychecks, drawn by the common paymaster on the accounts of one or more employing corporations.

- (2) A group of related corporations may have more than one common paymaster. Some of the related corporations may use one common paymaster and others of the related corporations may use another common paymaster with respect to for a certain class of employees. A corporation that uses a common paymaster to disburse wages to certain of its employees may use a different common paymaster to disburse wages to other employees.
- C. For purposes of this Section, the term "concurrent employment" means the contemporaneous existence of an employment relationship, as defined in R.S. 23:1472(12) R.S. 23:1472, between an individual and two or more corporations. Such a The relationship contemplates the performance of services by the employee for the benefit of the employing corporation, not merely for the benefit of the group of corporations, in exchange for wages which, if deductible for the purposes of federal income tax, would be deductible by the employing corporation.
- D. Corporations shall be considered related corporations for an entire calendar quarter, as defined in R.S. 23:1472(7), if they satisfy any one of the following four tests at any time during that calendar quarter:
- (1) The corporations are members of a "controlled group of corporations", as defined in Section 1563 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or would be members if Section 1563(a)(4) and (b) of said the code did not apply and if the phrase "more than fifty percent" were substituted for the phrase "at least eighty percent" wherever it appears in Section 1563(a) of said the code.
- (2) In the case of a corporation that does not issue stock, either fifty percent or more of the members of the board of directors or the other governing body of one corporation are members of the board of directors or other governing body of the other corporation, or the holders of fifty percent or more of the voting power to select such the members are concurrently the holders of more than fifty percent of that power with respect to in the other corporation.

2	officers of the other corporation.
3	(4) Thirty percent or more of the employees of one corporation are
4	concurrently employees of the other corporation.
5	E. If the requirements of this Section are met, the common paymaster shall
6	have the primary responsibility for remitting contributions due under pursuant to this
7	Chapter with respect to for the wages it disburses as the common paymaster. The
8	common paymaster shall compute these contributions as though it were the sole
9	employer of the concurrently employed individuals. If the common paymaster fails
10	to remit these contributions, in whole or in part, it shall remain liable for the full
11	amount of the unpaid portion of these taxes. In addition, each of the other related
12	corporations using the common paymaster shall be jointly and severally liable for its
13	appropriate share of these contributions. Such The share that is owed shall be an
14	amount equal to the lesser of the following:
15	(1) The amount of the liability of the common paymaster under pursuant to
16	the provisions of this Chapter, after taking into account any contributions made.
17	(2) The amount of the liability under pursuant to the provisions of this
17 18	(2) The amount of the liability under pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter which, but for this Section, would have existed with respect to the wages
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18	Chapter which, but for this Section, would have existed with respect to the wages
18 19	Chapter which, but for this Section, would have existed with respect to the wages from such the other related corporation, reduced by an allocable portion of any
18 19 20	Chapter which, but for this Section, would have existed with respect to the wages from such the other related corporation, reduced by an allocable portion of any contributions previously paid by the common paymaster with respect to those wages.
18 19 20 21	Chapter which, but for this Section, would have existed with respect to the wages from such the other related corporation, reduced by an allocable portion of any contributions previously paid by the common paymaster with respect to those wages. §1474. Administrator; Revenue Estimating Conference; "wages"; weekly benefit
18 19 20 21 22	Chapter which, but for this Section, would have existed with respect to the wages from such the other related corporation, reduced by an allocable portion of any contributions previously paid by the common paymaster with respect to those wages. §1474. Administrator; Revenue Estimating Conference; "wages"; weekly benefit amounts
18 19 20 21 22 23	Chapter which, but for this Section, would have existed with respect to the wages from such the other related corporation, reduced by an allocable portion of any contributions previously paid by the common paymaster with respect to those wages. §1474. Administrator; Revenue Estimating Conference; "wages"; weekly benefit amounts A. This Section shall be applicable for purposes of R.S. 23:1531, 1532, 1533
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	Chapter which, but for this Section, would have existed with respect to the wages from such the other related corporation, reduced by an allocable portion of any contributions previously paid by the common paymaster with respect to those wages. §1474. Administrator; Revenue Estimating Conference; "wages"; weekly benefit amounts A. This Section shall be applicable for purposes of R.S. 23:1531, 1532, 1533 through 1542, and 1592.
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Chapter which, but for this Section, would have existed with respect to the wages from such the other related corporation, reduced by an allocable portion of any contributions previously paid by the common paymaster with respect to those wages. §1474. Administrator; Revenue Estimating Conference; "wages"; weekly benefit amounts A. This Section shall be applicable for purposes of R.S. 23:1531, 1532, 1533 through 1542, and 1592. B. As used in this Section, the following terms shall have the meaning
18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	Chapter which, but for this Section, would have existed with respect to the wages from such the other related corporation, reduced by an allocable portion of any contributions previously paid by the common paymaster with respect to those wages. §1474. Administrator; Revenue Estimating Conference; "wages"; weekly benefit amounts A. This Section shall be applicable for purposes of R.S. 23:1531, 1532, 1533 through 1542, and 1592. B. As used in this Section, the following terms shall have the meaning ascribed to them as follows:

(3) Fifty percent or more of the officers of one corporation are concurrently

Section. Any reference to the year of the applied trust fund balance range shall be the next calendar year beginning January first subsequent to the September in which the Revenue Estimating Conference adopts its official projection.

(2) "Comparative balance" means the lesser amount of the balance of the state unemployment trust fund as certified by the United States Treasury as of

state unemployment trust fund as certified by the United States Treasury as of September first in the current calendar year or as projected by the Revenue Estimating Conference for the September first of the next calendar year. Any reference to the year of the comparative balance shall be that of the next calendar year beginning January first subsequent to such the September in which the Revenue Estimating Conference adopts its official projection.

(3) "Official projection" means the projected amount adopted by the Revenue Estimating Conference as the state unemployment trust fund balance for September first of the next calendar year.

C. Pursuant to the official projection of the unemployment trust fund balance adopted by the Revenue Estimating Conference, the administrator shall apply the maximum dollar amount of "wages", the maximum weekly benefit amount, with any applicable discounts under pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 23:1592, and the formula for computation of benefits as designated in the following procedures in accordance with the table in Subsection I of this Section in its entirety.

D. If there is no change in the applied trust fund balance range for the next calendar year compared to the applied trust fund balance range of the current calendar year under pursuant the table in Subsection I of this Section, the administrator shall apply the same procedure for the applied trust fund balance range for such next calendar year as is applied for the current calendar year under pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph (G)(3) of this Section.

E. For the purposes of this Section, the term "employment" shall include service constituting employment under pursuant to any unemployment compensation law of another state.

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1	F.(1) "Wages" are not to shall not be paid in an amount in excess of the
2	amount as provided in the table in Subsection I of this Section unless that part of the
3	remuneration becomes subject to a tax imposed by a subsequent enactment of federal
4	law against which credit may be taken for contributions required to be paid into a
5	state unemployment fund. In such event, the administrator shall inform and make
6	recommendations to the governor and the legislature, and, for each calendar year for
7	which such federal law remains effective, shall apply the table in Subsection I of this
8	Section in its entirety except that the maximum dollar amount of wages under
9	pursuant to any procedure of the table in Subsection I of this Section is not to be less
10	than the subject wages under pursuant to the provisions of federal law, in which
11	application, the maximum dollar amount of wages under such pursuant to the
12	procedure shall be that of such subject wages under such the wages pursuant to
13	federal law.
14	(2) Any increase in the federal tax rate by subsequent enactments of federal
15	law for purposes of unemployment compensation is not to shall not affect, however,
16	the application of this Section.
17	G.(1) The <u>administrator's</u> powers and duties of the administrator shall be
18	preserved under pursuant to federal and state law, and no act by the Revenue
19	Estimating Conference shall be construed to be administration of the state
20	unemployment trust fund under pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter, the
21	Federal Unemployment Tax Act, and the Social Security Act.
22	(2) For purposes of Subsection H of this Section, the administrator shall
23	provide the Revenue Estimating Conference with certification from the United States

balance for September first of the next calendar year. (3)(a) Subsequent to the Revenue Estimating Conference's adoption of its official projection of the state unemployment trust fund balance for September first

Treasury of the September first balance of the state unemployment trust fund of the

current calendar year for its official projection of the state unemployment trust fund

of the next calendar year, the administrator shall determine the following, in the order as provided:

(i) Comparative comparative balance.

- (ii) Applied and after which determine the applied trust fund balance range.
- (b) He shall thereupon apply, in compliance with this Section, the proper apply the procedure from set forth in the table in Subsection I of this Section to such the next calendar year beginning January first for maximum dollar amount of "wages", maximum weekly benefit amount, with any applicable discounts under pursuant to R.S. 23:1592, and the formula for computation of benefits.

H. Each September, no earlier than September fifth, the Revenue Estimating Conference shall adopt its official projection of the state unemployment trust fund balance for September first of the next calendar year. Such The official projection shall be reported to the Louisiana Workforce Commission no later than September thirtieth. The Revenue Estimating Conference shall consider all information, including projections and information from the United States and state departments of labor, in its analysis for official projection of the state unemployment trust fund balance for September first of the next calendar year.

I. The following table shall be applied by the administrator subsequent to his determination of comparative balance and applied trust fund balance range, in compliance with this Section:

Procedure	Applied Trust	Maximum	Formula for	Maximum
	Fund	Dollar Amount	Computation	Weekly Benefit
	Balance Range	of "wages"	of Benefits	Amount
		under R.S.		
		23:1474		

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1	1	Less than seven	Eight thousand	Apply R.S. 23:1592	Two hundred
		hundred fifty	five hundred	without seven	twenty-one
		million dollars	dollars	percent discount	dollars
				under R.S.	
				23:1592(D) then	
				multiply by 1.05	
				and then multiply	
				such amount by	
				1.03	
2	2	Equal to or	Seven	Apply R.S. 23:1592	Two hundred
		greater than	thousand	without seven	forty-seven
		seven hundred	seven hundred	percent discount	dollars
		fifty million	dollars	under R.S.	
		dollars but less		23:1592(C) and	
		than one billion		without five	
		one hundred fifty		percent discount	
		million dollars		under R.S.	
				23:1592(D), then	
				multiply such	
				amount by 1.05 and	
				then multiply such	
				amount by 1.15	

1	3	Equal to or	Seven	Apply R.S. 23:1592	Two hundred
		greater than one	thousand	without seven	fifty-eight
		billion one	dollars	percent discount	dollars
		hundred fifty		under R.S.	
		million dollars		23:1592(C) and	
		but less than one		without five	
		billion four		percent discount	
		hundred million		under R.S.	
		dollars		23:1592(D), then	
				multiply such	
				amount by 1.05 and	
				then multiply such	
				amount by 1.20	
2	4	Greater than one	Seven	Apply R.S. 23:1592	Two hundred
		billion four	thousand	without seven	eighty-four
		hundred million	dollars	percent discount	dollars
		dollars		under R.S.	
				23:1592(C) and	
				without five	
				percent discount	
				under R.S.	
				23:1592(D), then	
				multiply such	
				amount by 1.05 and	
				then multiply such	
				amount by 1.32	

3 J. Repealed by Acts 2014, No. 349, §2.

4 PART II. FUNDS AND ACCOUNTS

SUBPART A. UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION FUND

§1491. Establishment and control

There is <u>hereby</u> established as a special fund, separate and apart from all public <u>moneys</u> <u>monies</u> or funds of this state, an unemployment compensation fund, which shall be administered by the administrator exclusively for the purpose of this Chapter. This fund shall consist of (1) all contributions collected pursuant to this Chapter, together with any interest thereon collected pursuant to R.S. 23:1543 through R.S. 23:1551; (2) all fines and penalties collected pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter; (3) interest earned upon any <u>moneys monies</u> in the fund; (4) any property or securities acquired through the use of <u>moneys monies</u> belonging to the fund; (5) all earnings of such property or securities; (6) all <u>moneys monies</u> credited to this state's account in the unemployment trust fund pursuant to Section 903 of the social security act, as amended; and (7) all other <u>moneys monies</u> received for the fund from any other source. All <u>moneys monies</u> in the fund shall be mingled and undivided.

§1492. Accounts and deposits

The administrator shall maintain within the fund three separate accounts: (1) accounts, a clearing account, (2) an unemployment trust fund account, and (3) a benefit account. All moneys monies payable to the fund, upon receipt thereof by the administrator, shall be immediately deposited in the clearing account. All moneys monies in the clearing account after clearance thereof, shall, except as herein otherwise provided, be deposited immediately with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America to the credit of the account of this state in the unemployment trust fund, established and maintained pursuant to Section 904 of the Social Security Act, as amended, any provisions of law in this state relating to the deposit, administration, release, or disbursement of moneys monies in the possession or custody of this State state to the contrary notwithstanding. Refunds payable pursuant to R.S. 23:1551 and R.S. 23:1472(12) F(V) R.S. 23:1472, may be paid from the clearing account or the benefit account. The benefit account shall consist of all moneys monies requisitioned from this state's account in the unemployment trust fund

in the United States Treasury. Except as herein otherwise provided, moneys monies in the clearing and benefit accounts may be deposited in any depository bank in which general funds of the state may be deposited, but no public deposit insurance charge or premium shall be paid out of the fund. Moneys Monies in the clearing and benefit accounts shall not be commingled with other state funds, but shall be maintained in separate accounts on the books of the depository bank. Such money shall be secured by the depository bank to the same extent and in the same manner as required by the general depository law of this state; and collateral pledged for this purpose shall be kept separate and distinct from any collateral pledged to secure other funds of the state. The administrator shall give a bond conditioned upon the faithful performance of his duties with respect to the fund in an amount not to exceed \$25,000. The bond shall be approved by the Attorney General attorney general of this state. All sums recovered for losses sustained by the fund shall be deposited therein.

§1493. Use and operation; withdrawals

A.(1) Monies requisitioned from the state's account in the unemployment trust fund shall be used exclusively for the payment of benefits and for refunds pursuant to R.S. 23:1551 and R.S. 23:1472(12)(II)(V) R.S. 23:1472, except that monies credited to this state's account pursuant to Section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended, shall be used as provided in this Section. The administrator shall from time to time requisition from the unemployment trust fund such amounts, not exceeding the amounts standing to this state's account therein in the fund, as he deems necessary for the payment of such benefits and refunds for a reasonable future period. Upon receipt thereof—such _, the monies shall be deposited in the benefit account. Expenditures of such the monies in the benefit account and refunds from the clearing account shall not be subject to any provisions of law requiring specific appropriations or other formal release by state officers of money in their custody. All warrants issued for the payment of benefits and refunds shall bear the signature of the administrator or his duly authorized agent for that purpose.

1	(2) Any balance of monies requisitioned from the unemployment trust fund
2	which that remains unclaimed or unpaid in the benefit account after the expiration of
3	the period for which such the sums were requisitioned shall either be deducted from
4	estimates for, and may be utilized for the payment of benefits and refunds during
5	succeeding periods, or, in the discretion of the administrator, shall be deposited with
6	the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America, to the credit of this
7	state's account in the unemployment trust fund, as provided in R.S. 23:1492.
8	B.(1) Monies credited to the account of this state in the unemployment trust
9	fund by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America pursuant to
10	Section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended, may not be requisitioned from
11	this state's account or used except for the payment of benefits and for the payment of
12	expenses incurred for the administration of this Chapter.
13	(2) Such monies Monies may be requisitioned pursuant to Subsection A of
14	this Section for the payment of benefits. Such monies Monies may also be
15	requisitioned and used for the payment of expenses incurred for the administration of
16	this Chapter if the expenses are incurred and the money requisitioned pursuant to and
17	after the date of enactment by the Legislature of Louisiana of a specific appropriation
18	law which consists of all of the following:
19	(a) Specifies the <u>amount of and the</u> purposes for which such the monies are
20	appropriated and the amount appropriated therefor.
21	(b) Limits the period within which such the monies may be obligated to a
22	period ending not more than two years after the date of the enactment of the
23	appropriation law.
24	(c) Limits the appropriated amount which may be obligated during any fiscal
25	year ending June thirtieth, to an amount which does not exceed the amount by which
26	the aggregate of the monies credited to the account of this state pursuant to Section
27	903 of the Social Security Act, as amended; during the same fiscal year exceeds the

aggregate of the amounts obligated pursuant to Section 903 of the Social Security Act

for administration and paid out for benefits and charged against the monies credited to the account of this state.

- (3) Amounts credited to the account of the state in the unemployment trust fund under <u>pursuant to</u> Section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended, which are obligated for expenses of administration or paid out for benefits shall be charged at the exact time in which the obligation is entered against equivalent amounts which were first credited and which are not already so charged.
- C. Monies requisitioned as provided herein, as needed, for the payment of expenses of administration shall be deposited in the employment security administration fund, but, until expended, shall remain a part of the unemployment compensation fund. The administrator shall maintain a separate record of the deposit, obligation, expenditure, and return of the funds so deposited. Any such monies so deposited in the employment security administration fund which will not be obligated within the period specified by the appropriation law, or which remain unobligated within the period but which will not be expended, shall be returned promptly to the account of this state in the unemployment trust fund.
- D. Any amount credited to the account of this state pursuant to Section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended, which has been appropriated for expenses of administration of this Chapter, whether or not such the amount has been withdrawn from the unemployment trust fund, shall be excluded from the balance of this state in the unemployment compensation fund for the purpose of computation of contributions under pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 23:1474 and 1536(D) 1536(C).
- E. The appropriation, obligation, expenditure, and other disposition of such the appropriated monies shall be accounted for in accordance with standards established by the United States Secretary of Labor.
- F.(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Section, with respect to federal fiscal years ending in 1999, 2000, and 2001, any monies allocated to this state in the unemployment trust fund pursuant to Section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended by the United States Congress under the Balanced Budget Act of 1997,

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may be used by this state only to pay expenses incurred for the administration of the state unemployment compensation law or for such stated purposes in accordance with any additional uses authorized by the United States Congress in the future, and may be used for such purpose without regard to any of the conditions prescribed in any of the preceding provisions of this Section.

(2) Monies requisitioned as provided in this Subsection, as needed, shall be deposited in the employment security administration fund, but until expended, shall remain a part of the unemployment compensation fund. The administrator shall maintain a separate record of the deposit, obligation, expenditure, and return of the funds so deposited.

§1494. Management of fund upon discontinuance of unemployment trust fund

The provisions of R.S. 23:1491 through R.S. 23:1493 to the extent that they relate to the unemployment trust fund, shall be operative only so long as such the unemployment trust fund continues to exist and so long as the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States of America continues to maintain for this state a separate book account of all funds deposited therein by this state for benefit purposes, together with this state's proportionate share of the earnings of such the unemployment trust fund, from which no other state is permitted to make withdrawals. If and when such the unemployment trust fund ceases to exist, or such the separate book account is no longer maintained, all moneys, properties, or securities therein, belonging to the unemployment compensation fund of this state shall be administered by the administrator as a trust fund for the purpose of paying benefits under this act, and the pursuant to the provisions of this Act. The administrator shall have authority to hold, invest, transfer, sell, deposit, and release such the moneys, and any properties, securities or earnings acquired as an incident to such the administration; provided, that such the moneys shall be invested in the following readily marketable classes of securities: bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of the United States of America; bonds which are the direct obligations of the State of Louisiana or any political subdivision thereof which has not defaulted

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in the payment of any of its bonded indebtedness during the twenty years preceding such the investment; and provided that such the investment shall at all times be so made so that all the assets of the fund shall always be readily convertible into cash when needed for the payment of benefits.

SUBPART B. EMPLOYMENT SECURITY

ADMINISTRATION FUND

§1511. Creation of fund

A. There is <u>hereby</u> created in the state treasury a special fund to be known as the Employment Security Administration Fund. All monies which are deposited or paid into this fund are appropriated and made available to the administrator. All monies in this fund shall be expended solely for the purpose of defraying the cost of the administration of this Chapter and all monies received from the United States Department of Labor for the fund, except monies received pursuant to R.S. 23:1493(2) and (3) shall be expended solely for the purposes and in the amounts found necessary by the United States Department of Labor for the proper and efficient administration of this Chapter. The fund shall also consist of all monies appropriated by this state, and all monies received from the United States of America, or any agency thereof, including the United States Department of Labor, or from any other source, for such purpose. Monies received from the railroad retirement board as compensation for services or facilities supplied to said the board shall be paid into this the fund. The administrator shall annually report and give an accounting to the Senate Committee on Labor and Industrial Relations and the House of Representatives Committee on Labor and Industrial Relations for any expenditures made from this account under pursuant to the provisions of this Section. Notwithstanding any provision of this Section, all monies requisitioned and deposited in this fund pursuant to R.S. 23:1493(2) and (3) R.S. 23:1493 shall remain part of the Unemployment Compensation Fund and shall be used only in accordance with the conditions specified in R.S. 23:1493. All monies in this fund shall be deposited, administered, and disbursed in the same manner and under the same conditions and requirements

as is provided by law for other special funds in the state treasury, except that monies in this fund shall not be commingled with other state funds, but they shall be maintained in a separate account on the books of the depository. The state treasurer shall, in accordance with law, require collateral security from the depository bank in the full amount of all employment security administration funds on deposit, and said the depository bank is authorized to pledge such the collateral security. The collateral security shall be kept separate and distinct at all times from any collateral taken by the state treasury for other state funds. Such collateral security shall not be pledged at an amount not to exceed which exceeds face value. Any balances in this the fund shall not lapse at any time, but shall be continuously available to the administrator for expenditure consistent with this Chapter.

B. The state treasurer shall be liable on his official bond for the faithful performance of his duties in connection with the Employment Security Administration Fund. Such liability shall be effective immediately upon the enactment of this provision, and such liability shall exist in addition to the liability upon any separate bond existent on the effective date of this provision, or which may be given in the future. All sums recovered on the general official bond for any losses sustained by the Employment Security Administration Fund shall be deposited in said the fund, as well as all sums recovered on any special bonds conditioned on the treasurer's faithful performance of his duties under pursuant to the employment security law for any losses sustained by the employment security administration fund.

C. The employment security administration fund shall also consist of monies credited to the account of this state in the unemployment trust fund pursuant to Section 903 of the Social Security Act, as amended.* Such monies shall be appropriated, requisitioned, deposited in this fund, administered, used, expended, obligated, and returned as provided in R.S. 23:1493. Such monies shall be secured as provided in R.S. 23:1511(1). All monies in this fund shall be secured and maintained in a separate account on the books of the depository.

1	D. The administrator, with the approval of the governor and the Advisory
2	Council advisory counsel, is hereby authorized on behalf of the state and the
3	Louisiana Workforce Commission to acquire land and enter into acts of dedication,
4	purchase and lease-purchase agreements therefor in the name of the Louisiana
5	Workforce Commission, to make improvement of the land, to construct thereon a
6	state central administrative office building or area office buildings when deemed
7	necessary solely for the Louisiana Workforce Commission, to purchase and provide
8	for necessary fixtures, equipment, parking facilities, and other appurtenances for the
9	buildings. All cost of land, fees, improvements, construction, fixtures, equipment,
10	parking areas, facilities, and appurtenances for the buildings shall be paid as costs of
11	administration of this Chapter from the special monies provided pursuant to Section
12	903 of the Social Security Act, as amended, in accordance with R.S. 23:1493 and in
13	accordance with the provisions of this Section.
14	E. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, monies deposited in the
15	penalty and interest account of this fund shall be dedicated, pledged, and expended
16	only in accordance with the provisions specified in R.S. 23:1513, regardless of the
17	date such the monies are expended.
18	F. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, monies deposited in the
19	Reed Act account of this fund shall be dedicated, pledged, and expended only in
20	accordance with the provisions of Section 903 of the Social Security Act, 42 USC
21	1103, as amended, and R.S. 23:1493, regardless of the date such the monies are
22	expended.
23	G. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section, monies deposited in the
24	Louisiana Workforce Commission administration account of this fund shall be
25	expended in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 23:1513.2 and 1532.1(C)(5).
26	§1512. Replacement of funds lost or expended for purposes other than administration
27	This state The state of Louisiana recognizes its obligation to replace, funds
28	expended for any purpose other than for administration, and hereby pledges the faith

of this state that funds will be provided in the future, and applied to the replacement

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of, any monies received from the social security board under pursuant to the provisions of Title III of the Social Security Act, any. The monies shall be replaced by any unencumbered balances in the employment security administration fund as of that date, any monies thereafter using monies granted to this state pursuant to the provisions of the Wagner-Peyser Act, and any monies thereafter made available by this state or its political subdivisions and matched by monies granted to this state pursuant to the provisions of the Wagner-Peyser Act, which the social security board finds have, because of any action or contingency, been lost or have been expended for purposes other than or in amounts in excess of, those found the amounts necessary by the social security board for the proper administration of this Chapter. Such monies shall be replaced within a reasonable time by monies appropriated by the legislature from the general funds of this state to the employment security administration fund for expenditure as provided in R.S. 23:1511. The administrator shall report to the tax commission, in the same manner as is provided generally for the submission by state departments of financial requirements for the ensuing biennium, and the governor shall include in his budget report to the next regular session of the legislature, the amount required for such the replacement of the funds.

§1513. Penalty and interest account

A.(1) There is hereby created in the employment security administration fund an account which shall be known as the penalty and interest account. All interest, fines, and penalties, regardless of when they became due and payable, collected from employers and claimants under pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter shall, notwithstanding provisions of R.S. 23:1491, 1543, and 1551, be paid into this account, except as otherwise provided by this Chapter, and shall at no time be considered to be a part of the unemployment compensation fund.

(2) Said monies Monies in the penalty and interest account shall not be expended or available for expenditure in any manner which would permit their substitution for, or a corresponding reduction in, federal funds which in the absence of said the monies would be made available to the administrator for the administration

of this Chapter. But nothing Nothing in this Section shall prevent said the monies
from being used as a revolving account; to cover expenditures necessary and proper
under by the law for which federal funds have been duly requested but not yet
received, subject to the charging of such the expenditures against such the funds when
received.
(3) Said The penalty and interest account shall be used by the administrator
for the payment of costs and charges of administration which are found by the
appropriate federal agency not to be a proper and valid charge out of any funds
granted by the federal government, and to reimburse the employment security
administration fund to the extent possible, under conditions provided in R.S. 23:1512.
(4) Refunds of interest, fines, or penalties allowable under pursuant to the
provisions R.S. 23:1551 shall be made from this account, provided such the interest.
penalties, and fines were deposited in said the account. In the cases where cases in
which an employer takes credit for a previous overpayment of interest, fine, or
penalty on contributions due by such the employer, the amount of such the credit
taken for such the overpayment of interest, fine, or penalty shall be reimbursed to the
unemployment compensation fund from the penalty and interest account.
B. All monies in this the account shall be deposited, administered, and
disbursed; in the same manner and under the same conditions and with the same
requirements as is provided by law for other monies in the employment security
administration fund except that monies in this account shall not be commingled with
other funds, but they shall be maintained in a separate account in the books of the
depository. Any balances in this Balances in the account shall not lapse at any time,
but shall be continuously available for expenditure in the following order of priority:
(1) To pay costs and fees for the collection of delinquent monies owed under
pursuant to this Chapter.
(2) To administer the following labor laws:
(a) Apprenticeship (R.S. 23:381 et seq.)
(b) Minor labor laws (R.S. 23:151 et seq.)

(c) Medical and other examinations (R.S. 23:897)

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2	(d) Private employment services (R.S. 23:101 et seq.)
3	(e) Interference with individual rights (R.S. 23:961 et seq.)
4	(3) To provide for any other special services, projects, or needs of the
5	commission as determined necessary and appropriate by the executive director.
6	C.(1) All interest, fines, and penalties, regardless of when the same became
7	due and payable collected under pursuant to the provisions of Chapters 2, 3, 4, and 9
8	of this Title shall be paid into this the account and shall be dedicated, pledged, and
9	expended for the administration of the following labor laws regardless of the date
10	such monies are expended:
1	(a) Apprenticeship (R.S. 23:381 et seq.)
12	(b) Minor labor laws (R.S. 23:151 et seq.)
13	(c) Medical and other examinations (R.S. 23:897)
4	(d) Private employment services (R.S. 23:101 et seq.)
5	(e) Interference with individual rights (R.S. 23:961 et seq.)
6	(2) However, all such monies under monies expended pursuant to the
7	provisions of this Subsection shall be expended for the administration of the labor
18	laws enumerated in this Subsection before any monies collected from employers
19	under pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter and disbursed under pursuant to
20	Subsection B of this Section are expended for the administration of the labor laws
21	enumerated under pursuant to this Subsection.
22	§1513.1. Reed Act account
23	There is hereby created in the employment security administration fund an
24	account which shall be known as the Reed Act account. All monies available to the
25	state under pursuant to the authority of Section 903 of the Social Security Act, 42
26	USC 1103, as amended, and R.S. 23:1493 shall be deposited into the Reed Act
27	account and shall be expended in accordance with Section 903 of the Social Security
28	Act, 42 USC 1103, as amended, and R.S. 23:1493.
29	§1513.2. Louisiana Workforce Commission administration account

A. The Louisiana Workforce Commission administration account is hereby created in the Employment Security Administration Fund. Proceeds and interest earnings of the special assessment held for the purposes of adjusting special assessments and refunding special assessment overpayments to employers and which are not encumbered by June 30, 1997, shall be paid into this account and shall be available to the executive director on July 1, 1997, for the exclusive use by and for the administration of the Louisiana Workforce Commission regardless of the date at which time such monies are expended.

B. Said monies Monies in the Employment Security Administration Fund shall at no time be considered part of the unemployment compensation fund and shall not be expended or available for expenditure in any manner which would permit their substitution for, or a corresponding reduction in, federal funds which in the absence of said the monies would be available to the commission for the administration of this Title; however, nothing . Nothing in this Section shall prevent said the monies from being used as a revolving account to cover expenditures necessary and proper under pursuant to the law for which federal funds have been duly requested, but not yet received, subject to the charging of such expenditures against such the funds when received.

§1514. Worker training fund; purpose; training programs; eligibility criteria; program administration

A. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 23:1511, there is hereby established a special account in the Employment Security Administration Fund to be known as the Incumbent Worker Training Account. Amounts from this account shall be pledged and dedicated exclusively to fund training for businesses operating in Louisiana that incur a state unemployment insurance tax liability. This program shall be known as the Incumbent Worker Training Program. The purpose of this program is to upgrade job skills through training. Additional emphasis shall be placed on preventing job loss caused by obsolete skills, technological change, or national or global competition; retaining jobs; and creating jobs in labor demand occupations.

1	B. Incumbent Worker Training Account funds shall be used only for the
2	following types of training:
3	(1) Customized training. Designed to meet the special need and skill
4	requirements of business and industry, customized training programs may include
5	specialized curriculums, instructional materials, training delivery methods, and
6	training locations. Customized training may also include standardized courses.
7	(2) Small business employee training. This type of training is individual
8	standardized (off-the-shelf), off-the-shelf, training and shall be available to
9	businesses having fifty or fewer employees.
10	(3) Preemployment training. This type of training shall be provided for
11	nonincumbent workers for expanding businesses. This training may include
12	screening, skills assessment, testing, remediation, and occupational and technical
13	training.
14	C. An applicant is eligible to participate in the Incumbent Worker Training
15	Program if it meets the following criteria:
16	(1) Is an individual employer or a consortium made up of two or more
17	eligible employers that meets all of the following requirements:
18	(a) Has has been operating in Louisiana for not less than three years.
19	(b) Is is contributing to the Incumbent Worker Training Account for which
20	liability is incurred under pursuant to this Chapter.,
21	(c) Is and is current on the payment of its state unemployment taxes.
22	(2) Is a labor or community-based organization, or a consortium made up of
23	any combination of educational institutions, eligible individual employers, or labor
24	or community-based organizations, that seek to provide customized or
25	preemployment training for workers who meet all of the following criteria:
26	(a) Are in a demand occupation.
27	(b) Are incumbent to an industry.
28	(c) Were attached to a contributing employer within the last twelve months.

2 time of training. 3 D.(1)(a) Training shall be done by a third-party training provider selected by 4 the applicants applicant. The training provider selected by an applicant must have a 5 demonstrated history of successful training through its replacement, retention, and 6 satisfaction rates; show collaboration with regard to industry in the development of 7 customized training; and use current industry standards as the basis for programs 8 utilized to train individuals in a targeted industry. Training may be provided by the 9 applicant's employees under limited circumstances as permitted by duly promulgated 10 rules and regulations. Third-party training providers must have a demonstrated history 11 of successful training. No third-party training provider may be an entity whose 12 principal owner is an immediate family member, as defined by the Code of 13 Governmental Ethics, of an individual in a management position with the applicant 14 who has the authority to make decisions regarding a training grant or a business 15 related to the applicant, such as a parent, subsidiary, or partner of the applicant. 16 (b) Nothing herein in this Section shall be construed to prohibit a Louisiana 17 college or university from acting as a third-party training provider. 18 (c) Subject to the provisions of Subparagraph (d) of this Paragraph, a 19 Louisiana college or university may subcontract with an out-of-state college or 20 university to provide the actual training pursuant to this Section provided that the 21 training takes place on the campus of a Louisiana college or university or on a 22 Louisiana job site. 23 (d)(i) Prior to entering into an agreement with an out-of-state college or 24 university as provided for in Subparagraph (c) of this Paragraph, the Louisiana 25 college or university shall make an inquiry; in writing; to the commissioner of higher 26 education to determine if such the third-party training already exists at another 27 Louisiana college or university. 28 (ii) If the commissioner of higher education advises the inquiring Louisiana 29 college or university within fifteen days that another Louisiana college or university

(d) Are not receiving unemployment insurance compensation benefits at the

provides such third-party training, the inquiring college or university may contract with the college or university that provides such the third-party training.

