SENATE SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS

2016 Regular Session

Martiny

KEYWORD AND SUMMARY AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

BANKS/BANKING. Provides for valuation of certain immovable property on the books of state banks according to generally accepted accounting principles. (8/1/16)

SUMMARY OF HOUSE AMENDMENTS TO THE SENATE BILL

1. Technical amendments only

DIGEST OF THE SENATE BILL AS RETURNED TO THE SENATE

SB 144 Engrossed 2016 Regular Session

Martiny

<u>Present law</u> authorizes a state bank to purchase, hold, and convey immovable property which is necessary for the proper transaction of its business, which has been mortgaged to it as security for a loan, which has been conveyed to it in satisfaction of debts previously contracted in the course of its business, which it purchases at sales under judgement of mortgages held by the bank, and which is pursuant to participation in a shared appreciation loan or home equity conversion loan.

<u>Present law</u> prohibits a bank from holding immovable property as an asset for longer that ten years unless the immovable is necessary for the proper transaction of the bank's business or is held pursuant to participation in a shared appreciation loan or home equity conversion loan. Requires that the bank carry the immovable on its books at fair market value or acquisition cost, whichever is lower. <u>Proposed law</u> removes provision that the property be carried at fair market value or acquisition cost and provides that the immovable be carried on the bank's books in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

<u>Present law</u> requires that a state bank annually obtain a current appraisal, from a qualified appraiser, of the fair market value of immovable property held by the bank in an amount greater than \$250,000 and reduce the value of the property on its books if the fair market value declines.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains the requirement for annual appraisal but provides that the bank account for the property in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

<u>Present law</u> requires that if property is valued at less than \$250,000, the state bank is to annually perform an adequate evaluation of the property. Provides that if determined that the property value is less than its book value, then the book value is to be reduced to reflect the correct valuation according to policies adopted by the commissioner of financial institutions. <u>Proposed law</u> requires that the bank reflect the correct valuation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Effective August 1, 2016.

(Amends R.S. 6:243(B)(1) and (2)(a) and (b))

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