(iii) If the commissioner of higher education fails to advise the inquiring

- (iii) If the commissioner of higher education fails to advise the inquiring Louisiana college or university within fifteen days that another Louisiana college or university provides such third-party training, the inquiring college or university may contract with an out-of-state college or university to provide the actual training as provided for in Subparagraph (c) of this Paragraph.
- (2) All disbursements of funds for training shall be made to the training provider, except that shall be made directly to the applicant if unless the applicant's employees perform all training, in which case the funds shall be dispersed directly to the applicant.
- (3) No single grant award may shall exceed ten percent of the amount appropriated to the fund by the state legislature for the program year. For the purposes of this Section, the program year is defined as the state fiscal year.
- (4) No more than ten percent of such the amounts appropriated to the fund by the state legislature shall be used for the payment of expenses incurred for the administration of this account.
- (5) The administrator may annually set aside an amount up to ten percent of the amount appropriated to the fund by the state legislature for preemployment training in any year in which the legislature appropriates funds for training equal to or exceeding those funds appropriated in the previous year to the Rapid Response Fund created by R.S. 51:2361 or to the Louisiana Economic Development Fund created by R.S. 51:2315. All preemployment training shall require an employer matching contribution of not more than fifty percent, and job placement outcomes at wage rates commensurate with training; as determined by the administrator pursuant to duly promulgated rules and regulations.
- (6) At no time shall the outstanding contractual obligations of the account exceed the balance of the account.

1	(7) Training shall, at a minimum, meet Occupational Safety and Health
2	Administration standards, when applicable.
3	(8) Funds awarded pursuant to this Section shall not be expended or be
4	available for expenditure in any manner which would permit their substitution for, or
5	a corresponding reduction in, any state or federal appropriation to any public
6	postsecondary institution of higher education.
7	(9) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in order to
8	receive monies from the Incumbent Worker Training Account to upgrade job skills,
9	an employer or consortium of employers, except an applicant for small business
10	employee training under pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph (B)(2) of this
11	Section, shall agree to one of the following requirements:
12	(a) Increase the wages of those persons who complete the training funded
13	with such the monies.
14	(b) Create new jobs.
15	(c) Give preference to those currently unemployed when hiring new
16	employees.
17	(d) Provide an in-kind match as a component of the training program.
18	(10) Qualified applicants may not have more than one training contract in
19	effect at any time.
20	(11) The administrator shall administer the account and shall promulgate rules
21	and regulations in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act for the
22	administration of this Section, including the procedures for applying for funds, the
23	distribution of funds, the monitoring of and auditing of training conducted with funds,
24	reimbursement of costs, and any additional requirements he deems appropriate and
25	necessary to carry out the provisions of this Section.
26	(12) The administrator shall, not less than sixty days before the legislature
27	convenes for its regular session, submit an annual report to the Joint Legislative
28	Committee on the Budget, the House and Senate committees on labor and industrial
29	relations, and the Louisiana Workforce Investment Council. This report shall detail

1	the number of applications received, number of applications approved, contract
2	obligations, funds expended, employers and training entities participating, number of
3	persons trained, number of jobs created and retained, and training impact on wages.
4	(13) The administrator shall present fiscal reports to the legislative auditor as
5	often as the legislative auditor finds deems appropriate.
6	E. The provisions of this Section are subject to reauthorization as provided
7	in R.S. 23:1553(G).
8	§1515. Employment security administration account
9	A. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 23:1511, there is hereby
10	established a special account of the Employment Security Administration Fund to be
11	known as the Employment Security Administration Account. Amounts Monies that
12	are appropriated and made available to the administrator from the social charge
13	account, as provided in R.S. 23:1553(B)(7), (9), and (11), shall be paid into this
14	account. Amounts the Employment Security Administration Account. Monies from
15	such the account shall be pledged and dedicated for use solely and exclusively for
16	supplemental funding of personnel costs associated with specific unemployment
17	insurance and employment security functions of the Louisiana Workforce
18	Commission. Such functions shall be restricted to those provided according to the
19	provisions of this Chapter for the following:
20	(1) Auditing of claims filed.
21	(2) Recovery of amounts overpaid to claimants.
22	(3) Auditing of experience-rating accounts.
23	(4) Recovery of delinquent contributions.
24	(5) Disposition of appeals.
25	(6) Cash management and remittance processing.
26	(7) Field staffing.
27	(8) Outreach to employers, employees, and unemployed persons.
28	B. Such amounts Monies from the account shall not be expended or be
29	available for expenditure in any manner which would permit their substitution for, or

2 would be made available for the administration of this Chapter. 3 PART III. CONTRIBUTIONS 4 §1531. Basis of employer contributions; time for payment; computation 5 A. Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each employer for each 6 calendar year in which he is subject to this Chapter with respect to wages for 7 employment. These contributions shall become due and be paid by each employer 8 to the administrator Every employer subject to the provisions of this Chapter shall 9 owe contributions with respect to wages for employment. The contributions accrue 10 and are due for each calendar year and shall be paid to the administrator for the fund 11 in accordance with such the regulations as the administrator may prescribe, and. The 12 contributions are owed by the employer and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, 13 from the wages of individuals in the employer's employ any employee. 14 Notwithstanding any provision of this Chapter to the contrary, В. 15 contributions with respect to wages for employment as defined in R.S. 16 23:1472(12)(F)(VI) may be paid annually by the employer. An employer who elects 17 to pay such the contributions annually shall be subject to the following terms 18 regarding such the contributions: 19 (1) Contributions shall become due and shall be paid by each employer are 20 due to be paid on or before January thirty-first with respect to wages paid for 21 employment in the previous calendar year. 22 (2) Any separation of employment shall be reported within ten days of such 23 the separation, along with the employer's payroll report. 24 (3) In the event of a termination of the employer's account, contributions shall 25 be due and payable at the next regular quarterly due date. 26 (4) Any penalties or interest shall be calculated in the same manner as those 27 for any other type of employment. 28 (5) Any election to pay such contributions annually shall not be terminable 29 by the employer for two calendar years.

a corresponding reduction in, federal funds which in the absence of such monies

1	C. In the payment of contributions, a fractional part of a cent shall be
2	disregarded unless it amounts to one-half cent or more, in which case it shall be
3	increased to one cent.
4	§1531.1. Electronic filing of contribution and wage reports; employer registrations
5	A. The executive director may require the following employers to file both
6	their contribution and wage reports by any electronic means at the following times:
7	(1) For contribution and wage reports due after January 31, 2008, those
8	employers employing two hundred fifty or more employees.
9	(2) For contribution and wage reports due after January 31, 2010, those
10	employers employing two hundred or more employees.
11	(3) For contribution and wage reports due after January 31, 2012, those
12	employers employing one hundred or more employees.
13	(4) For contribution and wage reports due after January 31, 2014, those
14	employers employing fewer than one hundred employees. The executive director
15	may require all employers to electronically file all registrations and status reports due
16	after January 31, 2014.
17	B. The executive director may prescribe the types of media and record layout
18	to be used in the submission of these reports.
19	C. The reporting requirements may be waived by the executive director for
20	an employer if hardship is shown by the employer in a request for waiver.
21	D. The electronic filing requirement shall be implemented by rule adopted
22	and promulgated with legislative oversight in accordance with the Administrative
23	Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq.
24	E. The executive director may require all employers to electronically file all
25	registrations and status reports due after January 31, 2014.
26	§1532. Rate and base of contributions
27	Each employer shall pay contributions equal to two and seven-tenths
28	percentum percent of wages paid by him during each calendar year, except as
29	otherwise provided in this Chapter.

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§1532.1. Legislative findings and intent; temporary employer special assessment; creation and pledge thereof

A. The legislature hereby finds that the financing and payment of the outstanding principal amount which has been advanced to the state from the federal account of the Unemployment Trust Fund, the restructuring and funding of unemployment compensation benefits, and the financing and funding of the state's account in the Unemployment Trust Fund are authorized essential governmental public functions and purposes of the state, will work to reduce the overall cost to the state of providing unemployment benefits to citizens and residents of the state and will thereby encourage the development of industry and commerce, foster economic growth, provide employment opportunities for the citizens and residents of the state and further other economic development facilities and activities of the state. It is the further finding of the legislature The legislature further finds that the issuance of bonds by the Louisiana Public Facilities Authority (the "authority"), hereinafter called "the authority", a public trust and public corporation organized and existing by, under and pursuant to the provisions of the Louisiana Public Trust Act, being R.S. 9:2341 through and including R.S. 9:2347, whose beneficiary is the state of Louisiana, to provide funds for the above described intendment is for the furtherance and accomplishment of authorized essential governmental public functions and purposes of the state, and it is the intent of the legislature that by Act No. 1 of the First Extraordinary Session of 1987 the furtherance and accomplishment of such public functions shall be facilitated.

B.(1)(a) On and after July 1, 1987, and through Through and including those any calendar quarters in which any outstanding bonds, notes, certificates, reimbursement obligations, or other evidences of indebtedness referred to in Subsection C of this Section, sometimes referred to herein as the "bonds", are outstanding, employers shall be assessed by the administrator and shall pay a special assessment in addition to all other payments required pursuant to this Chapter, to the credit of a special account of the Employment Security Administration Fund to be

created by the administrator equal to one and four-tenths percent of the first fifteen thousand dollars of wages paid by such the employer or his predecessor to each employee, except for that period beginning July 1, 1987, and ending December 31, 1987, during which the special assessment shall equal one and four-tenths percent of the first seven thousand five hundred dollars of wages paid on and after July 1, 1987, by such employer to each employee.

- (b) Employers shall not be assessed a special assessment unless bonds as defined in this Subsection are issued and shall not be assessed, except for such period on and after July 1, 1987, to and including the date said bonds are issued, a special assessment at such time bonds are no longer deemed to be outstanding. An employer shall not be subject to a special assessment unless bonds are issued. He shall be subject to a special assessment up to and including the date on which the bonds are no longer outstanding.
- (c) Notwithstanding the foregoing, any provision of this Section to the contrary, there shall be assessed a special assessment equal to one and four-tenths percent on such dollar amount of the first wages paid by such the employer to each employee as will to produce no less than at least an amount necessary to pay the following: maximum future annual debt service on any outstanding bonds, notes, certificates, reimbursement obligations owing to the issuer of a credit facility, including without limitation letters of credit, bond insurance, bond purchase agreements, lines of credit, and liquidity facilities (the "credit facility"), . The credit facility, or other evidences of indebtedness referred to in Subsection C of this Section, plus costs annually incurred that are associated with such the bonds, notes, certificates, reimbursement obligations, or other evidences of indebtedness; including . Other evidences of indebtedness include but are not limited to fees, expenses, and other costs of the credit facility issuer, trustees, and paying agents which can be proven to be directly caused by or related to the issuance of such the bonds, notes, certificates, reimbursement obligations, or other evidences of indebtedness.

(e) (d) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the fees for bond
counsel, for the issuance of any bonds, notes, certificates, reimbursement obligations,
or other evidences of indebtedness for which the proceeds of the employer special
assessment are pledged shall not exceed sixty-two and one-half cents per bond or
.0625% of the aggregate principal amount of the bonds, notes, certificates, or other
evidences of indebtedness issued. The fees for bond counsel and counsel to the
Louisiana Public Facilities Authority for the issuance of said the bonds, notes,
certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness shall not exceed the amounts approved
for comprehensive legal and coordinate professional work by the attorney general
pursuant to the supervision, control, and authority granted to him in R.S. 42:261 R.S.
42:262. with respect to the issuance of bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences
of indebtedness, and all All fees, expenses, and costs, including sales commissions,
underwriting liability fees, management fees, attorneys fees, all other general and
legal costs of issuance and credit support costs associated with the issuance of said
bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness shall be subject to
approval by the state bond commission.

- (2) All special assessment payments shall be credited to a special account of the Employment Security Administration Fund or its successor to be held by the administrator separate and apart from all other funds or accounts created by this Chapter. Amounts credited to said the special account shall only be applied pursuant to the provisions of this Section and Article VII, Section 9(A)(3) of the Constitution of Louisiana and neither the state nor any agency thereof nor the United States Treasury shall have any prior or future claim thereon.
- C.(1) Proceeds of <u>such the</u> special assessment received each fiscal year shall be irrevocably pledged and dedicated for the following purposes and in the following order of priority:
- (a) For the payment of amounts due or to become due on bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness, or reimbursement obligations owing to the issuer of a credit facility with respect to such bonds, notes, certificates or other

1	evidences of indebtedness, issued by the authority pursuant to the provisions of this
2	Section as shall be set forth by written contract between the administrator and the
3	authority for such purposes as the issuer of such the bonds, notes, certificates, or other
4	evidences of indebtedness including but not limited to:
5	(i) Financing, refinancing, refunding, or advance refunding any payment
6	required or obligation arising under pursuant to this Section or under pursuant to the
7	provisions of 42 U.S.C.A. §§1321 and 1322.
8	(ii) Repaying amounts owed or to be owed, including interest, to the United
9	States Treasury resulting from advances made to the state by the federal government
10	under the provisions of 42 U.S.C.A. §1321 including interest thereon.
11	(iii) Refunding bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness
12	referred to in R.S. 23:1536(F)(3) R.S. 23:1536(E)(3).
13	(iv) Funding capitalized interest or debt service reserve funds on, and
14	payment of costs of issuance of, such bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of
15	indebtedness referred to in this Subparagraph.
16	(b) For paying costs annually incurred that are associated with such the bonds,
17	notes, certificates, reimbursement obligations, or other evidences of indebtedness,
18	including but not limited to trustees' and paying agents' fees and expenses and credit
19	facility fees and expenses.
20	(c) For any lawful purposes of the Louisiana Workforce Commission that are
21	authorized pursuant to this Section; however, nothing herein shall be construed as
22	authorizing proceeds of the special assessment to be utilized to pay benefits.
23	(2) The order of priority stated in the preceding sentence is not intended to
24	preclude the use of the special assessment for the purposes specified in Subparagraph
25	(1)(c) (1)(d) of this Subsection after the application therefor as specified in
26	Subparagraphs (1)(a) and (b) (1)(a) through (c) of this Subsection.
27	(3) Bonds, notes, certificates, other evidences of indebtedness, or
28	reimbursement obligations referenced in this Subsection shall be deemed to also
29	include obligations issued to refund, advance refund, or refinance such bonds, notes,

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1	certificates, other evidences of indebtedness, or reimbursement obligations. Bonds,
2	notes, certificates, other evidences of indebtedness, or reimbursement obligations
3	referenced in this Subsection and the income thereof shall be exempt from all taxation
4	in the state of Louisiana.
5	(4) Proceeds of such the special assessment collected from delinquent
6	employers subsequent to September 1, 1993, however, shall be pledged and dedicated
7	to the administration of the state unemployment compensation program for any one
8	or combination of the following:
9	(a) Voice-response implementation.
10	(b) Electronic transfer system.
11	(c) Other initiatives for cash management and efficiency programs.
12	(d) One-stop shopping or career centers.
13	(5) Proceeds of such the special assessment and interest earning of earned by
14	the special assessment held for the purposes of adjusting special assessments and
15	refunding special assessment overpayments to employers and which are not
16	encumbered by June 30, 1997, shall be pledged and dedicated to the administration
17	of the commission regardless of the date such the monies are expended.
18	D. The administrator shall administer and cause to be collected the special
19	assessment created hereby and may utilize the authority granted to him to collect
20	contributions under this Chapter in order to accomplish such purposes. The
21	administrator shall collect the special assessment and utilize his authority to collect
22	contributions for the administration of the provisions of this Chapter.
23	E. Interest derived from the special account referred to in Subsection B of this
24	Section shall be applied for the purposes described and in the order of priority set
25	forth in Subsection C of this Section. The administrator may, consistent with the

provisions of Subsection C of this Section, establish additional special accounts and

subaccounts within the Employment Security Administration Fund for the purpose

of identifying more precisely the sources of payments into and disbursements from

the Employment Security Administration Fund or as may be required pursuant to . He

may also open accounts to comply with a written contract between the administrator and the issuer of such the bonds, notes, certificates, reimbursement obligations, or other evidences of indebtedness. The administrator shall file an annual report thirty days before the beginning of each regular session of the legislature with the House and Senate committees on labor and industrial relations and the House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Revenue and Fiscal Affairs. The report shall set forth the fiscal status of the fund and of any special accounts and subaccounts under his administration. The report shall include a forecast for the ensuing five years of the status of the trust fund and any other special accounts and subaccounts established by the administrator for the purposes of this Section.

F. The administrator may, on behalf of the office of unemployment insurance administration of the Louisiana Workforce Commission, execute loan agreements, reimbursement agreements, investment agreements, bond purchase agreements, and all such any documents as may be necessary to earry out and comply with the provisions thereof of the agreements and the provisions of this Section, and may take any and all further actions and execute and deliver all other documents as he may deem to be necessary in connection with the issuance of any bonds, notes, certificates, reimbursement obligations, or other evidences of indebtedness referred to in Subsection C of this Section. The provisions of R.S. 9:2347(J) shall not apply to any contract between the administrator and the authority as the issuer of any bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness, or between the authority, the administrator, and the issuer of a credit facility with respect thereto as provided for in this Section.

G. Public utilities operating in the state and whose rates and charges are regulated, may, to the extent that the special assessment charged pursuant to this Section was not included as a part of the cost of furnishing services, and to the extent that such the special assessment when added to the unemployment compensation taxes, including Federal Unemployment Tax Act loss of credit, solvency taxes, and interest tax exceeds the amount paid by such the public utility in unemployment

compensation taxes, including Federal Unemployment Tax Act loss of credit, solvency taxes, and interest tax, during the calendar year 1986 (the "excess surcharge"), add such excess surcharge to the sales price of such public utility's service and bill same pro rata to the utility's customers in the state.

H. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the total issuance of any bonds, notes, certificates, reimbursement obligations, or other evidences of indebtedness, and the total costs associated with the issuance, for which the proceeds of the employer special assessment are pledged shall not exceed one billion four hundred million dollars.

I. The provisions of this Section shall not apply to the state of Louisiana or subdivisions or instrumentalities thereof, or nonprofit organizations, as defined in R.S. 23:1472(12)(F)(I), (II) and (IV) R.S. 23:1472, which have elected to make payments in lieu of contributions pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 23:1552.

§1533. Experience rating records; administrator's duty to prepare

A. The administrator shall prepare and maintain an experience rating record for each employer, and shall credit such the record with all the contributions he paid by him with respect to wages paid for each calendar quarter. Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed to grant any employer or any individual performing services for him, prior claims or rights to amounts paid by the employer into the fund. The administrator shall terminate the experience rating record of an employer who has ceased to be subject to this Chapter, or may do so provided the employer has had no employment in this state for a period of three consecutive calendar years. Benefits accruing and paid to an individual in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter shall be charged against the experience rating records of his base-period employers subject to the following limitations:

(1) Only those benefits paid to an individual in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 23:1611 through 1616 which are not reimbursed from federal funds shall be charged against the experience rating records of his base-period employers.

1	(2) Benefits paid to an individual pursuant to R.S. 23:1635 shall not be
2	charged against the experience rating records of a claimant's base-period employers
3	if it is finally determined that such the claimant was not entitled to such benefits.
4	(3) Benefits paid to an individual who continues to remain in the employ of
5	employed by a base-period employer without a reduction in the number of hours
6	worked or wages paid shall not be charged against the experience rating records of
7	such the employer.
8	(4)(a) Benefits shall not be charged against the experience rating records of
9	a claimant's base period employer if both of the following conditions are met:
10	(i) Benefits are paid in a situation in which the unemployment is caused solely
11	by an act or omission of any third party or parties, or solely by such act or omission
12	in combination with an act of God or an act of war. The determination of the
13	responsibility of any third party or parties shall be as determined by the Oil Pollution
14	Act, 33 U.S.C.§ 2701, et seq.
15	(ii) Reimbursement for such benefits shall have been paid by the responsible
16	third party or parties into the Unemployment Trust Fund.
17	(b) The amount owed by any responsible third party or parties shall equal the
18	amount of regular and extended benefits paid to individuals as a result of the act or
19	omission attributed to the responsible party or parties.
20	(c) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end of any other period as
21	the administrator may prescribe by regulation, the administrator shall charge the
22	responsible party or parties accordingly.
23	(d) This Paragraph is remedial and shall be retroactive to January 1, 2010.
24	B. The amount so chargeable against each base-period employer's experience
25	rating record shall bear the same ratio to the total benefits paid to an individual as the
26	base-period wages paid to the individual by such the employer bear to the total
27	amount of base-period wages paid to the individual by all of his base-period
28	employers; provided, however, that all such the charges may be computed to the
29	nearest multiple of one dollar.

1	C. Repealed by Acts 2014, No. 349, §2.
2	§1534. Standard rates
3	The standard rate of contributions payable by each employer shall be 2.7 per
4	centum percent, except as hereinafter provided.
5	§1535. Variation from standard rates
6	A. A new employer's rate for his first experience-rating year, and until his
7	experience-rating record could have been charged with benefits throughout the
8	twenty-four consecutive calendar month period ending on the computation date, shall
9	be the weighted average rate for employers in the same two-digit North American
10	Industrial Classification System according to the latest computation thereof under
11	pursuant to the applicable rate table as provided in R.S. 23:1536(D)(3). R.S.
12	23:1536(C)(3). However, if his reserve reflects a negative balance for any
13	experience-rating year, his rate for such that year shall be the maximum applicable
14	to any employer for that experience-rating year. When his experience-rating record
15	could have been charged with benefits throughout the twenty-four consecutive
16	calendar month period ending on computation day, his rate shall be as provided in
17	R.S. 23:1536.
18	B. An employer's rate for his first three experience-rating years established
19	under pursuant to the provisions of Subsection A of this Section shall not be less than
20	one percent.
21	C. New employers shall not be charged for the amount of the social charge
22	attributable to the Workforce Development Training Account provided for in R.S.
23	23:1553(B)(8) and (10).
24	§1536. Determination of rate; ratio of reserves to payroll as a basis
25	A. Repealed by Acts 2014, No. 349, §2.
26	B. A. The administrator shall for the experience-rating year determine the
27	contribution rate of each employer who has met the requirements specified in R.S.
28	23:1535 on the basis of his experience-rating record in accordance with the formula
29	and rate tables which follow in this Section.

1	C. Definitions. B. As used in this Chapter, the following terms shall have the
2	following meanings prescribed to them:
3	(1) "Fund balance on computation date" means the statement balance on
4	computation date.
5	(2) "Average benefit payout" means the annual average of the benefits
6	charged to the contributing employer's accounts plus any benefits paid out based on
7	the contributing employer's wages, but not charged to his account for the thirty-six
8	months ending on the computation date.
9	(3) "Current benefit payout" means the benefits charged to the contributing
10	employer's accounts plus any benefits paid out based on the contributing employer's
11	wages, but not charged to his account for the twelve-month period ending on the
12	computation date.
13	D. Rate Table.
14	C. Each employer's rate of contribution is as set forth in the rate table below
15	and shall be computed as follows:
16	(1) The employer's reserve is the total contributions paid on or before July
17	thirty-first immediately succeeding the computation date with respect to wages paid
18	by the employer on or before the computation date, reduced by benefits which were
19	chargeable to the employer's experience-rating record and were paid on or before July
20	thirty-first with respect to weeks of unemployment ending on or before the
21	computation date. Such The reserve as computed shall be reflected as a positive or
22	negative balance.
23	(2) For the purpose of this computation, the reserve ratio is the percentage
24	derived by dividing the employer's reserve by the employer's average annual payroll
25	as defined in R.S. 23:1542(2). Such The reserve ratio shall be reflected as a positive
26	or negative percentage.
27	(3) The rate table is as follows:
28	Employer's Reserve Ratio
29	NEGATIVE RESERVE RATIO RATE

ORIGINAL HB NO. 891 1 999.99 or more 6.00 2 500 but less than 999.99 3.11 3 300 but less than 500 3.08 4 200 but less than 300 3.05 5 100 but less than 200 3.02 30 but less than 100 6 2.99 7 28.0 but less than 30.0 2.96 8 26.0 but less than 28.0 2.93 9 24.0 but less than 26.0 2.91 10 22.0 but less than 24.0 2.89 11 20.0 but less than 22.0 2.86 15.0 but less than 20.0 12 2.84 14.0 but less than 15.0 13 2.38 14 13.0 but less than 14.0 2.37 15 12.0 but less than 13.0 2.36 16 11.0 but less than 12.0 2.35 10.0 but less than 11.0 17 2.34 18 9.0 but less than 10.0 2.14 19 8.0 but less than 9.0 2.12 20 7.0 but less than 8.0 2.11 21 6.0 but less than 7.0 2.09 22 5.0 but less than 6.0 2.08 23 2.04 4.0 but less than 5.0 24 3.0 but less than 4.0 2.00 25 2.0 but less than 3.0 1.94 1.0 but less than 2.0 26 1.90 27 0.0 but less than 1.0 1.89 POSITIVE RESERVE RATIO 28

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1.85

less than 0.4

HLS 16RS-56 **ORIGINAL** HB NO. 891 1 0.4 but less than 0.8 1.84 2 0.8 but less than 1.2 1.84 3 1.2 but less than 1.6 1.83 4 1.6 but less than 2.0 1.82 5 2.0 but less than 2.4 1.81 6 2.4 but less than 2.8 1.80 7 2.8 but less than 3.2 1.78 8 3.2 but less than 3.6 1.77 9 3.6 but less than 4.0 1.76 10 4.0 but less than 4.4 1.75 11 4.4 but less than 4.8 1.74 4.8 but less than 5.0 12 1.73 5.0 but less than 5.2 13 1.71 5.2 but less than 5.4 14 1.70 5.4 but less than 5.6 15 1.64 16 5.6 but less than 5.8 1.56 5.8 but less than 6.0 17 1.38 6.0 but less than 6.2 1.26 18 19 6.2 but less than 6.4 1.20 20 6.4 but less than 6.6 1.09 21 6.6 but less than 6.8 1.03 22 6.8 but less than 7.0 1.00 23 7.0 but less than 7.2 0.88 24 7.2 but less than 7.4 0.79 25 7.4 but less than 7.6 0.73 7.6 but less than 7.8 26 0.70 27 7.8 but less than 8.0 0.59

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0.50

0.44

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8.0 but less than 8.2

8.2 but less than 8.4

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1	8.4 but less than 8.6	0.35
2	8.6 but less than 8.8	0.29
3	8.8 but less than 9.0	0.23
4	9.0 but less than 9.2	0.21
5	9.2 but less than 9.5	0.15
6	9.5 or more	0.09
7	$\frac{E.(1)}{D.(1)}$ D.(1)(a) If the administrator reports, in any ca	lendar o

E.(1) D.(1)(a) If the administrator reports, in any calendar quarter, that the fund balance he projected by the administrator for the next four calendar quarters, together with projected contributions to be collected plus amounts otherwise pledged thereto, less the amount of benefits projected by the administrator to be paid from the fund during the next four calendar quarters, will result in a fund balance of less than one hundred million dollars, there shall be added to the contributions, for the calendar quarter beginning six months after the end of the calendar quarter in which the projection is made, required of each employer by the rate table above a solvency tax arrived at as follows:

(b) The administrator shall determine a ratio, expressed as a fraction, the numerator of which is the amount by which the projected fund balance during the next four calendar quarters is less than one hundred million dollars and the denominator of which is the amount of the projected employer contributions for the calendar quarter beginning six months after the end of the calendar quarter in which the projection is made and this . This ratio shall be applied as a percentage to each employer's contributions for the calendar quarter beginning six months after the end of the calendar quarter in which the projection is made as a solvency tax, provided that the aggregate of this added solvency tax for any quarter shall not exceed a total of thirty percent of the employer's contributions for that quarter. Prior to adding the addition of the solvency tax to the contributions as required in this Paragraph, the administrator shall notify the House and Senate committees on labor and industrial relations, the House Committee on Ways and Means, and the Senate Committee on Revenue and Fiscal Affairs of the status of the fund and of his intention to add the

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solvency tax. The administrator's report shall also contain recommendations of alternative actions which may be taken either administratively or legislatively to protect the solvency of the fund. Also prior to adding the solvency tax to the contributions as required in this Paragraph, the administrator shall conduct within such calendar quarter in which the projection is made a public hearing within the calendar quarter the projection is made for informational purposes only after public notice thereof. The notice of such A notice is required to be posted before a hearing and shall be published once in the official journal of the state at least fifteen days prior to such the hearing date. (2) If at the computation date in any year the fund balance, including all monies in the benefit transfer account, exceeds four hundred million dollars, a ten percent reduction in contributions due under pursuant to the rate table as provided in Subsection D of this Section shall be granted to each employer. (3) If, at the computation date in any year, the fund balance, including all monies in the benefit transfer account, exceeds one billion four hundred million dollars, a ten percent reduction in contributions due under pursuant to the rate table provided in Subsection D of this Section shall be granted to each employer. F.(1) E.(1) If the unemployment compensation fund is utilizing moneys monies advanced by the federal government under pursuant to the provisions of 42 U.S.C.A. 1321, the interest due on such the federal advances as computed herein shall be recouped in accordance with the provisions of this Section. The rate for recoupment of any amounts due on any bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness referred to in R.S. 23:1536(F)(3) R.S. 23:1536(E)(3) shall be equal to the lesser of the amount of surtax levied for recoupment of interest due on federal advances in the year in which such the bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness referred to in R.S. 23:1536(F)(3) R.S. 23:1536(E)(3) were issued or an amount equal to twice the maximum future annual debt service due on any outstanding bonds. This rate shall be assessed as a surtax on the taxable payroll of those years in which such the bonds, notes, obligations, or other evidences of

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indebtedness are outstanding in the same manner in which the surtax was assessed in the year in which said the bonds, notes, obligations, or other evidences of indebtedness were issued. In addition, the rate for recoupment of interest, to the extent not provided for by the issuance of said the bonds, notes, obligations, or other evidences of indebtedness referred to in R.S. R.S. 23:1536(F)(3) R.S. 23:1536(E)(3) shall be determined by dividing the interest due by ninety-five percent of the taxable payroll of the preceding calendar year in which the interest is due and this rate shall be assessed as a surtax on the taxable payroll of that year. The obligation to maintain the surtax for the recoupment of amounts due on any bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness at the level described herein shall not exceed fifteen years for any particular series of bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness. (2) Interest due pursuant to this Subsection in excess of twelve million dollars shall be paid from the special employment security administration fund up to a maximum of thirty-five percent of the balance in the special employment security administration fund as of June first. Each employer will be notified of the contribution due under pursuant to this Subsection by June thirtieth of each year, and the contribution shall be considered delinquent thirty days thereafter. (3)(a) The proceeds derived from the surtax provided in this Subsection shall be placed in a special account in the Employment Security Administration Fund and shall be pledged and utilized in the following order of priority: (i) For the repayment of bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness issued upon approval of the State Bond Commission for the purpose of amortizing or stabilizing the payment of interest on federal advances as shall be set forth by written contract between the administrator and the issuer of such the bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness. (ii) For the payment of interest on federal advances. (b) Interest derived from this special account shall be used solely for the payment of interest on federal advances. At such time as When the federal advances are repaid

and , when no further interest payment to the federal government is due, and there are
no more bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of indebtedness referred to
above that are outstanding, any remaining balance in this special account shall be paid
into the unemployment trust fund. The administrator may establish additional special
accounts and subaccounts within the Employment Security Administration Fund for
the purpose of <u>more precisely</u> identifying more precisely the sources of payments into
and disbursements from the Employment Security Administration Fund.
(c) The provisions of R.S. 9:2347(J) shall not apply to the contract between the
administrator and the issuer of any bonds, notes, certificates, or other evidences of
indebtedness as provided for in this Subsection.
G. The amounts collected pursuant to Subsection E of this Section and R.S.
23:1532.1(B) shall not be credited to the employer's experience rating account.
H. Repealed by Acts 1987, 1st Ex. Sess., No. 1, §2, eff. Sept. 17, 1987.
H. Repealed by Acts 1997, No. 1053, §2, eff. Jan. 1, 1998.
J. Repealed by Acts 2014, No. 349, §2.
§1537. Adjustment in rates
Any adjustment in the amount charged to any employer's experience-rating record,
made subsequent to the assignment of rates of contribution for any experience-rating
year, shall not operate to alter the amount charged to the experience-rating records of
other base-period employers.
§1538. Payroll reports; failure of employer to file; incorrect reports; determination
of rates
A.(1) If the administrator finds that any employer has failed to file any payroll report
or has filed a report which the administrator finds determines to be incorrect or
insufficient, the administrator may make an estimate of the information required from
the employer on the basis of the best evidence reasonably available to him at the time,
and notify the employer thereof by registered mail addressed to his last known
address. Unless the employer files the report, or a corrected or sufficient report, as the
case may be, no later than twenty days after the mailing of the notice, the

1	administrator may compute such the employer's rate of contribution on the basis of
2	such the estimates, and the rate so that is determined shall be subject to increase or
3	decrease on the basis of subsequently ascertained information.
4	(2) If the administrator finds that any employer has failed to file any payroll report
5	in the manner prescribed or approved by the administrator for more than twenty days
6	after the date upon which the report was due, the administrator may assess a penalty.
7	In the case of a failure to file, failure to fully complete, or late filing of any payroll
8	report, the specific penalty shall be twenty-five dollars for that quarter, an additional
9	penalty of twenty-five dollars if the failure is for not more than thirty days, with an
10	additional penalty of twenty-five dollars, and a penalty of less than one hundred
11	twenty-five dollars for each additional thirty-day period or fraction thereof during
12	which the failure continues, not to exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars.
13	(3) The provisions of this Subsection shall apply to all employers covered by this
14	Title, including but not limited to those employers covered by R.S. 23:1552.
15	B. If a corporation has failed to make employer contributions as prescribed in R.S.
16	23:1536, or has failed to properly file reports as required by this Section, those
17	officers or directors having control or supervision of or charged with the
18	responsibility of filing such the reports and remitting such the contributions shall be
19	personally liable for the total amount of such the contributions not collected,
20	accounted for, or not remitted, together with any interest, penalties, and fees accruing
21	thereon accrued. Collection of the total amount due may be made from any one or
22	any combination of such officers or directors by use of Any of the officers or
23	directors may collect the total amount due using any of the alternative remedies for
24	the collection of said the funds.
25	C. No employee who is not an officer or director shall be found personally liable for
26	failure to make employer contributions as required by law.
27	§1539. Merger of employing units; determination of rate
28	A. Whenever an individual, group of individuals, partnership, corporation, or
29	employing unit, whether or not an employer as defined in this Chapter, in any manner

1	succeeds to or acquires the employees, organization, trade, or business, or
2	substantially all the assets thereof of another employing unit which at the time of
3	acquisition was an employer subject to this Chapter, the experience-rating records of
4	such the predecessor employer shall be transferred as of the date of acquisition to the
5	successor employer for the purpose of rate determination.
6	B. If the successor employer was an employer subject to this Chapter prior to the date
7	of the acquisition, his rate of contribution for the period from such the date to the end
8	of the then current then-current contribution year shall be the same as his rate with
9	respect to for the period immediately preceding the date of acquisition.
10	C. If the successor was not an employer prior to the date of acquisition his rate shall
11	be the rate applicable to the predecessor employer with respect to for the period
12	immediately preceding the date of acquisition, provided there was only one
13	predecessor or there were only predecessors with identical rates; in. In the event that
14	the predecessors' rates are not identical, the successor's rate shall be the highest rate
15	applicable to any of the predecessor employers with respect to for the period
16	immediately preceding the date of acquisition.
17	D.(1) In all cases where an individual, firm, corporation, or other legal entity acquires
18	an operating department, section, division, or any substantial portion of the business
19	or assets of any employer, which is clearly segregable and identifiable, and the
20	successor is an employer at the time of the acquisition, or becomes an employer
21	before or within the calendar quarter immediately following the calendar quarter
22	within which the acquisition was made, the administrator shall transfer to $\frac{\text{the}}{\text{the}}$
23	successor the portion of the predecessor's payroll record and experience-rating record
24	which is attributable to the portion of the business which was acquired.
25	(2) This Subsection shall apply to all such transfers or acquisitions occurring on or
26	after July 2, 1984.
27	(3) For transfers occurring after June 12, 1995, the The successor employer and
28	predecessor shall submit to the administrator the predecessor's payroll and

1	experience-rating record which is attributable to the portion of the business which was
2	acquired within one hundred eighty days from the acquisition.
3	(4) (3) The administrator shall prescribe, by regulation, the method by which the
4	experience to be transferred shall be computed.
5	§1539.1. State unemployment tax avoidance; penalties
6	A. As used in this Section, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the
7	following terms or phrases shall be given the meaning ascribed to them:
8	(1) "Knowingly" means having actual knowledge of or acting with deliberate
9	ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved.
10	(2) "Person" has the meaning given such term by Section 7701(a)(1) of the Internal
11	Revenue Code of 1986.
12	(3) "Trade" or "business" shall include the employer's workforce. The transfer of
13	some or all of an employer's workforce to another employer shall be considered a
14	transfer of trade or business when, as the result of such the transfer, the transferring
15	employer no longer performs trade or business with respect to for the transferred
16	workforce, and such the trade or business is performed by the employer to whom the
17	workforce is transferred.
18	(4) "Violates" or "attempts to violate" includes but is not limited to intent to evade,
19	misrepresentation, or willful nondisclosure.
20	B. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the following shall apply regarding
21	assignment of rates and transfers of experience:
22	(1) If an employer transfers its his trade or business, or a portion thereof, to another
23	employer and, at the time of the transfer, there is substantially common ownership,
24	management, or control of the two employers, then the unemployment experience
25	attributable to the transferred trade or business shall be transferred to the employer
26	to whom such the business is transferred. The experience-rating records of such the
27	predecessor employer shall be transferred as of the date of acquisition to the successor
28	employer for the purpose of rate determination.

(2) If a person who is not an employer under pursuant to the provisions of this
Chapter acquires the trade or business of an employer, the unemployment experience
of the acquired business shall not be transferred to such the person if the administrator
finds that $\underline{\text{such}} \; \underline{\text{the}} \; \text{person}$ acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of
obtaining a lower rate of contributions. Instead, such person shall be assigned the
applicable new employer rate under pursuant to Part III of Chapter 11 of this Title.
In determining whether the business was acquired solely or primarily for the purpose
of obtaining a lower rate of contributions, the administrator shall use objective factors
which may include but not be limited to the cost of acquiring the business, whether
the person continued the business enterprise of the acquired business, how long such
the business enterprise was continued, or whether a substantial number of new
employees were hired for performance of duties unrelated to the business activity
conducted prior to acquisition.
C. If a person knowingly violates or attempts to violate Subsection B of this Section
or any other provision of this Chapter related to determining the assignment of a
contribution rate, or if a person knowingly advises another person in a way that results
in a violation of such provision, the person shall be subject to the following penalties:
(1) If the person is an employer, then such employer <u>he</u> shall be assigned the highest
rate <u>assignable under allowable in</u> this Chapter for the rate year during which <u>such the</u>
violation or attempted violation occurred, and for the three years immediately
following this that rate year. However, if the person's business is already at the
highest rate for any year in which the violation occurred, or if the amount of increase
in the person's rate would be less than two percent for such that year, then a penalty
rate of contribution of up to two percent of taxable wages shall be imposed for such
that year. Any amount collected over the maximum rate will be deposited in the
penalty and interest account established under in R.S. 23:1513.
(2) If the person is not an employer, such person he shall be subject to a civil money
penalty of not more than five thousand dollars per violation. The fine shall be
assessed by the executive director of the Louisiana Workforce Commission or his

1	designee. Any such fine collected shall be deposited in the penalty and interest
2	account established under in R.S. 23:1513.
3	D. In addition to the penalty imposed by Subsection C of this Section, any person
4	who violates any provision of this Section shall be guilty of any violation of any
5	provision of this Section shall be considered a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of
6	not more than ten thousand dollars or imprisonment for not more than six months, or
7	both, per violation.
8	E. If, following a transfer of experience under pursuant to Subsection B of this
9	Section, the administrator determines that a substantial purpose of the transfer of trade
10	or business was to obtain a reduction liability for contributions, then the
11	unemployment experience rating attributable to each employer shall be combined into
12	a common experience calculation. The experience-rating records of such the
13	predecessor employer shall be transferred as of the date of acquisition to the successor
14	employer for the purpose of rate determination.
15	F. The administrator shall establish procedures to identify the transfer or acquisition
16	of a business for purposes of this Section.
17	G. This Section shall be interpreted and applied in such a manner as to meet the
18	minimum requirements contained in any guidance or regulations by the United States
19	Department of Labor.
20	H. The executive director shall adopt rules necessary to administer and enforce this
21	Section in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.
22	§1540. Appeal of liability or tax rate determination
23	An employer may apply for review of any liability determination and any tax rate
24	resulting from that determination in accordance with the time delays and procedures
25	provided in R.S. 23:1541(E).
26	§1541. Notice of benefits charged against employer's experience rating record;
27	employer's right to contest; application for review; procedure
28	A. The administrator shall, not later than ninety days after the close of each calendar
29	quarter, render a statement to each employer of benefits paid to each individual and

charged to his experience-rating record. These benefit charges are conclusive and
binding upon the employer unless he files an application to review the charges setting
forth his reasons therefor within thirty days after the mailing of the notice to his last
known address. However, any benefits paid to employees of experience-rated
employers pursuant to Executive Orders KBB 2005-34, KBB 2005-46, and KBB
2005-76 shall not be charged to employers' experience-rating records.
B. No employer that was a party to the separation determination, reconsidered
determination, or decision, or that was issued a notice of chargeability pursuant to
R.S. 23:1541.1 shall have standing to contest the quarterly charge statement.
C. If an employer who was not a party to the separation determination, reconsidered
determination, or decision, or who was not issued a determination of chargeability
pursuant to R.S. 23:1541.1, alleges in his application for review of the quarterly
charge statement that benefits were not properly charged to his experience-rating
record, the administrator shall affirm, modify, or reverse such the charges by issuing
a determination of chargeability as provided in R.S. 23:1541.1.
D. The administrator shall establish by October fourteenth of each year the amount
to be collected for the Incumbent Worker Training Account pursuant to R.S.
23:1553(B)(6) through (9).
E. (1) The administrator shall notify each employer, no later than December thirty-
first of each year, of his rate of contribution for the forthcoming calendar year as
determined for any relevant experience-rating year pursuant to this Part. This
determination shall be conclusive and binding upon an employer unless within thirty
days after the mailing of notice hereof to his last known address the employer files an
application for review and redetermination, setting forth his reasons therefor for
review.
(2) If the administrator grants such the review, the employer shall be promptly
notified thereof and shall be granted an opportunity for a fair hearing, but however,
no employer shall have standing, in any proceeding involving his rate of contribution
or contribution liability, to contest the chargeability of any benefits to his experience-

rating record as to cases wherein involving cases about which he has previously been
notified and had an opportunity for hearing, review, and appeal.
(3) The employer shall be promptly notified of the administrator's action which shall
become final unless within thirty days after the mailing of notice thereof to his last
known address a petition for judicial review is filed in the district court of employer's
domicile. The administrator shall mail notification of his action to the employer at
the employer's last known address. The administrator's action shall become final
unless the employer files a petition for judicial review in the district court located in
the district of his domicile within thirty days of the mailing of the notice.
(4) In any proceeding under instituted pursuant to the provisions of this Subsection,
the findings of the administrator as to regarding the facts shall be presumed to be
prima facie correct if supported by substantial and competent evidence. These The
proceedings shall be heard in a summary manner and shall be given precedence over
all other civil cases except cases arising under pursuant to Part VI of this Chapter and
Chapter 10 of this Title. An appeal may be taken from the decision of the district
court in the same manner, but not inconsistent with the provisions of this Chapter as
in other civil cases.
F.(1) Within thirty days after the mailing to his last known address, the employer
may contribute any amount to his experience-rating account.
(2) Any such payment made by the employer within thirty days after the mailing to
his last known address shall be deposited in the Louisiana unemployment
compensation fund and credited by the administrator so that the employer's
experience rating account as of the previous computation date, and the balance of his
account after such credit, shall be used in computing his rate determination for the
ensuing experience-rating year.
(3) This Subsection shall be inapplicable with respect to not apply in any calendar
year in which any of the additional rates provided for in R.S. 23:1536(D), (E), and (F)
R.S. 23:1536 and this Section are applicable.

1	§1541.1. Notice of chargeability of benefits to base-period employers; employer's
2	right to contest; appeals; procedure
3	A. The administrator shall issue, upon the commencement of payment of a claim, a
4	determination of chargeability of benefits to base-period employers. The
5	determination shall be conclusive and binding upon any such base-period employer
6	unless he files an appeal, setting forth his reasons within thirty days after the date of
7	mailing of any such determination.
8	B. If appealed, then an employer appeals, upon being given the opportunity to be
9	heard, the employer shall be promptly notified of the administrative law judge's
10	action, which shall be final unless the employer files a petition for judicial review in
11	the state district court of the employer's domicile within thirty days of the date of
12	mailing such the action. In any court proceeding under instituted pursuant to the
13	provisions of this Subsection, the findings of the administrative law judge as to
14	regarding the facts shall be presumed to be prima facie correct, if supported by
15	substantial and competent evidence. These proceedings shall be heard in summary
16	manner and shall be given precedence over all other civil cases, except cases arising
17	under pursuant to Part VI of this Chapter or Chapter 10 of this Title. An appeal may
18	be further taken from the decision of the state district court in the same manner, but
19	not inconsistent with the provisions of this Chapter, as provided in other civil cases.
20	C. Chargeability under this Section is not altered unless and until such \underline{a} decision is
21	finally modified or reversed by the administrator, administrative law judge, or court.
22	D. Any final decision of the administrator, administrative law judge, or the court
23	shall be binding upon the employer upon his receipt of the quarterly statement of
24	benefit charges. No employer shall thereafter have standing in any administrative or
25	judicial proceeding to contest the chargeability to his record of any such paid benefits
26	for which he previously sought review or appeal and was given notice under pursuant
27	to this Section.
28	§1542. Definition of terms

1	As used in R.S. 23:1531 through 1541, the following terms shall have the meaning
2	ascribed to them in this Section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
3	(1) "Annual pay roll" means the total amount of wages for employment paid by the
4	employer during the twelve-consecutive-calendar-month period ending on the
5	computation date, and the term "average annual pay roll" means the average of the
6	annual taxable pay rolls of an employer for the last three preceding twelve-
7	consecutive-calendar-month periods ending on the computation date preceding the
8	experience-rating year, and the term "pay roll" wherever used in these Sections,
9	means "annual taxable pay roll".
10	(2) "Base-period employers" means the employers by whom an individual was paid
11	his base-period wages.
12	(3) "Base-period wages" means the wages paid to an individual during $\frac{1}{2}$ base
13	period for insured work, and on the basis of which the individual's benefit rights were
14	determined.
15	(4) "Computation date" with respect to rates of contribution for experience-rating
16	years means the June thirtieth which precedes the beginning of any such experience-
17	rating year.
18	(5) "Experience-rating year" means the twelve-month period beginning January first
19	and ending December thirty-first.
20	(6) "Average annual pay roll" means the average of the annual taxable pay rolls of
21	an employer for the last three preceding twelve-consecutive-calendar-month periods
22	ending on the computation date preceding the experience-rating year.
23	(7) "Pay roll" means annual taxable pay roll.
24	§1543. Delinquent contributions; interest and penalties; jeopardy assessments; bonds;
25	amnesty; forfeiture of right to do business; delinquency of Indian tribes
26	A.(1) If contributions are not paid on the date on which they are due and payable paid
27	as prescribed by the administrator, the whole or part amount remaining unpaid
28	thereafter shall bear interest at the rate of one percent per month from the due date
29	until payment is received by the administrator and shall be further subject to a penalty

1	on both the contributions and interest of five percent for each month or part of a
2	month after the due date not to exceed an aggregate penalty amount of twenty-five
3	percent.
4	(2) In computing interest for any period less than a full month, the rate shall be one-
5	thirtieth of one percent for each day or part thereof. The date as of which payment
6	of contributions, if mailed, is deemed to have been received may be determined by
7	such regulations as the administrator may prescribe If the payment is mailed, the
8	administrator may determine on which date payment is considered to have been
9	received. Interest and penalties collected pursuant to this Section shall be paid into
10	the special employment security administration fund.
11	B. (1) Whenever the administrator determines that the collection of any contributions
12	or interest under the provisions of this Section will be jeopardized in any case where
13	an due to an employer who is insolvent, or is owes a substantial amount of delinquent
14	in a substantial amount of contributions due under this Chapter, payments, or has
15	discontinued business at any of its his known places of business, or the business is of
16	temporary or seasonal nature, he may immediately assess such the contributions,
17	together with all interests or penalties which may have accrued, whether or not the
18	final date otherwise prescribed for making such the contributions has arrived. Such
19	contributions shall thereupon become immediately due and payable, and notice of
20	demand shall be made upon the employer for the payment thereof.
21	(2) When a jeopardy assessment has been made, the employer may stay its
22	collections by filing with the administrator a bond in favor of the administrator
23	covering the amount of assessment. Such bond shall be conditioned on the payment
24	of the contributions at the time required by the administrator and shall be executed by
25	the employer with sureties satisfactory to the administrator. The employer shall
26	execute the bond with sureties that are satisfactory to the administrator and the bond
27	shall be conditioned on the timely payment of the contributions.
28	C. (1) All incorporated contractors except those <u>not</u> incorporated under the laws of
29	the State of Louisiana and, those who have been or subject to the provisions of this

1	Chapter prior to January 1, 1963, who are not delinquent for any taxes, penalties, or
2	interest due under pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter for a period in excess of
3	one year; shall be required to post do one of the following:
4	(a) Post with the administrator a blanket surety bond by a licensed surety company
5	authorized to do business in the State of Louisiana in an amount which the
6	administrator shall determine determines to be sufficient for the payment of all
7	unemployment compensation taxes which will be due to the state by virtue of its
8	operations. In the alternative, said contractor may file.
9	(b) File a surety bond with respect to for each contract. Further, in the alternative,
10	it may deposit
11	(c) Deposit cash in the amount owed, with the administrator in cash an amount equal
12	thereto. These deposits . Any cash deposit shall be held by the administrator in a
13	special deposit fund account established for that purpose.
14	(2) The Louisiana State Licensing Board for Contractors is hereby authorized to may
15	withhold any license from any contractor who is subject to the provisions of this
16	Section until the provisions of this Section have been complied with he is in
17	compliance.
18	(3) Any subject contractor shall cease to be subject to the provisions of this Section
19	after it (a) The provisions of this Section no longer apply to any contractor after he
20	has been doing business within this state for a period of thirty-six (36) months and has
21	paid all taxes, interest, and penalties due under the provisions of this Chapter.
22	(b) When any subject a contractor ceases operations within the State of Louisiana it
23	shall be he is entitled to have its his bond cancelled or its cash deposit refunded upon
24	payment of all taxes, interest, and penalties due under the provisions of this Chapter.
25	(4) If a subject contractor does not pay the taxes, interest, and penalty provided for
26	in this Chapter when they become due, the administrator may call upon the surety
27	company for the payment thereof or cause them to be paid by deducting the amount
28	due from the contractor's cash deposit.

(5) Any subject contractor who fails to comply with the provisions of this Section
shall be enjoined from any further operations until the provisions of this Section have
been complied with he is in compliance.
D. The Louisiana State Licensing Board for Contractors is hereby authorized to
withhold any license from any contractor subject to the provisions of this Section until
the provisions of this Section have been complied with the contractor is compliant.
E. Any subject contractor shall cease to be subject to the provisions of this Section
after it has been doing business within this state for a period of thirty-six months and
has paid all taxes, interest and penalties due under the provisions of this Chapter.
When any subject contractor ceases operations within the state of Louisiana it shall
be entitled to have its bond cancelled or its cash deposit refunded upon payment of
all taxes, interest and penalties due under the provisions of this Chapter.
F. If a subject contractor does not pay the taxes, interest and penalty provided for in
this Chapter when they become due, the administrator may call upon the surety
company for the payment thereof or cause them to be paid by deducting the amount
due from the contractor's cash deposit.
G. Any subject contractor who fails to comply with the provisions of this Section
shall be enjoined from any further operations until the provisions of this Section have
been complied with.
H. Repealed by Acts 2014, No. 349, §2.
I. An D. Any employer who is liable for contributions under pursuant to the
provisions of this Chapter and who fails to pay the contributions when they are due
or make and file his returns and reports as required, or who fails to pay any
contributions when due under the provisions of this Chapter, shall forfeit his right to
do business in this state until he complies with all the provisions of this Chapter is in
<u>compliance</u> and until he enters into a <u>an approved</u> bond with sureties, to be approved
by the administrator, in an amount not to exceed all the contributions estimated to
become due by said employer under the provisions of this Chapter for any six-month
period, conditioned to comply with the provisions of this Chapter, and to pay all

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contributions legally due or to become due by him. The administrator may proceed by file an injunction to prevent the continuance of said business, and any temporary injunction enjoining the continuance of such business employer from doing business in this state which shall be granted without notice by any judge authorized by law to grant injunctions. J. E. If, within ninety days of having received a notice of delinquency, an Indian tribe or tribal unit fails to make payment of contributions, payment in lieu of contributions, or payment of assessed penalties or interest, all services performed for any such the Indian tribe shall not be excepted from the definition of employment under in 26 U.S.C. 3306(c)(7), subjecting such services to liability for taxes under pursuant to the Federal Unemployment Tax Act. The administrator shall have the discretion to determine when such failure of payment is corrected the payment has been made and to determine the date of termination of coverage under this Chapter. §1544. Suit to enforce payment of delinquent contributions; hearing by preference; procedure A. If, after due notice, any employer defaults in any payment of contributions, interest or penalties, the administrator may institute a civil action to collect the amount due. may be collected by civil action in the name of the administrator and If the court finds that the employer adjudged is in default, he shall pay the cost of such the action. An action brought under this Section B. The civil action for default payments shall be heard by the court at the earliest possible date and shall be entitled to preference upon the calendar of the court over all other actions except petitions for judicial review under pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter and cases arising under pursuant to Chapter 10 of this Title. The action may be by rule under summary process to show cause within employer may file for summary judgment within seven days after the filing of the suit to show why payment should not be made as demanded, and may be tried out of term time or in chambers. If the defendant fails to appear and show cause in response to the rule, the rule shall be made absolute, and, the judgment shall be rendered accordingly.

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§1545. Failure of employer to file report; determination of contributions recoverable If an employer fails to file a report or return required by the administrator for the determination of contributions, the administrator, or his duly authorized representative, may make such, or cause to be made, the reports or returns or cause the same to be made, and determine the contributions payable on the basis of any information that he may be able to obtain, and shall collect the contributions so determined, together with any interest, and penalties due thereon under this Chapter. §1546. Default in payment of contributions; privilege against property of employer; recordation and rank A. If any employer defaults in any payment of contributions, or interest, or penalties, thereon, then the administrator or his duly authorized representatives may make in any manner feasible, and cause to be recorded record a lien in the mortgage records of any parish in which such the employer is engaged in business and/or, or owns real or personal property, and with the office of the secretary of state for inclusion in the master index authorized under R.S. 10:9-519 pursuant to the Louisiana Commercial Laws. The record shall include a statement under oath showing which indicates the amount of the contributions, interest, and penalties in default; which The statement, when filed for record, shall operate as a first lien, privilege, and mortgage on all of the employer's real and personal property of the employer from the date of such the filing only, and shall not affect any liens, privileges, chattel mortgages, security interests under pursuant to Chapter 9 of the Louisiana Commercial Laws, or mortgages already affecting or burdening such the property at the date of such the filing; however, such the filing shall be sufficient to cover all unpaid contributions, interest, and penalties that may accrue after such the filing and the property of such the employer shall be subject to seizure and sale for the payment of such the contributions, interest, and penalties according to the preference and rank of said the lien, privilege, security interest, and mortgage securing their the payment. B. The administrator may release all or any portion of the property subject to any lien or judgment obtained under pursuant to any provision of this Chapter from such the

1	lien or judgment, or may subordinate such the lien or judgment to other liens and
2	encumbrances if he determines that the contributions, interest, and penalties are
3	sufficiently secured by a lien or judgment on other property, or through other security,
4	or that the release, partial release, or subordination of such the lien or judgment will
5	not endanger or jeopardize the collection of such the contributions, interest, or
6	penalties.
7	§1547. Proceedings for collection of contributions; burden of proof
8	In all proceedings brought by the administrator for the collection of contributions, the
9	burden of proof upon all questions of fact shall be upon the defendant, but only as to
10	those regarding the facts which the administrator, his representative, or attorney shall
11	swear are true to the best of his knowledge or belief.
12	§1548. Costs of proceedings and other fees not required from administrator
13	A. The administrator shall not be required to furnish any court bond, nor to make a
14	deposit for, or pay any costs of court in any legal proceedings, nor to pay any costs
15	or fees in connection with the recordation in the mortgage records of any parish of a
16	sworn statement showing the amount of contribution, interest and penalties in default
17	by an employer to record in the mortgage records of any parish, a sworn statement
18	which indicates the amount of contribution, interest, and penalties an employer is in
19	default.
20	<u>B.</u> No clerk of any court, sheriff, recorder of mortgages, or any other public official
21	shall fail or refuse do any of the following:
22	(1) Refuse to perform any service in connection with proceedings brought by the
23	administrator on the ground that because costs have not been advanced or guaranteed;
24	nor shall they be entitled to charge .
25	(2) Charge the administrator for any certified copies of any document which they
26	shall be are required to furnish on request of the administrator.
27	§1549. Priority of contributions in insolvency proceedings
28	In the event of any <u>a</u> distribution of an employer's assets pursuant to an <u>a court</u> order
29	of any court under the laws of this state, including any receivership, liquidation,

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assignment for benefit of creditors, adjudicated insolvency, composition, or similar proceedings, contributions, interest, and penalties then or thereafter due shall be paid in full on an equal basis with other taxes and prior to all other claims except claims for wages of not more than \$250.00 two hundred fifty dollars to each claimant, earned within six months of the commencement of the proceedings. In the event of an employer's adjudication in bankruptcy, judicially confirmed extension proposal, or composition under pursuant to the Federal Bankruptcy Act of 1898, as amended, contributions and interest then or thereafter due shall be entitled to such the priority as is provided in that act for taxes due any state of the United States. §1550. Payment of contributions prior to delivery of property or; dissolution of partnerships No liquidator, receiver, or trustee shall deliver possession of any employer's property of an employer until he has paid the contributions due have been paid to the administrator, otherwise they or the liquidator, receiver, or trustee, together with their sureties, shall be personally liable therefor for the property, with interest and costs; nor shall any No partnership shall be dissolved until contributions due by the partnership are paid, otherwise or the partners shall be liable in solido therefor for the value, with interest, penalties and costs. §1551. Refunds and adjustments; correction of administrative errors A. If not later than three years after the due date for payment of contributions, an employing unit which made payment of any amount of contributions, interest, or penalties shall make application apply for an adjustment thereof in connection with of subsequent contribution payments, or for a refund thereof because such adjustment of excess payments if an adjustment cannot be made, and the administrator shall determine that such the contributions or, interest, or penalties, or any portion thereof were erroneously collected, the administrator shall allow such the employing unit to make an adjustment thereof, without paying interest upon the same, in connection with subsequent contribution payments by it, or if such the adjustment cannot be made the administrator shall refund said the amount, without interest, upon same from

the unemployment compensation fund. For like cause and within the said period,
adjustment or refund may be so made on the administrator's own initiative. The
administrator may make an adjustment or refund during the same period, with good
cause, on his own initiative.
If not later than three years from the date on which an administrative error is
committed, the error is discovered and called to the attention of the administrator, he
B. If an administrative error is discovered and called to the attention of the
administrator within three years of the commission of the error, the administrator
shall, on his own motion or upon the request of any interested party, take all necessary
steps that he may deem necessary to correct and rectify the said error; provided,
however, that any interest, fine or penalty refunded under this section which has been
paid into the special unemployment security administration fund established pursuant
to R.S. 23:1513 shall be paid refunded out of such that fund. However, the
administrator has no authority to make any adjustment or correction which will
increase the contribution of any employing unit unless such adjustment or correction
is made within twelve months of the occurrence of the administrative error.
§1552. Financing benefits paid to employees of nonprofit organizations and of the
state, its instrumentalities and political subdivisions and Indian tribes or tribal units
A. Benefits paid to employees of the state, its political subdivisions and, employees
of nonprofit organizations, and employees of Indian tribes or tribal units, as defined
in R.S. 23:1472(12)(F)(I), (II), (IV), and (VII), shall be financed in accordance with
the provisions of this Section. For the purposes of this Section, a nonprofit
organization is an organization (or group of organizations) or group of organizations
described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code which is exempt from
income tax under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
B.(1) Any such employer, which is or becomes subject to this Chapter including any
Indian tribe or Indian tribal unit subject to the provisions of this Chapter on or after
December 21, 2000, shall pay contributions as provided for pursuant to this Part
unless it he elects, in accordance with this Subsection, to pay the administrator for the

unemployment fund an amount equal to the amount of regular and extended benefits
paid that is attributable to services in the employ of such the employer, to individuals
for weeks of unemployment which are attributable to the effective period of such the
election, and the , The liability for reimbursements shall continue so \underline{as} long as
unemployment benefits attributable to the services performed in the period of the
election are paid which are attributable to the services performed in the period of such
$\frac{\text{election}}{\text{elect}}$ even $\frac{\text{if}}{\text{if}}$ the employer $\frac{\text{may}}{\text{may}}$ subsequently $\frac{\text{elect}}{\text{elects}}$ to become a
contributing employer; however, as to nonprofit organizations, only one-half of the
amount of extended benefits paid shall be reimbursed to nonprofit organizations.
(2) Any such employer which is; or becomes; subject to the provisions of this
Chapter may elect to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions for a period
of not less than at least one calendar year provided it files a written notice of its
election with the administrator a written notice of its election within the thirty-day
period immediately following such the date, or within a like period, whichever occurs
later.
(3) Any such employer which who becomes subject to the provisions of this Chapter
may elect to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions for a period of not
less than at least one calendar year beginning with the date on which such subjectivity
begins he becomes subject to the provisions of this Chapter, by filing a written notice
of its election with the administrator not later than thirty days immediately following
the date notice of the determination of such subjectivity was mailed. Any Indian tribe
or Indian tribal unit may separately elect to become liable for payments in lieu of
contributions under and subject to the same conditions and manner as provided under
this Section by election $\frac{d}{d}$ the tribe for itself and each subdivision, subsidiary, or
business enterprise wholly owned by any such the Indian tribe or by group accounts
of individual tribal units.
(4) Any such employer which who makes an election in accordance with Paragraph
(2) or (3) of <u>pursuant to</u> this Subsection will continue to be liable for payment in lieu
of contributions until it he files a written notice terminating his election with the

1	administrator a written notice terminating its election not no later than thirty days
2	prior to the beginning of the calendar year for which such the termination shall first
3	be effective.
4	(5) Any such employer which who has been paying contributions pursuant to the
5	provisions of this Chapter may change to a reimbursable basis by filing a written
6	notice of election to become liable for payment in lieu of contributions with the
7	administrator not no later than thirty days prior to the beginning of any calendar year
8	a written notice of election to become liable for payment in lieu of contributions.
9	Such The election shall not be terminable by the organization for that year and the
10	next year.
11	(6) The administrator, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe, shall
12	notify each employer under the provisions of this Section of any determination which
13	he may make of it's the employer's status as an employer and of the effective date of
14	any election which it the employer makes and of any termination of such the election.
15	Such This determination shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions
16	of R.S. 23:1541.
17	C.(1) Payments in lieu of contributions shall be made in accordance with the
18	provisions of this Subsection.
19	(2) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end of any other period as the
20	administrator may prescribe by regulation, the administrator shall bill each employer,
21	or group of such employers, which who has elected to make payments in lieu of
22	contributions for an amount equal to the full amount of regular and extended benefits
23	paid during such quarter or other prescribed period that is attributable to services in
24	the employ of such the organizations; however, as to nonprofit organizations, only
25	one-half of the amount of extended benefits so paid shall be billed to nonprofit
26	organizations.
27	(3) (2) Payment of any <u>a</u> bill rendered under Paragraph (2) of this Subsection shall
28	be made not no later than thirty days after such the bill was mailed or otherwise
29	delivered to the employer's the last known address of the employer or was otherwise

1	delivered to it, unless there has been an application for review in accordance with
2	Paragraph (5) of this Subsection.
3	(4) (3) Payments made by any employer under pursuant to the provisions of this
4	Section shall not be deducted or deductible, in whole or in part, from the remuneration
5	of individuals in the employ of employed by the organization.
6	(5) (4) The amount for which any employer has been billed by the administrator
7	pursuant to this Subsection shall be conclusive on the employer unless an application
8	for review thereof is filed pursuant to R.S. 23:1541.
9	(6) (5) Past due payments of amounts in lieu of contributions shall be collectible and
10	shall be subject to the same interest and penalties as are prescribed in Part III of this
11	Chapter with respect to past due contributions.
12	(7) (6) With regard to any benefits paid to unemployed individuals pursuant to
13	Executive Orders KBB 2005-34, KBB 2005-46, and KBB 2005-76 and hurricane-
14	related layoffs, chargeable to the accounts of employers pursuant to this Section and
15	required to be reimbursed under pursuant to the provisions of this Subsection, such
16	reimbursement shall not be recouped. In the event that any employer pursuant subject
17	to this Section was insured by private entities offering any form of insurances, bonds,
18	certificates of deposit, or any other form of guarantee against unemployment claims
19	chargeable to the employer's account, the state shall have the right to recoup such the
20	funds from those private entities or their insurer for repayment of funds paid out of
21	the unemployment compensation trust fund for any unemployment claims covered in
22	this Section.
23	(8) Repealed by Acts 2008, No. 510, §2; Acts 2008, No. 512, §2, eff. June 28, 2008.
24	D. If an employer is delinquent in making payments in lieu of contributions as
25	required under Subsection C of this Section, the administrator may terminate such
26	the employer's election to make payments in lieu of contributions as of the beginning
27	of the next calendar year, and such the termination shall be effective for two
28	consecutive calendar years.

E.(1) Each employer who is liable for payments in lieu of contributions shall pay to
the administrator for the fund the amount of regular benefits plus the amount of
extended benefits paid (not reimbursed by the federal government) and not
reimbursed by the federal government, that are attributable to services in the employ
of such the employer, except in the following circumstances:
(a) Benefits paid to an individual pursuant to R.S. 23:1635 or through any
administrative error shall not be charged to the employer's account if it is finally
determined that such the claimant was not entitled to such the benefits or the
employer is held not to be liable for such the payments.
(b) Benefits paid to an individual who continues to remain in the employ of
employed by a base-period employer without a reduction in the number of hours
worked or wages paid shall not be charged to the employer's accounts. In addition,
any payment previously tendered to the administrator on behalf of claims subject to
these exceptions, which occur subsequent to July 23, 1981, shall be immediately
credited to the employer's account.
(2) If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by more than one
employer and one or more of such employers are liable for payments in lieu of
contributions, the amount attributable to each employer who is liable for such
payments shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid to
the individual as the total base-period wages paid to the individual by such the
employer bear to the total base-period wages paid to the individual by all of his
base-period employers.
(3)(a) Benefits shall not be charged to the base period employer's account if both of
the following conditions are met:
(i) Benefits are paid in a situation in which the unemployment is caused solely by an
act or omission of any third party or parties, or solely by such an act or omission in
combination with an act of God or an act of war. The determination of the
responsibility of any third party or parties shall be as determined by the Oil Pollution
Act, 33 U.S.C. §2701, et seq.

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- (ii) Reimbursement for such benefits shall have been paid by the responsible third party or parties into the Unemployment Trust Fund.
- (b) The amount owed by any responsible third party or parties shall equal the amount of regular and extended benefits paid to individuals as a result of the act or omission attributed to the responsible party or parties.
 - (c) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end of any other period as the administrator may prescribe by regulation, the administrator shall charge the responsible party or parties accordingly.
 - (d) This Paragraph is remedial and shall be retroactive to January 1, 2010.
 - F. Two or more employers, including Indian tribes or Indian tribal units, that have elected to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions, as provided for in this Chapter, may file a joint application to the administrator for the establishment of a group account for the purpose of sharing the cost of benefits paid that are attributable to services in the employ of such employers. Each such application shall identify and authorize a group representative to act as the group's agent for the purposes of this Subsection. Upon his approval of the application, the administrator shall establish a group account for such the employers effective as of the beginning of the calendar quarter in which he receives the application and shall notify the group's representative of the effective date of the account. Such account shall remain in effect for not less than two calendar years and thereafter until terminated at the discretion of the administrator or upon application by the group. Upon establishment of the account, each member of the group shall be liable for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to for each calendar quarter in the amount that bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid in such the quarter that are attributable to service performed in the employ of all members of the group as the total wages paid for service in employment by such member in quarter bear to the total wages paid during such the quarter for services performed in the employ of all members of the group. The administrator shall prescribe such regulations as he deems necessary with respect to for applications for establishment, maintenance, and termination of group accounts, that are

1	authorized by this Subsection for addition of new members to, and withdrawal of
2	active members from such accounts and for the determination of the amounts that are
3	payable under this Subsection by members of the group and the time and manner of
4	such the payments.
5	G. Any employer who elects to make payments in lieu of contributions into the
6	unemployment compensation fund, as provided in this Section, shall not be liable to
7	make such the payments with respect to for the benefits paid to any individual whose
8	base-period wages include wages for previously uncovered services as defined in R.S.
9	23:1600(7) to the extent that the unemployment compensation fund is reimbursed for
10	such benefits pursuant to Section 121 of P.L. 94-566, 26 U.S.C. §3304.
11	H. Notwithstanding any provision in this Chapter to the contrary, those benefits paid
12	to an individual in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 23:1611 through 1619
13	which are not reimbursed from federal funds shall be charged against the accounts or
14	the experience-rating records of the employer.
15	§1553. Noncharging of benefits; recoupment; social charge account; social charge
16	tax rate
17	A. Benefits charged after a requalification of a claimant pursuant to the requirements
18	of R.S. 23:1601(1), (2), (3), or (10) shall not be charged against the experience-rating
19	account of an employer when all of the following pertain apply:
20	(1) The employer timely files a separation notice alleging disqualification.
21	(2) Either a response to a notice of claim filed or a response to a notice to base period
22	employer is filed.
23	(3) The separation of the employee from the employer is determined to be under
24	disqualifying conditions.
25	B.(1) Amounts paid out pursuant to agency, appeal referee, board of review, or court
26	decisions which are waived by those bodies under pursuant to the provisions of R.S.
27	23:1713 shall be recouped as a social charge to all employers.

1	(2) Amounts Overpayments paid out to claimants as overpayments which that have
2	not been repaid to the fund by the prescription date will be recouped as a social charge
3	to all employers.
4	(3) Amounts owed by reimbursable employers which are uncollectible after one year
5	of the termination of the employing entity shall be recouped as a social charge to all
6	employers; however, such employers shall remain liable for such benefit charges.
7	(4) Amounts noncharged as a result of the application of R.S. 23:1602 relating to
8	approved training shall be recouped as a social charge to all employers.
9	(5) Amounts not charged against the experience-rating records of a base-period
10	employer pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 23:1533 shall be recouped as a social
11	charge to all employers.
12	(6) No amounts shall be credited to the Incumbent Worker Training Account as
13	provided under R.S. 23:1514 in any calendar year in which the applied trust fund
14	balance is less than seven hundred fifty million dollars. Furthermore, following
15	Following any year in which monies are appropriated from the Incumbent Worker
16	Training Account for use in the state general fund, such the appropriated amount shall
17	be subtracted from amounts to be charged pursuant to Paragraphs (7) and (9) of this
18	Subsection.
19	(7) Amounts not to exceed twenty million dollars to be credited to the Incumbent
20	Worker Training Account to fund the Incumbent Worker Training Program as
21	provided under R.S. 23:1514 shall be charged to this account only in any calendar
22	year in which the applied trust fund balance range as defined in R.S. 23:1474 is equal
23	to or greater than at least seven hundred fifty million dollars; but less than one billion
24	two hundred fifty million dollars and only in the amount necessary to bring the
25	balance of unobligated funds in such the subaccount to twenty million dollars.
26	(8)(a) Amounts not to exceed exceeding four million dollars, to be credited to the
27	Employment Security Administration Account, as provided under R.S. 23:1515 for
28	use expressly in the supplemental funding of costs associated with specific

1 unemployment insurance and employment functions, shall be restricted to those 2 provided according to the provisions of this Chapter for the following: 3 (i) Auditing of claims filed. 4 (ii) Recovery of amounts overpaid to claimants. (iii) Auditing of experience-rating accounts. 5 6 (iv) Recovery of delinquent contributions. 7 (v) Disposition of appeals. 8 (vi) Cash management and remittance processing. 9 (vii) Call center services. 10 (viii) Outreach to employers, employees, and unemployed persons. 11 (ix) Information technology services. 12 (x) Labor exchange services. 13 (b) Such amounts shall not be expended or be available for expenditure in any 14 manner which would permit their substitution for, or a corresponding reduction in, 15 federal funds which in the absence of such monies would be made available for the 16 administration of this Chapter. These amounts shall be charged to this account in a 17 calendar year in which the administrator deems necessary. 18 (9) Amounts not to exceed exceeding thirty-five million dollars to be credited to the 19 Incumbent Worker Training Account to fund the Incumbent Worker Training 20 Program as provided under R.S. 23:1514 shall be charged to this account only in any 21 calendar year in which the applied trust fund balance range as defined in R.S. 23:1474 22 is equal to or greater than one billion two hundred fifty million dollars and only in the 23 amount necessary to bring the balance of unobligated funds in such subaccount to 24 thirty-five million dollars. 25 (10) As used in this Chapter, the following terms shall be defined as follows: 26 (a) "Cash balance" means the actual cash balance in the Louisiana State Treasury 27 account and at the Louisiana Workforce Commission at the close of business on 28 September thirtieth.

1	(b) "Contractual obligations" means the open contract balance at the close of business
2	on September thirtieth.
3	(c) "Noncontractual obligations" means the allowable ten percent maximum for
4	administrative costs and the maximum amount to be allocated for small business
5	employee training costs allowable under by the law.
6	(d) "Unobligated funds" means the cash balance, less contractual obligations, less
7	noncontractual obligations.
8	(e) "Known required balance" means the cumulative balance of known charges to the
9	social charge account, less social charge contributions paid as of July thirty-first.
10	(f) "Projected income" means the sum total of rates according to the standard rate
11	table applicable to the ensuing experience rate year, exclusive of the add-on solvency
12	tax, computed in R.S. 23:1536 for active experience-rated employers on the
13	computation date times the taxable payroll for those active employers for the twelve-
14	month period ending on the computation date.
15	(11) Amounts noncharged as the result of the application of R.S. 23:1604 shall be
16	recouped as a social charge to all employers.
17	(12) Repealed by Acts 2007, No. 59, §2.
18	C. Recoupment of the charges set forth in Subsections A and B of this Section shall
19	be spread to all employers who pay, or are required to pay, contributions under
20	pursuant to this Chapter and shall be performed on the basis of charging all the
21	amounts called for to separate accounts. The total for these amounts shall be
22	computed as of June thirtieth of each year and designated as the social charge
23	account. However, benefits paid to employees of experience-rated employers
24	pursuant to Executive Orders KBB 2005-34, KBB 2005-46, and KBB 2005-76 shall
25	not be recouped by spreading the charges to all employers in this manner.
26	D.(1) The social charge rate shall be determined by dividing the known required
27	balance in the social charge account as of the computation date by the projected
28	income.

1	(2) The "known required balance" of the social charge account means the cumulative
2	balance of known charges to the social charge account, less social charge
3	contributions paid as of July thirty-first.
4	(3) The "projected income" means the sum total of rates according to the standard
5	rate table applicable to the ensuing experience rate year, exclusive of the add-on
6	solvency tax, computed in R.S. 23:1536 for active experience-rated employers on the
7	computation date times the taxable payroll for those active employers for the twelve-
8	month period ending on the computation date.
9	(4) (2) The social charge rate shall be computed to the nearest .01 percent. Each
10	employer's social charge rate shall be determined by multiplying the social charge rate
11	times his experience rate provided in R.S. 23:1536, rounded to the nearest .01 percent
12	and shall be in addition thereto.
13	(5) (3) In no event shall an employer's rate exceed 6.2 due to social charge
14	recoupment under this Section.
15	E. In the event that the proceeds from the social charge rate exceeds the required
16	amount in the social charge account, the excess shall be deducted from the required
17	amount in the social charge account for the succeeding year.
18	F. The provisions of this Section shall apply only to experience rated employers and
19	nothing . Nothing contained in this Section shall apply to reimbursable or
20	governmental rated employers, their accounts, or to benefits attributable to services
21	for reimbursable or governmental rated employers except as provided in Paragraph
22	(B)(3) of this Section.
23	G. The Incumbent Worker Training Program reauthorization shall be expressly
24	renewed by the legislature prior to July 1, 2018, in order for amounts to be charged
25	and credited to the Incumbent Worker Training Account in the following calendar
26	year for use in funding the program.
27	§1553.1. Prohibitions of noncharging due to employer fault
28	A. As used in this Section, the following words, terms, and phrases shall have the
29	meaning ascribed to them in this Section:

1	(1) "Employer's reserve account" means that account which contains the employer's
2	reserve as provided for in R.S. 23:1536(D)(1) R.S. 23:1536(C)(1).
3	(2) "Reimbursable employer's account" means that refers to the accounting method
4	provided for in R.S. 23:1552.
5	B. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 23:1601, no contributing employer's
6	reserve account or reimbursable employer's account shall be relieved of any charges
7	for benefits relating to an improper benefit payment to a claimant established after
8	October 21, 2013, if the improper benefit payment was made because the employer,
9	or an agent of the employer, was at fault for failing to respond timely or adequately
10	to the request of the administrator for information relating to a claim for benefits.
11	C. Any determination under pursuant to the provisions of this Section shall be
12	transmitted to the last known physical or electronic address provided by the employer
13	and may be appealed in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 23:1629 et seq.
14	D. The provisions of this Section shall be given retroactive effect to October 21,
15	2013.
15 16	2013.§1554. Rounding of employee wages and total wages
16	§1554. Rounding of employee wages and total wages
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16 17 18	§1554. Rounding of employee wages and total wages Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any amount of wages for each employee reported by an employer on a quarterly wage report, if not an even
16 17 18 19	§1554. Rounding of employee wages and total wages Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any amount of wages for each employee reported by an employer on a quarterly wage report, if not an even dollar amount, shall be rounded by the employer to the next nearest dollar amount by
16 17 18 19 20	§1554. Rounding of employee wages and total wages Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any amount of wages for each employee reported by an employer on a quarterly wage report, if not an even dollar amount, shall be rounded by the employer to the next nearest dollar amount by the employer. Additionally, any Any amount of total wages for of all employees
16 17 18 19 20 21	§1554. Rounding of employee wages and total wages Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any amount of wages for each employee reported by an employer on a quarterly wage report, if not an even dollar amount, shall be rounded by the employer to the next nearest dollar amount by the employer. Additionally, any Any amount of total wages for of all employees reported by an employer on a quarterly contribution report, if not an even dollar
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	§1554. Rounding of employee wages and total wages Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any amount of wages for each employee reported by an employer on a quarterly wage report, if not an even dollar amount, shall be rounded by the employer to the next nearest dollar amount by the employer. Additionally, any Any amount of total wages for of all employees reported by an employer on a quarterly contribution report, if not an even dollar amount, shall be rounded by the employer to the next nearest dollar amount by the
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	§1554. Rounding of employee wages and total wages Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any amount of wages for each employee reported by an employer on a quarterly wage report, if not an even dollar amount, shall be rounded by the employer to the next nearest dollar amount by the employer. Additionally, any Any amount of total wages for of all employees reported by an employer on a quarterly contribution report, if not an even dollar amount, shall be rounded by the employer to the next nearest dollar amount by the employer.
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	§1554. Rounding of employee wages and total wages Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any amount of wages for each employee reported by an employer on a quarterly wage report, if not an even dollar amount, shall be rounded by the employer to the next nearest dollar amount by the employer. Additionally, any Any amount of total wages for of all employees reported by an employer on a quarterly contribution report, if not an even dollar amount, shall be rounded by the employer to the next nearest dollar amount by the employer. PART IV. PERIOD, ELECTION AND TERMINATION
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	§1554. Rounding of employee wages and total wages Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any amount of wages for each employee reported by an employer on a quarterly wage report, if not an even dollar amount, shall be rounded by the employer to the next nearest dollar amount by the employer. Additionally, any Any amount of total wages for of all employees reported by an employer on a quarterly contribution report, if not an even dollar amount, shall be rounded by the employer to the next nearest dollar amount by the employer. PART IV. PERIOD, ELECTION AND TERMINATION OF EMPLOYERS' COVERAGE

any calendar year shall be deemed to be an employer during the whole of $\frac{1}{2}$
calendar year.
§1572. Termination of employer status; application for termination of coverage;
termination by administrator
Except as otherwise provided in R.S. 23:1573 and 1574, an employing unit shall cease
to be an employer subject to the provisions of this Chapter as of the first day of any
calendar year only if it he files a written application for termination of coverage with
the administrator during the first calendar quarter, ending March thirty-first of such
that year, a written application for termination of coverage, and the administrator
finds that the employing unit has not met any of the conditions for subjectivity to the
law during the preceding calendar year. If an employing unit has been inactive for
at least four consecutive quarters, the administrator on his own motion may terminate
coverage.
§1573. Election of coverage by unit not subject to law; termination of coverage
An Any employing unit, not otherwise subject to the provisions of this Chapter, which
that files with the administrator its written election to become an employer, subject
hereto for not less than two calendar years, with the administrator, shall, with the
written approval of such the election by the administrator, become an employer to the
same extent as all other employers, as of the date stated in such the approval, and shall
cease to be subject hereto as of January 1 of any calendar year subsequent to such two
calendar years, only if during the first calendar quarter ending March 31st of such that
year, it has filed with the administrator written notice to that effect, or the
administrator on his own motion has given notice of termination of coverage.
§1574. Election of coverage by unit for service not constituting employment;
termination of coverage
An employing unit for which any service that does not constitute employment as
defined in this Chapter is performed, may file with the administrator a written election
that all services performed by individuals in its employ in one or more distinct
establishments or places of business shall constitute employment by an employer for

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all the purposes of this Chapter for not less than two calendar years. Upon On the date of the administrator's written approval, of such election by the administrator, such service shall be deemed to constitute employment from and after the date stated in such approval. Such services shall cease to be deemed employment subject heretoas of until January 1; of any calendar year subsequent to such two calendar years, only if during the first calendar quarter ending March 31st of such the year the employing unit has filed with the administrator a written notice to that effect, or the administrator on his own motion has given notice of termination of coverage. §1575. Repealed by Acts 1977, No. 745, §14, eff. Jan. 1, 1978 §1576. Notice of separation Each employer shall file with the administrator a notice of separation from service with the administrator in a form prescribed by the administrator with respect to for each employee who leaves its his employ for any cause which may be potentially disqualifying and shall therein provide the date of separation, a full explanation of the cause or causes therefor, and all requested information about payments made to the separated employee. The notice shall be mailed, delivered, or transmitted to the administrator and to the separated employee within three days after the date on which the separation from service occurred. PART V. QUALIFICATIONS FOR BENEFITS §1591. Payment of benefits in general All benefits provided herein in this Part shall be payable from the fund. All benefits shall be and paid through employment offices, in accordance with such regulations as the administrator may prescribe. §1592. Weekly benefit amount A. Whenever a claimant's base period wages for insured work is not less than at least one thousand two hundred dollars, his weekly benefit amount shall be one twentyfifth of the average of his total wages for insured work paid during the four quarters of his base period. This amount, if not a multiple of one dollar, shall be computed to the next lowest multiple of one dollar.

B. The weekly benefit amount paid under pursuant to this Section shall be in
accordance with the provisions of R.S. 23:1474, but in no event shall be more than
sixty-six and two-thirds percent of this state's average weekly wage as computed by
the administrator as of the immediately preceding previous March thirty-first; for For
purposes of this Section, the average weekly wage computed for any March thirty-
first shall not apply to benefit years which begin prior to the September first
immediately following such March thirty-first.
C. The weekly benefit amount paid under this Section to unemployed individuals
filing a new claim for benefits on and after the first Monday of January, 1988, shall
be discounted by seven percent.
D. The weekly benefit amount paid under this Section to unemployed individuals
filing a new claim for benefits on and after the first Monday of January, 1989, shall
be further discounted by five percent.
E. In no event shall the weekly amount paid under this Section be more than two
hundred eighty-four dollars.
F. The weekly benefit amount pursuant to this Section to unemployed individuals
filing a new claim for benefits may be modified in accordance with the provisions in
R.S. 23:1474. In no event shall the weekly amount paid pursuant to this Section be
more than as designated in R.S. 23:1474 nor less than ten dollars.
G. For any payment of benefits an An individual claimant may elect to deduct and
withhold federal income tax from such payable benefits, any payment of benefits, in
accordance with a manner prescribed under federal law and under a program
approved by the secretary of the United States Department of Labor. Any such
deduction and withholding shall be applied by an amount equal to the amount
allowable under federal law.
H. Any benefits payable to an individual based upon service in the employ of
employment by an Indian tribe or Indian tribal unit shall be payable in the same
amount and subject to the same terms and conditions as benefits payable on the basis
of other employment subject under this Chapter.

1 §1593. Weekly benefits payable; deduction of earnings 2 An eligible individual who is employed in any week shall be paid with respect to such 3 week a benefit equal to his weekly benefit amount less any wages payable to him with 4 respect to such for that week in excess of fifty percent of his current weekly benefit 5 amount, or fifty dollars, whichever is lower. This benefit, if not a multiple of one 6 dollar, shall be computed to the nearest multiple of one dollar. 7 §1594. Benefits for fractional week 8 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Chapter, the administrator may by 9 regulation prescribe by regulation that the existence of unemployment, eligibility for 10 benefits, and the amount of benefits payable shall be determined, in the case of any 11 otherwise eligible claimant who, within a week of unemployment is separated from, 12 or secures, work on a regular attachment basis, for that portion of the week occurring 13 before or after such separation from or securing of work, provided such the 14 regulations are reasonably calculated to secure general results substantially similar to 15 those provided by this Chapter with respect to weeks of unemployment. 16 §1595. Duration of benefits 17 A. Any otherwise eligible individual shall be entitled during any benefit year to a 18 total amount of benefits equal to twenty-six times his weekly benefit amount as 19 determined pursuant to R.S. 23:1592 provided that such the total amount of benefits, 20 if not a multiple of one dollar, shall be are computed to the nearest multiple of one 21 dollar. No claimant shall receive a benefit check for any week beyond the number of 22 weeks computed on his initial claim unless that claimant is participating in a program 23 providing partial unemployment as set forth in R.S. 23:1472(19)(a), or a Shared-Work 24 Plan as set forth in R.S. 23:1750, or has been paid wages for part-time or full-time 25 work. Further, if a base period employer has provided severance pay, which when 26 prorated weekly is an amount which equals or exceeds the claimant's weekly benefit 27 amount, the claimant's benefit entitlement computed under this Subsection shall be 28 reduced by one week for each week of severance pay, provided that no claimant's

entitlement shall be reduced to less than one week.

1	B. For the purposes of this Section, "wages" shall be counted as "wages for insured
2	work" for the benefit purposes with respect to any benefit year only if the benefit year
3	begins subsequent to the date on which the employing unit by whom the wages were
4	paid became an employer within the meaning of this Chapter.
5	§1596. Rounding of benefits to next nearest dollar
6	Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law to the contrary, any amount of
7	unemployment compensation payable to any individual for any week, if not an even
8	dollar amount, shall be computed to the next lowest multiple of one dollar. Provided,
9	however, that when wage record files are posted, all wages shall be rounded to the
10	nearest dollar.
11	§1597. Benefits due deceased claimant; payment to dependents or representatives
12	The administrator may prescribe regulations to provide for the payment of benefits
13	which are due and payable; to the legal representative, dependents, relatives or next
14	of kin of claimants since deceased. These regulations need not conform with the laws
15	governing successions, and such the payment shall be deemed a valid payment to the
16	same extent as if made under a formal administration of the succession of the
17	claimant.
18	§1598. Wages earned but unpaid as basis for benefits payable
19	For the purposes of this Part, the administrator shall, in determining benefit rights of
20	a claimant, treat wages earned as wages paid:
21	(1) In those cases where the when an employer has failed to make payment thereof
22	in accordance with his contract, regular practice, or custom; or and
23	(2) In those cases where the employee would have been eligible to receive benefits
24	had wages been paid when earned.
25	§1599. Waiver of certified mail requirement
26	An employer, his duly authorized representative, or the claimant, may waive the right
27	under this Chapter to receive written notices or determinations by certified mail. The
28	waiver shall be in writing and shall be mailed or transmitted electronically to the
29	office of unemployment insurance administration within the Louisiana Workforce

1	Commission. If the right to receive written notices and determinations by certified
2	mail has been waived, written notices or determinations may be transmitted by first
3	class mail or by electronic delivery. A notice or determination is deemed delivered
4	when it has been mailed or electronically transmitted.
5	§1600. Benefit eligibility conditions
6	An unemployed individual shall be eligible to receive benefits only if the
7	administrator finds that:
8	(1) He has made a claim for benefits in accordance with the provisions of R.S.
9	23:1621 and R.S. 23:1622.
10	(2) He has registered for work at, and thereafter and has continued to report in
11	accordance with such the regulations as the administrator may prescribe. The
12	administrator may, by regulation, waive or alter either or both of the requirements of
13	this Section as to such types of cases or situations with respect to which if he finds
14	that compliance with such the requirements would be oppressive; or would be
15	inconsistent with the purposes of this Chapter; but no such unless the regulation shall
16	conflicts with R.S. 23:1591.
17	(3)(a) He is able to work, available for work, and is conducting an active search for
18	work.
19	(b)(i) For the purpose of this Section, a claimant shall have satisfied the requirements
20	of making an active search for work if he is pursuing a course of action to become
21	reemployed as contained in his eligibility review and reemployment assistance plan
22	approved by the administrator. The reemployment assistance plan shall not contain
23	factors which, when judged on the basis of reasonableness for a similarly unemployed
24	worker to follow, would be contrary to the individual's interest, taking into account
25	the claimant's qualifications for work, the distance of his residence from employing
26	establishments, his prior work history, and current labor market conditions related to
27	his normal and customary occupation.
28	(ii) The claimant shall have satisfied the requirement for an active search for work
29	if he has a reemployment assistance plan, is a paid-up union member of a recognized

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craft union, and is, and continues to be, available to his union for referrals to job openings listed with his union. To reflect his availability for work with his union, he shall report to the hiring hall of his union at least once each week and maintain evidence of having done so by securing a union officer's signature on his unemployment booklet each week when he reports as able and available for work. If the domicile of the paid-up member of a craft union is located in excess of twenty miles round trip from his union office, the member shall call his union office at least once a week to reflect his availability for work. (iii) An The claimant shall maintain an unemployment booklet shall be maintained by the claimant for review of his continuing eligibility by employment security representatives as evidence of his continuing search for work. The claimant shall have satisfied this requirement if he is partially employed by an employer subject to the Louisiana Employment Security Law and holds himself available for reemployment at his last place of work; or, if he is on temporary layoff from his regular work and holds himself available for reemployment at his last place of work. (iv) Repealed by Acts 1992, No. 453, §1. (4) He has been unemployed for a waiting period of one week. No week shall be counted as a week of unemployment for the purpose of this Subsection: (a) Unless it occurs within the benefit year which includes the week with respect to for which he claims payment of benefits. (b) If benefits have been paid with respect thereto. (c) Unless the individual was eligible for benefits with respect thereto as provided in this Section and in R.S. 23:1601, except for the requirements of this Paragraph and Paragraph (5) of R.S. 23:1601. (5) He has during his base period been paid wages for insured work equal to at least one and one-half times the wages paid to him in that calendar quarter in which his wages were the highest. For the purposes of this Subsection, wages shall be counted as "wages for insured work" for benefit purposes with respect to any benefit year only if such the benefit year begins subsequent to the date on which the employing unit,

1	by which such wages were paid, became an employer within the meaning of any
2	provision of this Chapter.
3	(6)(a) Benefits based on service in employment defined in R.S. 23:1472(12)(F)(I)
4	(II), (IV), and (VII) shall be payable in the same amount, on the same terms and
5	subject to the same conditions as benefits payable on the basis of other services
6	subject to this Act; except that in the following circumstances:
7	(i) With respect to service Service performed in an instructional, research, or
8	principal administrative capacity for any educational institution, including institutions
9	of higher education and local public school systems, benefits shall not be paid based
10	on such service for any week of unemployment commencing during the period
11	between two successive academic years, or during a similar period between two
12	regular but not successive terms, or during a period of paid sabbatical leave provided
13	for in the individual's contract, to any individual if such the individual performs such
14	the services in the first of such the academic years (or terms) academic year or term
15	and if there is a contract or a reasonable assurance that $\underline{\text{such}}\ \underline{\text{the}}$ individual will
16	perform services in any such capacity for any educational institution in the second of
17	such academic years or terms academic year or term. The provisions of this
18	Paragraph shall include any service performed in an instructional, research, or
19	principal administrative capacity including service performed by a temporary or
20	uncertified teacher or instructor.
21	(ii) With respect to services Services performed in any other capacity for an
22	educational institution, including crossing guards, whether employed by a school
23	board or another political subdivision of the state, benefits shall not be paid to any
24	individual on the basis of such services for any week which commences during a
25	period between two successive academic years or terms if such the individual
26	performs such the services in the first of such academic years or terms academic year
27	or term and there is a letter of assurance that such the individual will perform such the
28	services in the second of such academic years or terms, except that if academic year
29	or term, unless compensation is denied to any individual under this Subparagraph and

such individual when he was not offered an opportunity to perform such services for
the educational institution for the second of such academic years or terms, such
individual academic year or term, he shall be entitled to a retroactive payment of
compensation for each week for which the individual filed a timely claim for
compensation and for which compensation was denied solely by reason of this clause.
(iii) With respect to any services described in clause (i) or (ii) compensation
Compensation that is payable on the basis of such services shall be denied to any
individual for any week which commences during an established and customary
vacation period or holiday recess if such an individual performs such services in the
period immediately before such <u>a</u> vacation period or holiday recess, and there is a
reasonable assurance that such the individual will perform such the services in the
period immediately following such the vacation period or holiday recess.
(iv) With respect to any services described in clause (i) or (ii), compensation payable
on the basis of services in any such capacity shall be denied as specified in clauses (i),
(ii), and (iii) "Educational service agency" means a governmental agency or
governmental entity which is established and operated exclusively for the purpose of
providing services to one or more educational institutions. The provisions of this
Subparagraph shall apply to any individual who performed such services in any
educational institution, while in the employ of an educational service agency, or to
any crossing guards, whether employed by a school board or another political
subdivision of the state, and for this purpose the term "educational service agency"
means a governmental agency or governmental entity which is established and
operated exclusively for the purpose of providing such services to one or more
educational institutions.
(b) Benefits shall not be paid to any individual on the basis of any for services;
substantially all of which consist of participating in sports or athletic events or
training or preparing to so participate, for any week which commences during the
period between two successive sport seasons or similar periods if such the individual
performed such the services in the first of such seasons or similar periods season or

similar period and there	e is a reasonable assurance that such individual he will perform
such services in the lat	er of such seasons or similar periods the services in the later
season or similar perio	<u>d</u> .
(c)(l) (c)(i) Benefits s	hall not be paid on the basis of for service performed by an
alien unless the alien is	an individual who has been lawfully admitted for permanent
residence at the time th	e services were performed, was lawfully present for purposes
of performing such serv	vices or otherwise is permanently residing in the United States
under color of law at th	ne time such services were performed, including an alien who
is lawfully present in th	te United States as a result of the application of the provisions
of Section 203(a)(7)* o	r Section 212(d)(5)** of the Immigration and Nationality Act
not lawfully present or	authorized to work in the United States.
(II) (ii) Any data or i	nformation required of individuals applying for benefits to
determine whether ben	efits are not payable to them because of their of an individual
because of his alien stat	cus shall be uniformly required from all applicants for benefits.
(III) (iii) In the case of	an individual whose application for benefits would otherwise
be approved, no determ	ination that benefits to such individual are not payable because
of his alien status shall	be made except upon a preponderance of the evidence.
(7) With respect to we	eeks of unemployment, wages for insured work shall include
wages paid for previou	sly uncovered services. For the purposes of this Subsection,
the term "previously un	ncovered services" means services:
(a) Which services wh	nich were not employment as defined in Section 1472(12) of
this Chapter and were n	ot services covered pursuant to Sections 1573, 1574, and 1575
of this Chapter, at any	time during one-year period ending December 31, 1975; and
(b)(1) Which and which	ch is agricultural labor (as defined in Section 1472(12)(F)(V)
of this Title) or domesti	ic service (as defined in Section 1472(12)(F)(VI) of this Title);
or	
(2) Which which are s	services performed by an employee of a political subdivision
of this state, as provide	d in Section 1472(12)(F)(I) of this Title, or by an employee of
a nonprofit educational	institution which is not an institution of higher education, as

1	provided in Section 1472(12)(F)(II) of this Title, except to the extent that assistance
2	under Title II of the Emergency Jobs and Unemployment Assistance Act of 1974***
3	was paid on the basis of such services.
4	(8)(a) An individual filing a new claim for unemployment compensation shall, at the
5	time of filing such claim, disclose whether or not the individual he owes child support
6	obligations as defined under R.S. 23:1693(G). If any such individual discloses that
7	he or she owes child support obligations and is determined to be eligible for
8	unemployment compensation, the administrator shall notify the state or local child
9	support enforcement agency enforcing such the obligation that the individual has been
10	determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation.
11	(b) This Paragraph applies The provisions of this Paragraph apply only if appropriate
12	arrangements have been made for reimbursement by the state or local child support
13	enforcement agency for the administrative costs incurred by the administrator under
14	this Paragraph which are attributable to child support obligations being enforced by
15	the state or local child support enforcement agency.
16	*8 U.S.C.A. §1153(a)(7).
17	**8 U.S.C.A. §1182(d)(5).
18	***See note under 26 U.S.C.A. §3304.
19	§1601. Disqualification for benefits
20	An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:
21	(1)(a) If the administrator finds that he has left his employment from a base period
22	or subsequent employer without good cause attributable to a substantial change made
23	to the employment by the employer. Such disqualification shall continue until such
24	time as the claimant can requalify by demonstrating that he:
25	(i) Has been paid wages for work subject to the Louisiana Employment Security Law
26	or to the unemployment insurance law of any other state or the United States
27	equivalent to at least ten times his weekly benefit amount following the week in
28	which the disqualifying separation occurred.
29	(ii) Has not left his last work under disqualifying circumstances.

(b)(i) If he is working as a temporary employee employed and paid by a staffing firm
and fails, without good cause, to contact the staffing firm for reassignment. The
employee will be deemed to have voluntarily left his employment and will be
disqualified for unemployment compensation benefits pursuant to this Section if,
upon conclusion of his latest assignment, he fails to contact the staffing firm for
reassignment. A temporary employee shall not be deemed to have resigned his
position if he is not advised at the time of hire that he must report for reassignment
upon conclusion of each assignment and that unemployment compensation benefits
may be denied for failure to do so.
(ii) For the purposes of this Section, the following terms shall have the meanings
hereinafter ascribed to them:
(aa) "Staffing firm" means a business that hires and pays its own employees and
assigns them to clients to support or supplement the client's workforce in work
situations such as employee absences, temporary skill shortages, seasonal workloads,
and special assignments and projects.
(bb) "Temporary employee" means an employee assigned to work for the clients of
a staffing firm.
(c) No one shall be disqualified for benefits under pursuant to the provisions of this
Paragraph for leaving part-time or interim employment in order to protect his
full-time or regular employment; . the <u>The</u> terms "part-time", "interim", "full-time",
and "regular" employment shall be defined by regulation adopted by the administrator
in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act. Benefits paid under pursuant
to this provision shall not be charged against the experience rating of a part-time or
interim employer as so defined but shall be recouped as a social charge to all
employers in accordance with R.S. 23:1553(D). Furthermore, no one receiving
WARN Act payments pursuant to 29 U.S.C. 2104 shall be disqualified for benefits
under pursuant to the provisions of this Paragraph for refusing to leave part-time,
interim, or full-time employment to return to work for the employer issuing such
payments.

(2)(a) If the administrator finds that he has been discharged by a base period or
subsequent employer for misconduct connected with his employment. Misconduct
means mismanagement of a position of employment by action or inaction, neglect that
places in jeopardy the lives or property of others, dishonesty, wrongdoing, violation
of a law, or violation of a policy or rule adopted to insure orderly work or the safety
of others. Such disqualification shall continue until such time as the claimant can
requalify by demonstrating that he:
(i) Has been paid wages for work subject to the Louisiana Employment Security Law
or to the unemployment insurance laws of any other state or of the United States
equivalent to at least ten times his weekly benefit amount following the week in
which the disqualifying separation occurred.
(ii) Has not left his last work under disqualifying circumstances.
(b) Repealed by Acts 1997, No. 195, §1, eff. Jan. 1, 1998.
(c) (b) If the administrator finds that such the misconduct has impaired the right,
damaged, or misappropriated the property of, or has damaged the reputation of a base
period employer, then the wage credits earned by the individual with the employer
shall be cancelled and no benefits shall be paid on the basis of wages paid to the
individual by such <u>his</u> employer.
(3)(a) If the administrator finds that he has failed, without good cause, either to apply
for available, suitable work when so directed by the administrator or to accept suitable
work when offered him, or to return to his customary self-employment, if any, when
so directed by the administrator. Such disqualification shall continue until such time
as the claimant (a) can demonstrate that he has been paid wages for work subject to
the Louisiana Employment Security Law or the unemployment insurance law of any
other state or the United States, equivalent to at least ten times his weekly benefit
amount following the week in which the disqualifying act occurred and (b) has not
left his last work under disqualifying circumstances.
(a) (b) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, the
administrator shall consider the degree of risk involved to his health, safety and

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morals, his physical fitness and prior training, his experience, his length of unemployment, his prospects for securing local work in his customary occupation, the distance of the available work from his residence, and his highest level of educational attainment as evidenced by a formal degree. In addition, the administrator shall consider the individual's prior earnings unless employment is offered by a base period employer, in which case the rate of remuneration and the level of skill shall be equal to or greater than the highest amount paid the employee in his former employment with said base period employer; but, in no case shall the employee be required to accept remuneration from any employer at a level below sixty percent of his highest rate of pay in his base period; nor shall he be required to accept remuneration at less than the employer pays other employees with comparable skills, nor shall such employee be required to accept compensation at a rate below the scale provided in any employee agreement to which he or his agent is a party. (b) (c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Chapter, no work shall be deemed suitable and benefits shall not be denied under this Chapter to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions: (i) If the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute. (ii) If the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality. (iii) If, as a condition of being employed, the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization. (iv) If, in the written opinion of the individual's personal physician, the work is deemed to be clearly hazardous to the health of said the individual. The administrator shall prepare a special form to be used by physicians to certify as to the specific hazards posed to the claimant's health by the job, as well as to expedite the processing of claims and to assure that physicians are aware of their responsibilities under

2 provisions of R.S. 23:1711(A). 3 (4) For any week with respect to in which the administrator finds that his 4 unemployment is due to a labor strike, as defined in R.S. 23:900(1), which is in active progress at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which he is or was last 5 6 employed; but such disqualification shall not apply if his unemployment is due to a 7 labor lockout, as defined in R.S. 23:900(2), or if it is shown to the satisfaction of the 8 administrator that he is not participating in or interested in the labor strike which 9 caused his unemployment. In determining whether a strike exists, the administrator 10 shall not inquire into the cause or causes of the strike if the strike is approved or 11 sanctioned by a labor organization that represents the individual. For the purposes of 12 this Paragraph, if separate branches of work, which are commonly conducted as separate businesses in separate premises, are conducted in separate departments of the 13 14 same premises, each such department shall be deemed to be a separate factory, 15 establishment, or other premises. 16 (5) For any week with respect to which or a part of in which or in part of which he 17 has received or is seeking unemployment benefits under an unemployment 18 compensation law of another state or of the United States, provided that if the 19 appropriate agency of such other state or of the United States finally determines that 20 he is not entitled to such unemployment benefits this disqualification shall not apply. 21 If the Congress of the United States passes any law providing for unemployment 22 compensation benefits intended as a supplement to the benefits provided by this 23 Chapter this disqualification shall not apply. 24 (6) Repealed by Acts 1977, No. 745, §17, eff. Sept. 9, 1977. 25 (7) For any week with respect to for which he is receiving or has received 26 remuneration in the form of: 27 (a) Wages in lieu of notice;

pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter. The special form also shall cite the

1	(b) Compensation for temporary partial disability, temporary total disability, or total
2	and permanent disability under pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Law of any
3	state or under a similar law of the United States;.
4	(c) Payments under any retirement or pension plan, system, or policy provided by a
5	private employer or the state of Louisiana or any of its instrumentalities or political
6	subdivisions, and towards the cost of which a base period employer is contributing
7	or has contributed on behalf of the individual; or by the entire prorated weekly
8	amount of any governmental or other pension, retirement or retired pay, annuity, or
9	any other similar periodic payment which is based on any previous work of such the
10	individual but only if such the reduction is required as a condition for full tax credit
11	against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act.
12	(d)(i) For purposes of this Section, whenever the employer or employing unit, or his
13	designated representative, or any vacation plan or any dismissal plan makes a
14	payment or payments, or holds ready to make such payment to an individual as
15	vacation pay, or as a vacation pay allowance, or as pay in lieu of vacation, or
16	dismissal pay, or severance pay, such payment shall be deemed "wages" as defined
17	in Section 1472(20)(A) prorated for the period of time which it would have taken such
18	the individual to earn such the remuneration during the employment in which such
19	payments accrued, excluding any overtime payments.
20	(ii) During a period of temporary layoff for the purpose of this Subparagraph, when
21	an agreement between the employer and a bargaining unit representative does not
22	allocate vacation pay allowance or pay in lieu of vacation to a specified period of
23	time, the payment by the employer or his designated representative will be deemed
24	to be "wages" as defined in Section 1472(20)(A) in the week or weeks the vacation
25	is actually taken.
26	(e) If the amount payable under_(a), (b), (c), and (d) above with respect to any week
27	is less than the benefits which would otherwise be due under this Chapter , he shall be
28	entitled to receive for such the benefit period, if otherwise eligible, benefits reduced
29	by the amount of such remuneration. If any such benefits, payable under this

2	multiple of one dollar, they shall be adjusted to the nearest multiple of one dollar.
3	(f) WARN Act payments received pursuant to 29 U.S.C. 2104.
4	(8)(a) For the week, or fraction thereof, with respect to which he makes a false
5	statement or representation knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails to disclose a
6	material fact in obtaining or increasing benefits, whether or not he is successful in
7	obtaining or increasing benefits, or otherwise due to his fraud receives any amount
8	as benefits under this Chapter to which he was not entitled, for the remainder of the
9	benefit year subsequent to the commission of the fraudulent act and continuing for the
10	fifty-two weeks which immediately follow the week in which such the determination
11	was made. All benefits paid with respect to such for those weeks shall be immediately
12	due and on demand paid to the administrator for the fund in accordance with
13	department regulations to the administrator for the fund and such. The individual
14	shall not be entitled to further benefits until repayment has been made or the claim for
15	repayment has prescribed. If information indicating a claimant has earned any
16	unreported wages for weeks claimed is obtained by the administrator, prior to the
17	administrator rendering a determination on the issue, the claimant shall be notified by
18	mail or other delivery method. The claimant shall have seven days from the date of
19	mailing to respond, or if notice is not by mail, then the claimant shall have seven days
20	from the delivery date of such the notice to respond.
21	(b) A claim for repayment under this Section shall prescribe against the state ten
22	years from the date the administrator determines that repayment is due. This
23	prescription shall be interrupted for the period of time during which an appeal is
24	pending, by the filing of suit for collection by the administrator, or by an
25	acknowledgment or partial payment of the indebtedness. Any disqualification
26	decision or determination pursuant to this Paragraph may be appealed in the same
27	manner as from any other disqualification imposed under pursuant to the provisions
28	of this Chapter.

Subsection, after being reduced by the amount of such remuneration, are not an even

1	(9)(a) If the administrator finds that he has not, subsequent to the beginning of the
2	next preceding benefit year with respect to for which he received benefits, had work
3	and earned wages for insured work in an amount equal to whichever is the lesser of:
4	(i) Three-thirteenths of wages paid to him during that quarter of his current base
5	period in which such his wages were highest; and.
6	(ii) Six times the weekly benefit amount applicable to his current benefit year.
7	(b) This disqualification shall continue until such time as the claimant can
8	demonstrate that he has had earnings as specified in this Subsection.
9	(10)(a) If the administrator finds that he has been discharged by a base period or
10	subsequent employer for the use of illegal drugs. For the purposes of this Paragraph,
11	"misconduct" shall include discharge for either on or off the job use of a
12	nonprescribed controlled substance as defined in 21 U.S.C. 812 Schedules I, II, III,
13	IV, and V. In order to support disqualification for drug use under this provision, the
14	employer must prove the employee's use of the controlled substance only by a
15	preponderance of the evidence. In meeting this burden, the only results of employer-
16	administered tests that shall be considered admissible evidence are those that are the
17	result of the testing for drug usage done by the employer pursuant to a written and
18	promulgated substance abuse rule or policy established by the employer. Discharge
19	of an employee for refusal to submit to a drug test, as set forth above, shall be
20	presumed to be for misconduct. Such disqualification shall continue until such time
21	as the claimant can requalify by demonstrating that he:
22	(i) Has been paid wages for work subject to the Louisiana Employment Security Law
23	or the unemployment insurance law of any other state of the United States equivalent
24	to at least ten times his weekly benefit amount following the week in which the
25	disqualifying separation occurred.
26	(ii) Has not left his last work under disqualifying circumstances.
27	(b) Furthermore, upon Upon requalification, such the claimant's benefits, as
28	computed pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 23:1592 and R.S. 23:1595, shall be
29	discounted by fifty percent for the remainder of his benefit year.

1	(c) All sample collection and testing for drugs under this Chapter shall be performed
2	in accordance with the following conditions:
3	$(i) \ The \ collection \ of \ samples \ shall \ be \ performed \ under \ reasonably \ sanitary \ conditions.$
4	(ii) Samples shall be collected and tested with due regard to the privacy of the
5	individual being tested, and in a manner reasonably calculated to prevent substitutions
6	or interference with the collection or testing of reliable samples.
7	(iii) Sample collection shall be documented, and the documentation procedures shall
8	include :
9	(aa) Labeling the labeling of samples so as to reasonably to preclude the probability
10	of erroneous identification of test results; and an
11	(bb) An opportunity for the employee to provide notification of any information
12	which he considers relevant to the test, including identification of currently or
13	recently used prescription or nonprescription drugs, or other relevant medical
14	information.
15	(iv) Sample collection, storage, and transportation to the place of testing shall be
16	performed so as to reasonably to preclude the probability of sample contamination or
17	adulteration; and.
18	(v) Sample testing shall conform to scientifically accepted analytical methods and
19	procedures. Testing shall include verification or confirmation of any positive test
20	result by gas chromatography, gas chromatography-mass spectroscopy, or other
21	comparably reliable analytical method, before the result of any test may be used as
22	a basis for any disqualification under R.S. 23:1601(10). Test results which do not
23	exclude the possibility of passive inhalation of marijuana may not be used as a basis
24	for disqualification under this Paragraph. However, test results which indicate that
25	the concentration of total urinary cannabinoids as determined by immunoassay equals
26	or exceeds fifty nanograms/ml shall exclude the possibility of passive inhalation.
27	(d) Within the terms of the policy, an employer may require the collection and testing
28	of samples for the following purposes:
29	(i) Investigation of possible individual employee impairment.

2	(iii) Maintenance of safety for employees or the general public; or security of
3	property or information.
4	(iv) Maintenance of productivity, quality of products or services, or security of
5	property or information.
6	(e) All information, interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, or test results
7	received by the employer through its drug testing program are confidential
8	communications and may not be used or received in evidence, obtained in discovery,
9	or disclosed in any public or private proceeding, except in a proceeding related to an
10	action under R.S. 23:1601(10) pursuant to Paragraph (10) of this Section in a claim
11	for unemployment compensation proceeding, hearing, or civil litigation where drug
12	use by the tested employee is relevant.
13	(f) No cause of action for defamation of character, libel, slander, or damage to
14	reputation arises in favor of any person against an employer who has established a
15	program of drug or alcohol testing in accordance with this Chapter, unless:
16	(i) The results of that test were disclosed to any person other than the employer, an
17	authorized employee or agent of the employer, the tested employee, or the tested
18	prospective employee;
19	(ii) The information disclosed was based on a false test result; and.
20	(iii) All elements of an action for defamation of character, libel, slander, or damage
21	to reputation as established by statute or common law, are satisfied.
22	(11) If the administrator finds that he has not, subsequent to participating in a work
23	release program for inmates in custodial or penal institutions, worked and earned
24	wages for insured work.
25	§1602. Denial of benefits to individuals taking approved training prohibited;
26	ineligibility of certain students; benefits payable to individuals taking approved
27	training not to be charged to experience rating record of base period employers
28	(1) Notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this Chapter, no otherwise eligible
29	individual shall be denied benefits for any week because he is in training with the

(ii) Investigation of accidents in the workplace or incidents of workplace theft.

approval of the Administrator administrator, nor shall such any individual be denied
benefits with respect to for any week in which he is in training with the approval of
the Administrator administrator by reason of the application of provisions in R.S.
23:1600(3), relating to availability for work and the provisions of R.S. 23:1601(3),
relating to failure, without good cause, either to apply for available, suitable work
when so directed by the Administrator administrator or to accept suitable work when
offered him, or to return to his customary self-employment, (if any) if any when so
directed by the Administrator administrator.
(2) An individual, except as provided in Subsection (1) of this section Paragraph (1)
of this Section, will be deemed unavailable for work in any week in which it is found
that the individual is attending a regularly established school, college, university,
hospital, or training school, (excluding excluding, however, night school or part-time
training courses, vocational technical schools and apprenticeship classes, or
is in any vacation period intervening between regular school terms during which he
is a student of any such regularly established educational institution, hospital, or
training school. However, these provisions do not apply to any individual who,
subsequent to his enrollment in and while attending a regularly established school, has
been regularly employed and upon becoming unemployed makes an effort to secure
work and holds himself available for suitable work with his last employer, or holds
himself available for any other employment deemed suitable. If it is found that any
individual received benefits who was not eligible therefor by reason of having
resumed the status of a student at the end of a vacation period, such the individual will
be liable to repay a sum equal to the benefits thus received.
(3) Notwithstanding any provision of the law to the contrary, for the purposes of R.S.
23:1536, any benefits paid to individuals, who are in approved training with the
approval of the administrator, shall not be charged to the experience rating record of
base period employers.
§1603. Prohibition against disqualification of individuals in approved training

1	A. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Chapter, no individual who is
2	otherwise eligible for benefits shall be denied benefits for any week he is in training
3	approved under pursuant to 19 U.S.C. §2296 because of any of the following:
4	(1) he The individual left work to enter such training, provided the work left is not
5	suitable employment , or .
6	(2) of Of the application of any state or federal unemployment compensation law
7	relating to availability for work, active search for work, or refusal to accept work.
8	B. For purposes of this Section, the term "suitable employment" means with respect
9	to an individual, work of a substantially equal or higher skill level than the
10	individual's past adversely affected employment, as defined for purposes of the Trade
11	Act of 1974, 19 U.S.C. §2101, et seq., and for which the wages are not less than
12	eighty percent of the individual's prior average weekly wage as determined for the
13	purposes of the Trade Act of 1974.
14	§1604. Self-employment assistance program
15	A. Definitions. The following terms shall have the definitions ascribed in this
16	Section unless the context indicates otherwise:
17	(1) "Regular benefits" means benefits payable to an individual under pursuant to this
18	Chapter, including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to former
19	members of the United States armed forces pursuant to 5 USC, Chapter 85, other than
20	additional benefits, extended benefits, and extended benefits for dislocated workers.
21	Individuals who have exhausted regular unemployment compensation are ineligible
22	for self-employment assistance allowances. Individuals may not receive self-
23	employment assistance allowances in lieu of federal-state extended benefits,
24	additional benefits entirely financed by the state, any wholly funded federal extension
25	of unemployment compensation, or other types of compensation not meeting the
26	definition of regular unemployment compensation.
27	(2) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Louisiana Workforce
28	Commission.

(3) "Self-employment assistance activities" means activities approved by the
executive director in which an individual participates for the purpose of establishing
a business and becoming self-employed. "Self-employment assistance activities"
must shall include but are not limited to entrepreneurial training, business counseling,
and technical assistance. If these activities are not available, an individual pursuing
self-employment will not be eligible for self-employment assistance allowances.
(4) "Self-employment assistance allowance" means an allowance payable, in lieu of
regular benefits, from the unemployment compensation fund to an individual who
meets the requirements of this Section.
(5) "Self-employment assistance program" means a program under which an
individual who meets the requirements described in Subsection D of this Section is
eligible to receive an allowance in lieu of regular benefits for the purpose of assisting
that individual in establishing a business and becoming self-employed.
B. Weekly "Weekly amount of self-employment assistance allowance. The
allowance" means the weekly amount of a self-employment assistance allowance
payable to an individual under this Section is equal to the weekly benefit amount for
regular benefits otherwise payable under pursuant to R.S. 23:1592.
C. Maximum "Maximum amount of benefits. The benefits" means the sum of the
self-employment assistance allowances paid under this Section and regular benefits
paid under this Chapter may not exceed the maximum amount of benefits established
under pursuant to R.S. 23:1592 with respect to in any benefit year.
D. Eligibility. The "Eligibility" means that the following eligibility requirements
apply to the payment of a self-employment assistance allowance under this Section.:
(1) An individual may receive self-employment assistance if that individual meets
all of the following conditions:
(a) Is He is eligible to receive regular benefits or would be eligible to receive regular
benefits except for the requirements described in Paragraph (2) of this Subsection.
(b) Is He is identified by a worker profiling system as an individual likely to exhaust
regular benefits.

1	(c) Has He has filed an application for participation in a self-employment assistance
2	program and has provided the information the executive director may prescribe.
3	(d) Has He has, at the time the application is filed, a balance of regular benefits equal
4	to at least eighteen times the individual's weekly benefits amount and at least eighteen
5	weeks remaining in the individual's benefit year.
6	(e) Has He has been accepted into a program approved by the executive director that
7	will provide self-employment assistance activities.
8	(f) Is He is participating in self-employment assistance activities.
9	(g) Is He is actively engaged on a full-time basis in activities, which may include
10	training, related to establishing a business and becoming self-employed.
11	(2) A self-employment assistance allowance is payable to an individual at the same
12	interval, on the same terms, and subject to the same conditions as regular benefits
13	except that:
14	(a) The requirements relating to availability for work, active search for work, and
15	refusal to accept work shall not apply to any week that the individual is in training or
16	engaged in self-employment activities as approved by this Section.
17	(b) Income earned by an individual while engaged in self-employment activities as
18	approved under this Section shall not be construed to be wages or compensation for
19	personal services under this Chapter, and benefits payable under pursuant to this
20	Chapter shall not be denied or reduced because of those payments.
21	(c) An individual who fails to participate in self-employment assistance activities or
22	who fails to actively engage on a full-time basis in activities, which may include
23	training, related to establishing a business and becoming self-employed is denied
24	benefits for the week the failure occurs.
25	(d) Individuals who are An individual who is terminated from or voluntarily leave
26	<u>leaves</u> the program may receive, if otherwise eligible, regular benefits with respect
27	to the benefit year, provided that the sum of regular benefits paid and self-
28	employment allowances paid with respect to for the benefit year shall not exceed the
29	maximum amount payable for the benefit year.

1	E. Limitation on number of individuals receiving a self-employment assistance
2	allowance. The aggregate number of individuals receiving a self-employment
3	assistance allowance at any time may not exceed five percent of the number of
4	individuals receiving regular benefits at that time.
5	F. Financing costs of a self-employment assistance allowance. Notwithstanding any
6	provision of law to the contrary, for the purposes of R.S. 23:1536, any benefits paid
7	to individuals who are in the Self-Employment Assistance Program with the approval
8	of the administrator shall not be charged to the experience rating record of base period
9	employers.
10	G. Appeal Any appeal of nonacceptance into a self-employment assistance program.
11	All determinations under this Section shall be appealed and shall be heard in the same
12	manner as provided for regular unemployment compensation benefits.
13	H. Adopt rules. The executive director may adopt rules in accordance with the
14	Administrative Procedure Act to implement a self-employment assistance program,
15	including but not limited to criteria for approval of programs that provide self-
16	employment assistance activities, eligibility criteria for acceptance into and
17	participation in these programs, and the review and appeal process for determinations
18	of individual eligibility for these programs.
19	I. Report. Annually by February first, the executive director shall report to the House
20	and Senate Committees on Labor and Industrial Relations. This report must shall
21	include data on the number of individuals participating in the program and the number
22	of businesses developed under pursuant to the program, business survival data, the
23	cost of operating the program, compliance with program requirements and data
24	related to business income, the number of employees and wages paid in the new
25	businesses, and the incidence and duration of unemployment after business start-up.
26	The report may also include any recommended changes in the program.
27	§1611. Definitions
28	As used in R.S. 23:1611 through R.S. 23:1619, unless the context clearly requires
29	otherwise:

1	(1) "Extended benefit period" means a period which,
2	(a) begins with the third week after a week for which there is a state "on" indicator;
3	and
4	(b) ends with either of the following weeks, whichever occurs later: (i) the third
5	week after the first week for which there is a state "off" indicator; or (ii) the thirteenth
6	consecutive week of such period, provided that no extended benefit period may begin
7	by reason of a state "on" indicator before the fourteenth week following the end of a
8	prior extended benefit period which was in effect with respect to this state.
9	(2) There is a state "on" indicator for this state for a week if the administrator
10	determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States Secretary of
11	Labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding
12	twelve weeks, the rate of insured unemployment as determined under pursuant to
13	Paragraph (4) of this Section:
14	(a) equaled Equaled or exceeded one hundred twenty percent of the average of such
15	rates for the corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the preceding two
16	calendar years, provided that the provisions of this Subparagraph shall be deemed to
17	be waived for any week with respect to which the United States Congress shall permit
18	such waiver, and
19	(b) equaled Equaled or exceeded five percent of such other rate as the United States
20	Congress may authorize, or
21	(c) equaled Equaled or exceeded six percent in which event the one hundred twenty
22	percent average provided for in Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph shall not apply.
23	(3) There is a state "off" indicator for this state for the week if the administrator
24	determines, in accordance with the regulations of the United States Secretary of
25	Labor, that for the period consisting of such week and the immediately preceding
26	twelve weeks, the rate of insured unemployment (not not seasonally adjusted)
27	adjusted as determined under pursuant to Paragraph (4) of this Section:

1	(a) was less than one hundred twenty percent of the average of such rates for the
2	corresponding thirteen-week period ending in each of the two preceding calendar
3	years, or
4	(b) was less than five percent.
5	(4)(a) "Rate of insured unemployment", for the purposes of Paragraphs (2) and (3)
6	of this Section, means the percentage derived by dividing:
7	(a) the average weekly number of individuals filing claims for regular compensation
8	in this state for weeks of unemployment with respect to the most recent thirteen
9	consecutive week period, as determined by the administrator on the basis of his
10	reports to the United States Secretary of Labor, by
11	(b) the average monthly employment covered under this Chapter for the first four of
12	the most recent six completed calendar quarters ending before the end of such the
13	thirteen week period.
14	(b) The computation required by the provisions of this Paragraph shall be made by
15	the administrator in accordance with the regulations prescribed by the United States
16	Secretary of Labor.
17	(5) "Regular benefits" means benefits payable to an individual under pursuant to the
18	provisions of this Chapter or under pursuant to the Unemployment Insurance Law
19	unemployment insurance law of any state, approved by the U.S. Secretary of Labor
20	under pursuant to Section 3304 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, (26 U.S.C.
21	§3304) (including including benefits payable to federal civilian employees and to ex-
22	servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C. Chapter 85) Chapter 85 other than extended benefits.
23	(6) "Extended benefits" means benefits, (including including benefits payable to
24	federal civilian employees and to ex-servicemen pursuant to 5 U.S.C. Chapter 85)
25	Chapter 85, payable to an individual under pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 23:1611
26	through R.S. 23:1619 of this Chapter for weeks of unemployment in his eligibility
27	period.
28	(7) "Eligibility period" of an individual means the period consisting of the weeks in
29	his an individual's benefit year which begin in an extended benefit period and, if his

1	benefit year ends within such the extended benefit period, any weeks thereafter which
2	begin in such period.
3	(8) "Exhaustee" means an individual who, with respect to any week of
4	unemployment in his eligibility period:
5	(a) has Has received, prior to such week, all of the regular benefits that were
6	available to him under pursuant to this Chapter or any other unemployment insurance
7	law of any state approved by the United States Secretary of Labor under Section 3304
8	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, (26 U.S.C. §3304), (including including
9	dependent's allowances, benefits payable to federal civilian employees and ex-
10	servicemen under 5 U.S.C. Chapter 85) Chapter 85, in his current benefit year that
11	includes such week; for the purposes of this Paragraph, an individual shall be deemed
12	to have received all of the regular benefits that were available to him although as a
13	result of a pending appeal with respect to wages or employment, or both, that were
14	not considered in the original monetary determination in his benefit year, he may
15	subsequently be determined to be entitled to added regular benefits or;
16	(b) his benefit year having expired prior to such week, has no wages, or has
17	insufficient wages or employment, or both, on the basis of which he could establish
18	a new benefit year that would include such week; and
19	(c)(i) has no right to unemployment insurance benefits or allowances, as the case may
20	be, under pursuant to the Railroad Unemployment Insurance Act, (45 U.S.C. §351 et
21	seq.) or under such pursuant to other federal laws as are specified in regulations
22	issued by the United States Secretary of Labor; and
23	(ii) has not received and is not seeking unemployment insurance benefits under
24	pursuant to the unemployment insurance law of Canada or the Virgin Islands; but
25	however, if the individual is seeking such benefits and the appropriate agency finally
26	determines that the individual is not entitled to benefits under such law, the individual
27	shall be considered an exhaustee if the other provisions of this definition are met.
28	(b) Provided, that the The reference in this Subparagraph Paragraph to the Virgin
29	Islands shall be inapplicable effective on the day after the day on which the United

1	States Secretary of Labor approves under Section 3304(a) of the Internal Revenue
2	Code of 1954, (26 U.S.C. §3304 (a)) an unemployment compensation law submitted
3	to the secretary by the Virgin Islands for approval.
4	§1612. Effect of other provisions of this Chapter relating to regular benefits on
5	claims for, and the payment of, extended benefits
6	Except when the result would be inconsistent with the provisions of R.S. 23:1611
7	through R.S. 23:1616 of this Chapter, as provided in the regulations of the
8	Administrator administrator, the provisions of this Chapter which apply to claims for,
9	or the payment of, regular benefits shall apply to claims for and the payment of,
10	extended benefits.
11	§1613. Eligibility requirements for extended benefits
12	An individual shall be eligible to receive extended benefits with respect to any week
13	of unemployment in his eligibility period, only if the administrator finds that with
14	respect to such week:
15	(1) he He is an exhaustee as defined in R.S. 23:1611(10) and is eligible for such
16	benefits under the provisions of R.S. 23:1617 , and .
17	(2) he He has satisfied the requirements of this Chapter for the receipt of regular
18	benefits that are applicable to individuals claiming extended benefits, including not
19	being subject to a disqualification for the receipt of benefits.
20	(3) He has been paid wages for insured work during the base period equal to at least
21	one and one-half times the wages paid in that calendar quarter in which such the
22	wages were highest.
23	§1614. Weekly extended benefit amount
24	The weekly extended benefit amount payable to an individual for a week of total
25	unemployment in his eligibility period shall be an amount equal to the weekly benefit
26	amount determined pursuant to R.S. 23:1592 payable to him during his benefit year
27	with respect to in which he last became an exhaustee. Provided, that for any week
28	during a period in which federal payments to states under Section 204 of the Federal-
29	State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970 are reduced under an order

1	issued under Section 252 of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act
2	of 1985, the weekly extended benefit amount payable to an individual for a week of
3	total unemployment in his eligibility period shall be reduced by a percentage
4	equivalent to the percentage of the reduction in federal payment.
5	§1615. Total extended benefit amount
6	A. The total extended benefit amount payable to any eligible individual with respect
7	to in any one benefit year shall be the least of the following amounts:
8	(1) Fifty percent of the total amount of regular benefits which were payable to him
9	under this Chapter in such benefit year;.
10	(2) Thirteen times his weekly benefit amount which was payable to him under this
11	Chapter for a week of total unemployment in such benefit year; or.
12	(3) Thirty-nine times his weekly benefit amount which was payable to him under this
13	Chapter for a week of total unemployment in such benefit year, reduced by the total
14	amount of regular benefits which were paid or deemed paid to him under this Chapter
15	with respect to such for the benefit year.
16	B. During any fiscal year in which federal payments to states under pursuant to
17	Section 204 of the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970
18	are reduced under by an order issued under pursuant to Section 252 of the Balanced
19	Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, the total extended benefit
20	amount payable to an individual with respect to his applicable benefit year shall be
21	reduced by an amount equal to the aggregate of the reductions under pursuant to R.S.
22	23:1614 in the weekly amounts paid to the individual.
23	§1616. Beginning and termination of extended benefit period
24	A. Whenever an extended benefit period is to become effective in this state, or in all
25	states, as a result of a state or a national "on" indicator, or an extended benefit period
26	is to be terminated in this state as a result of state and national "off" indicators, the
27	administrator shall make an appropriate public announcement.
28	B. Whenever, during a period when emergency unemployment compensation
29	benefits are being paid under pursuant to the provisions of the Emergency

Unemployment Compensation Act of 1991, as amended, or under pursuant to any
subsequent extension or reenactment thereof, the state "on" indicator, as defined in
R.S. 23:1611, triggers a period of extended benefits, the governor of this state may
elect not to implement the applicable state statutory provisions relative to
unemployment compensation, including but not limited to R.S. 23:1611 through 1617,
and to continue the payment of benefits under pursuant to the Emergency
Unemployment Compensation Act of 1991, as amended, to those individuals who
have exhausted their entitlement to regular unemployment compensation under
pursuant to state law.
§1617. Cessation of extended benefits when paid under pursuant to an interstate
claim in a state where extended benefit period is not in effect
A. Except as provided in Subsection B of this Section, an individual shall not be
eligible for extended benefits for any week if:
(1) extended benefits are payable for such week pursuant to an interstate claim filed
in any state under pursuant to the interstate benefit payment plan, and
(2) no extended benefit period is in effect for such week in such state.
B. Subsection A of this Section shall not apply with respect to the first two weeks for
which extended benefits are payable, as determined without regard to this Subsection,
pursuant to an interstate claim filed under the interstate benefit payment plan to the
individual from the extended benefit account established for the individual with
respect to the benefit year.
§1618. Requirements governing suitable work and search for work
A. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 23:1612, an individual shall be ineligible
for payment of extended benefits for any week of unemployment in his eligibility
period if the administrator finds that during such period:
(1) He failed to accept any offer of suitable work, as defined in Subsection C of this
Section, or failed to apply for any suitable work to which he was referred by the
administrator.

1	(2) He failed to actively engage in seeking work as required by Subsection E of this
2	Section.
3	B. Any individual who has been found ineligible for extended benefits by reason of
4	the provisions in Subsection A of this Section shall also be denied benefits beginning
5	with the first day of the week following the week in which such failure occurred and
6	until he had been employed in each of four subsequent weeks, (whether whether or
7	not consecutive) the weeks are consecutive, and has earned remuneration equal to not
8	less than four times the extended weekly benefit amount.
9	C.(1) For the purposes of this Section, the term "suitable work" means, with respect
10	to any individual, any work which is within such an individual's capabilities; however,
11	the gross average weekly remuneration payable for the work must exceed the sum of:
12	(1)(a) The individual's extended weekly benefit amount as determined under pursuant
13	<u>to</u> R.S. 23:1614 , and .
14	(2)(b) The amount, if any, of supplemental unemployment benefits (as as defined in
15	Section 501(C)(17)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1904) 1904, payable to such
16	the individual for such week; and further,.
17	(3)(c) Pays wages not less than the minimum wage provided by Section $6(a)(1)$ of the
18	Fair Labor Standard Act of 1938, as amended, without regard to any exemption;
19	(4)(2) However, no individual shall be denied extended benefits for failure to accept
20	an offer of or apply for any job which meets the definition of suitability as described
21	above if:
22	(a) The position was not offered to such the individual in writing and was not listed
23	with the employment service;.
24	(b) Such The failure could not result in a denial of benefits under pursuant to the
25	definition of suitable work for regular benefit claimants in R.S. 23:1601(3) to the
26	extent that the criteria of suitability in that Section are not inconsistent with the
27	provisions of Subsection C of this Section;.
28	(c)(3) The individual shall furnish the satisfactory evidence to the administrator that
29	his or her prospects for obtaining work in his or her customary occupation within a

1	reasonably short period are good. If such the evidence is deemed satisfactory for this
2	purpose, the determination of whether any work is suitable with respect to such for
3	the individual shall be made in accordance with the definition of suitable work for
4	regular benefit claimants in R.S. 23:1601(3) without regard to the definition specified
5	by Subsection C of this Section.
6	D. Notwithstanding the provisions of R.S. 23:1612, no work shall be deemed to be
7	suitable work for an individual which does not accord with the labor standard
8	provisions required by Section 3304(a)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 and
9	set forth hereinunder R.S. 23:1601(3)(b) R.S. 23:1601(3)(c).
10	E. For the purposes of Paragraph 2 of Subsection A Paragraph (A)(2) of this
11	Subsection, an individual shall be treated as actively engaged in seeking work during
12	any week if
13	(1) The individual he has engaged in a systematic and sustained effort to obtain work
14	during such the week, and
15	(2) The individual furnishes tangible evidence that he has engaged in such of that
16	effort during such week .
17	F. The employment service shall refer any claimant entitled to extended benefits
18	under this Section to any suitable work which meets the criteria prescribed in
19	Subsection C of this Section.
20	§1619. Limitation on the amount of combined unemployment insurance and trade
21	readjustment allowance benefits received
22	Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Chapter, if the benefit year of any
23	individual ends within an extended benefit period, the remaining balance of extended
24	benefits that such individual he would, but for this Section, be entitled to receive in
25	that extended benefit period, with respect to weeks of unemployment beginning after
26	the end of the benefit year, shall be reduced, but not below zero, by the product of the
27	number of weeks for which the individual received any amounts as trade readjustment
28	allowances within that benefit year, multiplied by the individual's weekly benefit
29	amount for extended benefits.

PART VI. DETERMINATION OF CLAIMS--APPEALS

AND REVIEW
§1621. Posting of information concerning rights and claims; duty of employers
Each employer shall post and maintain in places readily accessible to individuals
performing services for him printed statements concerning benefit rights, claims for
benefits, and such other matters relating to the administration of this Chapter as the
administrator may by regulation prescribe. Each employer shall supply to such
individuals copies of such printed statements or other materials relating to claims for
benefits to his employees when and as the administrator may by regulation prescribe.
Such The printed statements and other materials shall be supplied by the administrator
to each employer without cost to the employer.
§1622. Filing of claim
Claims for benefits shall be made in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter
and such regulations as the administrator may prescribe.
§1623. Minors' claims; procedure for filing
The administrator may accept claims from and pay benefits to an unemployed and
eligible minor without the necessity of tutorship proceedings and without the
authorization or intervention of a tutor, parent or other persons, and such the minor
shall be considered and dealt with under this Chapter as if of full age of majority.
§1624. Monetary determination and notice of claim
An agent designated by the administrator shall take the claim. A determination of
eligibility made on the basis of base period wage credits shall be made promptly and
shall include a statement as to whether benefits are payable, the week with respect to
which benefits shall commence, the weekly benefit amount payable and the maximum
duration of benefits. Within thirty days of the date claim was filed notice of this
monetary determination shall be delivered to the claimant and, if claimant is eligible,
to the last employer or employing unit and to all of the base period employers or
mailed to their last known address.
§1624.1. Reply to notice of eligibility; enforcement; penalty

When any state board, commission, department, agency, or other employing authority
of the state, including but not limited to school boards and police juries, receives the
notice specified by R.S. 23:1624 of a claimant's eligibility for benefits or other notice
that application for benefits has been made, the head of that board, commission,
department, agency, or other employing authority shall examine the notice against the
claimant's record and shall reply to the notice. The reply shall either protest or
indicate no known cause to protest a decision granting eligibility or otherwise shall
inform the department of any known facts bearing on a determination that benefits
shall be granted. It shall be filed with the administrator within the time specified in
the notice.
§1625. Notice of determination on claims
If a disqualification is alleged, or appears to exist, notice of the determination together
with the reasons therefor of the decision shall be promptly delivered to the claimant
and to the employer from whose employment the disqualification issue arose or
mailed to their last known address.
§1625.1. Prompt determination of claims; duty of employers
A. In making determinations of claims, the administrator shall require that
information necessary for the prompt determination of claims be sought from each
employer. Employers shall adequately and timely provide wage, employment, and
separation information, and shall complete all forms and reports needed by the
administrator or his designee to make a proper determination.
(1) A response to such requests shall be timely if it is received within the time
specified in the notice.
(2) A response shall be adequate if it provides sufficient facts to enable the agency
to make the correct determination. A response shall not be considered inadequate if
the agency failed to ask for all necessary information.
B.(1) If an employer fails to provide information in an adequate or timely manner
without good cause, the employer shall be deemed to have abandoned its appeal rights
as provided for in R.S. 23:1629 through 1634, and a determination to that effect shall

be issued. Any appeal filed by such an employer, other than with regard to the
timeliness or adequacy of fulfilling its obligations in Subsection A of this Section,
shall be dismissed, and such the employer shall be liable for any resulting benefits
paid, except as provided in Subsection C of this Section. If the employer's failure to
adequately or timely respond results in an improper benefit payment, the employer
shall also be subject to the provisions of R.S. 23:1553.1.
(2) If the employer has good cause for failing to provide the information in the time
frame requested, the employer's appeal rights shall not be deemed to be abandoned.
For the purposes of this Section, good cause may be established if the employer:
(a) Made made reasonable attempts to provide the information within the time frame
requested .
(b) Was and was prevented from complying due to compelling circumstances.
C. In any appeal pursuant to R.S. 23:1629, the referee may, in his discretion as
defined in Subsection D of this Section, hear the employer's appeal or call the
employer, the claimant, or both as witnesses.
D. In reviewing the merits of the case, to determine good cause, the referee shall take
into consideration the following: whether the failure to provide information was
deliberate or knowing, whether the employer has failed to provide complete or
accurate information in other instances, or whether the employer was represented by
counsel or a professional representative who knew or should have known of the
employer's obligation to respond timely.
§1626. Redetermination; notice
A.(1) The administrator may reconsider a monetary determination whenever he finds
that an error in computation or identity has occurred in connection therewith, or that
wages of the claimant pertinent to such the determination but not considered in
connection therewith with the determination, have been newly discovered, or that
benefits have been allowed or denied or the amount of benefits fixed on the basis of
misrepresentation of fact, but no redetermination shall be made after one year from
the date of the original determination. Notice of a redetermination shall be promptly

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given to the parties entitled to notice of the original determination in the manner prescribed in R.S. 23:1624 and/or R.S. 23:1625. If the amount of benefits is increased upon a redetermination an appeal therefrom redetermination, an appeal, solely with respect to the matters involved in such increase, may be filed in the manner and subject to the limitations provided in R.S. 23:1628 through R.S. 23:1634. If the amount of benefits is decreased upon a redetermination, the matters involved in such the decrease shall be subject to review in connection with an appeal by the claimant from any determination upon a subsequent claim for benefits which may be affected in amount or duration by such the redetermination. Subject to the same limitation and for the same reasons, the administrator may reconsider the determination in any case in which the final decision has been rendered by an appeal referee, the board of review or a court, and may apply to the body or court which rendered the final decision to issue a revised decision. (2) In the event that an appeal involving an original determination is pending at the time a redetermination thereof is issued, the appeal, unless withdrawn, shall be treated as an appeal from such the redetermination. B. The administrator may reconsider a nonmonetary determination whenever he finds that benefits have been allowed or denied on the basis of misrepresentation or that an error in interpretation of fact or application of law has occurred, or whenever either of the parties entitled to notice of determination as specified in R.S. 23:1625 protests the decision within fifteen days from the date of the determination. The administrator shall make findings and conclusions and on the basis thereof affirm, modify, or reverse the determination. Notice of such redetermination shall be promptly given to the parties specified in R.S. 23:1625. If the administrator finds that the evidence at hand does not justify redetermination of a protested determination, he may, upon notification of the parties specified in pursuant to R.S. 23:1625, transfer the protest, without further determination, to the appeal referee for appeal proceedings. C. Furthermore, the The administrator shall reconsider a final determination or decision to pay benefits whenever he finds that such the determination or decision

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may have been improper based upon a subsequent event relative to the claimant's separation from employment, including a conviction or an admission of guilt or complicity to avoid or minimize judicial penalty which would indicate that the award of benefits may have been improper. The administrator shall promptly issue a notice of such the redetermination as provided by R.S. 23:1625. The administrator shall make use his findings and conclusions and on the basis thereof to affirm, modify, or reverse the determination or decision. Any party to such the redetermination may file an appeal therefrom pursuant to R.S. 23:1629. Should a redetermination denying the award of benefits become final, such the benefits improperly paid shall be recoverable as provided by R.S. 23:1713. Any such redetermination shall be made within five years of the original award. §1627. Determination in labor dispute cases Whenever any claim involves the application of the provisions of R.S. 23:1601(4), the individual handling the claim shall, if so directed by the administrator, promptly transmit all the evidence with respect to such case to the administrator. The administrator or the representatives he may designate his representative shall, on the basis of the evidence submitted and such the additional evidence as he may require, make a determination with respect thereto. Such The determination shall be the final decision on the claim, unless within fifteen days after the date notification was given or was mailed to a party's last known address, an appeal is filed with an appeal referee. §1628. Appeal referees; appointment and qualification of members To hear and decide appealed claims, the The executive director of the Louisiana Workforce Commission shall, with the approval of the governor, appoint one or more impartial appeal referees to hear and decide appealed claims. all of whom The appeal referees shall complete a course of study prescribed by the administrator executive director of the Louisiana Workforce Commission prescribes, by rule, to ensure competency prior to their participation in any claim resolution under this Chapter. Each referee shall be selected in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 23:1656 and

1657. No referee shall participate in any case in which he is an interested party. The
executive director may designate alternates to serve in the absence or disqualification
of any referee.
§1629. Appeals to appeal referee; time for filing; notice of hearing and decision
A.(1) Within fifteen days after notification was given or was mailed to his last known
address, the claimant or any other party entitled to notice of a determination may file
an appeal from such the determination with an appeal referee either by mailing such
the appeal, as evidenced by the postmarked date, or by delivering such the appeal.
The appeal referee shall mail a "notice to appear for a hearing" to all parties to the
appeal at least seven days prior to the date of hearing, and copies of the statements by
the claimant and employer, which were used in the appealed determination, shall be
sent with such the notice if requested.
(2)(a) A party to an appeal may expressly waive the seven-day advance notice
requirement by written waiver executed after the appeal has been filed.
(b) A copy of the written waiver shall be included in the record.
(3) Nothing in this Section shall be construed to dispense with the requirement that
a "notice to appear for hearing" be mailed.
B. Unless the appeal is withdrawn with its permission or is removed to the board of
review, the appeal referee, after affording the parties reasonable opportunity for a fair
hearing, shall make findings and conclusions and on the basis thereof of those
findings and conclusions, affirm, modify, or reverse the determination. Whenever an
appeal involves a question as to whether services were performed by a claimant in
employment or for an employer, the referee shall give special notice of such the issue
and of the pendency of the appeal to the employing unit and to the administrator, both
of whom shall be parties to the proceeding and be afforded a reasonable opportunity
to adduce evidence bearing on such the question.
C. The parties shall be duly notified of the referee's decision and of the findings and
conclusions in support thereof and such the decision shall be final unless further
review is initiated pursuant to R.S. 23:1630.

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§1630. Review of decision by board of review; notice of board's decision

A. The board of review may on its own motion, within fifteen days after the date of notification or of mailing of a decision of an appeal referee, initiate a review of such decision. The board of review may otherwise allow an appeal from such the decision to be filed, within fifteen days after the date of notification or of mailing of a decision of an appeal referee, by any party entitled to notice of such decision, if such the appeal is either mailed, as evidenced by the postmarked date, or is delivered by any such the party. An appeal filed by any such party shall be allowed as of right if such the decision was not unanimous, or if the determination was not affirmed by the appeal referee. Upon review on its own motion or upon appeal, the board of review may, on the basis of the evidence previously submitted in such the case, or upon the basis of such the additional evidence as it may direct be taken, affirm, modify, or reverse the findings and conclusions of the appeal referee. The board of review may remove to itself or transfer to another appeal referee the proceedings on any claims pending before an appeal referee. Any proceedings so removed to the board of review prior to the completion of a fair hearing shall be heard by the board of review in accordance with the requirements of this Chapter with respect to proceedings before an appeal referee. B. The board of review shall make a determination and notify all parties of its decision, including its findings and conclusions in support thereof, within sixty days from the date an appeal is received or initiated by the board. Should the board of review, within sixty days from the date an appeal is received or initiated, direct that additional evidence be taken, the board of review shall make a determination and notify all parties of its decision, including its findings and conclusions in support thereof, within sixty days from the date it receives the additional evidence. Such The decision shall be final unless, within fifteen days after the mailing of notice thereof to the party's last known address, or, in the absence of such mailing, within fifteen days after the delivery of such the notice, a proceeding for judicial review is initiated pursuant to R.S. 23:1634. Upon denial by the board of review of an application for

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appeal from the decision of an appeal referee, the decision of the appeal referee shall be deemed to be a decision of the board of review within the meaning of this Section for purposes of judicial review and shall be subject to judicial review within the time and in the manner provided for with respect to decision of the board of review, except that the time for initiating such the review shall run from the date of notice of the order of the board of review denying the application for appeal. §1631. Appeals; conduct of hearings; procedure The manner in which appealed claims shall be presented and the conduct of how hearings and appeals are conducted shall be in accordance with regulations prescribed by the board of review for determining the rights of the parties, whether or not such the regulations conform to the usual rules of evidence and other technical rules of procedure. When the same or substantially similar evidence is relevant and material to the matters in issue in claims by more than one individual or in claims by a single individual with respect to two or more weeks of unemployment, the same time and place for considering each claim may be fixed, hearings thereon jointly conducted, a single record of the proceedings made, and the evidence introduced with respect to for one proceeding considered as introduced in the others, if in the judgment of the referee having jurisdiction of the proceeding such the consolidation would not be prejudicial to any party. No person shall participate on behalf of the administrator or the board of review in any case in which he has a direct or indirect interest. A record shall be kept of all testimony and proceedings in connection with an appeal, but the testimony need not be transcribed unless further review is initiated. Witnesses subpoenaed pursuant to this section shall be allowed fees at a rate fixed by the administrator and fees of witnesses subpoenaed on behalf of the administrator or any claimant shall be deemed part of the expenses of administering this Chapter. §1632. Conclusiveness of determination and decision Except insofar as reconsideration of any determination is had under the for the reconsideration of any determination pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 23:1626, any right, fact, or matter in issue, directly passed upon or necessarily involved in a

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determination or redetermination which has become final, or in a decision on appeal under the subsection which has become final, shall be conclusive for all the purposes of this Chapter as between the administrator, the claimant, and all employing units who had notice of such the determination, redetermination, or decision. Subject to appeal proceedings and judicial review, any determination, redetermination, or decision as to regarding rights to benefits shall be conclusive for all the purposes of this Chapter and shall not be subject to collateral attack by any employing unit, irrespective of notice. §1633. Rule of decision

The final decisions of the board of review, or of an appeal referee, and the principles of law declared by it in arriving at such the decisions, unless expressly or impliedly overruled by a later decision of the board of review or by a court of competent jurisdiction, shall be binding upon the administrator and any appeal referee in subsequent proceedings which involve similar questions of law, provided that if in connection with any subsequent proceeding the administrator or an appeal referee has serious doubt as to the correctness of any principle so declared he may certify his findings of fact in such case, together with the question of law involved, to the board of review, which, after giving notice and reasonable opportunity for hearing upon the law to all parties to such proceeding, shall thereupon certify to the administrator, the appeal referee and the parties, its answers to the question submitted. If the question certified arises in connection with a claim for benefits, the board of review in its discretion may remove to itself the entire proceedings on such the claim, and, after proceeding in accordance with the requirements with respect to of proceedings before an appeal referee, shall render its decision under pursuant to R.S. 23:1630, and shall be subject to judicial review within the same time and to the same extent.

§1634. Judicial review; procedure

A. Within the time specified in R.S. 23:1630, the administrator, or any party to the proceedings before the board of review, may obtain judicial review thereof by filing in the district court of the domicile of the claimant a petition for review of the

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decision, and in such the proceeding any other party to the proceeding before the board of review shall be made a party defendant. If the claimant is not domiciled in Louisiana at the time for filing a petition for review, the petition or request for review may be filed in the district court of the parish in which the claimant was domiciled at the time the claim was filed or in the parish in which the Louisiana Workforce Commission is domiciled. The petition for review need not be verified but shall state the grounds upon which such review is sought. The administrator shall be deemed to be a party to any such proceeding. If the administrator is a party defendant, a certified copy of the petition shall be served upon him by leaving with him, or such his representative as he may have designated for that purpose, as many copies of the petition as there are defendants. With his answer or petition, the administrator shall certify and file with the court, within sixty days of service of process, a certified copy of the record of the case, including all documents and papers and a transcript of all testimony taken in the matter, together with the board of review's findings, conclusions, and decision. If the administrator fails to file the record with the court within the time provided herein, the court, upon hearing sufficient evidence, may issue a judgment directing payment of benefits to the claimant. B. Upon the filing of a petition for review by the administrator or upon the service of the petition on him, the administrator shall forthwith send by registered mail to each other party to the proceeding a copy of the petition, and such the mailing shall be deemed to be completed service upon all parties. In any proceeding under brought pursuant to the provisions of this Section the findings of the board of review as to regarding the facts, if supported by sufficient evidence and in the absence of fraud, shall be conclusive, and the jurisdiction of the court shall be confined to questions of law. No additional evidence shall be received by the court, but the court may order additional evidence to be taken before the board of review, and the board of review may, after hearing such the additional evidence, modify its findings of fact or conclusions, and file with the court such the additional or modified findings and conclusions, together with a transcript of the additional record. Such proceedings

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shall be heard in a summary manner and shall be given preference and priority over all other civil cases except cases arising under the workers' compensation law of this state. An appeal may be taken from the decision of the district court to the circuit court of appeal in the same manner, but not inconsistent with the provisions of this Chapter, as is provided in civil cases. It shall not be necessary as a condition precedent to judicial review of any decision of the board of review to enter exceptions to the rulings of the board of review, and no bond shall be required as a condition of initiating a proceeding for a judicial review, or entering an appeal from the decision of the court upon such review. Upon the final termination of a judicial proceeding, the board of review shall enter an order in accordance with the mandate of the court. §1635. Prompt payment of claims If benefits are payable in any amount pursuant to a determination, redetermination, or a decision of an appeal referee, the board of review, or any court, such the amount shall be promptly paid upon the issuance of such the determination, redetermination, or decision regardless of any appeal, or of the pendency of the time for filing such an appeal unless and until such the determination, redetermination or decision has been modified or reversed by a subsequent redetermination or decision, in which event benefits shall be paid or denied in accordance therewith for weeks of unemployment beginning subsequent to such the redetermination or decision. B. However, if If any such decision to pay benefits is finally modified or reversed so as to deny benefits, the modification or reversal shall apply to all weeks of unemployment benefits involved in such the modification or reversal from the date the claim was filed, and all such benefits erroneously paid shall be subject to recoupment or offset in accordance with R.S. 23:1713. §1636. Hearing officers; effects of findings Notwithstanding any provision in this Chapter relative to conclusiveness and finality of administrative determinations, no findings of fact or law, judgment, opinion, conclusion, or final order made by an unemployment compensation hearing officer, administrative law judge, or any person with the authority to make findings of fact or

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law in any action or proceeding pursuant to the administration of this Chapter shall be conclusive or binding in any separate or subsequent action or proceeding. Said These determinations shall not be used as conclusive evidence in any separate or subsequent action or proceeding between an individual and his or her present or prior employer brought before an arbitrator, court, or judge of the state of Louisiana or the United States, regardless of whether the prior action was between the same or related parties or involved the same facts. PART VII. ADMINISTRATION §1651. Office of unemployment insurance administration; creation There is created the office of unemployment insurance administration, which shall be administered in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 36:304(A)(6). §1652. Board of review; appointment and qualification of members; per diem compensation The board of review shall consist of five members appointed by the governor, with the consent of the Senate. The governor shall, immediately after the effective date of this Section, appoint the initial five members for overlapping terms of two, three, four, five and six years each. Their successors shall be appointed for six years each. The board shall elect a chairman; the election is to be held within thirty days after July one of each odd-number year. The board of review shall be composed of a representative from the public generally, two representatives from labor, and two representatives from management, each of whom shall be regarded as fairly representative because of his vocation, employment, or affiliation. Three members shall constitute a quorum. Each member shall be paid from the Employment Security Administration Fund ninety dollars per day of active service plus necessary travel expenses subject to the approval of the executive director, in conformity with agency travel regulations. The governor may at any time, after notice and hearing, and by and with the consent of the Senate, remove any member for cause. Vacancies shall

with the consent of the Senate.

be immediately filled for the unexpired terms by appointment by the governor, by and

1 §1653. Duties and powers of administrator in general 2 A. The administrator shall administer this Chapter, and to that end he may adopt, 3 amend, or rescind such rules and regulations, employ such persons, make such 4 expenditures, require such reports, make such investigations, and take such other 5 action as he deems necessary. 6 B. The administrator shall determine his own organization and methods of procedure in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter and shall have an official seal which 7 8 shall be judicially noticed. Not later than the fifteenth day of March of each year, the 9 administrator shall submit to the governor a report covering the administration and 10 operation of this Chapter during the preceding calendar year and shall make such 11 recommendations for amendments to this Chapter as he deems proper. Such reports 12 shall include a balance sheet of the monies in the fund in which there shall be provided, if possible, a reserve against the liability in future years to pay benefits in 13 14 excess of the then current contributions, which reserve shall be set up by the 15 administrator in accordance with accepted actuarial principles on the basis of statistics 16 of employment, business activity, and other relevant factors for the longest possible 17 period. Whenever the administrator believes that a change in contribution or benefit 18 rates will become necessary to protect the solvency of the fund or to maintain 19 conformity with applicable federal law, he shall promptly so inform the governor and 20 the legislature, and make recommendations with respect thereto for the change that 21 he believes is necessary. 22 §1654. Regulations; general and special rules; effective date 23 General and special rules may be adopted, amended, or rescinded by the administrator 24 only after public hearing or opportunity to be heard thereon, of which proper notice 25 has been given. General rules shall become effective ten days after filing with the 26 Secretary of State and publication in one or more newspapers of general circulation 27 in this state. Special rules shall become effective ten days after notification to or 28 mailing to the last known address of the individuals or concerns affected thereby who

voiced concerns regarding the issues addressed. Regulations may be adopted,

1	amended, or rescinded by the administrator and shall become effective in the manner
2	and at the time prescribed by the administrator.
3	§1655. Publication of laws and regulations, etc.
4	The administrator shall cause to be printed for distribution to the public the text of this
5	Chapter, his regulations, and general and special rules, his annual reports to the
6	governor, and any other material he deems relevant and suitable and shall furnish the
7	same to any person upon application therefor The administrator shall print
8	regulations, general and special rules, annual reports to the governor, and any other
9	relevant material and furnish it upon request to any person who submits an application
10	for the materials.
11	§1656. Personnel; appointment, compensation, duties and powers
12	Subject to other provisions of this Chapter, the The administrator is authorized to may
13	appoint, fix the compensation, and prescribe the duties and powers of such any
14	officers, accountants, attorneys, experts, and other persons as may be necessary in the
15	performance of his duties under this Chapter. The administrator may delegate to any
16	such person such power and authority as he deems reasonable and proper for the
17	effective administration of this Chapter, and may in his discretion bond any person
18	handling moneys or signing checks hereunder.
19	§1657. Merit system covering department personnel; state civil service laws,
20	applicability of
21	A. The administrator shall provide for a merit system covering all personnel in the
22	Louisiana Workforce Commission who administer programs and services under
23	<u>pursuant to</u> the Louisiana Employment Security Law. <u>In connection therewith he</u> <u>He</u>
24	shall, by suitable regulation, provide for the classification of positions and for
25	compensation plans for positions so classified; for the holding of examinations to
26	determine the relative fitness of applicants for positions in accordance with the
27	minimum qualifications set forth in the classification plan; for appointments,
28	promotions, and demotions based upon ratings of efficiency and fitness; and for a
29	system of terminations for cause. The administrator may by regulation impose

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limitations by regulation upon political activities on the part of employees of the Louisiana Workforce Commission who administer programs and services under pursuant to the Louisiana Employment Security Law which may be in addition to any limitations otherwise provided by law; he . He may also adopt such any regulations as may be necessary to meet personnel standards promulgated by the Social Security Board pursuant to the Social Security Act, as amended, and the Wagner-Peyser Act (29 U.S.C. 49(c)) and provide for the maintenance of the merit system established under pursuant to the provisions of this Section in conjunction with any merit system for any other state agency which meets the personnel standards promulgated by the Social Security Board. B. Whenever in this Chapter the Social Security Board is referred to, it shall be taken to mean The "Social Security Board" means the board created by the Act of Congress approved August 14, 1935 (49 Stat. 620),* 42 U.S.C.A. §301, or any successor thereto. So long as While any law adopted by the Legislature of Louisiana providing that provides for any general merit system of personnel administration in the civil service of this state continues in effective operation, and so long as while standards promulgated by the Federal Social Security Board, under pursuant to the Social Security Act, as amended, are met, the provisions of this Section shall be of no force and effect, but merit system status acquired by employees under pursuant to a merit system established in accordance with the provisions of this Section and appointments made and registers established under pursuant to that system are recognized by the state agency administering such a the general merit system of personnel administration in the civil service of the state. *42 U.S.C.A. §301. §1658. Local advisory councils A.(1) The governor may appoint local or industry advisory councils, composed of an equal number of employer and employee representatives, and public representatives, who may fairly be regarded as representative because of their vocation, employment,

(2) Each council shall elect a chairman. Each council shall and adopt such rules as
it deems necessary. Council members may be represented by an alternate of their
own choosing and in accordance with rules established by the council. Each council
shall aid the administrator in formulating policies and discussing problems related to
the administration of this Chapter and in assuring impartiality and freedom from
political influence in the solution of such problems.
B. Members of local or industry advisory councils, and members of special
committees, shall serve without compensation; however, members of local or industry
advisory councils and members of special committees shall be reimbursed for any
necessary expenses in conformity with agency travel regulations.
§1659. Employment stabilization
The administrator, with the advice and aid of advisory councils, shall take all
appropriate steps to reduce and prevent unemployment; to encourage and assist in the
adoption of practical methods of vocational training, retraining, and vocational
guidance; to investigate, recommend, advise, and assist in the establishment and
operation by municipalities, parishes, drainage and school districts, and the state, of
reserves for public works to be used in time of business depression and
unemployment; to promote the re-employment of unemployed workers throughout
the state in every other way that may be feasible; and to those ends to carry on and
publish the results of investigations and research studies.
§1660. Employment records and reports; inspection by administrator; confidentiality
of records; prohibition against subpoena
A. Each employing unit shall keep true and accurate records containing such any
information as prescribed by the administrator may prescribe. Such The records shall
be open to inspection and be subject to being copied by the administrator or his
authorized representatives at any time and as often as may be necessary. In addition
to information prescribed by the administrator, each employer shall keep records of
and report to the administrator quarterly the street address of each establishment,

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branch, outlet, or office of such employer, the nature of the operation, the number of persons employed and the wages paid at each establishment, branch, outlet, or office. B. The administrator or his authorized representative may require from any employing unit any sworn or unsworn reports deemed necessary for the effective administration of this Chapter. Any member of the board of review and any appeal referee may require from any an employing unit to disclose any sworn or unsworn reports, with respect to regarding persons employed by it, which are deemed necessary for the effective administration of this Chapter. C.(1) If, in response to the administrator's request, an employer refuses to allow an audit of its records; fails to make all necessary records available for audit or inspection; or in response to a fraud investigation, fails to provide a claimant's weekly wage information; the employer may be assessed an administrative penalty of five thousand dollars. (2) Any notice requesting records as provided for in Paragraph (1) of this Subsection must clearly state that a penalty of up to five thousand dollars may be assessed for the failure to provide the records which are requested by the administrator. (3) Any penalties assessed and collected against the employer shall be credited to the penalty and interest account. (4) Upon the conclusion of an audit pursuant to this Subsection, the administrator may refund the administrative penalty to the employer, minus all administrative costs associated with the audit request. D.(1) Information, statements, transcriptions of proceedings, transcriptions of recordings, electronic recordings, letters, memoranda, and other documents and reports thus obtained, or obtained from any individual, claimant, employing unit, or employer pursuant to the administration of this Chapter, except to the extent necessary for the proper administration and enforcement of this Chapter, shall be held confidential and shall not be subject to subpoena in any civil action or proceeding, nor be published or open to public inspection, other than to public employees in the performance of their public duties, including the office of workers' compensation in

any manner revealing the individual's or employing unit's identity. However, if
requested, an employing unit or employer shall receive with any "notice to appear for
a hearing" a copy of the statement which the claimant made regarding his separation
from that employing unit or employer and in the same manner, and on the same
subject, the claimant shall receive a copy of the employer's statement. Additionally,
any claimant or his duly authorized representative, at a hearing before an appeal
referee or the board of review, shall be supplied with information from such records
to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of his claim.
(2) Any person who violates any provision of this Section shall be fined not less than
twenty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned for not less than ten
days nor more than ninety days, or both.
E. On orders of the administrator, any records or documents received or maintained
by him under or the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to the provisions of
this Chapter, or the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, may be destroyed
under such using safeguards as that will protect their confidential nature, two years
after the date on which such the records or documents last serve any useful, legal, or
administrative purpose in the administration of this Chapter or in the protection of the
rights of anyone any person.
F. Any such information, as provided in Subsection D of this Section, that is released
to any public employee in the performance of public duties, may be released on a
reimbursable basis and shall be used exclusively for execution of <u>the</u> intended public
duties and shall not, under any circumstance, be accessed and used for any other
purpose, subject to sanction of any such public employee under pursuant to Paragraph
(D)(2) of this Section. The administrator and the office of employment security shall
not be liable for any violation by any such public employee to whom such information
has been disclosed or delegated.
G. A state or local child support enforcement agency may provide access to disclosed
information to any agent that is under written contract with such the agency for
purposes of establishing and collecting child support obligations from and locating

1	individuals owing such obligations. Any such designated agent of a state or local child
2	support agency that receives such the information shall fully comply with the
3	safeguards established under pursuant to Subsection F of this Section, subject to
4	sanction under pursuant to Paragraph (D)(2) of this Section.
5	H.(1) The Louisiana Workforce Commission, the division of administration, or any
6	contractor working on behalf of either of them, may be provided employment data
7	obtained pursuant to the administration of this Chapter for any one of the expressly
8	stated following purposes:
9	(a) Compiling statistics which would support performance management and
10	evaluation by program managers of state and federal programs, especially as they
11	relate to employment outcomes.
12	(b) Compiling statistics which would assist in the preparation of common
13	performance reports across agencies.
14	(c) Compiling statistics for education and training research purposes, including
15	longitudinal studies to assist in program improvement and design.
16	(2) Any employment data; provided pursuant to this Subsection; will be confidential.
17	No public employee or contractor acting on behalf of a state agency or employee of
18	such contractor may do either of the following:
19	(a) Use use any data, provided pursuant to this Subsection, for any purpose reason
20	other than the statistical purposes for which the data is furnished. or make data public
21	that would identify any individual or employing unit by either direct or indirect
22	means.
23	(b) Make public any of the data, provided pursuant to this Subsection, which would
24	allow the identity of any individual or employing unit to be inferred by either direct
25	or indirect means.
26	(3)(a) Any such data, as provided in this Subsection, that is released to any state
27	agency or any contractor acting on behalf of a state agency pursuant to this
28	Subsection, may be released on a reimbursable basis and shall be used exclusively for
29	execution of intended public duties. Such The data shall not, under any circumstance,

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be accessed and used for any other purpose, subject to sanction as provided for in Subparagraph (c) of this Paragraph of any such employee of such state agency or any contractor acting on behalf of such the state agency. The administrator and the office of employment security shall not be liable for any violation by any employee of the Louisiana Workforce Commission, the division of administration, or any contractor working on behalf of either of them, to whom such information has been disclosed or delegated in accordance with the provisions of this Subsection. (b) Any such data, as provided in this Subsection, that is received by any state agency or any contractor acting on behalf of a state agency pursuant to this Subsection, must be destroyed within thirty days of completion of its intended purpose as described in this Subsection. (c) Any person who violates any provision of this Subsection shall be fined not less than one thousand dollars nor more than twenty thousand dollars or imprisoned for not less than thirty days nor more than six months, or both. §1661. Oaths; witnesses In the discharge of the duties imposed by this Chapter, the administrator, any appeal referee, the members of the board of review and any duly authorized representative of any of them, shall have power to administer oaths and affirmations, take depositions, certify to official acts, and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, and other records deemed necessary as evidence in connection with a disputed claim, or an audit ordered by the administrator. Subpoenas issued pursuant to this Section may be served by any person duly authorized by the administrator. §1662. Subpoenas In case of contumacy by, or refusal If a person refuses to to obey a subpoena issued to any person, upon application by the administrator, the board of review, any appeal referee, or any duly authorized representative of any of them, any court of the State within the proper jurisdiction of which the inquiry is carried on or within the jurisdiction of which the person guilty of contumacy or refusal to obey is found or

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resides or transacts business, shall have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring such the person to appear before the administrator, the board of review, an appeal referee or any duly authorized representative of any of them, there to produce evidence, or there to give testimony touching regarding the matter under investigation; and failure Failure to obey such the order of the court may be punished by said court as a contempt thereof. Any person who, shall without just cause fail or refuse to without just cause, refuses to attend and testify or to answer any lawful inquiry or to produce books, papers, correspondence, memoranda and other records, if it is in his power to do so, in obedience to a subpoena of the administrator, the board of review, an appeal referee, or any duly authorized representative of any of them shall be fined not less than twenty dollars, nor more than two hundred dollars or imprisoned for not less than ten days nor more than sixty days, or both. Each day such the violation continues shall be deemed a separate offense. §1663. Protection against self-incrimination No person shall be excused from attending and testifying or from producing books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, and other records before the administrator, the board of review, an appeal referee, or any duly authorized representative of any of them, or in obedience to the subpoena of any of them in any cause or proceeding before them on the ground that the testimony or evidence, documentary or otherwise, required of him may tend to incriminate him or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture; but no No individual shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction; or matter, or thing concerning which he is compelled, after having claimed his privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or produce evidence, documentary or otherwise, except for perjury committed in so testifying. §1664. Federal-state cooperation (1) In the administration of this Chapter, the administrator shall cooperate with the U. S. Department of Labor to the fullest extent consistent with the provisions of this Chapter, and shall take such any action, through the adoption of appropriate rules,

1	regulations, administrative methods, and standards, as may be necessary to secure to
2	this state and its citizens all advantages available under the provisions of the Social
3	Security Act* that relate to unemployment compensation, the Federal Unemployment
4	Tax Act,** the Wagner-Peyser Act,*** and the Federal-State Extended
5	Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970.****
6	(2) In the administration of the provisions of this Chapter, which is enacted to
7	conform with the requirements of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, the Social
8	Security Act, the Wagner-Peyser Act, the Federal-State Extended Unemployment
9	Compensation Act of 1970, and the Emergency Unemployment Compensation Act
10	of 1991, the administrator shall take such action as may be necessary:
11	(a) To to ensure that the provisions are so interpreted and applied as to meet the
12	requirements of these federal acts as interpreted by the U.S. Department of Labor.
13	(b) To and to secure to this state the full reimbursement of the federal share of
14	extended and regular benefits paid under pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter
15	that are reimbursable under these federal acts.
16	*42 U.S.C.A. §501 et seq.
17	**26 U.S.C.A. (I.R.C.1954) §3301 et seq.
18	***29 U.S.C.A. §49 et seq.
19	****26 U.S.C.A. (I.R.C.1954) §3304.
20	§1665. Reciprocal arrangements with federal and state agencies
21	A. The administrator may enter into reciprocal arrangements with appropriate and
22	duly authorized agencies of other states or of the United States, or both, whereby:
23	(1) Service performed by an individual for a single employing unit for which services
24	are customarily performed by such the individual in more than one state shall be
25	deemed to be services performed entirely within any one of the states (a) in which any
26	part of such the individual's service is performed or (b) in which such the individual
27	has his residence or (c) in which the employing unit maintains a place of business,
28	provided there is in effect, as to such services, an election, approved by the agency
29	charged with the administration of such the state's unemployment compensation law,

2	employing unit are deemed to be performed entirely within such the state;.
3	(2) Potential rights to benefits accumulated under pursuant to the unemployment
4	compensation laws of one or more states or of the United States, or both, may
5	constitute the basis for the payment of benefits through a single appropriate agency
6	under <u>pursuant to</u> terms which the administrator finds will be fair and reasonable as
7	to all affected interests and will not result in any substantial loss to the fund;.
8	(3) Wages or services, upon the basis of which an individual may become entitled to
9	benefits under pursuant to an unemployment compensation law of another state or of
10	the United States; shall be deemed to be wages for insured work for the purpose of
11	determining his rights to benefits under pursuant to this Chapter, and wages for
12	insured work, on the basis of which an individual may become entitled to benefits
13	under pursuant to this Chapter shall be deemed to be wages or services on the basis
14	of which unemployment compensation under pursuant to such the law of another state
15	or of the United States is payable; but no No such arrangement shall be entered into
16	unless it contains provisions for reimbursements to the fund for such of the benefits
17	paid under pursuant to this Chapter upon the basis of such wages or services, and
18	provisions for reimbursements from the fund for such of the compensation paid under
19	such pursuant to the other law upon the basis of wages for insured work, as the
20	administrator finds will be fair and reasonable as to all affected interests; and
21	(4) For the purposes of R.S. 23:1543 through 1551, contributions due under pursuant
22	to this Chapter with respect to wages for insured work shall be deemed to have been
23	paid to the fund as of the date payment was made as contributions therefor under
24	<u>pursuant to</u> another state or federal unemployment compensation law; <u>but no such No</u>
25	arrangement shall be entered into unless it contains provisions for the reimbursement
26	of such contributions and the actual earnings thereon on the contributions, as the
27	administrator finds will be fair and reasonable as to all affected interests.
28	(5) Reimbursements paid from the fund pursuant to Paragraph (3) of this Subsection
29	shall be deemed to be benefits for the purpose of Parts II and V of this Chapter. The

pursuant to which all the services performed by such the individual for such the

1	administrator may make <u>reimbursements</u> to other state or federal agencies <u>from the</u>
2	fund and receive from them, reimbursements from or other state or federal agencies
3	to the fund, in accordance with arrangements entered into pursuant to the provisions
4	of this Section.
5	B. The administrator may enter into reciprocal arrangements concerning recovery of
6	overpaid benefits with appropriate and duly authorized agencies of other states or of
7	the United States, or both.
8	C. The Louisiana Workforce Commission shall work with multistate employers to
9	propose interstate reciprocal agreements that will safeguard multi-state multistate
10	employers from paying duplicative unemployment insurance contributions on the
11	same worker and protect the solvency of a state's trust fund by ensuring sufficient tax
12	streams to cover benefit liabilities.
13	§1665.1. Definitions
14	As used in R.S. 23:1665.1 through 1665.3, the following terms shall have the
15	meanings ascribed to them as follows:
16	(1) "Form IB-8606" is the interstate request for recovery document submitted by
17	states when requesting assistance in recovering overpayments.
18	(2) "Liable state" means any state against which an individual files a claim for
19	benefits through another state.
20	(3) "Offset" means the withholding of an amount against benefits which would
21	otherwise be payable for a compensable week of unemployment.
22	(4) "Overpayment" means an improper payment of benefits from a state or federal
23	unemployment compensation fund that has been determined recoverable under the
24	requesting state's law.
25	(5) "Participating state" means a state which has subscribed to the Interstate
26	Reciprocal Overpayment Recovery Arrangement.
27	(6) "Paying state" means the state under whose law a claim for unemployment
28	benefits has been established on the basis of combining wages and employment
29	covered in more than one state.

1	(7) "Payment" means a check or electronic transfer for the amount recovered.
2	(8) "Recovering state" means the state that has received a request for assistance from
3	a requesting state.
4	(9) "Requesting state" means the state that has issued a final determination of
5	overpayment and is requesting another state to assist in recovering the outstanding
6	balance from the overpaid individual.
7	(10) "State" means any of the fifty states of the United States of America; as well as
8	the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the United States Virgin Islands.
9	(11) "Transferring state" means a state in which a combined wage claimant had
10	covered employment and wages in the base period of a paying state, and which
11	transferred such the employment and wages to the paying state for its use in
12	determining the benefit rights of such the claimant under pursuant to its law.
13	§1665.2. Recovery of state or federal benefit overpayments
14	A. The requesting state shall do all of the following:
15	(1) Send the recovering state a written or electronic request for overpayment recovery
16	assistance, Form IB-8606, which includes certification that the overpayment is legally
17	collectable under pursuant to the requesting state's law, certification that the
18	determination is final and that any rights to postponement of recoupment have been
19	exhausted or have expired, a statement as to whether the state is participating in the
20	cross-program overpayment recovery agreement with the United States secretary of
21	labor, a copy of the initial overpayment determination, and a statement of the
22	outstanding balance.
23	(2) Send notice of this request to the claimant.
24	(3) Send a new outstanding overpayment balance to the recovering state whenever
25	the requesting state receives any amount of repayment from a source other than the
26	recovering state.
27	B. The recovering state shall:
28	(1) Issue an overpayment recovery determination to the claimant which includes at
29	a minimum all of the following:

1 (a) The statutory authority for the offset. 2 (b) The opportunity to appeal the offset of benefits if the recovering state allows for 3 appeal on the recovery of overpayment of regular unemployment compensation paid 4 by such the state. 5 (c) The name of the state requesting recoupment. 6 (d) The date of the original overpayment determination. 7 (e) The type of overpayment, fraud, or mistake. 8 (f) The program type, including but not limited to UI, UCFE, UCX, TRA. 9 (g) The total amount to be offset. 10 (h) The amount to be offset weekly. 11 (i) Instructions that any questions about the overpayment amount should be referred 12 to the requesting state. 13 (2) Offset benefits payable for each week claimed in the amount determined under 14 pursuant to state law. 15 (3) Notify the claimant of the amount offset. 16 (4) Prepare and forward, no less than once a month, a payment representing the 17 amount recovered, made payable to the requesting state, except as provided for in 18 combined wage claims. 19 (5) Retain a record of the overpayment balance. 20 (6) Not redetermine the original overpayment determination. 21 (7) Recover across benefit years and programs. 22 (8) Use the ET Handbook No. 392, or any official superceding United States 23 Department of Labor requirements for determining priorities for offsetting 24 overpayments. 25 §1665.3. Combined wage claims; recovery of outstanding overpayment in transferring state 26 A. The paying state shall: 27 (1) Offset any outstanding overpayment in a transferring state prior to honoring a 28 request from any other participating state.

1	(2) Credit the deductions against the statement of benefits paid to combined wage
2	claimants, Form IB-6, or forward a payment to the transferring state.
3	(3) Refer to the Interstate Benefit Payment Control section in the ET Handbook No.
4	392, Handbook for Interstate Claimstaking, or any superceding United States
5	Department of Labor requirements for the priorities of offsetting overpayments.
6	B. Withdrawal of a combined wage claim after benefits have been paid shall be
7	honored only if the combined wage claimant has repaid any benefits paid or
8	authorizes the new liable state to offset the overpayment.
9	C. The paying state shall issue an overpayment determination and forward a copy,
10	together with an overpayment recovery request and an authorization to offset, to the
11	liable state.
12	D. The recovering state shall:
13	(1) Prioritize the offset of overpayments as described in the Interstate Benefit
14	Payment Control section of the ET Handbook No. 392, Handbook for Interstate
15	Claimstaking, or any superceding United States Department of Labor requirements.
16	(2) Offset the total amount of any overpayment, resulting from the withdrawal of a
17	combined wage claim, prior to the release of any payments to the claimant.
18	(3) Offset the total amount of any overpayment, resulting from the withdrawal of a
19	combined wage claim, prior to honoring a request from any other participating state.
20	(4) Provide the claimant with a notice of the amount offset.
21	(5) Prepare and forward a payment representing the amount recovered to the
22	requesting state.
23	E. The recovering state shall offset benefits payable under pursuant to a state
24	unemployment compensation program to recover any benefits overpaid under
25	pursuant to a federal unemployment compensation program as described in the
26	recovering state's agreement with the United States secretary of labor as provided in
27	this Section, as appropriate, if the recovering state and requesting state have entered
28	into an agreement with the United States secretary of labor to implement Section
29	303(a) of the Social Security Act.

§1666. Cooperation with State and Federal state and federal agencies; Wage
Combining wage combining
(1) The administration of this Chapter and of other State and Federal state and federal
unemployment compensation and public employment service laws will be promoted
by cooperation between this state and such other states and the appropriate Federal
Agencies federal agencies in exchanging services, and making available facilities and
information. The Administrator administrator is therefore authorized to make
investigations investigate, accept, utilize, secure, and transmit information, make
available services and facilities and exercise such of the other powers provided herein
with respect to the administration of this Chapter as he deems necessary or
appropriate to facilitate the administration of any such unemployment compensation
or public employment service law, and in like manner, to accept and utilize
information, services and facilities made available to this state by the agency charged
with the administration of any such other unemployment compensation or public
employment service law other powers as necessary to administrate the provisions of
this Title.
(2) Combining wage creditsThe Administrator The administrator shall participate
in any arrangements for the payment of compensation on the basis of by combining
an individual's wages and employment covered under by this Chapter with his wages
and employment covered under by the unemployment compensation laws of other
States states which are approved by the United States Secretary of Labor in
consultation with the State state unemployment compensation agencies as reasonably
calculated to assure the prompt and full payment of compensation in such situations
and which include provisions for
(A) applying the base period of a single State state law to a claim involving the
combining combination of an individual's wages and employment covered under two
or more State state unemployment compensation laws, and
(B) avoiding the duplicate use of wages and employment by reason of such
combining.

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§1667. Reciprocal arrangements with foreign governments To the extent permissible under the laws and Constitution of the United States, the administrator is authorized to enter into or co-operate in arrangements whereby facilities and services provided under pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter and facilities and services provided under pursuant to the provisions of the unemployment compensation law of any foreign government, may be utilized for the taking of to take claims and the payment of pay benefits hereunder pursuant to the provisions of this <u>Chapter</u> or under a similar law of such that government. §1668. State employment service; creation, duties and powers; establishment and financing of employment offices A. The Louisiana State Employment Service is established in the office of workforce development. The administrator, in the conduct of such service, shall establish and maintain free public employment offices in such number and in such places as may be locations necessary for the proper administration of this Chapter and for the purposes of performing such duties as are within the purview of the Act of Congress entitled "An act to provide for the establishment of a national employment system, and for cooperation with the states in the promotion of such system, and for other purposes", approved June 6, 1933 (29 U.S.C. 49(c)) Wagner-Peyser Act, 29 U.S.C. 49(c) hereinafter referred to as "The Act", as amended. The administrator shall cooperate with any official or agency of the United States having powers or duties under the provisions of the said Act of Congress, and do and perform all things necessary to secure to this state the benefits of the said Act of Congress Act, as amended, in the promotion and maintenance of a system of public employment offices. The provisions of the said Act of Congress are accepted by this state, in conformity with Section 4 of said the Act, and this state will observe and comply with the requirements thereof. The Louisiana Workforce Commission is designated and constituted the agency of this state for the purposes of the said the Act. The administrator may cooperate with or enter into agreements with the Railroad

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employment service facilities. B. All monies received by this state under the said Act of Congress shall be paid into the employment security administration fund. For the purpose of establishing and maintaining free public employment offices, the administrator may enter into agreements with the Railroad Retirement Board, or any other agency of the United States charged with the administration of an employment security law, with any political subdivision of this state, or with any private, nonprofit organization, and as a part of any such agreement the administrator may accept monies, services or quarters as contributions to the employment security administration fund. These monies are hereby made available to the administrator to be expended as provided by this Section and by the said Act of Congress. §1669. Representation in court; civil and criminal actions A. In any civil action involving the administration of this Chapter, the administrator may be represented by any qualified attorney at law who is a regular salaried employee of the administrator and is designated by him for this purpose, or at the administrator's request, by the attorney general. B. All criminal actions for violations of any provisions of this Chapter, or of any rules or regulations issued pursuant thereto, shall be prosecuted by the prosecuting attorney of any parish in which the employer has a place of business or the violator resides or by the attorney general, or under his direction and control, at the request of the administrator. C. In furthering the collections of delinquent contributions, the administrator may procure the assistance of qualified attorneys at law on a contingent fee basis, taking into consideration the circumstances of the case, but in no instance shall the contingent fee for the successful collection of delinquent contributions exceed the amount of penalty collected as provided by this Chapter or ten percent of the total dollars collected, whichever is smaller. In addition to the above, the The administrator shall pay to qualified attorneys at law procured to collect delinquent

Retirement Board with respect to the establishment, maintenance, and use of free

contributions a sum of money any attorney hired on a contingency fee basis an
amount that does not to exceed fifty dollars as reasonable compensation for the
preparation and filing of lawsuits for collection of said the delinquent taxes.
§1670. Lease-purchase agreements, land and buildings
A. The Louisiana Workforce Commission may enter into lease-purchase agreements
for the purpose of acquiring land and buildings for the exclusive use and occupancy
of the programs administered under pursuant to the Louisiana Employment Security
Law and solely for the administration of this Chapter. All such lease-purchase
agreements shall be made with the approval of the governor and the advisory council,
and in conformity with the requirements of the United States Department of Labor
pertaining to the use of funds granted to this state in accordance with appropriations
made by the Congress of the United States to carry out the provisions of the Act of
June 6, 1933, as amended (29 U.S.C. 49-49n), Section 602 of the Servicemen's
Readjustment Act of 1944, and Title III of the Social Security Act, as amended (42
U.S.C. 501-503); and shall be for an amount not to exceed the fair market value of the
property at the time of execution of the agreement. Subject to the approval of the
governor and the United States Department of Labor, as hereinabove provided, such
lease-purchase agreements may include reasonable additional amounts, separately
payable upon such terms as may be deemed appropriate, for operation and
maintenance of the property and for alterations and repairs to the property during the
term of the lease. Expenses incurred under pursuant to any agreement entered into
pursuant to the authority contained in this Subsection shall not be a charge against or
be paid from the general funds of the state, but shall be chargeable to and paid from
funds granted to this state by the United States Department of Labor subject to the
conditions imposed on the use of such granted funds in accordance with Title III of
the Social Security Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 501-503), and Section 5 of the Act of
June 6, 1933, as amended (29 U.S.C. 49-49n).

1	B. The administrator may execute lease-purchase agreements authorized under by
2	Subsection A of this Section and perform all acts necessary for carrying out the
3	purposes hereof.
4	§1671. Death reports
5	A. By the tenth day of each month, the secretary of the Department of Health and
6	Hospitals shall send to the administrator a report, certified as correct over his
7	signature or the signature of his authorized representative, containing the name, date
8	of birth, date of death, address, sex, and the social security number, if available, of
9	each person who died in the state within the preceding calendar month.
10	B. The administrator shall have custody of these reports. Such reports which shall
11	be confidential and shall not be considered as public records under pursuant to R.S.
12	44:1 et seq. The information received by the administrator shall be used for
13	administrative purposes only and, except for authorized personnel who administer
14	programs and services under pursuant to the Louisiana Employment Security Law,
15	shall not be divulged to any person for any reason.
16	PART VIII. PROTECTION OF RIGHTS AND BENEFITS
17	§1691. Waiver of rights to benefits; agreements to pay employer contributions;
18	discrimination against employees; penalty
19	No agreement by an individual to waive, release, or commute his rights to benefits or
20	any other rights under pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter shall be valid. No
21	agreement by any individual in the employ of any person or concern to pay all or any
22	portion of an employer's contribution, required under this Chapter, from such the
23	employer, shall be valid. No employer shall directly or indirectly make or require or
24	accept any deduction from wages to finance the employer's contributions required
25	from him, require or accept any waiver of any right hereunder by any individual in
26	his employ, discriminate in regard to the hiring or tenure of work or any term or
27	condition of work of any individual on account of his claiming benefits under
28	pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter, or in any manner obstruct or impede the

filing of claims for benefits. Any employer or officer or agent of an employer who

1	violates any provision of this Section shall, for each offense, be fined not less than
2	one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned for not less
3	than one month nor more than six months, or both.
4	§1692. Fees and costs against claimants; limitations; penalty
5	A. No individual claiming benefits shall be charged fees or costs of any kind in any
6	proceeding under pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter by the board of review,
7	the administrator, or by their representatives, or by any court, but a However, a
8	court may assess costs against the claimant if it determines that the proceedings for
9	judicial review have been instituted or continued frivolously.
10	B. Any individual claiming benefits in any proceeding before the administrator, or the
11	board of review, or their representatives, or a court may be represented by counsel or
12	other duly authorized agent; but no such provided that the counsel or agents shall
13	either not charge or receive for their services more than an amount approved by the
14	administrator.
15	<u>C.</u> Any person who violates the provisions of this Section shall, for each offense, be
16	fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned for
17	not less than one month nor more than six months, or both.
18	§1693. Assignment of benefits; exemption of benefits from levy or execution; deduction for
19	support; deduction for overissuance of food stamps
20	A. No assignment, pledge, or encumbrance of any right to benefits which are <u>due</u> or
21	may become due or payable under this Chapter shall be valid, and such the rights to
22	benefits shall be exempt from levy, execution, attachment, except as provided in
23	Subsection B and Subsection I of this Section, or any other remedy prescribed for the
24	collection of debt. Benefits received by an individual, so long as they are not mingled
25	with other funds of the recipient, shall be exempt from any remedy for the collection
26	of all debts, except debts incurred for necessaries furnished to such the individual or
27	to his spouse or dependents during the time such the individual was unemployed. No
28	waiver of any exemption provided for in this Section shall be valid.

1	B. The administrator shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment
2	compensation payable to an individual who owes support obligations as defined under
3	Subsection G of this Section as follows:
4	(1) The amount specified by the individual to the administrator to be deducted and
5	withheld under this Subsection, if neither Paragraph (2) nor (3) of this Subsection is
6	applicable , or .
7	(2) The amount, if any, determined pursuant to an agreement submitted to the
8	administrator under 42 U.S.C. §654, by the state or local child support enforcement
9	agency, unless Paragraph (3) of this Subsection is applicable, or.
10	(3) Any amount required to be deducted and withheld from such unemployment
11	compensation pursuant to legal process, as that term is defined in 42 U.S.C. 659(i)(5),
12	properly served upon the administrator.
13	C. Any amount deducted and withheld under pursuant to Subsection B of this Section
14	shall be paid by the administrator to the appropriate state or local child support
15	enforcement agency in an income assignment order issued pursuant to R.S. 46:236.3
16	or 46:236.4.
17	D. Any amount deducted and withheld under pursuant to Subsection B of this Section
18	shall for all purposes be treated as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment
19	compensation and paid by such the individual to the state or local child support
20	enforcement agency in an income assignment order issued pursuant to R.S. 46:236.3
21	or 46:236.4 in satisfaction of the individual's support obligations.
22	E. For purposes of Subsections A through D of this Section, the term "unemployment
23	compensation" means any compensation payable under this Act, including amounts
24	payable by the administrator pursuant to an agreement under pursuant to any federal
25	law providing for compensation, assistance, or allowances with respect to
26	unemployment.
27	F. Subsection B (1) and (2) of this Section shall apply only if appropriate
28	arrangements have been made either for reimbursement by the state or local child
29	support enforcement agency for the administrative costs incurred by the administrator

1	under pursuant to this Section which costs are attributable to support obligations being
2	enforced by the state or local child support enforcement agency or for compensation
3	for administrative costs pursuant to the provisions of R.S. 46:236.3.
4	G. The term " support obligations" is defined, for purposes of this Section, as
5	including only obligations which are being enforced pursuant to a plan described in
6	42 U.S.C. §654 which has been approved by the secretary of Health and Human
7	Services under pursuant to Part D of Title IV of the Social Security Act.
8	H. The term "state or local child support enforcement agency" as used in this Section
9	means any agency of this state or a political subdivision thereof operating pursuant
10	to a plan described in Subsection G of this Section.
11	I.(1) Upon and subject to implementation by the United States Department of
12	Agriculture and agreement with the Louisiana Department of Children and Family
13	Services for and on behalf of the state food stamp program Supplemental Nutrition
14	Assistance Program (SNAP), the administrator of the office of employment security
15	shall develop the procedure for reimbursement of all related administrative costs of
16	any and all performed activities by the office of employment security under pursuant
17	to this Subsection attributable to the repayment of uncollected overissuance of food
18	stamp SNAP allotments:
19	(a) An individual filing a new claim in the state for unemployment compensation
20	shall, at the time of filing such claim, disclose whether he owes an uncollected
21	overissuance of food stamp coupons SNAP benefits, as defined in Section 13(c)(1)
22	of the Food Stamp Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C. 2022(c)(1), as amended. The administrator
23	shall notify the Louisiana Department of Children and Family Services, or its
24	designated office, of any individual who discloses that he owes any food stamp
25	overissuance and who is determined to be eligible and qualified for unemployment
26	compensation.
27	(b) The administrator shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment
28	compensation payable to an individual who owes an uncollected overissuance of food
29	stamps SNAP benefits:

1	(i) Any amount specified by the individual to the administrator to be deducted and
2	withheld under pursuant to the provisions of this Subsection if the administrator also
3	receives confirmation from the Louisiana Department of Children and Family
4	Services that there has been an enforceable determination of overissuance.
5	(ii) Any amount determined pursuant to an agreement, if any, between the individual
6	and the Louisiana Department of Children and Family Services under pursuant to the
7	provisions of Section 13(c)(3)(A) of the Food Stamp Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C.
8	2022(c)(3)(A), as amended.
9	(iii) Any amount otherwise required to be deducted and withheld under pursuant to
10	an enforceable court order or garnishment pursuant to Section 13(c)(3)(B) of the Food
11	Stamp Act of 1977, 7 U.S.C. 2022 (c)(3)(B), as amended.
12	(2) Any amount deducted and withheld under pursuant to this Subsection shall be
13	paid by the administrator to the Louisiana Department of Children and Family
14	Services, or its designated office.
15	(3) Any amount deducted and withheld from payable benefits under pursuant to this
16	Subsection shall for all purposes be treated as if it were paid to the individual as
17	unemployment compensation and paid by such individual to the Louisiana
18	Department of Children and Family Services as repayment of the uncollected
19	overissuance of food stamp SNAP benefit allotments.
20	(4) For purposes of this Subsection, the term "unemployment compensation" means
21	any unemployment benefits payable under pursuant to this Chapter, including
22	amounts payable by the administrator pursuant to any agreement under any federal
23	law providing for compensation, assistance, or allowances with respect to
24	unemployment.
25	PART IX. PENAL PROVISIONS
26	§1711. False statements or representations; failure to file reports or maintain records;
27	duties of officers and agents; presumptive proof; penalties
28	A. Whoever knowingly makes a false statement or representation to this the agency
29	knowing it to be false, or knowingly fails to disclose a material fact to obtain or

increase any benefit or other payment, whether or not such the benefits or payments
are obtained or increased, under pursuant to this Chapter, or under pursuant to an
employment security law of any other state, of the federal government, or of a foreign
government, either for himself or for any other person, shall be guilty of a
misdemeanor, and shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than one thousand
dollars, or imprisoned for not less than thirty days nor more than ninety days, or both,
in the discretion of the court. Each such false statement or representation or failure
to disclose a material fact shall constitute a separate offense.
B. Any employing unit, or any officer or representative, or agent of an employing
unit, or any other person who knowingly makes a false statement or representation to
this the agency, knowing it to be false, or who knowingly fails to disclose a material
fact, to prevent or reduce the payment of benefits to any individual entitled thereto,
or to avoid becoming or remaining subject hereto or to avoid or reduce any
contribution or other payment required from an employing unit under pursuant to this
Chapter, or under an employment security law of any other state, or the federal
government, or of a foreign government, or who refuses to make any such
contribution or other payment or to furnish any reports <u>as</u> required hereunder or to
produce or permit the inspection or copying of records <u>as</u> required hereunder , shall
be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more than
one thousand dollars, or imprisoned for not less than thirty days nor more than ninety
days, or both, in the discretion of the court. Each such false statement or
representation or failure to disclose a material fact, and each day of such failure or
refusal shall constitute separate offense.
C.(1) Any employing unit that fails to file any of the reports or to maintain any of the
records required by the administrator under pursuant to the authority of this Chapter
shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more
than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned for not less than thirty days nor more than
ninety days, or both, in the discretion of the court.

(2) Failure to file required reports within seven days of receipt of notice to file a
specified report or reports shall be deemed presumptive evidence of the employing
unit's intent not to file such the reports, if such notice is delivered to the owner,
partner, officer, agent, representative or employee of the employing unit either by
certified mail addressed to the employing unit or by a subpoena directed to the
employing unit and served by a representative of the administrator.
(3) Failure to maintain within this state any of the records, or copies thereof, required
by the administrator, necessary to the administration of this Chapter, or the failure to
produce to the administrator or his representative any of the records required to be
maintained by employing units under authority of this Chapter shall be deemed
presumptive evidence of the employing unit's intent not to maintain or produce such
records if the employing unit has been notified by certified mail to maintain or to
produce such the records, or has acknowledged in writing notice to maintain or
produce such the records.
D.(1) It shall be the duty of all officers, partners, agents and representatives engaged
in the management or operation of an employing unit to cause copies of all books and
records required under pursuant to the authority of this Chapter to be maintained in
this state and produced as required by the administrator or his representative and to
cause all required reports to be filed with the administrator. In the event that the
officer, partner, agent or representative fails in his duties, under this subsection he
shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor more
than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned for not less than thirty days nor more than
ninety days, or both.
(2) Failure of an employing unit to file specified reports within seven days following
notice to an officer, partner, agent or representative shall be presumptive evidence of
intent on the part of such officer, partner, agent or representative to violate the
provisions of this subsection provided that notice is given either by certified mail
addressed to the officer, partner, agent or representative or by a subpoena issued to
the employing unit and served on the officer, partner, agent or representative by the

1	administrator or his representative setting out the failure of the employing unit to file
2	specified reports.
3	(3) Once an officer, partner, agent or representative has been notified by certified
4	mail of the employing unit's failure to maintain or produce records, the employing
5	unit's failure thereafter to maintain or produce required records shall be presumptive
6	evidence of intent on the part of such officer, partner, agent or representative to
7	violate the provisions of this subsection.
8	E. The provisions of this section including all requirements, duties and penalties are
9	in addition to, and not in place of any other provisions, duties, or penalties provided
10	elsewhere in this Chapter or in the laws of this state.
11	F. Any non profit or governmental educational institution, including an institution of
12	higher education as defined in this Chapter which has the option to elect to become
13	a reimbursable employer, but instead becomes a contributing employer, and fails to
14	issue a contract or a letter of assurance of continued employment to its employees
15	following a vacation or semester break as provided for in R.S. 23:1600(6), where
16	reasonable assurance does exist, and actually continues the employment of those
17	employees subsequent to the vacation or semester break, shall pay a penalty equal to
18	the amount of unemployment benefits which were paid to those employees during the
19	vacation or semester break, unless the employer can conclusively prove to the
20	administration that it could not have issued a contract or letter of assurance as
21	provided for in R.S. 23:1600(6) due to circumstances beyond the employer's control.
22	In determining whether reasonable assurance exists, the administrator shall consider
23	length of employment, pupil population, past practices by the employer and such any
24	other factors as he may prescribe by regulation. Any fines collected under this
25	Subsection shall be credited to the Trust Fund.
26	G. Misclassification of employees as independent contractors.
27	(1)(a) Written warning. If the administrator determines, after investigation, that an
28	employer, or any officer, agent, superintendent, foreman, or employee of the
29	employer, failed to properly classify an individual as an employee in accordance with

this Chapter, and failed to pay contributions required by this Chapter, but the failure
was not knowing or willful, the employer shall be issued a written warning as
evidence that the employer has been cited for a first offense of misclassification.
Such The warning shall constitute a determination that any workers identified therein
are employees, and all resulting contributions, interest and penalties shall be due, and
shall be appealable as provided in this Section. However, no administrative penalties
shall be due.
(b) Administrative penalties. If the administrator determines, after investigation, that
an employer, or any officer, agent, superintendent, foreman, or employee of the
employer, after June 30, 2013, and subsequent to the issuance of a written warning,
failed to properly classify an individual as an employee and failed to pay
contributions in accordance with this Chapter, then, in addition to any contributions,
interest, and penalties otherwise due, the administrator may assess an administrative
penalty of not more than two hundred fifty dollars per each such individual.
Thereafter, any such failure by an employer to properly classify an individual as an
employee and pay contributions due shall be subject to an administrative penalty of
not more than five hundred dollars per each such individual. In determining the
amount of the administrative penalty imposed, the administrator shall consider factors
including previous violations by the employer, the seriousness of the violation, the
good faith of the employer, and the size of the employer's business.
(c) If, after an employer has been issued a written warning and is subsequently found,
on two or more separate occasions, to have failed to properly classify an individual
as an employee, the employer may also be subject to an additional fine of not less
than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or imprisoned for not
less than thirty days nor more than ninety days, or both. For the purpose of this
Subsection, each employee so misclassified shall constitute a separate offense.
(d) No such determination shall be final or effective, and no resulting administrative
penalty shall be assessed, unless the administrator first provides the employer with
written notification by certified mail of the determination, including the amount of the

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proposed contributions, interest, and penalties determined to be due and of the opportunity to request a fair hearing, of which a record shall be made within thirty days of the mailing of such the notice. The hearing request may be made by mail, as evidenced by the official postmarked date, or by otherwise timely delivering such the appeal. If the employer does not request a hearing within the thirty-day period the determination shall become final and effective, and the contributions, interest, and penalties due shall be assessed. (2) If a timely hearing request is made, the findings and conclusions of the hearing officer shall be appealable by judicial review as a final assessment in accordance with the provisions of R.S. 23:1728. Upon a final determination that an employer or any officer, agent, (3)(a)superintendent, foreman, or employee of the employer knowingly or willfully failed to properly classify an individual as an employee in accordance with this Chapter and failed to pay required contributions, then, in addition to the penalties provided herein, the employer shall be prohibited from contracting, directly or indirectly, with any state agency or political subdivision of the state for a period of three years from the date upon which the determination becomes final. (b) The division of administration shall maintain and place the employer on a list of such employers and make that list available to state agencies and political subdivisions of the state. (4) Notice requirements. Every employer shall post in a prominent and accessible location at each of its business premises a poster provided by the administrator that describes the responsibilities of independent contractors to pay taxes as required by state and federal laws, the rights of employees to workers' compensation and unemployment benefits, protections against retaliation, and the penalties if the employer fails to properly classify an individual as an employee. The notice shall also contain contact information for individuals to file complaints or obtain information regarding employment classification.

1	§1712. Violations of provisions, regulations or orders when penalty not otherwise
2	prescribed
3	Whoever knowingly violates any provision of this Chapter, or any order, rule, or
4	regulation thereunder and for which a penalty is neither prescribed in this Chapter nor
5	provided by any other applicable statute, shall be fined not less than twenty dollars
6	nor more than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned for not less than ten days nor more
7	than sixty days, or both. Each day such the violation continues shall constitute a
8	separate offense.
9	§1713. Waiver of recovery and recovery of benefits improperly received by
10	beneficiary
11	A. If the administrator finds that an individual has received any payment under
12	<u>pursuant to</u> this Chapter to which the individual was not entitled, <u>such the</u> individual
13	shall be liable to repay such the amount to the administrator for the unemployment
14	compensation fund, upon demand and in accordance with agency regulations, a sum
15	equal to the amount so received by the recipient, in addition to any penalties assessed;
16	as provided in R.S. 23:1714 and in accordance with R.S. 23:1740 through 1749. If
17	the claimant disagrees with such the determination or assessment of overpayment, he
18	shall have the same right to file an appeal as on any other determination, as provided
19	in R.S. 23:1629 et seq., for administrative and judicial remedies.
20	B. The issue of waiver of the right of recovery of any overpayment of benefits shall
21	be heard upon any appeal of \underline{a} determination or assessment of overpayment. The
22	appeal referee, board of review, or any court of jurisdiction, may waive the right of
23	recovery of any overpaid benefits received by any person who has received such the
24	benefits under this Chapter while any conditions for the receipt thereof were not
25	fulfilled in his case, or while he was disqualified from receiving such benefits, when
26	all of the following pertain apply:
27	(1) The receipt of said the benefits did not come within the fraud provisions of R.S.
28	23:1601(8).

1	(2) The overpayment was without fault of the claimant. In determining whether the
2	claimant was at fault, whether the claimant provided inaccurate information, failed
3	to disclose a material fact, or knew or should have known that he was not entitled to
4	benefits shall be considered, and any such act by the claimant shall preclude the
5	granting of a waiver.
6	(3) The recovery thereof of the overpayment would be against equity and good
7	conscience. In determining whether the recovery of the overpayment would be
8	against equity and good conscience, whether recovery would render the claimant
9	unable to cover ordinary living expenses for six months, and whether the claimant
10	was notified that a reversal on appeal would result in an overpayment of benefits shall
11	be considered.
12	C.(1) Any amount of benefits for which a person is determined to have been overpaid
13	and the overpayment is not waived shall, in the discretion of the administrator, be
14	either deducted from any benefits payable to the claimant under this Chapter or he
15	shall repay the administrator for the unemployment compensation fund a sum equal
16	to the amount so received by him, and such sum shall be collectible in the manner
17	provided for the collection of past due collections.
18	(2) A claim for repayment of benefits which did not come within the fraud provisions
19	of R.S. 23:1601(8) shall prescribe against the state five years from the date of the
20	expiration of the benefit year of the claim on which the overpayment occurred. This
21	prescription shall be interrupted for the period of time during which an appeal is
22	pending, by the filing of suit for collection by the administrator, by an
23	acknowledgment or partial payment of the indebtedness, or as provided by R.S.
24	23:1741 and 1742.
25	(3) When an overpayment has been assessed in the amount of one hundred dollars
26	or more, upon default, the administrator or his duly authorized representatives may
27	make in any manner feasible, and cause to be recorded in the mortgage records of any
28	parish in which such the claimant owns immovable property, a statement under oath
29	showing the amount of the overpayment in default; which The statement, when filed

1	for record, shall operate as a lien, privilege, and mortgage on the immovable property
2	of the claimant from the date of such filing.
3	D. Repealed by Acts 2012, No. 344, §2.
4	E. REPEALED BY ACTS 1993, NO. 620, §2, EFF. JUNE 15, 1993.
5	§1714. Penalties
6	A. A civil penalty shall be assessed if benefits are determined to have been overpaid
7	as a result of a fraud disqualification. made pursuant to R.S. 23:1601(8) in the amount
8	of The penalty shall be in the amount of twenty dollars or twenty-five percent,
9	whichever is greater, of the total overpayment amount. Except as otherwise provided
10	in Subsection C of this Section and any provisions of law in this state relating to the
11	deposit, administration, release, or disbursement of money in the possession or
12	custody of this state to the contrary notwithstanding, fifteen percent of each such the
13	overpayment amount recovered shall be deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury
14	of the United States of America to the credit of the account of this state in the
15	Unemployment Trust Fund established and maintained pursuant to 42 U.S.C.A.
16	§1101, et seq., as amended, and ten percent of each such overpayment amount
17	recovered shall be deposited in the penalty and interest account established by R.S.
18	23:1513 and used to offset collection expenses.
19	B. In all other instances, a penalty shall be assessed if the claimant does not
20	voluntarily repay overpaid benefits within thirty days after the claimant's appeal rights
21	have been exhausted and the determination becomes final. The penalty shall be in the
22	amount of twenty dollars or twenty-five percent, whichever is greater, of the total
23	overpayment debt unless the claimant has entered into a voluntary repayment plan and
24	has timely made all payments the plan required thereby. Penalties collected under
25	this Section shall be deposited in the penalty and interest account established by R.S.
26	23:1513 and used to offset collection expenses.
27	C. No penalties may be withheld from amounts recovered by an offset from
28	unemployment compensation benefits.
29	PART X. ALTERNATIVE COLLECTION PROCEDURES

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1 AND ASSESSMENTS

SUBPART A. OUTSTANDING CONTRIBUTIONS §1721. Alternative remedies for the collection of contributions In addition to any of the remedies provided in the various sections of this Chapter, the administrator may, within his discretion, proceed to enforce the collection of any contributions or other payments due under this chapter by means of assessment and executory procedure as set forth in this part. §1722. Determination and notice of liability and contributions due If an employer fails to make and file any report required by authority of this Chapter or to pay any contributions, interest, penalty or other payments due under this Chapter, or if a report made and filed does not correctly compute the liability of the employer, the administrator shall cause an audit, investigation, or examination to be made to determine the liability, contributions, interest and penalty due by the employer, or if. If no report has been filed, he shall determine the liability, contributions, interest and penalty by estimate or otherwise. Having determined the amount of liability, contributions, interest and penalty due, the administrator shall send a notice by certified or registered mail to the employer at the employer's last known address of the employer setting out the determination of liability, contributions, interest and penalty due and informing the employer of his intent to assess the amount of the determination against the employer after thirty calendar days from the date of the notice and that unless the employer appeals the determination as provided in R.S. 23:1723 within the thirty-day period, the assessment shall become final. §1723. Appeal of determination; procedure; content; delays; hearings The employer, within the thirty-day period provided by R.S. 23:1722, may appeal the determination of the administrator by sending an appeal to the administrator by certified or registered mail. The appeal shall fully disclose the reasons, together with facts and figures in substantiation thereof to support the reasons, for objecting to the

administrator's determination. The administrator shall consider the appeal, and, if

1	timely requested by the employer, shall grant a fair hearing of which a record shall
2	be made before making a final determination on liability and assessment of
3	contributions, interest and penalties due.
4	§1724. Assessment
5	At the expiration of the thirty-day period provided for in R.S. 23:1722, or at the
6	expiration of such time as may be necessary for the administrator to consider any
7	appeal filed to such notice, the administrator may proceed to assess the contributions,
8	interest and penalty that he determines to be due under this Chapter. This assessment
9	shall be evidenced by a writing in any form suitable to the administrator which states
10	the name of the employer, the amount determined to be due, and the taxable period
11	for which the assessment is due. This writing shall be retained as a part of the
12	administrator's official records. The assessment may confirm or modify the
13	administrator's original determination.
14	§1725. Notice of assessment; reassessment
15	A. The administrator shall notify the employer of the assessment by sending a notice
16	of assessment by certified or registered mail to the employer's last known address.
17	B. Nothing in this part Part shall be construed so as to deprive the administrator of
18	the right and power to reassess an employer for any report, contributions, interest or
19	penalty in the event a deficiency in the amount of assessment is discovered.
20	§1726. Legal effect of assessments; when collectible
21	A. All assessments under this Part shall be tantamount to and the equivalent of
22	judgments of courts the judgment of a court. The assessments are final when made
23	subject only to modification by an appeal as provided in R.S. 23:1728 or reassessment
24	as provided in R.S. 23:1725. Assessments are immediately collectible when made
25	and any employer may waive any delays and notices provided for in this Part.
26	B. No employer against whom an assessment under this Part is in effect and whose
27	right to appeal the assessment is exhausted may submit a bid or proposal for or obtain
28	any contract pursuant to Chapter 10 of Title 38 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of
29	1950 and Chapters 16 and 17 of Title 39 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950.

1	This prohibition shall cease upon payment in full of the amount due under pursuant
2	to the assessment.
3	§1727. Recordation and effect of notice of assessment
4	A. The administrator may cause a copy of the notice of assessment to be filed in the
5	mortgage records of any parish in this state without costs in which the administrator
6	believes that the employer is engaged in business, resided, or owns movable or
7	immovable property. The notice of assessment when filed for record shall have the
8	same legal effect as a judgment and shall operate as a first lien, privilege, and
9	mortgage on all of the movable or immovable property of the employer from the date
10	of such the filing.
11	B. The notice of assessment shall not affect liens, privileges, chattel mortgages,
12	security interests under Chapter 9 of the Louisiana Commercial Laws, R.S. 10:9-101
13	et seq., or mortgages already affecting or burdening such the property at the date of
14	such the filing; however, such the filing shall be sufficient to cover all unpaid
15	contributions, interest, and penalties that may accrue after such the filing and the
16	property of such the employer shall be subject to seizure and sale for the payment of
17	such contributions, interest, and penalties according to the preference and rank of said
18	the lien, privilege, security interest, and mortgage securing their payment.
19	§1728. Appeals; delays; venue; burden of proof
20	A. When an employer is dissatisfied with the final assessment, he may within thirty
21	days of the date of the notice of assessment file a petition for judicial review of the
22	assessment, in either the district court in the parish of East Baton Rouge or in the
23	district court of the parish wherein the employer maintains his principal place of
24	business, setting forth allegations of error made by the administrator. The review by
25	the court shall be limited to questions of law, provided that if a hearing has been held
26	the findings of fact by the administrator shall be conclusive if supported by substantial
27	and competent evidence.
28	B. No court shall have the power to enjoin or suspend the payment of contributions,
29	interest, and penalty during an appeal of an assessment.

1	§1729. Authority for assessments to be made executory by the courts
2	Assessments being tantamount to and the equivalent of judgments may be made
3	executory in any Louisiana court of competent jurisdiction.
4	§1730. Procedure for making assessment executory and execution thereof
5	A. The administrator may file an ex parte petition complying with Article 891 of the
6	Code of Civil Procedure together with a copy of the notice of assessment annexed
7	praying that the assessment be made executory. The court shall immediately render
8	and sign this the judgment making the assessment of the administrator executory.
9	B. The assessment thus that was made executory may be executed and enforced
10	immediately as if it had been a judgment of that court rendered in an ordinary
11	proceeding.
12	§1731. Injunction to arrest execution of assessment made executory
13	The execution of an assessment made executory under this part may be arrested by
14	injunction only if the judgment is extinguished or otherwise legally unenforceable.
15	No temporary restraining order or a preliminary writ of injunction may be issued,
16	however, unless the applicant therefor furnishes security in an amount of one and one-
17	half times the amount of the assessment including contributions, interest and penalty.
18	§1732. Prescription of assessments as judgments
19	Assessments under this part being tantamount to and the equivalent of to judgments
20	shall not be subject to the running of any prescription other than such the prescription
21	as that would run against a judgment in favor of the State of Louisiana in accordance
22	with the constitution and laws of the state.
23	§1733. Offset of assessments against tax refunds
24	A. The administrator may file with the secretary of the Department of Revenue a
25	claim of offset in accordance with Part IV of Chapter 1 of Subtitle II of Title 47 of the
26	Louisiana Revised Statutes of 1950 against any refund or overpayment of Louisiana
27	individual income tax in which an employer has an interest if the assessment against
28	the employer has been made executory as provided by R.S. 23:1730.

B. The administrator may file with the secretary of the Department of Revenue a written claim of offset against any refund or overpayment of Louisiana corporate income or franchise tax due to an employer if the assessment has been made executory as provided in R.S. 23:1730. Upon receipt of the claim of offset, the secretary shall remit to the administrator the amount of the claim that can be paid out of the corporate income or franchise tax refund or overpayment and shall notify the employer of the action taken.

SUBPART B. OVERPAID BENEFITS

§1740. Alternative remedies for collection of benefit overpayments

In addition to any of the remedies provided in this Chapter, the administrator may proceed to enforce the collection of any overpayments or other payments due under this Chapter by means of assessment and executory procedure as set forth in this Subpart.

§1740.1. Costs of proceedings and other fees not required from administrator. The administrator shall not be required to furnish any court bond, nor to make a deposit for or pay any costs of court in any legal proceedings, nor to pay any costs or fees in connection with the recordation in the mortgage records of any parish, of a sworn statement showing the amount of overpayment and penalties in default by a claimant. No clerk of any court, sheriff, recorder of mortgages, or any other public official shall fail or refuse to perform any service in connection with proceedings brought by the administrator on the ground that costs have not been advanced or guaranteed, nor shall they be entitled to charge for any certified copies of any document which they shall be required to furnish on request of the administrator.

§1741. Assessment

At the expiration of the delay periods as provided in R.S. 23:1629 through 1634, or at the expiration of such additional time as may be necessary for the administrator to consider any application for waiver of overpayment as provided in R.S. 23:1713(B), the administrator shall proceed to assess an overpayment that he determines to be due under this Chapter. This assessment shall be evidenced by a writing in any form

1	suitable to the administrator which states the name of the claimant and the amount
2	determined to be due. This writing shall be retained as a part of the administrator's
3	official records.
4	§1742. Notice of assessment; reassessment
5	A. The administrator shall notify the claimant of the assessment by sending a notice
6	of assessment to the claimant or his representative by certified or registered mail to
7	the claimant's or his authorized representative's his last known address.
8	B. Nothing in this Subpart shall be construed so as to deprive the administrator of the
9	right and power to assess a claimant for any overpayment or penalty in the event a
10	deficiency in the amount of assessment is discovered.
11	§1743. Legal effect of assessments; when collectible
12	All assessments under this Subpart shall be tantamount to and the equivalent of
13	judgments of courts a judgment of a court. The assessments are final when made
14	subject only to modification by an appeal as provided in R.S. 23:1629 through 1634
15	or reassessment as provided in R.S. 23:1742. Assessments are immediately
16	collectible when made and any claimant may waive any delays and notices provided
17	for in this Subpart.
18	§1744. Recordation and effect of notice of assessment
19	The administrator may cause a copy of the notice of assessment to be filed in the
20	mortgage records of any parish in this state, without costs, in which the administrator
21	believes that the claimant resides or owns real property, which . The notice of
22	assessment, when filed for record, shall have the same legal effect as a judgment and
23	shall operate as a first lien, privilege, and mortgage on all of the real property of the
24	claimant from the date of such the filing.
25	§1745. Authority for assessment to be made executory
26	Assessments being tantamount to and are the equivalent of judgments and may be
27	made executory in any Louisiana court of competent jurisdiction.
28	§1746. Procedure for making assessment executory and execution thereof

1	A. The administrator may file an ex parte petition complying with Article 891 of the
2	Code of Civil Procedure along with a copy of the notice of assessment annexed
3	praying that the assessment be made executory. The court shall immediately render
4	and sign this the judgment making the assessment of the administrator executory.
5	B. The assessment thus made executory may be executed and enforced immediately
6	as if it had been a judgment of that court rendered in an ordinary proceeding.
7	§1747. Injunction to arrest execution of assessment made executory
8	The execution of an assessment made executory under this Subpart may be arrested
9	by injunction only if the judgment is extinguished or otherwise legally unenforceable.
10	§1748. Prescription of assessments as judgments
11	Assessments under this Subpart being tantamount to and equivalent to judgments
12	shall not be subject to the running of any prescription other than such the prescription
13	as that would run against a judgment in favor of the state of Louisiana in accordance
14	with the constitution and laws of this state.
15	§1749. Offset of assessments against tax refunds
16	A. After exhaustion or prescription of appeal rights of the claimant, under R.S.
17	23:1629 et seq., as to regarding the liability for any overpayment, the administrator
18	may file with the secretary of the Department of Revenue a claim of offset in
19	accordance with Part IV of Chapter 1 of Subtitle II of Title 47 of the Louisiana
20	Revised Statutes of 1950 against any refund or overpayment of Louisiana individual
21	income tax in which a claimant has an interest.
22	B. The administrator may file with the secretary of the Department of Revenue a
23	written claim of offset against any refund or overpayment of Louisiana income tax
24	due to a claimant. Upon receipt of the claim of offset, the secretary may remit to the
25	administrator the amount of the claim that can be paid out of the individual or other
26	tax refund or overpayment and shall notify the claimant of the action taken.
27	§1749.1. Definitions
28	For purposes of R.S. 23:1749.1 through 1749.8, the following terms shall have the
29	meaning ascribed to them in this Section as follows:

2 (2) "Licensee" means any individual holding a license. 3 (3) "Licensing authority" means the Department of Wildlife and Fisheries. 4 (4) "Obligor" means any individual legally obligated to repay an overpayment of 5 unemployment compensation benefits fraudulently obtained pursuant to R.S. 6 23:1601(8), who has failed to make required repayment for ninety or more days. 7 (5) "Overpayment" means a final determination issued pursuant to R.S. 23:1713(A). 8 (6) "Suspension" means a temporary revocation of a license for an indefinite period 9 of time or the denial of an application for issuance or renewal of a license. 10 §1749.2. Notice of overpayment delinquency; suspension of license 11 A. The commission may send by certified mail, return receipt requested, a notice of 12 overpayment delinquency to an obligor informing the obligor of the commission's 13 intention to submit his name to the licensing authority for suspension of his license. 14 If an obligor holds multiple licenses, the commission may issue a single notice of its 15 intention to submit multiple suspensions. 16 B. A notice of overpayment delinquency shall include all of the following: 17 (1) A summary of the obligor's right to file a written objection to the suspension of his license, including the time within which the objection shall be filed and the 18 19 address where the objection shall be filed. 20 (2) A brief description of an administrative hearing and location of the hearing if the 21 obligor timely files a written objection. 22 (3) The address and telephone number to which the obligor may respond. 23 (4) A statement of the amount of the past-due overpayment. 24 (5) A brief summary of all requirements the obligor shall meet to come into 25 compliance or to forestall the suspension. 26 §1749.3. Objection to suspension of license 27 A. Within twenty days after receipt of the notice of overpayment delinquency, the 28 obligor may file a written objection with the commission requesting an administrative

(1) "License" means any recreational license to fish or hunt in Louisiana.

1	hearing to determine whether he is in compliance with the cited overpayment
2	obligation.
3	B. If the obligor does not timely file a written objection or enter into a written
4	agreement with the commission to make periodic payments on an overpayment, the
5	commission shall certify that the obligor is noncompliant to the licensing authority
6	for license suspension.
7	§1749.4. Administrative hearing
8	Upon receipt of a timely written objection, the commission shall conduct an
9	administrative hearing in accordance with the procedures provided in R.S. 23:1629.
10	The hearing may be conducted by telephone or other electronic media. The sole issue
11	at the administrative hearing shall be whether the obligor is in compliance with his
12	obligation to repay an overpayment or whether the obligor has failed to make required
13	repayment for more than ninety days. The obligor may appeal the decision issued by
14	judicial review in accordance with the procedures provided in R.S. 23:1634.
15	§1749.5. Certification of noncompliance
16	The commission may certify electronically to the licensing authority that a licensee
17	is not in compliance with an overpayment obligation in the event of any of the
18	following:
19	(1) The obligor has not timely filed an objection to the notice of overpayment
20	delinquency and more than twenty days have passed after service of the notice of
21	overpayment delinquency.
22	(2) The obligor has timely filed an objection to the notice of overpayment
23	delinquency and an adverse decision or order was issued after the administrative
24	hearing, rehearing, or judicial review and all legal delays have lapsed.
25	§1749.6. Suspension of license
26	A. Within thirty days after receipt of a certification of noncompliance from the
27	commission, the licensing authority shall suspend the license of all licensees named
28	therein in the certificate.

1	B. The licensing authority shall specify a date of suspension, which date shall be
2	within thirty days from the licensing authority's receipt of the certification of
3	noncompliance.
4	§1749.7. Subsequent compliance with overpayment obligation; compliance releases
5	A. An obligor shall be considered to be in subsequent compliance with an
6	overpayment obligation when all of the following occur:
7	(1) The obligor is up to date with all overpayment obligations.
8	(2) All past-due overpayment obligations have been paid or if the obligor agreed to
9	a periodic payment schedule with the commission, the obligor has made timely
10	periodic payments in accordance with the terms of that agreement for at least ninety
11	days.
12	B. At the request of an obligor who is in subsequent compliance with Subsection A
13	of this Section, the commission shall electronically issue a compliance release
14	certificate indicating that the obligor is eligible to have his license reissued.
15	§1749.8. Reissuance of license
16	The licensing authority shall issue, reissue, renew, or otherwise extend an obligor's
17	license, in accordance with any applicable reinstatement fees or applicable rules, upon
18	receipt of a certified copy of a compliance release from the commission.
19	PART XII. PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYER ORGANIZATIONS
20	§1761. Definitions
21	As used in this Chapter, the following terms shall have the meanings hereinafter
22	ascribed to them <u>as follows</u> :
23	(1) "Client" means an employer who obtains services on all or a majority of its work
24	force or labor from a professional employer organization.
25	(2) "Covered employee" means a person having a co-employment relationship with
26	both a PEO and the PEO's client pursuant to an executed PEO service agreement.
27	(3) "Co-employment relationship" means an employment relationship whereby both
28	the client and the PEO have an employer/employee relationship with the covered

1	employee and the direction and control of the covered employee is shared by or
2	allocated between the client and the PEO pursuant to a PEO service agreement.
3	(4) "Experience rating" shall have the meaning assigned to it under the Employment
4	Security Law.
5	(5) "Independent contractor" means a person who, for the purposes of the
6	Employment Security Law, satisfies the exception provided in R.S. 23:1472(12)(E)
7	R.S. 23:1472(12)(D).
8	(6) "Person" means an individual, association, partnership, corporation, limited
9	liability company, or other entity.
10	(7) "Professional Employer Organization" or "PEO" means any person that offers
11	professional employer services pursuant to a professional employer services
12	agreement with a client, including but not limited to administrative services
13	organizations and employee leasing organizations that provide services pursuant to
14	a PEO agreement. Such A PEO shall be considered an employer for purposes of this
15	Chapter.
16	(8) "Professional employer services agreement" or "PEO services agreement" means
17	an agreement between a professional employer organization and a client pursuant to
18	which the professional employer organization will, upon execution of the agreement,
19	co-employ a substantial part of a client's workforce and undertake specified
20	responsibilities as an employer for all covered employees that are co-employed by the
21	agreement between the professional employer organization and the client.
22	(9) "Staffing service" means any person or entity, other than a professional employer
23	organization, that supplies workers to a client to support or supplement the client's
24	workforce. It Staffing service includes temporary staffing services and leasing
25	companies that supply employees to clients in special work situations such as
26	employee absences, temporary worker shortages, seasonal workloads, and special
27	assignments and projects, and other similar work situations.
28	(10) "Temporary employee" is an employee, whether called temporary employee or
29	leased employee, who is recruited by a staffing service or employee leasing company,

1 is assigned to a client by such service or company, and is expected to return to the 2 staffing service or leasing company for reassignment at the end of duties at the client 3 company. 4 (11) "UI tax account" means a state unemployment tax account. 5 §1762. Exemptions and exceptions 6 A. This Part shall not apply to the following: 7 (1) Labor organizations as defined by the National Labor Relations Act. 8 (2) Staffing services. 9 (3) Temporary employment arrangements. 10 (4) Independent contractors. 11 (5) Political subdivisions of the state or the United States and any of their programs 12 or agencies. 13 B.(1) This Part shall not prohibit a client who is party to a collective bargaining 14 agreement from contracting with a PEO, if the union consents to such the agreement. 15 (2) A PEO arrangement shall have no effect on collective bargaining agreements that 16 are in existence prior to the PEO arrangement. 17 C. This Part shall not apply to contracts for services where no co-employment 18 relationship exists and neither party represents such the services as being PEO 19 services. 20 D.(1) This Part does not exempt a client of a registered PEO or a covered employee 21 from any other license requirements imposed under by local, state, or federal law. 22 (2) A covered employee who is licensed, registered, or certified under law is 23 considered to be an employee of the client for purposes of that license, registration, 24 or certification. 25 (3) A registered PEO is not engaged in the unauthorized practice of an occupation, 26 trade, or profession that is licensed, certified, or otherwise regulated by a 27 governmental entity solely by entering into a professional employer services 28 agreement with a client or co- employing an employee of such the a client. 29 §1763. Rights and responsibilities

1	A. For purposes of this Chapter, as long as the professional employer services
2	agreement between the PEO and the client remains in force, a PEO shall be deemed
3	an employer of the covered employees to the extent and for the purposes enumerated
4	in the professional employer services agreement. However, the PEO shall have the
5	following employer rights and responsibilities with regard to such covered employees
6	in any case:
7	(1) It shall pay the wages of covered employees from its own accounts.
8	(2) It shall have the responsibility for the withholding and remittance of payroll-
9	related taxes of the covered employees from its own accounts.
10	(3) It shall pay federal unemployment taxes as required by federal unemployment
11	laws.
12	(4) It shall have the right to sponsor and maintain fully insured employee benefit and
13	welfare plans for covered employees. Nothing in this Part shall prevent a client from
14	including covered employees in a client benefit program or plan or shall prevent
15	covered employees from participating in such a program or plan.
16	B.(1) A PEO shall be liable for state unemployment taxes for wages paid by the PEO
17	to covered employees but only for the duration of the PEO services agreement
18	applicable to such the employees. The PEO shall collect federal and state
19	unemployment taxes. The PEO shall remit all collected federal unemployment taxes
20	to the United States Department of Treasury, Internal Revenue Service and shall remit
21	all collected state unemployment taxes to the Louisiana Workforce Commission. A
22	PEO shall be required to provide a client with an invoice detailing the services
23	provided which shall include an itemization of the actual federal and state
24	unemployment taxes owed and paid on behalf of the covered employees, as well as
25	any amount the PEO charges for such the service.
26	(2) A PEO shall keep separate records and submit separate quarterly contribution and
27	wage reports for each of its client entities using the client's account number and
28	unemployment contribution rate.

1	(3) The PEO and the client shall be jointly and severally liable for any unpaid
2	contributions, interest, and penalties due for Louisiana unemployment taxes
3	attributable to wages for services performed for the client by covered employees.
4	(4) A PEO client shall be released from joint and several liability under Paragraph
5	(B)(3) and the client shall be released from the separate reporting and contribution
6	rate requirements imposed under Paragraph (B)(2) upon the posting and continued
7	maintenance by the PEO of a surety bond issued by a corporate surety authorized to
8	do business in the state in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars to ensure
9	prompt payment of contributions, interest, and penalties for which the PEO is or may
10	become liable. After three years the bond shall be adjusted in accordance with rules
11	promulgated by the Louisiana Workforce Commission.
12	(5) The PEO shall designate and identify each client and covered employees thereof
13	for each calendar quarter with the filing of quarterly wage reports with the Louisiana
14	Workforce Commission.
15	(6)(a) No transfer of experience rating will be approved between any client and the
16	PEO unless it is determined by the administrator that an acquisition of assets has
17	occurred. Co-employment of a client's employees without an acquisition of the
18	business and its other assets will not of itself constitute an acquisition for purposes of
19	the transfer of experience rating.
20	(b) However, the experience rating will transfer between one PEO to another when
21	it is determined by the administrator that an acquisition of assets has occurred, even
22	if such the acquisition is only of a clearly segregable and identifiable or a substantial
23	portion of the first PEO's labor force.
24	(7) If a professional employer services agreement is terminated and, within thirty
25	days, the client engages the services of another PEO, both the terminated or
26	terminating PEO and the new PEO will notify the unemployment insurance tax
27	section of the Louisiana Workforce Commission directly within thirty days, and no
28	. No other action need be taken.

1	(8) If a professional employer service agreement is terminated and the client resumes
2	sole employment of previously covered employees, any inactive unemployment
3	insurance account previously held by the client will be reopened under its previously
4	existing experience rating. No transfer of experience rating shall be made from the
5	PEO. If there is no previous account number or the account lies dormant for seven
6	years, a new account will be established in accordance with law. If there is no
7	existing experience rating, one will be established pursuant to state law for new
8	businesses.
9	§1764. Registration
10	A. Except as provided in R.S. 23:1762(D), no person shall engage in the business of
11	or act as a PEO or provide, or offer to provide, PEO services, unless it is validly
12	registered as is provided for in this Part.
13	B. No person shall be validly registered if he fails to provide to the administrator all
14	of the information required by this Part, or if he provides false or misleading
15	information.
16	C. The administrator may bring an action to enjoin or restrain any person who is in
17	violation of the provisions of this Section.
18	§1765. Application for registration
19	A. Every applicant for an initial and a renewal PEO registration shall file with the
20	administrator a completed application on a form prescribed by rules and regulations
21	of the administrator and shall remit an annual registration fee. Renewal applications
22	and fees remitted later than thirty days after the PEO's anniversary date may be
23	subject to a penalty not to exceed five hundred dollars.
24	B. The contents of a PEO application shall include:
25	(1) Identification of applicant:
26	(a) If an individual, the name and address of the individual. Any such applicant shall
27	have reached the full age of majority.

2	controlling persons in the partnership. If a limited partnership, the partnership shall
3	also produce a certified copy of its certificate of limited partnership.
4	(c) If a corporation, the applicant shall state the names and home addresses of all
5	officers and directors and of all other controlling persons of the corporation. The
6	applicant shall include a certified copy of its articles of incorporation.
7	(d) If a limited liability company, the applicant shall state the names and home
8	addresses of all members and indicate which members are managers or controlling
9	persons of the company. The applicant shall include a copy of the articles of
10	organization and any operating agreement of the type defined in R.S. 12:1301(16).
11	The limited liability company shall also produce a certified copy of its certificate of
12	organization.
13	(2) The address of its principal place of business in this state and the addresses of any
14	other offices within this state through which the applicant intends to conduct business
15	as a PEO.
16	(3) Such other Any other information which the administrator deems necessary and
17	requires by rule or regulation to establish that the applicant or the controlling persons
18	thereof are of good moral character, business integrity, and financial responsibility.
19	(4) A verification of the information contained in the application by an officer or
20	authorized representative of the applicant in a form prescribed by the administrator.
21	C. The administrator shall promulgate rules and regulations for registration and
22	renewal fees not to exceed those reasonably necessary to administer the registration
23	and renewal requirements of this Part.
24	§1766. Rejection of application for registration
25	A. The administrator may reject an application for registration under any of the
26	following conditions:
27	(1) The application is not fully completed, properly executed, or is otherwise
28	deficient on its face.

(b) If a partnership, the applicant shall state the names and home addresses of all

1	(2) The documents required to supplement the application are not included in the
2	application packet.
3	(3) The applicant, or any person named in the application, has made a material
4	misrepresentation in the application.
5	B. The administrator shall furnish the applicant with a written statement of the reason
6	for rejecting or revoking an application. The applicant may request a hearing before
7	the administrator within thirty days of mailing of the written statement.
8	§1767. Terms of registration; renewal; revocation
9	A. Any registration issued hereunder shall remain in force for one year from the date
10	of the issuance of registration unless revoked by the administrator for good cause.
11	B. Thirty days prior to the expiration of its registration, any registrant desiring to
12	continue to offer or provide PEO services may submit an application for renewal of
13	registration on a form and with such any supplemental material as may be prescribed
14	by the administrator.
15	C. A registration may be revoked or an application for renewal of registration may
16	be rejected by the administrator for any of the grounds enumerated in R.S.
17	23:1766(A) or for a willful failure of the PEO to comply with the provisions of this
18	Chapter.
19	D. A PEO shall have a right to an administrative hearing before an objective party
20	prior to the cancellation or nonrenewal of its registration. The administrator shall
21	furnish the applicant with a written statement of the reason for revoking a registration
22	or rejecting an application. The applicant may request a hearing before the
23	administrator within thirty days of mailing of the written statement.
24	§1768. Professional employer services agreement requirements
25	Every professional employer services agreement ("PEO agreement") "PEO
26	agreement" shall comply with the following requirements:
27	(1) The agreement shall be in writing and executed by both the PEO and the client.

2	an initial term of one year, the agreement shall clearly indicate that the intent is for
3	the agreement to be ongoing rather than temporary.
4	(3) The agreement shall provide that the client retains control over its business
5	enterprise and exercises direction and control over the covered employees as to with
6	respect to the manner and method of work done in furtherance of the client's business,
7	but that authority and responsibility as to regarding other employment matters,
8	including but not limited to hiring, firing, discipline, and compensation are allocated
9	to and shall be between the PEO and the client.
10	(4) The agreement shall specifically provide for and allocate responsibility between
11	the PEO and the client company with regard to the procurement and maintenance of
12	workers' compensation insurance covering their the liability for workers'
13	compensation benefits and group health insurance to or with respect to the employees
14	covered by the professional services agreement.
15	(5) The agreement shall state specifically that the agreement is executed between the
16	parties subject to the provisions of this Part.
17	§1769. Electronic registration; registration through an approved assurance
18	organization
19	A. The administrator is authorized, to the extent practical, to accept the electronic
20	filing of a PEO registration that is in conformance conformity with the Louisiana
21	Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, R.S. 9:2601 et seq., including applications,
22	documents, reports, and other filings required by this Part.
23	B. The administrator is further authorized, to the extent practical, to provide for the
24	acceptance of electronic filings and other assurance documents by an independent and
25	qualified assurance organization approved by the commissioner that provides
26	satisfactory assurance of compliance with the applicable provisions of this Part. The
27	administrator may permit a PEO to authorize such an approved assurance
28	organization to act on the PEO's behalf in complying with the registration
29	requirements of this Part, including the electronic filing of applications, documents,

(2) The agreement shall have an initial term of at least one year or, in the absence of

reports, registration fees, and other information. Use of such an approved assurance organization shall be optional and not mandatory for any PEO.

C. Nothing in this Section shall limit or change the authority of the administrator to register or terminate the registration of a PEO or to investigate or enforce any provision of this Part.

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

HB 891 Original

2016 Regular Session

Jefferson

Abstract: Provides technical corrections to the unemployment compensation statutes.

<u>Present law</u> the Louisiana Employment Security Law, provides for definitions, laws, and procedures relative to unemployment insurance and unemployment compensation.

Proposed law retains present law and provides technical corrections of the statutes.

(Amends R.S. 23:1471-1770)